Plowing an Orchard.

It will benefit an orchard to plow the ground, but it should be plowed very lightly, to avoid breaking the roots. Pruning the trees is necessary for the production of good fruit, but with all the care possible in this way there will be no good fruit unless the codling moths are destroyed in some way. One way is to pick up all the fallen apples and feed them or burn them. Another is to set light-traps in the orchard at nights, or to have fires or smudge heaps among the trees: but in some way these insects must be destroyed or there will be no good fruit. It is a good plan to keep fowls in the orchard and leave the ground under the trees loose for them to scratch in and hunt these worms.

An Experiment with Potatoes.

A Canadian agriculturist, says a Canada exchange, last season tried an experiment with potatoes that is worth noting. It was done by scooping out every eve from a potato and inserting in the flesh of it a single eye carefully cut from another potato of a different kind and planting the seed thus prepared, obtaining thereby very curious crosses, which he exhibited at the Toronto industrial exhibition. The tubers were small the first year, but by no means as small as the first year's take of the characteristics of both the purpose. original varieties; whether they will reproduce themselves the second year, or revert to one or another of the original types is yet to be determined.

Root Crops.

All root crops really require garden culture. In the cultivation of mangel wurzel sow the seed about the time you usually plant corn, in rows two and a half feet apart, drilling in four or five pounds of seed per acre. Thin out the plants from nine to twelve inches apart in the row. Cultivate frequently and keep down the weeds; and this is all that is necessary to secure a crop. It should be understood, however, that if you wish to grow from 1000 to 1500 bushels of mangel wurzel per acre you must make the land very rich. Many farmers prefer to grow a moderate crop of from 600 to 800 bushels per acre, with the use of only a slight dressing of manure. There are well authenticated instances where been grown per acre, but in such cases debted for all its camphor trees. it is necessary to make the soil as rich as a hot-bed .- American Cultivator.

Corn or Oats for Horses.

The comparative value of corn and oats for horses may be briefly stated as follows: The former is deficient in many of the elements of nutrition so necessary for recuperating the constant wear and tear which necessarily takes place in the body of a living enimal. On this account, horses which are exclusively fed on corn or hay do not receive that kind of nourishment which appears necessary for the due support and maintenance of the animal fabric; hence we must not be surprised that corn-fed horses show evidence of being languid, by sweating profusely while being worked, lack of vitality, etc. Oats, on the contrary, contain more of the essential elements of nutrition than any other article of food which can be fed with impunity to horses. Oats are not only the most natural food for horses, but are decidedly the most nu tritious. They are the cheapest, because there is less risk in feeding them, and experience has proved that horses properly fed on oats and timothy hay can, with regular exercise, good grooming, and proper sanitary regulations, be brought to the highest state of physical culture, and can perform more work with less evidence of fatigue than when fed on any other article of food.

Soaking Seeds.

I am often asked whether it does it does any good to soak seeds before sowing them. In general I believe it does more harm than good and if done at all a good deal of judgment should be used to prevent mischief. Thus peas, beans and corn are often soaked to hasten germination, with the belief that they will come a day or two earlier, but in case the weather is cold and wet for some time after sowing the dry. Especially is this true of the McLean pea and other delicate green peas, and of the various kinds of sweet corn. When the weather is dry and hot, however, it may be an advantage to steep the seeds before using them, and especially so in the case of seeds until germination has started and then cur, which will frequently kill the gent and knowing faces .- St. Nicholas. secd. It may be arrested by turning off the water and spreading out the seed thinly upon a piece of sheeting and partially drying it. To steep God. God only reveals himself through no cares; all is managed for them, and seeds in chemical solutions with the many a veil, but those veils are not they rest safe and happy in their fathbelief that this will answer in place of I falsehoods.

fertilizing the land, I believe is sheer humbug and imposition upon common sense. The only chemical stuffs that have proved useful, so far as I know, are the blue vitriol to destroy germs of smut, strychnine to destroy crows and blackbirds, and a smearing of tar on corn seed for protection from these birds .- W. D. Philbrick.

Household Hints.

Salt fish are quickest and best freshened by soaking in sour milk.

