

Gazette of the United States

AND

EVENING ADVERTISER.

[No. 88 of Vol. V.]

TUESDAY, March 25, 1794.

[Whole No. 547.]

For Sale or Charter,



The SHIP
ANDROMACHE,
(An American bottom)
John Moore, Master.

IS a stout good vessel, about two years old, burthen 232 tons, has only made three voyages, and may be sent to sea at a small expence. She may be seen at Vine-street wharf, and the terms made known by application to
WHARTON & LEWIS.

March 21. dtf



For Sale,
The American Brig
TRITON,

BURTHEN 700 barrels, with her tackle and apparel as she came from sea. She is a staunch vessel, not two years old, and may be put to sea immediately. For terms apply to
GARDINER & OLDEN,
Arch Street wharf,
Who have for sale,

Pork, Lard, and Hams as usual, a quantity of Bacon, Bees Wax, and a few casks Timothy Seed—also

Pig and Bar Iron, and Iron castings, in any form executed on the shortest notice.

March 14. *drot

For Boston,



The Brig
DOLPHIN,

WILLIAM NICHOLS, Master:
WILL sail in about eight days; for freight or passage apply to the Captain on board at Hodge's Wharf, between Arch and Race-Street, or
RUMFORD & ABIJAH DAWES.
3d Mon. 14. 1794. dtw.

For Boston,



THE BRIG
George & Harriot,
Josiah Bernard, Master.

WILL sail the 25th inst. has good accommodations. For freight or passage, apply to the Captain on board at Mr. Sims's wharf, or to
JOSEPH ANTHONY & SON.
March 17. dt25

For Amsterdam,



The new fast-sailing, copper-bottomed SHIP
ADRIANA,

K. Fitzpatrick, Master.
BUILT of live oak and cedar and was intended for a Liverpool Trader, will sail with all convenient speed. For freight or passage, having excellent accommodations, apply on board at Walnut street wharf, or to
THOS. & JOHN KETLAND.
N. B. Passengers will be landed in England if required.
March 6, 1794. dtf

Just Imported,

In the Ship Apollo, Capt. Fitzpatrick, from Amsterdam, and now landing on Walnut-street wharf, viz.

GIN in pipes,
A few bales Holland Duck,
Ditto Oznaburgs,
Holland Sheetings,
Juniper Berries,
Glass Ware, viz. Tumblers and Mugs, various sizes.
Sheathing Paper,
Swedes Iron, are and flat bars,
Hair Ribband, No. 4.
Dutch Great Coats,
A quantity of Fank and Oakum, &c. &c.

FOR SALE BY

THOMAS KETLAND, Jun.

The above-mentioned Ship is for Sale—should application be made within a few days; otherwise she will take freight for Amsterdam.

March 1, 1794. d-tf

This Gazette shall be enlarged, as it receives encouragement—The Subscription increases daily—Advertising Favors are solicited—These constitute an essential Item in diminishing the Debit side of the Account.

IMPORTED

In the Brig George and Harriot, from Havre de Grace, AND FOR SALE BY

Louis Osmont,

A PERFECT

Assortment of Hanging Paper, high coloured and plain.

White silk Stockings, high dressed and put up English fashion.

The handfomest artificial Flowers and Feathers.

Some Looking Glass Plates to be sold by the case.

A few hampers of Champagne wine, six years old.

ALSO,

An elegant parcel of

Bearskin Mufts,

And very beautiful Silk Cloaks, which on account of the season will be sold low, and at a long credit.

LIKewise

42 pipes Madeira wine, and a few casks of Claret.

A Quantity of

Hamburgh Demijohns.

In a few Days,

He will have for sale,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

White and Black Laces,

Leghorn hats, fans and cambricks, claret in cases, a quantity of window glass well sorted of all sizes, and a few pair of remarkable Looking Glasses framed, all arrived at Norfolk, now coming round.
March 22. dtf

INFORMATION

Is Requested

By the Editor, of a Mr. William Kilton, a Brick Layer, who went from New-England, and was at Philadelphia 1st August, 1793, since which time nothing has been heard of him—Great relief will be afforded to his aged parents and friends, by any intelligence concerning him—as they are fearful that he has fallen in the late general calamity.
March 12.

