The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, JULY 29., 1880.

THE MILLHEIM JOURNAL
Is published every Thursday, in Musser's Building, corner of Main and Penn streets at
$1.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE
Or $1.25 if not paid in advance.

Church & Sunday School Directory.

Evangelical.

Rev. Samuel Smith will preach next Sunday morning. German.

Sunday School, 2 P. M.—D. L. Zerby, supt.

Methodist.

Rev. J. Benson Akers will preach next Sunday evening.

Sunday School, 1 P. M.,—D. Kimport, supt.

Reformed.

Preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday morning. English.

United Brethren.

Lutheran.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Pastor.—

German preaching in Millheim next Sunday afternoon at 2½ o'clock.

United Sunday School, 9 A. M.—F. D. Luse supt.

Lodge & Society Directory.

Millheim Lodge, No. 355, I. O. O. F. meets in heir hall, Penn Street, every Saturday evening.
Rebecca Degree Meeting every Thursday on or before the full moon of each month.
A. O. DEININGER, Sec. B. O. DEININGER, N. G

Providence Grange, No. 217 P. of H., meets in Alexander's block on the second Saturday of each month at 6½ P. M., and on the fourth Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M.
D. L. ZERBY, Sec. A. O. Deininger, Master.,

The Millheim B. & L. Association meets in the Penn street school house on the evening of the second Monday of each month.
A. WALTER, Sec, B. O. DEININGER, Prest.

The Millheim Cornet Band meets in the Town Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings.
F. P. OTTO, Sec., J. F. HARTER, Pres't.

Millheim Escort of Co. B., 5th Regt., N. G., hold their drill meeting on the second story of Alexander's Block, every Tuesday and Friday evening.

Official Director

Regular Terms of Court—Fourth Mondays of January, April, August and November.

President Judge—Hon. Chas. A. Mayer, Lock Haven.
Additional Law Judge—Hon. John H. Orvis, Bellefonte.
Associate Judges—Hons. Samuel Frank, John Diven.
Prothonotary—J. C. Harper.
Register of Wills and Clerk of O. C.—W. E. Burchfield.
Recorder of Deeds, &c.—William A. Tobias.
District Attorney—David F. Fortney.
Sheriff—John Spangler.
Treasurer—Adam Yearick.
County Surveyor—Joseph Devling.
Coroner—Dr. Joseph Adams.
County Commissioners—Andrew Gregg, George Swab, Jacob Dunkle.
Clerk to County Commissioners—Henry Beck.
Attorney to County Commissioners—C. M. Bower.
Janitor of the Court House—Bartrim Galbraith.
County Auditors—James T. Stewart, George R. Williams, Thomas B. Jamison.
Jury Commissioners—John Shannon, David W. Kline.
Superintendent of Public Schools—Prof. Henry Meyer.

Centre County Democratic Committee for 1880.

DISTRICTS.	NAMES.	P. O. ADDRESS.
Bellefonte, N. W.,	Wm. Galbraith,	Bellefonte
" S. W.,	W C Heinle,	"
" W W.,	Wm Harper,	"
Milesburg,	Frank P. Bible,	Milesburg
Unionville,	P J McDonnell,	Unionville
Howard,	A J Gardner,	Howard
Philipsburg,	C G Herlinger,	Philipsb'g
Millheim,	I H Reifsnyder,	Millheim
Benner,	Uriah Stover,	Bellefonte
Boggs,	Jas A McClain,	Milesburg
Burnside,	Wm Hepple,	PineGlenn
College,	Sam'l Gilliland,	Boalsburg
Curtin,	David Delong,	Howard
Ferguson, O. P.,	Dan Driebelbis,	State Col
" N. P.,	O M Sheets,	Stormston
Gregg,	L M Rishel,	Spring M's
Haines,	George Keister,	Aaronsb'g
Halfmoon,	John Ward,	Stormsto'n
Harris,	Sam'l Ishler,	Boalsburg
Howard,	David Tanyer,	Howard
Huston,	H G Chronister,	Martha
Liberty,	W H Gardner,	Blanchard
Marion,	John Hoy, Jr.,	Walker
Miles,	Sam'l K Faust,	Millheim
Patton,	G W Rumberger,	Fillmore
Penn,	W F Smith,	Millheim
Potter, N. P.,	D F Luse,	Centre Hall
" S. P.,	G W Spangler,	Tusseyv'e
Rush,	William Cullen,	Philipsb'g
Snow Shoe,	John G Uzzle,	Snow Shoe
Spring,	E C Wood,	Bellefonte
Taylor,	Samuel Hoover,	Fowler
Union,	J S Fredericks,	Fleming
Walker,	Samuel Decker,	Zion
Worth,	G R Williams,	P'tMatilda

J. L. SPANGLER, Chairman.
FRANK E. BIBLE, Secretary.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL TICKET,

FOR PRESIDENT,
GEN. WINFIELD S. HANCOCK.
Of Pennsylvania.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
HON. WM. H. ENGLISH,
Of Indiana.