Cold rain water and soap will remove machine grease from washable

In cooking a fowl, to ascertain when it is done, put a skewer into the breast, and if the breast is tender the fowl is

To prevent the hair from falling out try first wetting the head at night with salt and water. Have the salt dissolved in the water, so that it will not annoy you by particles sticking to your hair. Mild sage tea is also excellent.

Pretty wall baskets can be made by taking one of the rough straw hats so much worn at the seaside a year or two ago. If a flower or vine is not alalready embroidered on it, add some such decoration; then line the hat with muslin or silesia, finish the edge with a pleating of ribbon, and tie a ribbon in a knot and fasten to it for a handle. The hat may be flattened by pressure, product from seed, and appear to par- or by using stout linen thread for that

CLIPPINGS FOR THE CURIOUS.

Dogs live without food on the prairie from twenty-five to thirty-six

California's imported ostriches lay eggs weighing three and a half pounds

The Romans during the luxurious period were accustomed to eat five

In olden days lord mayors were not permitted to go more than five miles

Microscopes were invented by Jansen in Holland about 1590, by Fontana in Italy and Drebbel in Holland about

A species of opera was introduced in London in 1684, but the first regular performance of an opera did not take place until 1692.

To a camphor tree on the historical Jasper Spring farm, three miles from 3000 bushels of mangel wurzel have Savannah, Ga., this country is in-

It is nothing unusual in Olympia, Washington territory, to see a man taking a wheelbarrow load of silver dollars to the land office to pay for

In Corea the common cure-all is ginseng root, the best specimen of which will in times of scarcity command the almost fabulous price of \$10,000 a

The little canary seed, which we feed to our birds only, is used by the natives of the Canary islands as an article of domestic food. It contains large proportion of nutritious

Lecturing in Boston on the sun, Professor Samuel P. Langley said that if a column of ice having a diameter at its base of forty-five miles and extending to the moon were erected on one of our western prairies, and all the heat of the sun were concentrated suddenly upon it, it would melt and become vapor in a single

The Colugo.

In the forests of the islands consti-

tuting the Indian archipelago is found

a curious flying animal which forms the connecting link between the lemur and the bat. The natives call it the colugo, and also the "flying fox," but it looks more like a flying-monkey, as the lemurs are the cousins of the monkeys. Like the bats, these animals sleep in the day-time, head downward; but as evening comes on, they sally forth, often doing great harm to the fruit on the neighboring plantations. In some parts of Java they are so numerous that it is found necessary to protect the fruit-trees with huge nets. The extent of their flights through the air is sometimes astonishing. They sometimes drop to the ground and hop along with a shuffling kind of leap, but if they are alarmed, they spring to the nearest tree and in a moment reach its seed, it will be more likely to suffer in- top by a series of bounds. Out upon jury from the weather, than if sown the branches they dart, and with a rush are off into space. Sailing through the air like some great bird, down they go obliquely, swift as an arrow, a hundred and fifty feet or more, rising again in a graceful curve and alighting safely on a distant tree. In these great leaps they carry their young, that are slow to germinate, such as which cling to them, or sometimes folcelery and parsnips and carrots. To low them in their headlong flights, ut. steep these seeds for a few days tering hoarse and piercing cries. The colugos lives almost exclusively on dry them just enough to make them fruit, preferring plantains and the pass readily through the seed drill will young and tender leaves of the cocoahasten their coming up, so that weed- palm, though some writers aver that ing will be less difficult in case the they have seen them dart into the air she would have forsaken her unbelievland is foul; but such seed should not and actually catch birds. The flyingbe sown upon foul land if it can be lemurs are perfectly harmless, and so avoided. Care is required in steeping gentle as to be easily tamed. They seeds that fermentation does not oc- have lovely dark eyes and very intelli-

> We must choose between the romance of man and the mysteries of

GREAT DISASTERS.

