

The Bedford Gazette.

Thursday Morning, September 16, 1869.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

ASA PACKER, of Carbon County,

Judge of the Supreme Court,

C. L. PERSHING, of Cambria Co.,

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

Senator, HIRAM FINDLAY, of Somerset co.

Representatives, JOSEPH B. NOBLE, of Bedford co.

THOMAS SIPE, of Fulton co.

Prothonotary, JOHN P. REEB, of Bedford Borough.

Sheriff, WILLIAM KEYSER, of Juniata tp.

Treasurer, HUGH MOORE, of Bedford tp.

Commissioner, GEORGE ELDER, of Harrison tp.

Poor Director, ADAM K. FENYOL, of Bedford tp.

Auditor, OWEN MCGIBB, of Bedford tp.

Coroner, J. B. BUTTS, of South Woodberry tp.

FOR THE CAMPAIGN!

FULLY IN YOUR MIGHT!

Our appeal is to the intelligent, the candid and the independent. We ask only that people shall understand the issues before them, and that, understanding them, they reflect upon their duty in the premises and then discharge what they believe to be that duty when they come to cast their ballots.

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LONGENECKER AND THE HERDIC ACT.

Our readers are familiar with the fact that last winter a bill was rushed through the legislature, in a single night, to abolish a judicial district, (the 29th, consisting of the great and populous county of Lycoming) that Gov. Geary sat up in the Executive Chamber until midnight waiting for the bill, and signed it early the next morning.

Jacob H. Longenecker, Esq., was a member of the Judiciary Committee of the House of Representatives, to which this infamous bill was referred. When it was discovered by the people of Lycoming county that their judicial district was blotted out of existence and that their President Judge was legislated out of office, they petitioned the legislature, without distinction of party, to repeal this outrageous enactment and restore to them their district and their Judge. S. C. Wingard, Esq., of Williamsport, a leading Radical lawyer, who represented his district in the legislature a few years since, headed a party of gentlemen who visited Harrisburg for the purpose of obtaining the repeal. Peter Herdic, a notorious corruptionist was the only man from Lycoming county who asked that the hastily and dishonestly enacted bill should be permitted to remain on the statute-book. He had obtained its passage originally, by fraud and corruption, and of course resisted its repeal with all his might. The Judiciary Committee refused to report the bill to repeal. Herdic had bought one Democrat (McMiller of Montgomery) and though one Radical, (Herr, of Dauphin) voted in favor of reporting the bill, it was killed in the Committee. J. H. Longenecker voted with McMiller, for Peter Herdic's interests, and contrary to the wish and will of the people of the 29th Judicial District. The bill was not repealed, and for months Lycoming county was without a court, without a Judge, and deprived of the administration of justice within her borders.

There remained but one remedy.—The corrupt and malignant legislation obtained by Herdic, must be taken before the Supreme Court, or it would stand as the law of the land. Accordingly it was brought before that tribunal. The case was argued by learned and distinguished counsel on both sides, and the Court unanimously decided the act to be unconstitutional and void. Mr. Longenecker is a lawyer, as such he was made a member of the Judiciary Committee of the House, and in that capacity he assisted in tearing the ermine from a spotless Judge and in trampling out an important Judicial District, at the instance of a corrupt and notorious member of the lobby. This vote of Mr. Longenecker required the interposition of the Supreme Court, to save the people of Lycoming county from the rapacity of a legislative broker whose trade is in the souls of men. The decision of that Court condemns Mr. Longenecker as a legislator, and the tax-payers of the Commonwealth are compelled to pay the fee for testing the enactment which was permitted to disgrace the statute-book through the short-comings of this misrepresentative. Let us have no more Longeneckers and we shall have no more Herdic acts.

REBUKE THE PLEDGE-BREAKERS!

Shall Stutzman and Longenecker, who deceived their own party friends in voting for the Fifteenth Amendment and thus giving the voice of the district in favor of forcing Negro Suffrage on the unwilling people of Pennsylvania, be sustained by the constituents they have betrayed? No! never! Let them be rebuked for their faithlessness!

OVER SIX THOUSAND DOLLARS OF STATE TAX HAS BEEN DEMANDED FROM BEDFORD COUNTY, BY THE RADICAL OFFICIALS AT HARRISBURG, FOR THE YEARS 1868-9, NOTWITHSTANDING THE REPEAL OF THAT TAX!

The same is the case in greater or less proportion with all the counties of the State. What does this mean? What right have those officials to demand this Tax? Is it not highly necessary that such men as JOSEPH B. NOBLE and THOMAS SIPE be sent to the legislature to investigate this extraordinary business?

WANTED—A statement from the State Treasury giving the names of the parties who have the use of the Million of State funds which are to be paid out in redemption of loans in October and those of the parties who now hold and are to retain the Million and a half which is not to be paid out in redemption of any loan.