STATE TICKET.

SUPREME JUDGE,
GEORGE A. JENKS, Jefferson Co,

AUDITOR GENERAL,
ROBERT P. DECHERT, Philadelphia.

THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

NEW YORK, July 21.— The Democratic National Executive Committee met at ten o'clock this morning in the Fifth Avenue Hotel, with Senator Barnum, of Connecticut, in the chair. When the committee adjourned it was stated that a resolution had been adopted requesting the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee to appoint an auxiliary committee to work with the Democratic National Executive Committee in conducting the campaign. The committee selected as its headquarters No. 13 Fifth avenue. It was stated that the committee took no action in regard to the question of two Democratic electoral tickets in Virginia, although the matter had been discussed.

Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C. July 24th 1880.

On Wednesday evening, Hon. Duncan L. Walker, Secretary of the Congressional Democratic Committee, was in this city. He will be here permanently after this week. Mr. Walker says the campaign will be aggressive and spirited from the first, and that all the reports received are favorable. He was specially pleased with the aspect of affairs in New York, and the withdrawal, yesterday, of the Kelly election ticket confirms what he said of the perfect harmony among Democrats in that State.

Since my last letter Secretary Schurz has made his first Garfield speech. He is to be thanked for leaning out of it the "bloody shirt" entirely. That was manly, and his example is commended to the other speakers not only as a proper one, but as a judicious.

The Secretary made no allusion to the Credit Mobilier Stories. This is curious, for this Credit Mobilier business was one of the things which drove him out of the Republican party, years ago. Knowing how important the people considered the question of General Garfield's connection with that great fraud, it is strange that the ingenious Secretary did not, in some part of his two hours speech, enter into a defence of his candidate.

He said Hancock has had no civil experience, ignoring the fact that the General endeared himself in 1867 to most "plain people" by a more admirable statement and defence of their civil rights than ever was written by another American.

But the most curious part of the Secretary's speech, is that in which he urges the necessity for the perpetual supremacy of the Republican party. He sees vast danger in re-electing, but none in the continued existence of power in one party. But the Secretary, in this as in other portions of his long speech, talked like a paid atterney and not like one whose sole object was to express his honest convictions. By and by it will be one of the wonders, how this man has retained, even in the minds of a few, a reputation for greater sincerity than other politicians of his party.

The statements of Mr. Hayes and Secretary Sherman, that no change is contemplated in the New York Custom House do not carry conviction to the minds of any Washinton man who is familiar with the record of these officials in such cases.

What Mr. Hayes says at 3 P. M. is frequently contradicted by the facts as published in the *Evening Star* at 4 30 P. M. and should any newspaper man who always takes Secretary Sherman's statements on political matters as true, would be turned out of place forwith. It may be that General Merritt will not be turned out of the Custom House to make a place for some man selected by Ex-collector Arthur, but I believe he will and that the change is part of the price of active support for Garfield in New York.

Of course peace in the Democratic party in Virginia is desirable. The result of the Presidential contest may depend upon the vote of the state.

But still outsiders should keep their hands off. The "National Committee" should not meddle. The politicians of other states, should let the patriotic Democracy of Virginia work out the problem for themselves. I am sure they will do so to the satisfaction of all.

CARROLL.

The Republican party has pretty generally come to the conclusion that the war was a failure. They think that four years of war and fifteen years of reconstruction have done the people of the south very little good, and that "they are rebels bad as ever." For these reasons they should be anxious to try a Democratic President and according to their own logic every mother's son of them should gladly vote for the brave Hancock.

In the Clinton *Democrat* of last week Hon. S. R. Peale is brought out as a candidate for Congress. None better could be named.

Gen. Hancock has written his letter of acceptance but it will not appear in the public prints until Mr. English is also ready with his letter.

A CARD.

It having come to my knowledge that the authorship of a communication in the Bellefonte *Republican* of the 14th inst., from Millheim in this county, in which an untrue account is given of the Democratic ratification meeting at that place, on Saturday evening the 10th inst., is attributed to me, I take this public manner of branding such statement as false. Whoever is responsible for the circulation of this silly *canard* does me a gross injustice and is indebted to his imagination for his alleged facts.