Record of Frightful Convulsions of Nature That Have Occurred . - Sixty Thousand Persons Perishing in Six

While considering the various disasters that have visited portions of the civilized world during the present year, says the Cleveland Leader, and while looking out for similar visitations which are predicted, it will be interesting, if not exactly reassuring to review the frightful convulsions and eruptions that have now and then occurred, engulfing in ruin all who came in their way. Without speaking of the cyclones which swept with destructive violence over sections of this country last year, or the other disasters of recent date, on land and sea, earthquakes and various convulsions of nature that have taken place in the past, and may be repeated when least ex-

In 1783 Iceland was visited by convulsions which destroyed nearly onefifth of the population. Twenty villages were consumed by fire or inundated by water, and one eruption on the mainland threw up "a mass of lava greater than the bulk of Mount Blanc." A new island was thrown up in the sea, but within a year it sunk, leaving a reef of rocks thirty fathoms under water. In 1822 an earthquake occurred on the island of Java. The earth shook, and "immense columns of hot water and boiling mud, mixed with burning brimstone, ashes and lapilla, of the size of nuts, were projected from the mountain like a water spout with such prodigious violence that large quantities fell beyond the river Tandio, which is forty miles distant." The eruption lasted four hours, destroying 114 villages, killing over 4000 human beings, converting "a mountain ridge into an enormous gulf," and changing the face of the country for miles around. On September 1, 1730, the earth split in Lancerota, one of the Canary islands. In a few days "a considerable hill of ejected matter was thrown up, a vent opened sending forth a stream of lava that overran several villages, and flowed into the sea." These terrible commotions lasted five years, filling the air with putrid vapors in the midst of which hundreds of human beings and animals dropped dead. In 1819 the fort and village of Sindree, on the eastern arm of the Indus, sunk and a tract of country 2000 square miles in extent was submerged. In 1815 an eruption took place in the province of Tomboro, and only twenty-six persons survived out of a population of 12,000. An account of the fearful visitation says that "violent whirlwinds carried up men, horses, and cattle into the air, tore up the largest trees by the roots, and covered the whole sea with floating timber." Another account says "the floating cinders to the westward of Sumatra formed, on the 12th of April, a mass two feet thick and several-miles in extent, through which the ships with difficulty forced their way." The town of Tomboro, on the west side of Sumbawa, was overflowed by the sea so that the water remained permanently eighteen feet in places where it was dry land before. The area covered by this convulsion was 1000 miles in circumference. On the 1st of November, 1775, at Lisbon, a sound of thunder was heard, and in six minutes 60,000 persons perished. "A great concourse of people collected for safety upon a new quay, built entirely of marble, but it sunk with all upon it, and not one body ever appeared upon the surface. A number of small boats went down, and no fragments of their

surface four times as great as the size of Europe was shaken by this earth-We refer to but a few of these terrific manifestations of the uncontrollable forces of nature, without going back to the eruptions by which whole cities were buried for centuries from human view, and without discussing the theory advanced by some thinkers that a vast continent, peopled by a highlycivilized and populous race, was once swallowed up in the region where now rolls the Atlantic ocean. Innumerable ncidents might be quoted from history to prove how uncertain is the thread by which all the affairs of this world hang. There are no reasons to fear any such cataclysms as have at various times visited mankind, or to doubt that the earth will continue for centuries to come to teem with its manifold blessings. Yet it is not impossible that at some day all we see

wrecks ever were discovered. Hum-

boldt says that "a portion of the earth's

"May be melted into air, into thin air; And, like the baseless fabric of a vision. The cloud-capped towers, the gorgeous palaces, The solemn temples, the great globe itself, Yea, all which it inherit shall dissolve, And like an unsubstantial pageant faded, Leave not a rack behind."

The apostle John did not believe in divorces for religion's sake. When he baptized Chrysippa, the wife of the governor of Patmos (says Prochorus), I ing husband at once; but the aged apostle told her it must not be. He had a commission, he said, to join her to Christ, but none to separate her from her husband, and he commanded her to return to her house again.

Be as a little child. Children have CORN—Southern yellow... 63 @ 64 er's care.

THE NEWS.

J. N. Peers, editor of the Collinsville (Ill.) Herald, has been horsewhipped in that town by Mrs. Henry Marshall, wife of a business man there, for the publication of an article which reflected upon herself, her husband and her mother. Peers was badly marked about the face and neck by the rawhide vig-

erously applied by the indignant lady. "Home, Sweet Home," was played on a mouth organ in the rooms of the Postal Telegraph Company, in New York, and a telegraph dispatch came back from Chicago that the tune was heard there distinctly. The distance by the line over which the sound

was transmitted is a trifle over 1,240 miles. The Lynchburg Advance says that if Richmond, Petersburg, Lynchburg, and Danville will push manufacturing interests, and Norfolk, Portsmouth, and Alexandria push commerce, importing and shipping, and all push the wholesale trade, Virginia in a few years will be the greatest Southern state.

Conductor E. L. Hosley, of the New Haven and Northampton Railroad, was found guilty of manslaughter in the Superior Court at Greenfield, Mass., for disobeying orders and causing a collision on the State Road last September, in which three persons were killed and others wounded.

In Philadelphia Judge Fell sentenced the men who were convicted of violating graves in the Lebanon Cemetery; Robert Chew was sentenced to two years' imprisonment. Levi Chew to eighteen months, McNamee to eight months, and Pillett four months.

An indictment for manslaughter in the first degree has been presented by the New York grand jury against George W. Conkling. Jr., who shot Wilbur H. Haverstick. Conkling at once surrendered himself and was admitted to bail in the sum of \$5,000.

At Seymour, Ind., the body of Michael Burkhardt, one of the wealthiest citizens of the place, was found in a disused vault Several graveyard insurance policies were held on his life and foul play is suspected.

The American Postal, Bankers and Merchants and American Rapid Telegraph Companies will consolidate during the coming Gold certificates to the amount of \$9,000

has been stolen from the sub-Treasury at The late Post Master General Howe has

been buried at Green Bay, Wis., his former

Mrs. Meeker has been hanged at Windsor, Vt., for the murder of her adopted daughter. She persisted in her innocence.

Middle and Southern News.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, through its counsel, sued John E. Hamilton, special collector of taxes, in the Circuit Court of the United States at Harrisonburg to replevy the rolling stock levied on at Staunton, Harrisonburg and Wincheser. The writ of replevin, issued by the clerk, commands the United States marshal to restore the property to the company, they aving given bond and security conditioned according to law.

The bill passed by the Tennessee Legislature for the settlement of the debt of the old city of Memphis, according to the terms recently submitted to and accepted by the creditors, has been approved by the Governor. The present city government will immediately proceed to fund the debt. Under the provisions of the bill the first interest falls due July 1, 1883. An ample tax has been levied and the interest will be promptly paid.

Montpelier, the home of President Madison, in Orange county, Va., has been purchased by Mr. Louis F. Deitrick, of Baltimore. It is one of the noblest old family mantions in Virginia, and is surrounded by over a thousand acres of land belonging to

Mrs. Jonathan Monroe and her son Warren, Monroe, near Brookneal, Campbell county, Va., died from the effects of poison. Suspicion attaches to a niece of Mrs. Monroe who was visiting at her house. It is rumored that she only intended to poison the mother, and had hopes of marrying the son.

A broken rail near Mason, Ky., on the Cincinnati Southern Railroad, threw the northbound passenger train from the track. Fifty-three passengers were injured, but none killed. The cars rolled down an embankment fifty feet high. Two sleepers were completely wrecked and one car was burned. The Court of Appeals has affirmed the

judgment of the Circuit Court for Washingon county, Md., which gave a verdict for \$3,000 to State Senator Joseph H. Farrow against Peter and Charles Negley, publishers of the Hagerstown Herald and Torch Light The Salisbury, Md., Advirtiser says: "A

Sharp's Point Captain recently saw a man overboard in the Chesapeake. He ran his vessel to the seeming unfortunate, but the swimmer informed him that he was on his way to Norfolk, and refused to be taken on

"You are setting us a bad ex imple." as the algebra class said when the teacher wrote a hard equation on the board. -Burlingion Fres P. ess.

THE MARKETS.

BALTIMORE.

