The Bedford Gazette.

BY MEYERS & MENGEL. BEDFORD, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 9, 1869. VOL. 65.—WHOLE No. 5,506.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE is published every Thursday morning by MEYERS & MENGEL, at $2.00 per annum, *if paid strictly in advance*; $2.50 if paid within six months; $3.00 if not paid within six months. *All subscription accounts MUST be settled annually.* No paper will be sent out of the State unless paid for IN ADVANCE, and all such subscriptions will invariably be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they are paid.

All ADVERTISEMENTS for a less term than three months TEN CENTS per line for each insertion. Special notices one-half additional. All resolutions of Associations; communications of limited or individual interest, and notices of marriages and deaths exceeding five lines, *ten cents* per line. Editorial notices fifteen cents per line.

All legal Notices of every kind, and Orphans' Court and Judicial Sales, are required by law to be published in both papers published in this place.

☞ All advertising due after first insertion.

A liberal discount is made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year, as follows:

	3 months.	6 months.	1 year.
*One square	$ 4 50	$ 6 00	$10 00
Two squares	6 00	9 00	16 00
Three squares	8 00	12 00	20 00
Quarter column	14 00	20 00	35 00
Half column	18 00	25 00	45 00
One column	30 00	45 00	80 00

*One square to occupy one inch of space.

JOB PRINTING, of every kind, done with neatness and dispatch. THE GAZETTE OFFICE has just been refitted with a Power Press and new type, and everything in the Printing line can be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.—TERMS CASH.

☞ All letters should be addressd to
MEYERS & MENGEL,
Publishers.

Job Printing.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE
POWER PRESS
PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,
BEDFORD, PA.
MEYERS & MENGEL
PROPRIETORS.

Having recently made additional improvements to our office, we are prepared to execute all orders for

PLAIN AND FANCY
JOB PRINTING,
With dispatch and in the most
SUPERIOR STYLE.

CIRCULARS, LETTER HEADS, BILL HEADS, CHECKS, CERTIFICATES, BLANKS, DEEDS, REGISTERS, RECEIPTS, CARDS, HEADINGS, ENVELOPES, SHOWBILLS, HANDBILLS, INVITATIONS, LABELS, &c. &c.

Our facilities for printing
POSTERS, PROGRAMMES, &c.,
FOR
CONCERTS AND EXHIBITIONS,
ARE UNSURPASSED.

"PUBLIC SALE" BILLS
Printed at short notice.

We can insure complete satisfaction as to time and price

THE INQUIRER
BOOK STORE,

opposite the Mengel House,

BEDFORD, PA.

The proprietor takes pleasure in offering to the public the following articles belonging to the Book Business, at CITY RETAIL PRICES:

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS.

NOVELS.

BIBLES, HYMN BOOKS, &C.:
Large Family Bibles,
Small Bibles,
Medium Bibles,
Lutheran Hymn Books,
Methodist Hymn Books,
Smith's Dictionary of the Bible,
History of the Books of the Bible,
Pilgrim's Progress, &c., &c., &c.
Episcopal Prayer Books,
Presbyterian Hymn Books,

SCHOOL BOOKS.

TOY BOOKS.

STATIONERY,
Congress, Legal,
Record, Foolscap,
Letter, Congress Letter,
Sermon, Commercial Note,
Ladies' Gilt, Ladies' Octavo,
Mourning, French Note,
Bath Post, Damask Laid Note,
Cream Laid Note, Envelopes, &c.

WALL PAPER.
Several Hundred Different Figures, the Largest lot ever brought to Bedford county, for sale at prices CHEAPER THAN EVER SOLD in Bedford.