WHEREAS an alias subpoena was issued out of the Supreme Court of this Commonwealth, at the suit of MARGARET EVANS, upon a petition preferred by the said MARGARET, praying for a Divorce from the bonds of Matrimony, entered into with ROBERT EVANS. This is to give notice to the said ROBERT, that he be and appear at the said Supreme Court, to be held at the City of Philadelphia on Monday the seventh day of April next, at the State-House in the said City, to answer the matters alleged in the said petition.
Wm. CHAPMAN,
Sheriff of Bucks County.
March 5, 1794. *1aw4w
To Robert Evans.

STATE OF SOUTH-CAROLINA.

In the House of Representatives,

DECEMBER 21st, 1793.

WHEREAS the Commissioners of public Accounts, have reported, that they cannot proceed to the investigation of the Treasury Accounts, respecting special Indents, without knowing the outstanding amount thereof in circulation:—Therefore,

Resolved, That all holders of special Indents be directed, and required, on or before the first day of November next, to deliver the special Indents in their possession to one or other of the Commissioners of the Treasury, who are to give receipts for the same, and to report to the Commissioners on public accounts, on or before the tenth day of November next, the amount by them respectively received, and also to the Legislature, at their meeting in November next, and that all special Indents not rendered into the Treasury as above, on or before the first day of November next, shall be, and the same are hereby barred.

Resolved, That public notice of this resolution be given in the several Gazettes in this State, once every three weeks, until the first day of November next. And that the Delegates of this State in the Congress of the United States, be requested to cause this resolution to be published in one or more papers in the cities of Philadelphia and New-York, and that provision will be made for the expences attending such publication.

Ordered, That the resolution be sent to the Senate for their concurrence.

By order of the House,

JOHN SANFORD DART, C. H. R.

In the SENATE,

DECEMBER 21st, 1793.

Resolved, That this House do concur with the House of Representatives in the foregoing resolutions.

Ordered, That the resolutions be sent to the House of Representatives.

By order of the Senate,

FELIX WARLEY, Clerk.

cwtNov.

Scheme of a Lottery,

To raise 39,900 Dollars, on 266,000 Dollars, deducting 15 per Cent. from the Prizes—this Lottery consists of 38,000 Tickets, in which there are 14,539 Prizes and 23,461 Blanks, being about one and an half Blanks to a Prize.

THE Directors of the Society for establishing Useful Manufactures, having resolved to erect LOTTERIES for raising ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, agreeably to an Act of the Legislature of the State of New-Jersey, have appointed the following persons to superintend and direct the drawing of the same, viz. Nicholas Low, Rufus King, Herman Le Roy, James Watson, Richard Harrison, Abijah Hammond, and Cornelius Ray, of the city of New-York—Thomas Willing, Joseph Ball, Matthew M'Connell and Andrew Bayard, of the city of Philadelphia—His Excellency Richard Howell, Esq. Elias Boudinot, General Elias Dayton, James Parker, John Bayard, Doctor Lewis Donham, Samu 1 W. Stockton, Joshua M. Wallace, Joseph Bloomfield, and Elisha Boudinot, of N. w. Jersey, who offer the following Scheme of a Lottery, and pledge themselves to the public, that they will take every assurance and precaution in their power to have the Monies paid by the Managers, from time to time, as received, into the Banks at New-York and Philadelphia, to remain for the purpose of paying Prizes, which shall be immediately discharged by a check upon one of the Banks.

S C H E M E :

| Prize of | 20,000 Dollars is | 20,000 |
|----------|-------------------|--------|
| 1 | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| 2 | 5,000 | 10,000 |
| 5 | 2,000 | 10,000 |
| 10 | 1,000 | 10,000 |
| 20 | 500 | 10,000 |
| 100 | 100 | 10,000 |
| 300 | 50 | 15,000 |
| 1000 | 20 | 20,000 |
| 3000 | 15 | 30,000 |
| 3000 | 12 | 36,000 |
| 8100 | 10 | 81,000 |

14,539 Prizes. 266,000
23,461 Blanks. First drawn number, 2,000
Last drawn number, 2,000

38,000 Tickets at 7 Dollars each is 266,000
The drawing will commence, under the inspection of a Committee of the Superintendants, as soon as the Tickets are sold, of which timely notice will be given.

The Superintendants have appointed John N. Cumming, of Newark, Jacob R. Hardenberg, of New-Brunswick, and Jonathan Rhea, of Trenton, as immediate Managers thereof, who have given ample security for discharging the trust reposed in them.

In order to secure the punctual payment of the Prizes, the Superintendants of the Lottery have directed that the Managers shall each enter into bonds in 40,000 dollars, with four sufficient securities, to perform their instructions, the substance of which is

I. That whenever either of the Managers shall receive the sum of Three Hundred Dollars, he shall immediately place the same in one of the Banks of New-York or Philadelphia, to the credit of the Governor of the Society, and such of the Superintendants as live in the city where the monies are placed, to remain there until the Lottery is drawn, for the payment of the Prizes.

II. The Managers to take sufficient security for any Tickets they may trust, otherwise to be responsible for them.

III. To keep regular books of Tickets sold, Monies received and paid into the Bank, abstracts of which shall be sent, monthly, to the Governor of the Society.

Peterston, January 1, 1794.

On application to either of the above gentlemen, information will be given where tickets may be had.

February 24.

tu&ft.

TO BE SOLD,

Agreeably to the last Will of DEBORAH MORRIS, deceased,

The House No. 245,

AND

Lot of Ground

On which it stands, wherein JAMES BIDDLE now lives, on the north side of Market-street, near Sixth-street.

THE House being 18 feet 10 inches in Front on Market-street, and the Lot 117 feet deep. The whole will be sold subject to a ground rent of twelve pounds per annum, payable to the contributors to the Pennsylvania Hospital, and their successors forever. For terms apply to

SAMUEL COATES,

JONATHAN JONES,

ANTHONY MORRIS,

SAMUEL POWELL GRIFFITHS,

Surviving Executors of

Deborah Morris, dec'd.

March 1, 1794.

*cop 3w

For the GAZETTE of the UNITED STATES.

MR. FENNO,

I confess I have been a good deal surpris'd to find in almost every circle where the conversation happened to turn upon politics, that the people were generally ignorant of our having exceeded our treaty with the French, in permitting the sale of prizes in our ports—and they have started with surprize at the assertion, this is a proof how necessary it is that government should use every means to enlighten the citizens at such an important season, and shews the absolute necessity of adopting some plan of education for the lower classes of the people, who are always liable to be misled by designing knaves. Let our public meetings (such as the state-house yard on Tuesday last*) and the gallery in the play-house, speak more fully the claims of the people upon this head, and even the gallery in congress on a recent occasion. The very existence of a Republic depends upon the virtue of the people. Who would not rejoice to see Congress occupied (if the constitution has delegated to them the power) upon so grand a work? And if it has not, such power might probably be obtained upon a representation to the different States from that body, who must have seen enough in this place, during their residence this session, to convince them of the necessity of it. At a future opportunity I promise to give you the outlines of a plan which I have long contemplated, if you will give it a corner in your paper; and I hope to live to see Congress engaged in prosecuting so necessary a measure.

To return to the subject.—The language of a great part of our citizens upon the late proceedings of the British, runs thus, "They have first interrupted our trade to France in the carriage of such articles as were not decreed contraband, contrary to the practice of all former wars—and now they have undertaken to say, that we shall not trade at all with the French Colonies, and have piratically seized our vessels without giving us the least notice of their intentions, and contrary to all former usage."

It is true, they have done all this, but it is not equally true that they are without a precedent for adopting new things. We have set them the example; for according to our own confession, we have (in permitting the French to sell their prizes) done what is "unfounded in the practice of France, or in that of any other nation" that is, we have done what never any nation did before. The British have copied after us, and we are now at issue by the *foreness* we feel, when we find the same thing retaliated upon ourselves; we may make some calculations, what may be the feelings of the British in their situation. To be used ill is disagreeable, but to have no notice of the approach of ill usage is very grating to our feelings—the scripture adage comes to our aid here, "First pluck out the Beam that is in thine own eye, and then shalt thou see

* I expected an invitation would have been given by those gentlemen who exalted themselves above their fellows, on Tuesday evening, to any one who might chuse it, to come forward and object to any of the resolutions, or throw further light upon the business if they thought proper; but they chose to keep it all to themselves: no such offer or invitation was given—this to be sure is for the honor of free discussion, and worthy of the men who could produce important resolutions & call upon the multitude to adopt them at the same instant, indeed so ready were they to adopt any thing, that I am convinced if any one had been hardy enough to present himself to object to the proceedings, he would have been hooted and called an Aristocrat, English Agent, &c. &c. if he had escaped without a broken head.