FLOUR-City Mills extra.. \$4 25 @ 5 00

WHEAT-Southern Fultz.. 1 15 @ 1 18

CORN-Southern white.... 55 @ 58

COLUMN WILLIAM WILLIAM	00 60	
Do yellow		
RYE-Good		
OATS-Maryland	51 @ 53	
COTTON -Middling	10 @ 101/8	
Good ordinary	814@ 83%	
HAY-Md. and Pa. Timot'y		
STRAW-Wheat	8 00 @ 9 00	
BUTTER-Western prime.	16 @ 17	
West Virginia	20 @ 21	
CHEESE-New York State		
choice	131/4@ 141/4	
Western prime	1214@ 1334	
EGGS	17 @ 18	
CATTLE	500 @6 12	
SWINE	9 @ 11	
SHEEP AND LAMBS	41/6:00 71/6	
TOBACCO LEAF-Inferior	1 50 @ 2 00	
Good common	3 00 @ 4 50	
Middling	6 00 @ 8 00	
Good to fine red	8 50 @10 00	
Fancy		
NEW YORK.		
COTTON-Middling upland	101/0 109/	
FLOUR—Southern com. to	10/8/6 10/8	
fair extra	4 10 @ 5 10	i
WHEAT-No. 1 white		a
RYE—State	73 @ 74	S
CORN-Southern Yellow	62 @ 64	P
OATS-White State		-
BUTTER—State		1
CHEESE-State		
EGGS		8
PHILADELPHIA		
FLOUR—Penna.fancy WHEAT—Pa. and South-	0 12 (0) 0 10	5
ern red	1 20 @ 1 21	9
RYE-Pennsylvania	68 @ 69	6

55 @ 27 @ 8 @ 17 @

OATS....BUTTER—State.....

CHEESE—N. Y. factory...

A Toothsome Morsel.

This from the Madison (Wis.) Democrat, conveys its own moral :- Hold on! We are cognizant of the fact that an aching tooth was last night cured by the application of St. Jacobs Oil. The young fellow got mad over his raging tooth in the ball room, and where he applied the good old German Remedy; in ten minutes the toothache had gone.

We hear of a woman who applied for a situation as car-driver. Being asked if she could manage mules she scornfully replied: "Of course I can; I've had two husbands."

SNAKES AS LIFE DESTROYERS. The loss of life in India due to the ravages of venomous snakes is almost incredible. Yet Consumption, which is as wily and fatal as the deadliest Indian reptile, is winding its coils around thousands of people while the victims are unconscious of its presence. Dr R. V. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discove must be used to clense the blood of the scrofulous impurities, for tubercular consumption is only a form of scrofulus disease "Golden Medical Discovery" is a sovereign remedy for all forms of scrofulous disease, or king's evil, such as tumors, white swellings, fever sores, scrofulous sore-eyes, as well as for other blood and skin diseases. By druggists.

The mania for adulteration is so great that you can't buy a quart of sand and be sure it is not half sugar

TAKEN OUT OF BED. Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.: Dear -I have to thank you for the great relief received from your "Favorite Prescription." My sickness had lasted seven years, one of which I was in bed. After taking one bottle I was able to be about the house.

AMANDA K. ENNIS, Fulton, Mich. A Philadelphia organist has been discharged for playing (though very slowly and solemnly) a march from an opera bouffe. Seventeen deacons recognized it at once.

successfully treated by World's Dispensary Medical Association. Address, with stamp for pamphlet, Buffalo, N. Y.

Quills are things that are sometimes taken from the pinions of one goose to spread the

opinions of another. ON THIRTY DAYS' TRIAL.

THE VOLTAIC BELT Co., Marshall, Mich., will send Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and Electric Appliances on trial for 30 days to men, young or old, who are afflicted with nervous debility, lost vitality and kindred troubles, gu aranteeing speedy and complete restoration of healthand manly vigor. Address as above.-N. B.-No risk is incurred, as thirty days' trial is allowed.

Catarrh of the Bladder. Stinging irritation, inflammation, Kidney, Urinary complaints, cured by Buchupaiba \$1.

The Chinese must go, and all Americans should go-and buy a bottle of Carboline, the deodorized petroleum hair renewer and dresser. Since the recent improvement no preparation ever had such a sale as Carboline. " Rough on Corns."

Ask for Wells' 'Rough on Corns.'15c. Quick relief; complete cure. Corns. warts, bunions. Walking made easy with Lyon's Heel Stiffeners; they keep your boots and shoes straight

That Husband of Mine Is three times the man he was before using Wells' Health Renewer. \$1. Druggists.

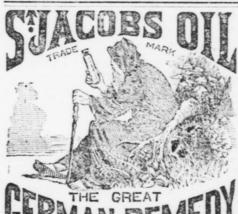
For burns, scalds, bruises, chapped hands, sores or piles, use St. Patrick's Salve.