BLANK BOOKS.
Day Books, Ledgers,
Account Books, Cash Books,
Pocket Ledgers, Time Books,
Tuck Memorandums, Pass Books,
Money Books, Pocket Books,
Blank Judgment Notes, drafts, receipts, &c

INKS AND INKSTANDS.
Barometer Inkstands,
Gutta Percha,
Cocoa, and
Morocco Spring Pocket Inkstands,
Glass and Ordinary Stands for Schools,
Flat Glass Ink Wells and Rack,
Arnold's Writing Fluids,
Hover's Inks,
Carmine Inks, Purple Inks,
Charlton's Inks,
Eukolon for pasting, &c.

PENS AND PENCILS.
Gillot's, Cohen's,
Hollowbush & Carey's, Payson,
Dunton, and Scribner's Pens,
Clark's Indellible, Faber's Tablet,
Cohen's Eagle,
Office, Faber's
Guttknecht's, Carpenter's Pencils.

PERIODICALS.
Atlantic Monthly,
Harper's Magazine,
Madame Demorest's Mirror of Fashions,
Electic Magazine,
Godey's Lady's Book,
Galaxy,
Lady's Friend,
Ladies' Repository,
Our Young Folks,
Nick Nax,
Yankee Notions,
Budget of Fun,
Jolly Joker,
Phunny Phellow,
Lippincott's Magazine,
Riverside Magazine,
Waverly Magazine,
Ballou's Magazine,
Gardner's Monthly,
Harper's Weekly,
Frank Leslie's Illustrated,
Chimney Corner,
New York Ledger,
New York Weekly,
Harper's Bazar,
Every Saturday,
Living Age,
Putnam's Monthly Magazine,
Arthur's Home Magazine,
Oliver Optic's Boys and Girl's Magazine &c.

Constantly on hand to accomodate those who want to purchase living reading matter.

Only a part of the vast number of articles pertaining to the Book and Stationery business, which we are prepared to sell cheaper than the cheapest, are above enumerated. Give us a call. We buy and sell for CASH, and by this arrangement we expect to sell as cheap as goods of this class are sold anywhere

jan29

Miscellaneous.

ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH IN CHINA.

THE EAST INDIA TELEGRAPH COMPANY'S OFFICE,

Nos. 23 & 25 Nassau Street,
NEW YORK.

Organized under special charter from the State of New York.

CAPITAL.....$5,000,000

50,000 SHARES, $100 EACH.

DIRECTORS.

HON. ANDREW G. CURTIN, Philadelphia.

PAUL S. FORBES, of Russell & Co., China.

FRED. BUTTERFIELD, of F. Butterfield & Co New York.

ISAAC LIVERMORE, Treasurer Michigan Central Railroad, Boston.

ALEXANDER HOLLAND, Treasurer American Express Company, New York.

Hon. JAMES NOXON, Syracuse, N. Y.

O. H. PALMER, Treasurer Western Union Telegraph Company, New York.

FLETCHER WESTRAY, of Westray, Gibbs & Hardcastle, New York.

NICHOLAS MICKLES, New York.

OFFICERS.

A. G. CURTIN, President.

N. MICKLES, Vice President.

GEORGE ELLIS (Cashier National Bank Commonwealth,) Treasurer.

HON. A. K. McCLURE, Philadelphia, Solicitor.

The Chinese Government having (through the Hon. Anson Burlingame) conceded to this Company the privilege of connecting the great seaports of the Empire by submarine electric telegraph cable, we propose commencing operations in China, and laying down a line of nine hundred miles at once, between the following ports, viz:

	Population.
Canton	1,000,000
Macoa	60,000
Hong-Kong	250,000
Swatow	200,000
Amoy	250,000
Foo-Chow	1,250,000
Wan-Chu	300,000
Ningpo	400,000
Hang Chean	1,200,000
Shanghai	1,000,000
Total	5,910,000

These ports have a foreign commerce of $900,000,000, and an enormous domestic trade, besides which we have the immense internal commerce of the Empire, radiating from these points, through its canals and navigable rivers.

The cable being laid, this company proposes erecting land lines, and establishing a speedy and trustworthy means of communication, which must command there, as everywhere else, the communications of the Government, of business, and of social life especially in China. She has no postal system, and her only means now of communicating information is by couriers on land, and by steamers on water.