GOVERNOR, HAIGHT, of California, telegraphs that the newly elected legislature of that State is three fourths Democratic. How does the Inquirer feel over this matter any how?

P. T. BARNUM will pay a liberal sum for the lamp which was seen burning in the Executive Chamber at midnight, at the time of the passage of the Herdic Act.

BRASS HORNS, brass demagogues, sounding brass and tinkling cymbals, are instruments brought into use to carry brass-mounted radicalism through the present campaign.

WANTED—Three Commissioners to Revise the Civil Code, who will do something more than draw Nine Thousand Dollars per annum from the State Treasury.

RADICAL HUBBUB.

In order to screen themselves from the indignation of the people, the Radicals are now busily engaged in "cooking up" statements to show a reduction of the public debt. The Inquirer, of course, follows the lead of the tricksters who manage and control its party. A few plain figures will show how false are the representations of the radical press on this subject.

On July 1, 1868, the debt of the United States, less cash in the Treasury and railroad bonds was \$2,462,674,160.67.

On Sept. 1, 1869, it was (less cash in the Treasury and railroad bonds) 2,475,962,501.50.

Increase \$ 13,288,340.83.

These figures are taken from the statement of the Secretary of the Treasury. Here is shown an increase of the debt, in fourteen months of upwards of thirteen millions, or at the rate of nearly a million per month. Now, let the Inquirer crack this nut.

THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT could not have passed the State Legislature but for the recommendation of JOHN W. GEARY. He is on the record as having sent a message to the Legislature in favor of forcing Negro Suffrage on the people of Pennsylvania, through the instrumentality of that Amendment.

We hear men growling and grumbling about the enormous taxes they have to pay and yet as soon as election comes round they walk straight to the polls and vote the radical ticket. It is wonderful how men can be so stupid, so blind to their own interest. Every man of common sense knows or ought to know that our present financial condition is owing to the effects of radical policy, that this terrible burden of taxation which is paralyzing capital and crushing labor has been fixed upon us by radicalism. How then can any poor man who cares for his own or his family's interest vote the radical ticket? He knows, or ought to know that the leaders of the radical party, the bonded aristocracy, heartily despise him and the class to which he belongs. These nabobs regard the poor laboring men of the land as fit only to be slaves. While they are striving to confer the right of suffrage upon the negro and the Chinaman, they would delight to strip from the poor white men every political, religious or social right which he enjoys. The poor man who wishes to make a slave of himself and his children and their children after them, should go on voting the radical ticket, for the poor laboring classes for freedom, prosperity and happiness, lies in the success of the Democratic party. With its return to power in State and national, would come a reform of the political abuses which have grown to gigantic proportions under radical rule. Public expenditures would be curtailed, and a proportionate reduction of taxation take place. The people of the different States would be left free to manage their affairs in their own way, without interference by the general government. In short, the country would be set free from the rule of fanaticism and bigotry, and plain common sense would once more bear sway.

DOWN WITH THE PLEDGE-BREAKERS!

The Radical leaders last year solemnly promised in their Chicago Platform that the Suffrage question should be left with the people in the loyal States. They have deliberately broken that pledge. Down with them!

REGISTER! REGISTER!

Examine the Registry List hung up at your Election House and see that your own name and the names of your neighbors are on it. If they are not, go to the Assessor and see that he puts your name on the Registry Book. Take a witness with you, if the Assessor is a Radical.

DEFEAT THE PLEDGE-BREAKERS!

Longenecker and Stutzman betrayed their constituents in voting for the Fifteenth Amendment! Their reelection would be an endorsement of their treachery to the people. Let them be defeated and the honor of the people of the district vindicated.

BRAINARD'S MUSICAL WORLD

for September, is received, and contains, besides the usual amount of interesting and instructive reading, four new pieces of music which are alone worth more than the subscription price per year.

EVERY PERSON OWNING A PIANO OR WHO IS MUSICALLY INCLINED, (and who is not) should subscribe for Brainard's Musical World. Terms, only one dollar per annum. Address S. Brainard & Sons, Publishers, Cleveland, Ohio.

PETERS' MUSICAL MONTHLY, for September, has been received. It contains 7 songs with Piano or organ accompaniment, 3 pieces of instrumental music, 4 pieces of sacred music, and a choice selection of literary matter, poems, etc. Published by J. L. Peters, 198 Broadway, N. Y. Price \$3.00 per annum. Single copies, 20 cents. Send for a specimen copy.

REGISTER! REGISTER! without delay!

THE REGISTRY LAW.

What Must be Done in Order to Vote.

READ, EXPLAIN AND CIRCULATE! See that Your Names are on the List.