The Doctor's Indorsement. Dr. W. D. Wright, Cincinnati, O., sends the subjoined professional indorsement: "I have prescribed

Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs in a great numticular was given up by several physicians who had been called in for consultation with myself. The patient had all the symptoms of confirmed Consumption-cold night sweats, hectic fever, harrassing cough, etc. He commenced immediately to get better and was soon restored to his usual health. I have also found Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs the most valuable expectorant for breaking up distressing coughs and colds that I have ever used," Durno's Catarrh Stuff cures Catarrh and all affections of the mucous membrane.

MR. GEORGE LEE EDWARDS. of Isle of Wight County, Va., is responsible for the statement that New Lite, the Great Cough Remedy, cared him of a very bad cough which racked him after recovering from an attack of measles. This great medicine is winning laurels on every field. It is admittedly the greatest vitalizing remedy in use.

"Best Cough Bulsam in the World." Try it, rice 10c. F. W. Kinsman & Co., Augusta, Maine English gold coin has been so worn that it will cost \$4,000,000 to restore the \$275,000,000



FOR PAIN. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Eackache, Headache, Toolhache, Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites,
AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO. 15

Lay the Axe to the Root

If you would destroy the cankering worm. For any external pain, sore, wound or lameness of man or beast, use only MEXICAN MUSTANG LINI-MENT. It penetrates all muscle and flesh to the very bone, expelling all inflammation, soreness and pain, and healing the diseased part as no other Liniment ever did or can. So saith the experience of two generations of sufferers, and so will you say when you have tried the "Mustang.

SUN ONE MILLION ages), \$1 per year. I. W. ENGLAND, Publisher, New York City. Aber DYNE'S REARD ELIANIS

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Cts., stamps or silver, L.A.L.SETHACO, SoleAgts, Paintine, III. WEAR OUT. SOL D by watchmakers. By mail 25c. Circulars free. J.S. BIRCH & Co., 28 Dey St., N.Y. AN HOUR for all who will make spare time prof able; a good paying business if you can devote your whole time to it. MURRAY HILL, Box 788, N.Y \$72 a week. \$12 a day at home easily made. Costly outlit free, Address TRUE & Co., Argusta, Me. C. B. C. COLEMAN BUSINESS COLLEGE, Newark, N. J. Write for Catalogue.

A Brave and Faithful Guardian of Our Homes and Property Rescued from Im-

minent Peril. A very popular and well-known member of our police force, who has performed duty twelve years at the Union R. R. Depot, on Exchange Place, in Providence, R. I.,
wives his unsolicited testimony. Hear him:

"I have been dreadfully troubled with disease of the

Kidney and Liver during the past six months; at times I was so severely afflicted that I was unable to stand on my feet, as my feet and lower parts of my legs were very rushed straightway to a drug store badly swollen; my urinary organs were in a dreadful con where he applied the good old German dition, my blood was in a wretched state, and it had become so impoverished and circulated so poorly that my hands and feet would be cold and numb and so white as to appear lifeless. I could not rest nights, but was so distressed all over that I could not lie still in bed, but would keep turning and rolling from one side to the other all night, so that I would feel more tired and exhausted in the morning than when I went to bed. My condition became so serious that I was obliged to stop work, and for thirty days I was unable to be on duty. I consult the best doctors, and tried the numerous medicines and so-called cures, but rapidly grew worse, and was in a rad condition every way when a long-time valued friend of mine, prominent in this city in a large express com. pany, urged me to try Hunt's Remedy, as he had known of wonderful cures effected by it. Upon his representa-tion 1 obtained two bottles of the Remedy and corrmenced taking it as directed, and greatly to my surprise in less than twenty-four hours I commenced to feel lieved. I was in an awful condition when I began to take the Remedy, and had no faith in it; therefore, when I found almost immediate relief, even in one day's use of it, my heart was made glad, and I assure you I con. tinued to take the Remedy and to improve constantly from day to day. I took it with me on my trip to Maine, for I was bound to have it with me all the time, and the result is that I improved speedily all the time I was away; and ever since my arrival home, which was several week ago, I have been on duty every day. I feel first rate, and the swelling of hand, feet and legs have disappeared, and the terr.ble backache which used to bother me more then all the rest, troubles me no more, and I sleep splendidly nights, and surely have very excellent and orcible reasons for speaking in praise of Hunt's Rem for it has made a new man of me. I don't know what I should have done without Hunt's Remedy; it is the d have done without Hunt's Kamedy; it is the adicine that I ever took, and I very gladly recom-t to all who are afflicted with Kidney or Liver lisease, or diseases of the Urinary organs.
"Respectfully, ISAAC W. FAIRBROTHER."