The Western World knows that China is a very large country, in the main densely peopled; but few yet realize that she contains more than a third of the human race. The latest returns made to her central authorities for taxing purposes by the local magistrate make her population *Four hundred and Fourteen millions*, and this is more likely to be under than over the actual aggregate. Nearly all of these, who are over ten years old, not only can but do read and write. Her civilization is peculiar, but her literature is as extensive as that of Europe. China is a land of teachers and traders; and the latter are exceedingly quick to avail themselves of every proffered facility for procuring early information. It is observed in California that the Chinese make great use of the telegraph, though it there transmits messages in English alone. To-day great numbers of fleet steamers are owned by Chinese merchants, and used by them exclusively for the transmission of early intelligence. If the telegraph we propose connecting all their great seaports, were now in existence, it is believed that its business would pay the cost within the first two years of its successful operation, and would steadily increase thereafter

No enterprise commends itself as in a greater degree renumerative to capitalists, and to our whole people. It is of vast national importance commercially, politically and evangelically.

☞ The stock of this Company has been unqualifiedly recommended to capitalists and business men, as a desirable investment by editorial articles in the New York *Herald, Tribune, World, Times, Post, Express, Independent*, and in the Philadelphia *North American, Press, Ledger, Inquirer, Age, Bulletin* and *Telegraph*.

Shares of this company, to a limited number, may be obtained at $50 each, $10 payable down, $15 on the 1st of November, and $25 payable in monthly instalments of $2.50 each, commencing December 1, 1868, on application to

DREXEL & CO.,
34 South Third Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

Shares can be obtained in Bedford by application to Reed & Schell, Bankers, who are authorized to receive subscriptions, and can give all necessary information on the subject. sept25y1

WE combine style with neatness of fit.

And moderate prices with the best workmanship

JONES' ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE

GEO. W. NIEMANN,

604 MARKET STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

[sep11,'68,y1]

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY choice brands of chewing Tobaccos and Cigars, at wholesale or retail, is at Oster's. Good natural leaf Tobaccos at 75 cents. Try our 5 cent Yara and Havanna cigars—they cant be beat, june18m3.

Dry-Goods, &c.

NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED AT J. M. SHOEMAKER'S BARGAIN STORE.

NEW GOODS just Received at J. M. Shoemaker's Bargain Store.

NEW GOODS just Received at J. M. Shoemaker's Bargain Store.

NEW GOODS just Received at J. M. Shoemaker's Bargain Store.

NEW GOODS just Received at J. M. Shoemaker's Bargain Store.

NEW GOODS just Received at J. M. Shoemaker's Bargain Store.

BUY your Dry Goods, Groceries, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Queensware, Fish, Notions, Leather, Tobacco, &c., at J. M. Shoemaker's Bargain Store.

BUY your Dry Goods, Groceries, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Queensware, Leather, Fish, Notions, Tobacco, &c., at J. M. Shoemaker's Bargain Store

BUY your Dry Goods, Groceries, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Queensware, Notions, Leather, Tobacco, Fish, &c., at J. M. Shoemaker's Bargain Store.

BUY your Dry Goods, Groceries, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Queensware, Notions, Leather, Tobacco, Fish, &c., at J. M. Shoemaker's Bargain Store.

BUY your Dry Goods, Groceries, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Queensware, Notions, Leather, Tobacco, Fish, &c., at J. M. Shoemaker's Bargain Store.

BUY your Dry Goods, Groceries, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Queensware. Notions, Leather, Tobacco, Fish &c., at J. M. Shoemaker's Bargain Store.
Bedford, Pa., June 11, 1869.

G. R. OSTER & CO.

READ AND SPEAK OF IT!

COME SEE AND BE CONVINCED!