J. N. VANORMER.

—Philipsburg has a rousing Democratic club of which J. N. Cassanova is President and J. G. Lingle and John Lindsey, Secretaries. The club has a banner 15 by 20 feet in size with fine portraits of our candidates on both sides. The Philipsburg Democrats mean business.

For the Journal.

EMPORIA, KANSAS, JULY 19th, 1880.

MR. EDITOR:—

I have long been thinking of writing to my many friends in Pennsvalley, and as it is quite out of the question to write to each one desiring such correspondence, I know no better way than to send them an epistle through the JOURNAL.

It will not be amiss to answer questions such as would be asked were I in your midst.

And first—"What is your impression of Kansas after a nine months' residence in it?" Upon the whole it remains unchanged. Though I see more and different parts I yet think Kansas will in the near future become a flourishing state. It is settled with every conceivable kind of people, nationality and religious sect and denominations. We find here, Germans, Swiss, Welsh, Russians, French, Irish and English, to say nothing of smaller representatives from the Old World. In the North West the Russians are settling in large numbers, and belong mostly to the Moravian Church. The North East is settled largely by Swiss and Germans. They are opening up fine farms and vineyards. I never spent a week more pleasantly than I did among these Swiss settlers. They are economical and industrious, and no more hospitable people can be found anywhere.

A very large opening is being made in the South Western part of the state by Englanders who propose having a "little England", on American soil. Immense numbers of Welsh are settled in this county and are here making their mark. Our leading mechanics, merchants and farmers are of Welsh origin. The English, Germans and Irish you find everywhere. The Englishman is for the most part engaged in Stock raising. The Germans take to saloons and meat shops as naturally as a duck takes to water. (I mean foreign Germans) whilst the Irishman is ready to fill any station from the Hostler to the pulpit, that may present itself. And in the midst of all is to be found the cute Yankee ready to show any one willing to see it, a "Yankee trick."

The character of these various settlers is as diverse as their religion, nationality and language. They come here from various motives. Some (and not a few) leave their countries for their countries' good and their own safety. Others come to seek a home where land is cheap and where with their limited means and industry they can establish themselves and children. Still others come with the spirit of speculation, in their greed and haste to become rich they frequently become "land poor." The sharks come to devour the smaller fish and are apparently doing a fine business. While many others come simply because the tide flows this way.

It is needless to say that a very large number, and especially the more sanguine part, become disappointed and disgusted, and in a short time return to the East, swearing vengeance on all R. R. companies and land jobbers, many of whom, not all, would, if they received their dues be lodged safely behind stone walls and iron bars.

Amongst all this mass there is a good, substantial element who control the state and her institutions and, have brought them to astonishing perfection for the short time the state has had an existence. The matters of drouth, winds, and voracious insects are greatly exaggerated. This true there is not the amount of rainfall in Kansas, which you have amongst the mountains of Pennsylvania, neither is it needed. It has been comparatively dry with us during the summer, and yet with the exception of oats, crops could not look better. Our corn is generally earing at the time and will be simply enormous. It is no uncommon thing to see fields which contain from 40 to 100 acres of corn. It is estimated that the corn crop of Kansas will ayer age 60 bushels of shelled corn to the acre. Hay, millet and potatoes promise well also. It is profitable to raise corn and feed it to stock, but not for sale. Pork and beef sell readily at 4 to 4½ on foot. I would advise no one to come to Kansas to follow farming exclusively, for it will not pay; but to combine stock, be it either sheep, hogs or horned cattle with farming, will pay well. You may infer from the above that while I have not become an enthusiast for Kansas I have had no reason to doubt its future. I would in this connection yet add that fruit will be sufficient for our wants, an abundance of all kinds are now in market at fair prices.

Where should we settle?

Anywhere east of the centre of the state. West of the centre the soil is more sandy and water and timber scarce. Hundreds and thousands are leaving the western part of the state. In the North Eastern part of the state the land generally is hilly, but produces well. It was among the first settled and is high. I have been through Doniphan, Atchison, Jackson, Jefferson, Shawnee, Allen, Woodson, Coffee and Lyon counties. Amongst them all I would prefer the last named for the following reasons: 1st, it is well watered.— 2nd, the surface is rolling only sufficient for ample drainage.— 3d, it is supplied with timber, coal and limestone in abundance.— 4th, it has railroad, school and church privileges, second to none in the state.— 5th, it always furnishes a ready market for anything which the farmer may have to dispose of.

Who should emigrate to Kansas?