KLDNEY-WORT HAS BEEN PROVED The SUREST CURE for KIDNEY DISEASES. Does a lame back or disordered urine indi-

THEN DO NOT that you are a victim? INSITATE; use Kidney-Wort at once, (drug-ists recommend it) and it will speedily over-ome the disease and restore healthy action.

Ladies for complaints peculiar by the dies to your sex, such as pain diweaknesses, Kidney-Wort is unsurpassed. t will act promptly and safely. dust or ropy deposits, and dull dragging ns, all speedily yield to its curative power. 3- SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Price \$1.

KIDNEY-WORT I have prescribed Kidney-Wort with ver in a score or more obstinate cases of Kidney and Liver

Troubles, also for female weaknesses.-Philip C. Ballou M. D., Monkton, Vt. "My wife has been much benefited from the use of Kidney-Wort. She has kidney and other complaints," writes Rev. A. B. Coieman, Fayetteville, Tenn.

KIDNEY-WORT IS A SURE CURE or all diseases of the Kidneys and It has specific action on this most important organ, enabling it to throw off torpidity and

on, stimulating the healthy secretion of the Bile, and by keeping the bowels in free ndition, effecting its regular discharge. Filalaria. If you are suffering from malaris, have the chills ere bilious, dyspeptic, or constipated, Kidney Wort will surely relieve and quickly oure. In the Spring to cleanso the System, every 4- SOLD BY DRUCCISTS. Price \$1.

KIDNEY WORT

KIDNEY-WORT FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF CONSTIPATION. No other disease is so prevalent in this coun-

y as Constipation, and no remedy has ever ualled the celebrated Kidney-Wort as a case, this remedy will overcome it.

THIS distressing com-

PRICE SI. USE | Druggists Sell KIDNEY-WORT



rom what it has done. It has effected radical cures in thousands of cases of dysorders, intermittent fever, nervous affections, general de bility, constipation, sick headache, men tal despondency, and

PORTABLE SODA FOUNTAINS Chapman & Co. MADISON, IND.



A NOTED BUT UNTITLED WOMAN.

[From the Boston Globe.]

The above is a good likeness of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., who above all other human beings may be truthfully called the "Dear Friend of Woman," as some of her correspondents love to call her. She is zealously devoted to her work, which is the outcome of a life-study, and is obliged to keep six lady essistants, to help her answer the large correspondence which daily pours in upon her, each bearing its special burden of suffering, or joy at release from it. Her Vegetable Compound is a medicine for good and not evil purposes. I have personally investigated it and am satisfied of the truth of this.

On account of its proven merits, it is recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country. One says: "It works like a charm and saves much pain. It will cure entirely the worst form of falling of the uterus, Leucorrhoea, irregular and painful Menstruction, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life." It permeates every portion of the system, and gives

new life and vigor. It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sl Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its uso. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system. It costs only \$1. per bottle or six for \$5., and is sold by

druggists. Any advice required as to special cases, and the names of many who have been restored to perfect health by the use of the Vegetable Compound, can be obtained by addressing Mrs. P., with stamp for reply, at her home in Lynn, Mass. For Kidney Complaint of either sex this compound as unsurpassed as abundant testimonials show.

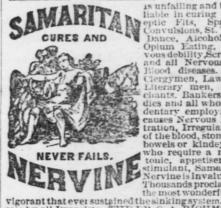
"Mrs. Pinkham's Liver Pills," says one writer, "are the best in the world for the cure of Constipati .n. Biliousness and Torpidity of the liver. Her Blood Purifier works wonders in its special line and bids fair to equal the Compound in its popularity. All must respect her as an Angel of Mercy whose sold

ambition is to do good to others. Mrs. A. M. D. Philadelphia, Pa. B N U 14



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