We are now receiving our usual extensive and well assorted STOCK OF NEW AND

CHEAP SUMMER GOODS,

And are now prepared to offer SMASHING BIG BARGAINS TO

CASH BUYERS,

In Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Notions, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Cotton Yarns, Carpet Chains, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Clothing, Brooms, Baskets, Wall and Window Papers, Groceries, Queensware, Tobaccos, Cigars, Fish, Salt, &c. We invite everybody to call and see for themselves. NO TRUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

TERMS CASH.

BRING ALONG YOUR CASH and we will guarantee to SELL you Goods as CHEAP as the same styles and qualities can be sold in Central Pennsylvania.

Be assured that CASH in hand is a wonderfully winning argument, and that those who BUY and SELL for CASH are always masters of the situation.
june18m3 G. R. OSTER & CO.

E. M. FISHER AND BABIES,
Next Door to the Bedford Hotel.

GOOD NEWS AT LAST.

The Cheapest Goods ever brought to Bedford.

We will sell GOODS CHEAPER, by 15 to 25 per cent. than ever sold in Bedford county.

The best *COFFEE* at 25 cents, but the less we sell the better we are off.

The *LADIES' HOSE*, at 10 cents we will not have this time, but come at us for 15, 20 and 25 cents, and we will make you howl.

You will all be waited on by *ELI* and the *BABIES*, as the *OLD ELI* cannot do anything himself. A great variety of Parasols, Sunumbrellas, Pocket-books &c. Linen Handkf's (Ladies and Gents) from 5 cents to 25 cents. CALICOES, from 10, 12 and a few pieces at 15 cents. MUSLINS, from 10 to 25 cents. You all know that we sell NOTIONS 100 per cent. cheaper than anybody else. All Wool Cassimeres, from 50 cents to $1.00. All Wool Dress Goods, from 15 to 25 cents. Ticking, from 20 to 40 cents. Paper Collars, 10 cents; best, 25 cents per box. 4 pair Men's Half Hose, for 25 cents. Clear Glass Tumblers, 60 cents a dozen, or 5 cents a peace. A great lot of Boots and Shoes, to be sold cheap. Queens and Glassware, very low. Syrup, 80 cents and $1 00. $1 30 for best as clear as honey, and thick as tar. Bakers' Molasses, 50 cents per gallon, or 15 cents a quart. These Goods will *"positively"* not be sold unless for Cash or Produce. Come and see us, it will not cost anything to see the Goods and Babies. N. B. All these Goods were bought at slaughtered prices in New York

E. M. FISHER & BABIES.

These Goods we sell so low, that we cannot afford to sing (Auld Lang Syne.)

All accounts must be settled by the middle of July next, by cash or note, or they will be left in the hands of E. M. ALSIP, Esq., for collection.
jun18m3

NOTICE.—I hereby give notice to all persons not to harber or trust my wife, SARAH, on my account, as I will not be responsible for any debts she may contract—she having left my bed and board without just cause or provocation. ANDREW POTE.
Union tp. Aug 12 w3*

The Bedford Gazette.

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

1. That the federal government is limited in power to the grants contained in the Federal Constitution; that the exercise of doubtful constitutional powers is dangerous to the stability of the government and the safety of the people, and the democratic party will never consent that the State of Pennsylvania shall surrender her great right of local self-government.

2. That the attempted ratification of the proposed fifteenth amendment to the Federal Constitution by the radical members of the last legislature, and their refusal to submit the same to a vote of the people, was a deliberate breach of their official duty and an outrage upon every citizen of the State, and the resolution making such ratification should be promptly repealed and the amendment submitted to the people at the polls for acceptance or rejection.

3. That the Democratic party of Pennsylvania is opposed to conferring upon the negro the right to vote, and we do emphatically deny that there is any right or power in Congress or elsewhere to impose negro suffrage upon the people of this State in opposition to their will.

4. That reform in the administration of the federal and State governments, and in the management of their financial affairs is imperatively demanded.

5. That the movements now being made for the amelioration of the condition of the laboring man has our most cordial co-operation.

6. That the legislation of the late republican Congress "outside of the Constitution," the disregard of the majority therein of the will of the people and sanctity of the ballot box, in the exclusion from their seats in Congress of representatives clearly elected, the establishment of military governments in States in the Union and the overthrow of all civil governments therein, are acts of tyranny and usurpation that tend directly to the destruction of all republican government and the creation of the worst forms of despotism.

7. That our soldiers and sailors, who carried the flag of our country to victory must be gratefully remembered, and all the guaranties given in their favor must be faithfully carried into execution.

8. Equal rights and protection for naturalized and native-born citizens at home and abroad; the assertion of American nationality which shall command the respect of foreign powers and furnish an example an encouragement to people struggling for national integrity, constitutional liberty and individual rights.

9. That the present internal revenue and taxing system of the general government is grossly unjust, and means ought at once to be adopted to cause a modification thereof.

The report was acceepted and unanimously adopted.

The Gettysburg heroes amused themselves the other day in designating the positions of the extreme left of the Army of the Potomac on the 2d of July. The examination of the entire field, with the noble work of peg-driving, is now almost complete. Visitors, who had expected a grand affair, have been deserting since the failure of the show became apparent on the first day, and the peg-drivers are pretty nearly left alone in their glory.

Prof. Jenkins made his promised trip over the Niagara, Wednesday of last week on a tight rope, and mounted on a bicycle. His machine was arranged so as to throw the weight under and place him virtually astride of the rope. It was a queer sight, a poor feat, but a sharp trick. Several thousand persons witnessed it.

The Governor of Colorado has called on the citizens of that country to arm and assist in the annihilation of the Indian tribes who are committing all sorts of violence and depredations there. Scouting parties sent out from Denver a few days ago, however, have returned without having seen any Indians.

The Utes and Apaches, it is feared, are visiting other tribes, now friendly to urge consolidated resistance to the Government's design of placing them upon reservations in the San Juan country. The settlers in New Mexico are very much unsettled about it.

Two miles of snow-shed on the Central Railroad, between Cisco and Summit stations, were burned on Wednesday night of last week. Considerable damage was done to the track, but was repaired in time to permit the passage of trains on Saturday.

The Spanish Government, it is announced, will send six thousand additional troops to Cuba within the next two weeks.

Aab, an American, who was recently arrested in Cuba by the Spanish authorities, has been released and is on his way home.

The Spaniards are enlisting more volunteers, black and white, in Cuba, to put down the rebellion.

They have improved upon the "square meal" in Montana. A saloon in Helena gives "cube meals" at a low price.

A Kansas reader of the Declaration of Independence on July 5th, began with, "Know all men by these presents."

The Janesville (Wis.) Gazette suspended publication for two days, "as the printers celebrate the 3d and the editors the 5th of July."

A LIVELY APPEAL.

We find the following stirring appeal to the people in the last *Carbon Democrat*. As it suits in every locality, and may perhaps be of use in awaking some of the sleepy-headed Democrats in this region, we publish it entire. We trust the Democracy will heed its advice:

FORM IN LINE!

Democrats of Peensylvania,
Honest yeomanry of our grand old Commonwealth,
Laboring men,
Mechanics,
Tradesmen,
Artisans,

All who pay taxes, vote, and are amenable to the laws and have an interest in their construction and faithful execution.

A great contest is upon us.

A battle to be fought and we must win it!

Are you ready for the fight?

Look along your line and survey the field.

Are your forces thoroughly organized?

Have you your townships and subdistrict clubs in active working order?

Do you not know of at least one voter whom you can influence to cast his vote for Packer and a pure State administration?

Stop and think.

Then appeal to the man's conscience, his ideas of honesty and rectitude; his State pride and his duty to himself and family.

The argument is all with *you*.

Radicalism has no argument now and it never had.

It came into power in its incipient stage during a period of temporary national derangement.

It has only maintained that power by bayonets at the throats of the people in one section and by fraud and corruption in another.