Among all the questions asked me, none has been more frequently put than this one. If you are well situated as regards yourself and family in Pennsylvania where you are. If you do not like to rough it and deny yourself comforts to which you have been accustomed all your life time, don't come west, or, if you imagine that this is a paradise—that grain and cattle will flourish without labor or care, in either case don't "go west." Or again, if you have no money, beyond your moving expenses, stay east—but if you are yet in the prime of life and have some money and plenty of energy, you can do better here than there. Young men, or families just commencing, can open up homes here sooner and with less capital than in the east. $2000 here now for a young man is worth more than $10,000 in any part of Pennsylvania. I will mention one instance among a thousand. Three years ago, John P. Flook of Maryland came in possession of his inheritance, with which he could have purchased a mountain farm east. He however concluded to try Kansas, and he came to Allen Co., bought an 80 acre tract with part broken and 80 acre prairie along side. There was an old stable on the place, to this he "hatched," put up his house, planted his orchard and started up generally. In the fall he returned and married a wife and brought her to his prairie home. I spent the 4th with them, ate all the peaches I wanted and brought some home with me. [That's how preachers do.—Editor.] These were of their own planting. In two years more they will have fruit of all kinds, more than they can consume, and have a house second to none in Pennsvalley that I know of. Industry, perseverance, a little money and God's blessing did it. Once more, men with capital and hearts for the upbuilding of the church should come. Men of this character are needed here and can do a good deed not only for themselves but for sinful humanity in general which will pay a hundred fold in the world to come. The great mass leave what little interest they ever had in the church east of the Mississippi. More at some future time. Yours in grace.

J. G. SHOEMAKER.

The Pennsylvania railroad company has issued the following order:

PENNA. RAILROAD COMPANY.
OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
PHILADELPHIA, 12 July 1880.

The special attention of the officers and employees of the company is called to the following preamble and resolution adopted by the board of Directors on June 30, 1880, viz:

"WHEREAS, It has been the avowed policy of this company since its organization to keep aloof from all political contests, and to discountenance any active participation of its officers and employees therein;

Resolved, That, while disclaiming any desire to interfere with the individual rights of our officers, agents or employees in the exercise of the right of sufferage, we will regard any attempt on their part to control the votes of those in the service of this company, or to prevent their influence to the support of any political party, as a direct violation of the standing rules and regulations, and inconsistent with the interests of the company."

G. B. ROBERTS, President.

The headquarters of the Democratic State Committee, are temporarily located at the Girard House, Philadelphia. All letters should be addressed to the chairman, HON. A. H. DILL.

Mrs. Hancock is a regular attendant of the Protestant Episcopal church. The little church on Governor's Island, which is supported by Trinity Parish, has been attended by Mrs. Hancock during her residence at that station, and she has in fact contributed to the service by regularly playing the organ for the Sunday gathering there.

—R. G. Brett has been appointed on the Democratic county committee for the north precinct of Ferguson township, vice Daniel Dreibelbis, resigned.

MILTON RELIEF FUND.—Judge Cummin of Lycoming declines to be one of a committee to devise a method of distribution of the Milton relief fund, and in his letter of declination points out that the legal manner of procedure is for the person or persons having charge of the fund, or one or more of the donors, or the donees, to present to the Court of Common Pleas of Northumberland county sitting in equity, their bill or petition setting forth the necessary facts. The court will then appoint one or more masters to take testimony and make report of distribution. This, he says, is the method the law provides and must be followed. The persons now holding the funds cannot be protected in any other way.

One of the most urgent demands of our time is a system of education which shall train the young to apply their school learning. At the Pennsylvania State College practical instruction in Agriculture, Horticulture, Botany, Zoology, Mechanist, Chemistry, etc; is given, and thus theory in the class room is applied and enforced by experience in the field and laboratory. Spring session opens April 9th. For catalogue and full information address the Business Manager, State College, Centre Co., Pa. tf

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ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.— The undersigned administrator of the estate of Peggy Bright, late of Aaronsburg, deceased, will sell at public sale on the premises, on Monday, August 16th, 1880, all the interest of decedent in the following real estate, viz:

A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND WITH HOUSE

thereon, situate in said Aaronsburg, adjoining land of A. A. Confer, Lutheran graveyard, public road and alley, containing about one fourth acre.

Also, A PIECE OF LAND at Aaronsburg, adjoining lands of Israel Weaver, George Bright and James P. Coburn, containing about three and a half acres.

Sale to commence at one o'clock of said day when terms will be made known by

GEORGE BRIGHT,
Administrator.

STRAYED OR LOST.—Four sheep and four lambs have strayed away from the residence of the subscriber, near Aaronsburg, since May 30th. Two sheep and one lamb are black. Any person finding these sheep is kindly requested to give information to me.

JACOB DUNKLE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of David Tutlow, late of the borough of Millheim, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present the same duly authenticated for settlement.

ISRAEL CONFER,
28-6t Administrator.

A VALUABLE HOME AT PRIVATE SALE!

The undersigned offers at private sale his Valuable Home, about one mile north west of Millheim, containing

SEVENTEEN ACRES OF LAND,

7 acres of which are cleared and under good cultivation, and the balance well timbered. The improvements are a good, new

TWO-STORY HOUSE, NEW BARN,

and all necessary outbuildings, all new and in best condition. It is one of the most convenient and desirable homes in Pennsvalley. For price and terms call on

tf H. C. FRANKENBERGER.

PRIVATE SALE.— The undersigned one of the Executors of the Estate of George Shmeltzer, dec'd, will offer at private sale, that

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY

situated in the town of Madisonburg, Centre county, Pa., consisting of six¼ acre lots, a SPLENDID DWELLING House good stable, all necessary outbuildings, choice fruit on the premises, and all the conveniences of a pleasant home, also a tract of woodland about 1 mile northeast of said town, containing about one hundred acres, well timbered with oak, pine and chestnut. Known as the property of George Shmeltzer, dec'd.

ADAM SHAFER, Jr.,
25-4t Executor.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Div.

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, May 30th, 1880, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia	11 55 p. m.
" "	Harrisburg	4 25 a. m.
" "	Williamsport	8 35 a. m.
" "	Jersey Shore.	9 07 a. m.
" "	Lock Haven.	9 40 a. m.
" "	Renovo	11 00 a. m
" arr. at	Erie	7 55 p. m.
NIAGARA EXP. leaves	Philadelphia	9 00 a. m.
" "	Harrisburg	12 20 a. m.
" arr. at	Williamsport	3 15 p. m.
" "	Lock Haven.	4 20 p. m.
FAST LINE leaves	Philadelphia	11 50 a. m.
" "	Harrisburg	3 35 p. m.
" arr. at	Williamsport	7 25 p. m.
" "	Lock Haven	8 40 p. m.

EASTWARD.

PACIFIC EXP. leaves	Lock Haven..	6 45 a. m.
" "	Jersey Shore..	7 15 a. m.
" "	Williamsport.	7 55 a. m.
" arr. at	Harrisburg	11 40 a. m.
" "	Philadelphia.	3 15 p. m.
DAY EXPRESS leaves	Lock Haven..	9 10 a. m.
" "	Williamsport	12 20 p. m.
" arr. at	Harrisburg ..	3 40 p. m.
" "	Philadelphia	6 45 p. m.
ERIE MAIL leaves	Renovo	8 40 p. m.
" "	Lock Haven	9 50 p. m.
" "	Williamsport	11 10 p. m.
" arr. at	Harrisburg	2 45 a. m.
" "	Philadelphia	7 40 a. m.
FAST LINE leaves	Williamsport	12 35 a. m.
" arr. at	Harrisburg	3 50 a. m.
" "	Philadelphia	7 40 a. m.

Erie Mail West and Day Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R. trains from Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail West. Niagara Express West and East Line West make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R. R.; at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Express West and Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN, General Sup't.

L. C. & S. C. RAIL ROAD.

WESTWARD.

LEAVE	1. A. M.	3. P. M.	5. P. M
Montandon	7 00	2 00	6 20
Lewisburg Arrive	7 15	2 10	6 35
Lewisburg Leave	7 15	2 20	
Fair Ground	7 20	2 30	
Biehl	7 30	2 40	
Vicksburg	7 35	2 48	
Mifflinburg Arrive	7 50	3 05	
Mifflinburg Leave	7 50	3 15	
Millmont	8 10	3 35	
Laureiton	8 20	3 50	
Coburn	9 30		
Arrive at Spring Mills	10 00		

EASTWARD.

LEAVE	2. A. M.	4. A. M.	6. P. M.
Spring Mills		10 20	
Coburn		10 45	
Laureiton		11 55	4 05
Millmont		12 05	4 20
Mifflinburg Arrive		12 30	4 40
Mifflinburg Leave		12 30	4 50
Vicksburg		12 45	5 05
Biehl		12 52	5 13
Fair Ground		1 02	5 23
Lewisburg Arrive		1 10	5 30
Lewisburg Leave	6 35	1 20	5 45
Arr. at Montandon	6 50	1 30	6 00

Nos. 1 & 2 connect at Montandon with Erie Mail west on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road.

Nos. 3 & 4 with Day Express east and Niagara Express west.

Nos. 5 & 6 with Fast Line west.

An Omnibus will run between Lewisburg and Montandon, to convey passengers to and from Pacific Express east on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad.

The regular Railroad Tickets will be honored between these two points.