To the Democratic Voters of Western Pennsylvania.

Your attention is directed to the following explanation of the Registry Law. Read it carefully, in order to ascertain what is your duty in the premises, and then see that your names are placed upon the assessor's list.

NATURALIZED CITIZENS will see that the republican legislature has imposed additional duties upon them. Let them comply fully with the requirements of the law, in order that they may vote for the party which has always stood by them.

EXAMINE THE ASSESSOR'S LIST, one of which is posted on the house where the election is to be held, and the other is in the assessor's hands. You have a right to examine them free of charge.

These lists should contain your name, and the names of all other qualified voters in the district; they should state if you are a housekeeper, the number of your house, the street it fronts on; your occupation; if you are on the board, where and with whom you board; if you work for another, your employer's name; and opposite your name should be written the word "voter."

If you have been naturalized, there will also appear the letter "N." If you have merely declared your intention to become citizen, the letters "D. I."

If you are between twenty-one and twenty-two years old, the word "age." If you have moved into the district since the last election, the letter "R." will appear opposite your name.

Make it your personal duty to see that your name is upon the list.

Do not trust this matter to any one else.

HOW TO GET REGISTERED. If you find your name is not on the list, go yourself to the assessor, and make your claim to be put on. He is bound to add your name. He cannot question your right. You need not discuss the matter with him, your "claim" is enough. Give him also your precise residence, occupation, &c. He will mark "C. V." opposite your name.

ATTEND TO THIS AT ONCE. If you delay until within ten days of the election, you may lose your vote.

NATURALIZED CITIZENS. You must show your "papers" to the assessor, in order to get your names registered.

If you intend to take out your "last papers" before the election, you must show your "first papers" to the assessor.

See that your names are on the list. Those of you who do not need to have "first papers," and intend to be naturalized before the election, should get naturalized first, immediately, and go to the assessor with your "papers."

All naturalized citizens must take their "papers" with them to the polls, unless they have been voting for ten years in the same district.

You must take your "papers" with you when you go to vote, even if your name is on the list.

Do not forget this or your enemies will deprive you of your vote.

TAXES. The law in relation to the payment of taxes is unchanged. If you have paid neither a state nor county tax, assessed within two years, do it without delay.

Take your last tax receipt with you to the polls.

Do not delay registering or paying your taxes; attend to this matter now, for fear something may prevent hereafter.

JAMES H. HOPKINS, Representing the State Com. for W. Pa.

DEMORST'S MONTHLY.—The last number of this popular Magazine is always said to be the best. Certainly its enterprising publisher will sustain its brilliant reputation, and spare no efforts or expense to render it the best parlor Magazine in America. How can he afford the expensive premiums he gives in addition to the positive cost of such a periodical, for \$3.00 per year, is one of the mysteries of publishing. The magnificent picture by Mrs. Lilly M. Spencer, of the "Pic-nic," now offered as a premium, both to members of clubs and single subscribers, we know to have sold for ten dollars per copy, and considered cheap at that. This is surely going to the extreme of liberality. Published at 888 Broadway, N. Y.

It is said that Calisaya Bark has a peculiar effect upon the liver, and guards the system against diseases by exposure and irregular diet. It is conceded that the great success of the wonderful Plantation Bitters, which, previous to our unhappy difficulties, was found in most southern homes, was owing to the extract of Calisaya Bark which it contained as one of its principal ingredients. In confirmation of this we have heard one of our distinguished Physicians remark, that whenever he felt unwell from ordinary dietetic or atmospheric causes, he invariably relieved himself by Plantation Bitters. We speak advisedly when we say that we know it to be the best and most popular medicine in the world.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price.

The great lake down East on Wednesday of last week drove ashore many vessels in Narragansett and Mount Hope Bays, blown down or otherwise damaged all the church steeples and unroofed a hundred houses in Providence, R. I., and proved similarly disastrous on sea and shore further north. Several lives were lost in the route of the storm.

REGISTER! REGISTER! without delay!

Horrible Disaster in the Coal Region.

FIRE IN A COAL SHAFT.

108 Men Confined in the Mine.

On Monday morning of last week, a fire originated in a coal shaft at Avondale mines, belonging to the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company, near Plymouth, in Luzerne county, which burned the "Breaker," engine house and all the surrounding buildings. A portion of the debris fell into the shaft, closing it up and thus shutting up 108 men and boys in the mine below, in a momentary and means of escape. The fire is supposed to have caught from the ventilation furnace, at the bottom of the shaft, which is 237 feet deep.