As fast as the mailed hand is removed from the control of the States of the South, Radicalism dies, strangled by its own monstrous crimes.

In the northern States it has achieved temporary success through the medium of a wanton expenditure for party purposes of the people's money, and by the most outrageous and infamous system of corruption and ballot-box stuffing ever known and scarcely credible.

It can no longer scatter vast sums of money in lavish profusion to carry an election.

It has robbed the public coffers until nothing is left to steal, and the vast burden of taxation beneath which the people are now groaning is insufficient to keep up the expenses of a spendthrift administration.

Let it be hurled from power!

Workingmen of Pennsylvania, be it your duty and your pride to achieve the victory.

From the mines of the mountains,
From the farms of the valley, rally for
Packer and Pershing!
Peace and prosperity!

A TOUCHING SCENE.

[From the Little Rock (Ark.) Gazette, July 25.]

The Jacksonport *Herald* and Batesville *Times* have lengthy accounts of the capture and imprisonment for six years, of Mr. H. H. Lee, a cousin of Gen. R. E. Lee, and formerly a citizen of Madison, in this State. In November, 1862, he was arrested in Memphis, on a charge of speculating in Confederate money, put in the Irving Block for one night, and then shipped for Camp Douglas, Illinois.—Arriving there, the officer refused to receive him, because there was no law forbidding speculation in money of any kind. The lieutenant having him in charge, then started with him to Rock Island, accompanied by seven guards. They went to Milwaukee, Wis., and were going to put Lee in jail for safe keeping until they could have a spree. About this time Lee and one of his guards, who accompanied him, escaped, but were soon recaptured. Mr. Lee was then imprisoned in Milwaukee jail, and kept in close confinement for two and a half years without a trial. At the end of that time he was taken out and sentenced (without a trial) to four years' imprisonment in the state Prison, at Madison, Wis. During these four years he was not allowed to write to his friends, or read a book or newspaper of any kind, but was effectively excluded from the world. During this time his health was good. The time for release came. He went to Cincinnati, where he heard that his wife was dead, and he could hear nothing of his child. From there he went to Memphis, were he was received by his friends as one risen from the dead, and learned the joyful news that his wife and child, the latter a grown young lady, were both living, and at Batesville. The telegraph was used in announceing to his wife his safety, and stating that he would meet her at Jacksonport on the 13th. Says the *Herald:*

"They met, and such a meeting as it was never occurred within our knowledge. The joy of the wife at the sight of her restored husband was too great, and swoon after swoon followed in rapid succession." From here they went to Batesville, their future home, where we leave them, trusting that a long and happy life may be vonchsafed to the happy family, and trusting that this is the last Confederate prisoner.

"Do you think, doctor," asked an anxious mother, "that it would improve little Johnny's health to take him to the springs, and let him try the water?"

"I haven't a doubt of it madam."

"What springs would you recommend, doctor?"

"Any springs, madam, where you can find plenty of soap."

THE TWO CANDIDATES FOR GOVERNOR.

ASA PACKER,
The Christain Patriot, the Enterprising Business Man, the Friend of Industry, and the True-Hearted Gentleman.

"HIS WORD IS AS GOOD AS HIS BOND."

He has Dispensed Hundreds of Thousands of Dollars in the Cause of Education, Religion, and Charity.

DONE MORE TO ADVANCE THE PROSPERITY OF OUR STATE THAN ANY OTHER CITIZEN,

And Risen from a Poor Boy to the Front Rank Among our Public Men.

His Election will Overthrow the Corruption at Harrisburg, Give us Wise Laws, and Honest Admistration.

AND RESTORE TO US THE BLESSINGS OF GOOD GOVERNMENT.

JOHN W. GEARY,
The Candidate of the "Ring," the Tool of the Monopolists,

THE PARDONER OF ROGUES, AND THE POOR MAN'S ENEMY.

He has Stooped to Everything Low and Mean in order to secure his Re-Election.

VOTE FOR HIM, AND YOU VOTE TO PERPETUATE THE REIGN OF THE CORRUPTIONISTS,

Help to Tighten the Chains which the Great Corporations have Fastened about us, Encourage the Worst Elements of Society.

DESTROY THE WORKINGMAN'S LIBERTY,

And Continue the Disgraceful Scenes which make our State Capital a By-Word of Reproach.

AGRICULTURAL EXPERIENCE.

1. All soils are benefitted by being under drained, but the benefit is most apparent and lasting in those of a clayey nature, or having a subsoil retentive of moisture.

2. After drainage, subsoiling and good cultivation are necessary to insure good crops on heavy soils.

3. Lime is the best manure to apply to strong clay soils. It renders them more pervious to light and heat, and also corrects their acidity, by combining with some of the chemical salts in the soil, making plant food of poison.

4. Summer fallowing is the most efficient and profitable means of preparing strong soils for wheat, and of beginning a rotation, after grass has been grown a length of time.

5. Green crops plowed under, when in the most succulent state are powerful auxiliaries in rendering a light soil fertile, but if this is done too often successivelly the soil becomes overcharged with carbonaceous matter.

6. Leached ashes applied in large quantities to sandy soils, or those containing too much vegetable numus, will greatly ameliorate their condition and render them more compact.

7. There is no soil so poor or sterile but some mode may be found of ameliorating and enriching it.

8. Blowing sands may be gradually made productive by spreading six inches thick of straw over them, to remain till rotted. Then seed thickly with clover on the surface, without plowing, and when the clover has taken hold and becomes established, pasture sheep upon the land for two or three years preparatory to manuring and cultivating it.

9. Two successive grain crops on the same land leave it very foul.

10. Summer fallowing ameliorates a soil, and if properly done, gets rid of most of the weeds and noxious plants infesting it.

ACCIDENTAL INSURANCE.

Between Kenosha and Milwaukee, an agent of the Traveler's Insurance Company entered the car, and having issued tickets to several passengers, approached an elderly lady, who, as it afterward proved, was very deaf.

"Madam, would you like to insure against accidents?" inquired the agent, at the same time exhibiting his tickets.

"I got my ticket down to Kenosha," she said. "I am going to Oshkosh to visit my darter who's married up there, and has just got a baby."

The agent raised his voice a little.

"Would you like to insure your life against accidents.

"She's been married two years and a half, and that's the first child—its a gal."

Agent, still louder.

"I am an Insurance Agent, madam, don't you want to insure your life against accidents?"

"She's got along, first rate, and is doing as well as could be expected."

Agent, at the top of his voice.

"I'm an *insurance* agent, madam; can't I insure your life against accident's?"

"Oh, didn't understand you," said the old lady. "No, her name is Johnson; my name is Evans, and I live five miles from Kenosha."

A little darkey was recently found sitting on the steps of a fashionable house crying pitifully. "What's de matter wid you?" asked a colored woman. "Dar's matter 'nuff—drouble all ober the house. Fadder am drunk—mudder am from home wid de close—Sis broke looking-glass wid de broomstick—de baby got her eyes full ob kyan pepper, and little Ned Anthony put de mustard on his hair for goose-grease. I put salt in my tea for white sugar, and it made me sick. De dog licked Ned's face and got his mouth full ob mustard and lies under the bed a howlin'. De kitten got her head in de milk-pot, and I cut her head off to save de pitcher, and den I had to break de pitcher to get de head out; and de way I'll get licked when mudder comes home for setting de bed afire will be a sin."

VALUABLE RECEIPTS.

HASTY PUDDING.—A correspondent writes as follows: If any of your lady readers should wish for something for a dessert when they have company unexpectedly and not prepared, the following will be found excellent and the dish wholesome and very quickly made: One pint of milk and one half pint of flour, two eggs, pinch of salt, flavor with nutmeg, bake in square pans in a hot oven about half an hour, as it is quickly made can be put in the oven just before sitting down to dinner and be just ready when wanted. Serve with butter and sugar.

AN EXCELLENT CAKE RECIPE.—Two eggs, one half-teacup of molasses, one-fourth teacup of shortening, one teacup of buttermilk, one tea-spoon of cinnamon, one teaspoon of saleratus, two teacups of unbolted wheat flour; bake half an hour. A very healthy cake, and those who may give it a trial will not be troubled with indigestion. Tough!

AMBROSIA.—Take oranges, peel and and cut in rounds, place some in a deep dish, sprinkled with sugar, add a layer of grated cocoanut; fill the dish with successive layers of the same, orange and cocoanut. Place on the ice and serve, when you will have food indeed fit for the gods.

The following proves incontestibly the purity and high honor of the Democratic candidate for Governor:

JUDGE PACKER IN CONGRESS.—When Judge Packer was in Congress, a bill was introduced to reduce the duty on iron, and repay that which had been paid by importers. The Judge was then an extensive railroad man, and had taken a heavy contract to supply rails, amounting to several millions of dollars. The repeal of the duty would have added enormously to his profit, and every motive of self interest, added to the arguments of his friends, would have induced him to favor the bill. He felt it to be his duty however, to vote against it, and the bill was defeated.

When his vote had been recorded he turned to one of his colleagues, and said:

"The success of this bill would put half a million dollars into my pocket." "Why didn't you vote for it, then?" was asked. "Because I cannot consistently with my principles. I know that Pennsylvania needs a tariff, and I will not not vote to cripple my State."

WHICH?—If Governor Geary was not linked in with, and a part and parcel of the Ring which controlled the Legislature at Harrisburg during the last three years, we ask his friends to inform us why he did not, as he could and should have done, interpose his vetoes? There was nothing to prevent this, save the fact that he was "as deep in the mud as the Ring was in the mire." He was either a voluntary aider and abettor of the shameless prostitution of the people's interests by the Ring, or he was the pliant tool of that Ring, not possessing discernment sufficient to detect the wrongs and promptly defeat them. Which horn of the dilemma will his supporters take? Can they accept either, and yet honestly support him? He has proven himself either corrupt or incompetent. Is such a man fit to be longer entrusted with the Executive department of this great Commonwealth? We pause for a reply.

A little five year old was being instructed in morals by his mother. The old lady told him that all such terms as "by golly!" "by jingo!" "by thunder," etc., were only minced oaths, and but little better than any other profanity. In fact, she said, he could tell a profane oath, by the prefix 'by'—all such were oaths.

"Well then, mother," said the little hopeful, "there's a big oath in the newspapers—"By telegraph."

The old lady gave it up, and the boy is bewildered on morals.

SCENE AT THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH OFFICE.—*Fond Wife* (to telegraph operator)—O sir! I want to send a kiss to my husband in Liverpool.—How can I do it?

Obliging Operator.—Easiest thing in the world, ma'am. You've just got to give it to me with ten dollars, I'll transmit it right away.

Fond Wife.—If that's the case, the directors ought to put much younger and handsomer men in your position.

(Operator's indignation is great.)

"The candles you sold me last night were very bad," said Suett to a tallow-chandler.

"Indeed, sir, I am very sorry for that."

"Yes, sir; do you know they burnt to the middle, and would then burn no longer."

"You surprise me; what, sir, did they go out?"

"No, sir, no; they burned shorter?"

A Western traveler, having secured half a bed, in order to prevent encroachments, buckled a spur on his heel, before retiring. His unfortunate sleeping-partner, after several thrusts of the sharp reminder, roared out: "Say, stranger, if you are a gentleman, you ought at least to cut your toe-nails."

A witty but somewhat irreverent editor calls the Evangelist St. Mathew, "Collector of Customs for the port of Capernium."

If your friends decline sticking to you during this warm weather—your shirts certainly will not.

He that is good will be better, and he that is bad, worse, for virtue, vice and time never stop.

Five Montana miners were recently killed by Indians while migrating to Koolenay.