

Gazette of the United States

AND EVENING ADVERTISER.

[No. 37 of Vol. V.]

FRIDAY, January 24, 1794.

[Whole No. 495.]

Complaints having been made that the Southern subscribers for this Gazette do not receive it, till the intelligence has been anticipated by papers previously received by other persons; they are informed that the regulations at the Post Office in this city require that Printers should deposit their papers there, the day preceding the departure of the mail; this circumstance gives opportunity to forward by *Franking*, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday Evenings' papers, and the papers of Monday, Wednesday and Saturday mornings, on post days.

Persons at a distance who wish to receive this Gazette, are informed that the terms of subscription cannot be dispensed with.—One half of the subscription money, for the half-weekly paper lately printed and circulated by the Editor to all parts of the Union, is yet due, either from the subscribers, or collectors—and as the publication of a daily paper is attended with a heavy expense—however solicitous the Printer may be to disseminate intelligence, it will appear, that persisting in his former plan of sending his Gazette to every person who writes for it, without securing the subscriptions will prove ruinous in the extreme.

The Editor most earnestly requests those who are indebted for his late publication, to make immediate payment—particularly those who have received the arrears from subscribers.—Some will recollect that repeated assurances on this point, have not been realized.

The Subscriptions for this Paper are rapidly increasing. Upwards of Five Hundred are struck off daily. Advertising favors from the friends and patrons of the Publication, are respectfully solicited.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Virginia, Northumberland County, Dec. 28, 1793.

FOR SALE,

A Valuable Tract of LAND, in this county, containing about eight hundred acres, one fourth of which is low grounds, of excellent quality; the other three-fourths is high land, well covered with oak, hickory and chestnut.

The situation is pleasant and healthy, on Yecomico river, about three miles from the Potomack. There is on it a two story brick dwelling house, with four rooms and a passage on each floor, exclusive of closets; a good kitchen, and other necessary out-houses. It has orchards of apple and peach trees, and is well watered by many delightful springs. The terms may be known on application to the Honorable JOHN MEATH, in Philadelphia, or to the subscriber, living on the premises.

Jan. 10. dtf JOHN CORDON.

ROBERT CAMPBELL,

No. 54, South Second-street,

Second door below the corner of Chestnut-street,

HAS IMPORTED,

By the late arrivals from Britain and Ireland,

A large and general Assortment of

New Books and Stationary, which will be disposed of on the lowest terms.

Dec. 23. mw&ctf

Bank of the United States.

January 6th, 1794.

NOTICE is hereby given, that there will be paid at the Bank, after the sixteenth instant, to the Stockholders or their representatives, duly authorized fifteen dollars and fifty cents for each share, being the dividend declared for the last six months.

By Order, JOHN KEAN, Cashier.

Parry and Musgrave,

Goldsmiths & Jewellers,

No. 42,

SOUTH SECOND-STREET,
HAVE FOR SALE,

An elegant Assortment of
SILVER & PLATED WARE,
JEWELLERY & fine CUTLERY,

Which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms. Devices in hair, Miniatures set, and every thing in the gold and silver way, done as usual.

December 24. mw&ctf

THE YOUNG LADIES' Drawing Academy,

Under the Direction of
S. FOLWELL,

Will, in a few days, be resumed.

HE feels a gratitude to those parents and guardians of the young ladies, who have entrusted to him their tuition—and as most of them are to return, he will have an opportunity, by his endeavors for their further improvement, to acquit himself of a debt, which he esteems it an honor to have incurred.

One or two large Rooms,

In a central situation, suitable to accommodate his pupils, are wanted. Apply to him, at No. 2, Letitia Court—where he will be thankful to receive commands for Miniature Painting or Hair Work, and all kind of Drawing on Ivory, Sattin or Paper.

January 13, 1794. dtw

Excellent CLARET,

In bottles and in casks of 50 bottles each.

A L S O,

A few cases Champagne Wine;

MADEIRA,

In pipes, half-bottles and quarter casks,

FOR SALE BY

JOHN VAUGHAN,

No. 412, South Front street.

Jan. 2, 1794. dtf

ALL persons having any de-

mands against the estate of GEORGE WIBLE, late of the city of Philadelphia, baker, are requested to bring in their accounts, properly authenticated; and those who are indebted, are desired to make immediate payment.

HENRY REES, Administrator.

January 13. 2aw3w.

NORRIS-COURT,

Back of the New Library, between Chestnut and Walnut Streets.

George Rutter,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he continues carrying on the business of

Sign and Fire-Bucket Painting,

Likewise, JAPANNED PLATES, for doors or window-shutters, done in the most elegant manner, and with dispatch.

Orders from the country will be thankfully received, and duly attended to.

December 30. dtf

This day is published,

THE

United States Register,

For the Year 1794.

Printed by Stewart and Cochran, No. 34, South Second-street, and John M'Culloch, No. 1, North Third-street, and to be sold by them and the book-sellers.

Jan. 18. dtf

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be sold by

Thomas Dobson,

Price three eighths of a Dollar,

“An Enquiry into the principles and tendency of certain public measures.”

January 16. dtw

Treasury Department,

NOTICE is hereby given, that proposals will be received at the Office of the Secretary of the Treasury, until the 6th of February next inclusive, for the supply of all Rations which may be required during the present year, at the several places of rendezvous hereafter mentioned, for the Recruiting Service, viz.

At New-Brunswick, in New-Jersey;

At Philadelphia,

At Lancaster, } in Pennsylvania.

At Reading,

The rations to be furnished are to consist of the following articles, viz.

One pound of bread or flour,

One pound of beef, or $\frac{3}{4}$ of a pound of pork,

Half a gill of rum, brandy or whisky,

One quart of salt,

Two quarts of vinegar,

Two pounds of soap,

One pound of candles,

Jan. 9. tawt6P.

NEW BOOKS.

Now opening for Sale,

By M. CAREY,

No. 118, MARKET-STREET;

A large and valuable collection of BOOKS,

imported from London in the Mohawk.

Dec. 19.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber has been duly appointed Administratrix on the estate of his Excellency JOHN HANCOCK, Esq. late of Boston, in the county of Suffolk, deceased, and has taken upon herself that trust, by giving bonds as the law directs—and all persons interested, are desired to take notice accordingly.

DOROTHY HANCOCK.

Boston, Nov. 13, 1793.

Take Notice.

ALL persons who have any demands against the Estate of his late Excellency JOHN HANCOCK, Esq. deceased, are requested to exhibit the same to the Subscriber, Attorney to the Administratrix of said Estate: And all persons who stand indebted to said Estate, are requested to settle with him immediately; as the Act of Limitation of Actions, which is to take place on the first day of December next, will otherwise render it necessary for him to commence suits against them.

JOSEPH MAY, Attorney to the Administratrix.

Boston, Nov. 13, 1793.

N. B. The Printers throughout this Commonwealth, are requested to insert this in their respective newspapers, and forward their accounts for the same, to J. M.

Pennsylvania Hospital 1st Mo. 15.

THE Contributors are requested to meet at the Hospital on 3d day the 28th inst. at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, to examine a ground plan, with several estimates of the buildings, which are proposed to be extended to accommodate a greater number of Lunatic Patients, and for other uses. Also to determine the propriety of building the ensuing season.

By order of a board of Managers.

SAMUEL COATES, Clerk.

N. B. The Printers of the News-Papers in this City, will oblige the Contributors, by inserting the above Advertisement.

Foreign Intelligence.

WARSAW, (Poland) Sept. 29.

The last letters from Grodno of the 25th inst. prove, that our conjectures with regard to the final event of negotiation with Prussia were not groundless. It ended as it began, or rather surpassed all the violences exercised on the 2d of this month.

On the 3d the Russian Ambassador, early in the morning, opened this negotiation, by arresting four members of the Diet, viz. Krasnodembski, of Liva, Szydlofki, of Aloc, Mikelski, of Wyzogrod, and Shayrnski, of Lomza; whom he sent off immediately under a guard to the respective places they represent.

Next, he ordered two battalions of grenadiers with three pieces of cannon, to surround and block up all the avenues and gates of the castle.

After these preliminaries, the sitting of the Diet began. Its formal opening was strongly opposed, on the ground of a former decree, that all deliberations should cease, whenever any violent act should be employed against a member of the legislative body.

In consequence, before the reading of the ambassadors's notes was allowed, two deputations were successively sent to him, to demand the liberty of the arrested members. They were answered both verbally and by note, with absolute refusal. The notes were then read. The house conceived itself to be in a passive state, as being under foreign arms, and deprived of a free deliberation, would not proceed for many hours on any business, during which time

they witnessed a most distressing and humiliating scene: a Russian General, strutting to and fro in the middle of the Senate, in the presence of the King on the throne, persuading and menacing alternately, the members to sign unconditionally the demands of the King of Prussia.

Five hours were spent in this manner; at last, on the motion of Count Aukwicz, Nuncio of Cracow, it was agreed to make a solemn declaration, or protest, against the violent measures employed by the Russian Ambassador on the 2d of September, and this day; and that to prove a total inactivity of the Diet, instead of expressing their sentiments in the usual manner either by voting, or acclamation, they should keep a mournful silence when the marshal should propose the project in question. This was accordingly adopted.

Thus was obtained the consent to a cession, which is to justify it in the eyes of Europe and posterity. Thus ended the extraordinary negotiation, unexampled in the annals of Diplomatic history: and thus, in consequence, was signed the treaty of cession of our provinces to Prussia.

The three notes of the Russian Ambassador presented that day, are curious and singular—they will be known to the public. The protest, however, of the Diet, ought to be particularly noted by the present generation and all posterity.

Declaration of the Diet.

“Surrounded closely by foreign troops on the 2d of this month, threatened with further invasion of the territory of the republic by the Prussian armies, to its uttermost ruin, and oppressed by innumerable violences, the States in Diet assembled, were forced to give leave to their deputation for signing the imposed treaty, with addition of a few clauses, and such only as the dictating power itself seemed, in pity to approve of. But with grief and surprize, we find by the sad experience of this day, that the court of Berlin is not satisfied therewith. We see fresh acts of violence forcing a new project upon us; and in order to support it, the same preponderant power, not contented with investing the place of our deliberations by an armed force, with addressing to us notes full of menaces—seizes from among us, and carries off our members; and, by an unexampled proceeding, keeps us, the king, bent under the weight of age, and under so manifold calamities; and us, the states of the Republic, confined and imprisoned in the Senate.

“Thus situated, we do declare in the most solemn manner, that, unable to prevent, even with the risk of our lives, the effects of the oppressive force, we leave to our posterity, happier perhaps than ourselves, those means of saving our dear country, whereof we are bereft at present and that the project sent to us by the Russian Ambassador, though contrary to our laws, wishes, and opinions, forced by the above means to accept—we do accept. Done at Grodno the 24th of September, 1793.

(Signed and engrossed in the public records according to law.)

Curious Irish Advertisement, from the Londonderry Journal, Feb. 30, 1783.

WHEREAS on February the 14th, 1783, it pleased kind Providence to confer on Matthew Neely, of Burnally, parish of Tamlaghtinsla, and county of Londonderry, a man child, whose appearance is promising and amiable, and hopes the Being who first caused him to exist, will grant him grace: Also, in consideration and in remembrance of the many heroic deeds done by that universal renowned patriot, General Washington, the said Matthew Neely hath done himself the honour of calling the said man child by the name of *George Washington Neely*, he being the first child known or so called in this kingdom by the name of Washington, that brilliant Western star,