The obstructions were removed as soon as the best wood permit and after taking the customary precaution, two men were sent down to reconnoitre. They reached the gangway in safety, and found several dead mules, but not a human being could be found notwithstanding they made all the noise possible to attract attention. They finally found the gangway closed up, which had evidently been done by the miners to save themselves from the fire, but whether they were alive behind this breast-work or whether they were all suffocated, they could not find out. Subsequently two other men were lowered to the bottom of the shaft, but in the meantime the gas had accumulated to such a degree as to suffocate them—when gotten out they were both dead. Arrangements were at once commenced to force air down the shaft by means of a steam engine, through canvas hose.

The scene at the shaft during Monday was truly heart-rending—women and children, whose husbands, brothers and fathers were in the horrible pit were there nearly crazed with anguish with the terrible thoughts that those whom they so dearly loved were beyond the reach of succor.

One of the "struck" this mine had not been worked for some past four months until Thursday last. All day Tuesday every effort was made to reach the men but in vain—the gas being so dense in the mine as to prevent the men working either in the shaft or slope.—This is the most terrible calamity that has ever occurred in a coal mine in this country.

SCRANTON, Pa., Sept. 13.—At a meeting of the relief committee, at Avondale, George Coray, of Scranton, was appointed to proceed to New York to solicit subscriptions.

AVONDALE, Sept. 9.—2:20 P. M.—Thomas Carson, of Hampton mine, and George Coray, of Nanticoke, experienced and competent miners, with twenty men, have explored every part of the workings and are satisfied that all the bodies have been recovered. Outside parties say two are still missing. One of the bodies taken out.

No doubt all the bodies are now up, as thorough explorations of the mine reveal no more, and 108 represents the total loss of life.

There are 57 widows, and 109 orphans made by this disaster. Numbers of the men had children living in the old country, and the destitution is great, and requires immediate relief.

The strike of 31 months had reduced all the families to the verge of starvation, and the men not being able to work long enough to receive any pay, there was never a case that appealed more strongly to the charitable. The funerals have been going on all day.

DEMORST'S YOUNG AMERICA.—This bright little Magazine is as full of good things, and as great a favorite with the children as ever. One of the causes of its popularity is because it enters right into the children's occupations and amusements, and makes itself a part of them. We recommend it to all parents who wish to procure a juvenile periodical which combines much and varied instruction with amusement and great originality. \$1.50 per annum with a premium. Address 838 Broadway, N. Y.

Special Notice. Men's, Youth's, Boys' and Children's Spring and Summer Clothing.

OUR ASSORTMENT IS NOW full and complete, we have every desirable style, kind, and size. EVERY ONE CAN BE SUITED from the stock—we have all the different style of cut, adapted to all tastes, including the medium and subdued preferred by many, as well as the latest and most fashionable style.

OUR LATEST STOCK enables us to keep at all times a full assortment, so that all can be fitted at once without delay.

OUR PURCHASES ALWAYS BEING MADE FOR CASH, and having purchased largely of late, since the decline in wools, our customers share in the advantage we have thus secured.

OUR SALES BEING FOR CASH EXCLUSIVELY, we have no need of debtors, and are not obliged to tax the paying customer to make up losses through those who do not pay.

OUR READY-MADE GARMENTS are superior to any other Stock of Ready-Made Goods in Philadelphia, any one can be as well fitted from them as by garments made to order anywhere, they are as well made, and equal in every respect, and much cheaper. Being manufactured by the HUNDREDS and THOUSANDS, they can be sold cheaper than when made up singly; but for the accommodation of those who prefer we have also a

CUSTOM DEPARTMENT TO MAKE UP TO ORDER, with a choice selected stock of Piece Goods, comprising all styles and qualities. Foreign and Domestic, which we make up to measure by competent and experienced Cutters and Workmen in a style equal to the best.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Style, fit, and make of our garments surpassed by none, equalled by few. All prices guaranteed lower than the lowest elsewhere, and full satisfaction guaranteed every purchaser, or the sale cancelled and money refunded.

Half way between DENNETT & Co., Fifth and Sixth Streets, and TOWER HALL, 515 MARKET ST., PHILADELPHIA, AND 600 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oct6/91

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc. The object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address Rev EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings County, New York. may14/91

ERRORS OF YOUTH.—A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers will be glad to profit by the advertiser's experience, and do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN R. OGDEN, No. 42 Cedar street, New York. may14/91

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills, will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint, and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the liver, and put it to rest; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens in the lungs, and he patient outgrows the disease and gets well.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivalled success in the treatment of pulmonary consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe, the slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall-bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relaxed, and the patient can take what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care) that will unlock the gall-bladder and starts the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative; it acts upon the stomach, and this preparation is made of assist the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without further treatment in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by doing they change the whole digestive powers, looking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills, or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Cancer, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has Consumption, or coughs the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abscesses, bronchitis, or other diseases, and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Schenck's Seaweed Tonic, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets daisy and well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

When there is no lung disease, and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured