ASA PACKER, of Carbon County. C. L. PERSHING, of Cambria Co.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET. Senator, HIRAM FINDLAY, of Somerset co. JOSEPH B. NOBLE, of Bedford co. THOMAS SIPE, of Fulton co. JOHN P. REED, of Bedford Borough.

WILLIAM KEYSER, of Juniata tp. Treasure HUGH MOORE, of Bedford tp. GEORGE ELDER, of Harrison tp. Poor Director,

ADAM K. PENCYL, of Bedford tp. Auditor,
OWEN McGIRR, of Bedford tp.

J. B. BUTTS, of South Woodberry tp.

FOR THE CAMPAIGN! RALLY IN YOUR MIGHT! Read, Think and Act!

Our appeal is to the intelligent, the candid and the independent. We ask only that people shall understand the issues before them, and that, understanding them, they reflect upon their duty in the premises and then discharge what they believe to be that duty when they come to cast their ballots. In order that the questions to be voted upon at the coming election, may be fairly and fully presented to the public, the BEDFORD GAZETTE will be furnished for the campaign, at the following low rates

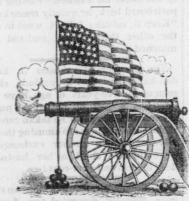
One copy	• •	• •		٠	*	•	*	•	*	*	*	*	*	•		*	•		•	•	*	*	•	•	•
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In all cases the cash must accompany the order. We respectfully ask the active men of our party to get up clubs for the campaign at every postoffice in the county. In no other way can the good cause be more effectively supported than by the circulation of Democratic newspap.rs. It ought to be an easy matter to raise a club of twenty at any post office. Address MEYERS & MENGEL, Bedford, Pa.

99999999 GEARY'S PLATFORM

ved. That we wholly approve the principolicy of the administration of Gener Resolved, that the administration of treneral ples and policy of the administration of treneral Grant, and we heartily endorse every sentiment contained in his inaugural address, and especially do hereby ratify and approve the late amend ment to the Constitution of the United State ment to the Canaress, known as the Fifteent

OPENING RALLY!



Mass Meeting of the Democracy of Bedford County!

RATIFICATION OF THE NOMINATION OF PACKER AND PERSHING.

All who are in favor of wresting our good old commonwealth from the hands of a "Radical Ring" of corruptionists, are requested to attend the ratification meeting to be held at the COURT HOUSE, in Bedford, on MON-DAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 6,

All who are in favor of Retrenchment and Reform in our National and State governments are requested to

Let the PEOPLE rally in their might and prepare for the great victory over fanaticism and corruption in Pennsyl-

Able speakers have been invited to

address the meeting. EDWARD F. KERR,

Ch. Dem. Co. Com.

DEMOCRATS, organize! Go to work! In 1866 we increased our majority in this county over what it was the year before. In 1867 we increased over 1866. In 1868 we increased over 1867. Last year after the hardest fight that ever was given us, or ever will be given us, our majority was 400. This year we can make it 600, at least. We have a splendid State ticket, and our district and county nominations are excellent. Roll up your sleeves, men, and go into the fight, this time, to win! Organize! Organize!

FORNEY says that "Pennsylvania's decree for Packer would be a blow at the policy of Grant for which nothing could compensate." That blow will be delivered, just as sure as the election comes round. Geary in less than two years has sunk seven millions of dollars, all of which is unaccounted for, except some seven hundred, which Ilyus swears he got for doing nothing. The people are determined to find out what went with the rest of it.

WHO gets the interest on the balanc of one million and upwards in the State Treasury?

AN ORGAN OF THE THIEVES. The "Inquirer" Sold to the Ring!

The last issue of the Bedford Inquirer proves exactly what we predicted concerning that sheet when it "assumed a virtue," last winter, in pretending to discountenance the operations of the Radical Ring at Harrisburg. The Inquirer, not six months ago, admitted the extravagance and corruption of its party in the legislature, and in its pretended despair, asked, Is there not one man to be found who will stand up against these corruptions? It has, now, apparently forgotten the disgust it effected when the twenty seven "additional pasters and folders" were provided for the legislature, at a cost of at least \$20,000 to the tax-payers. In answer to a charge in the Harrisburg Patriot, that in two years SEVEN MILLIONS of dollars, over and above the payments of the State Debt, had been expended by Gov. Geary's administration, the Inquirer does not deny the correctness of the figures, but says that these Seven Millions were applied to the expenses of the State Government, and with an affectation of innocence that is as refreshing as a breeze from an iceburg, it declares that the "wonder is, not where did the money go, but how did the republicans manage to carry on the Government so economically," &c.!!!

Now, the Inquirer knows all about the fraud by which the extra "pasters and folders" were quartered on the treasury. It complained of the outrage at the time when it was perpetrated. Does it dare, now, to face about and eat its own words? We do say, and the Auditor General's Reports prove, that during the first two years of Governor Geary's administration, upwards of Eleven Millions of Dollars were received into the State Treasury. In Geary's last annual message it is claimed that a little upwards of Four Millions of the State Loans had been taken up, which of course, leaves Seven Millions for other expenditures. Now the Harrisburg Patriot, the GAZETTE, and nearly every Democratic paper in the state, have called on the radical press to give the public the items of these expenditures. This request has been refused, because the publication of these items will damn to eternal infamy the radical legislatures of the last three years as well as Gov. Geary's administration. The question still is, What has become of the

The Inquirer, taking its cue from the Harrisburg Telegraph, a sheet which never tells the truth except when a lie will not answer its purpose, says that not so, Mr. Inquirer? Deny it, if you "the interest on the state debt in those two years exceeded four and a half millions " and claims that this sum must be deducted from the Seven Millions. It is simply not true that the that has been made is to compel the interest on the State Debt amounted to four and a half millions in 1867 and 1868; but no matter what it amounted to, it was not paid out of the Seven Millions, but mainly out of the loan several years past the Commissioners nade in 1867. That loan amounted to Twenty Three Millions of Dollars, and was made for the ostensible purpose of taking up a portion of the old loans. The Auditor General's Report for 1867, shows that not quite Twenty One Millions of this loan was applied to the redemption of the old loans, leaving upwards of Two Millions of it to be paid on the interest on the State Debt. Hence the allegation of the Inquirer that a large portion of the Seven Millions was paid out in interest on the State Debt is false. We refer the reader to the reports of Auditor General Hartranft for 1867 and 1868, for the verification of our state

"The wonder," therefore, is still, where did the money go?" The Inquirer alleges that we make no allowance for "necessary expenses of the government," &c. Yes, we do; but we want to know to what the unnecessar ry expenses amounted. We want to know how much more the legislature and executive department, and Treasury department, cost than they ought to cost. The Inquirer will admit that a Radical administration ought not to cost more than a Democratic administration. Very well. The cost of the last Democratic administration, (that of Gov. Packer) in 1860, was \$401,863,41. Double this, and you have \$803,726.82, eight hundred and three thousand sev en hundred and twenty six dollars and eighty two cents, the cost of a Demoeratic administration in two years .-Now, take this sum from the Seven Millions, and upwards of Six Millions remain. "The wonder" still is, "where

did the money go?" But the Inquirer alleges that appropriations for the Common Schools and Soldiers' Orphans' Schools must be deducted from the Seven Millions. Well. let us deduct them. For the years 1867 and 1868, those appropriations amounted to \$1,604,001.11. Take this amount from the Six Millions and upwards above remaining, and we still have Four Millions Five Hundred against the reserved rights of the peu-Thousand Dollars unaccounted for. ple. They are already greatly demor-Now let us take the amount of appro- alized, but another such a fire in the priations to charitable institutions and rear as this speech of Gov. Palmer as pensions and gratuities during the will scatter them like a flock of scared years 1867 and 1868, from the above re- turkies.

mainder. By the Auditor General's Reports for those years we find the THE Inquirer wants us to turn amount of these appropriations to have attention to the county finances. It been (exclusive of the appropriations doesn't care to hear anything about to Soldiers' Orphans' Schools, already the State finances. Very well. Yes, deducted above) \$501,702,66; leaving we shall turn our attention to the just about Four Millions after deducting all the credits the Inquirer claims. There is one subject, in particular, Will that paper now inform us what connected with the county finances, ecame of the remaining Four Milthat we shall ventilate for the benefit ions? We have made all the deducof the Inquirer. tions it claims, and yet we find that

the Radical Ring at Harrisburg. Let

it show where the Seven Millions have

gone, or hold its peace. Show up, or

Why don't they tell the people that

in less than ten years, in spite of a cop-perhead rebellion, the Republican party

nave paid off Twenty Millions of the

State debt and released all the Real

Estate of the State from Taxes?-In-

Because if we did we would tell the

In December, 1860, the State Debt was

\$37,969,847.50. In December, 1868, it

was \$33,286,946.13. This shows a de-

crease of \$4,682,901,37. See Auditor

Now, during these eight years the

Radical party have had the advantage

of the sale of the public works and of a

much larger revenue than formerly

from other sources. The receipts into

the Sinking Fund, during these eight

years, have been upwards of Twenty

Five Millions which ought to be, but

which is not the measure of the reduc

tion of the State Debt. In 1867 a loar

of Twenty Three Millions was made.

And yet but the pitiful sum of \$4,682,-

901.37, has been paid on the State

Debt! All the balance of these im-

mense collections from the people have

been devoted to other purposes, radi-

cal sneak-thieves getting their full pro-

Gov. Packer, during the last year of

his administration, reduced the State

Debt \$691,757.89, though the receipts

into the Treasury that year were not

much more than half what they have

been, annually, during radical admin-

istrations. Nor did Gov. Packer re-

sort to a loan, as Gov. Geary has been

compelled to do. And this loan of

\$23,000,000, be it remembered, was

made at six per cent, in order to re-

place the old one at five. Is this

It is false that the radical party have

pleased all the Real Estate of the

State from taxes. The only change

county commissioners to pay State Tax

on Real Estate out of the county levy.

This is whipping the devil 'round the

stump with a very long lash. For

of this county have had the most obsti-

nate struggles with the officials at Har-

risburg, to save the county from im-

position in the collection of State taxes.

Last year, through the efforts of their

Attorneys, Messrs. Russell and Meyers,

they succeeded in saving the tax-pay-

ers of the county about two thousand

dollars wrongfully and fraudulently

No! no! The people of Pennsylva-

nia pay almost two millions of dollars

more per annum in the shape of State

taxes, under Radical rule than they

did under Democratic Administrations.

We can prove this by the record. In

the year 1860, the last year of Gov.

Packer's administration, the receipts

into the Treasury from all sources,

were, \$3,479,257.31. See Auditor Gen-

eral's Report for 1860, page 6. In the

year 1868, the receipts into the Treas-

ury, were \$5,216,049,55. See Auditor

Now, the statements, we have here

made are incontrovertible. The In-

quirer man has an idea that his readers

will believe any thing he says, and,

therefore, he utters the most reckless

and unqualified falsehoods. We have

here proved him a liar: and now we

will forfeit One Hundred Dollars in

greenbacks, to any man, who will show

to an impartial tribunal that there is

a single mis-statement in this article.

The Radical Governor of Illinois,

Gen. Palmer, addressed a meeting of

his party in that State, the other day,

in a speech in which he took the true

States' Rights ground. "He avoided."

Fifteenth Amendment, for the reason

that he opp ses the surrender of State

control of suffrage to Federal author-

ity." The Radicals can ill afford to

lose the support of so influential a per-

sonage as Gov. Palmer, in their crusade

Here is a chance to make money casy.

Come on, Lutz and the rest of you!

General's Report for 1868, page 6.

claimed by the State.

portion of them.

General's Reports for 1860 and 1868.

people a bare-faced lie.

Has the editor of that sheet heard of Four Millions of Dollars are unaccounthe Registry Law passed by the last ted for. Until the Inquirer explains Radical legislature, signed by Governor whither this sum has gone, people will Geary and declared constitutional by believe that it was squandered and sto-Judge Willaims? len by Radicial officials at the state

Will he please inform his readers capital; and if the Inquirer continues that the excution of that law will cost to defend the conduct of those corrupt the taxpayers of Bedford county, at officials, people will naturally conclude that it has been bought for a price by

Will he please show these tax-payers how they are to be benefited to the amount of \$2,000 by the enforcement of this law in Bedford county?

Will he please tell the naturalized voters of his party that they are to be taxed to pay these \$2,000, for the execution of this Registry Law, in order that they may be put to as much trouble as possible in reaching the ballotbox?

After the editor of the Inquirer shall have thus enlightened his readers, we shall give him some further insight into the condition of the county finances. Show up, or shut up!

MORE ABOUT THE FINANCES.

By an Act of Assembly passed Aoril 10, 1867, and signed by John W Geary, W. M. Hall, David Derrickson and Wayne McVeagh were appointed Commissioners to revise the Civil Code of the State, at the snug little salary of \$3,000 per year to each.

It is now two years and five months ince these Commissioners have been appointed. They have drawn \$6,000 each, in all \$18,000. But the revised Civil Code is yet in shapeless embryo.

We do not know what Derrickson and McVeagh are doing. They may be "revising" furiously all this while. As for Hall, we know what he is about. He is abusing the Democrats and drawing his salary. THREE HOUSAND A YEAR for William M. Hall, from the taxpayers of the Commonwealth! Three thousand a year for setting at home and playing Commissioner to revise the Civil Code! No wonder Hall is for Geary. A great many others would be, for

three thousand a year. How say the people? Will they reelect Geary so that W. M. Hall may continue to get his \$3,000 a year? Or will they spoil that little job, by electing Asa Packer, who will put an end to such legalized robbery of the people's taxes?

THE DOG TO HIS VOMIT.

The Inquirer returns to its stale charge against the late Treasurer of the Poor House, like a dog to his vomit. What s wrong about that matter now? Mr. Blymyer, on settlement with the Poor Directors, several years ago, fell in debt to the county some \$7,000, including interest. Like an honest man and a Democrat, as he is, he at once secured the county for the amount which he owed, and has since repaid, with interest, every cent of that sum. Mr. Lutz, in order to make a little political capital, now re-opens this subject, which was fully discussed and disposed of two years ago.

The Inquirer, also, asks, "How about the present Poor House imbroglio?" Aha! Is that what you want to know. We can name a few men who will tell you all about it. Ask Mr. Longenecker, ask your Radical legislature, ask Judge Rowe! They can tell you "who is to pay the piper," as well as why there is a piper to pay.

THE general cry in this State is give us a change of rulers. Any change must be for the better. We have had our fill of taxation, of rottenness, fraud and corruption. We have given the Radical party a fair trial. For eight long, weary years we have permitted it to control our affairs at the discretion of its leaders, and what have been the results? A State whose industrial interests are paralyzed, whose people are taxed to the topmest notch, and whose varied products are cheapened by unwise legislation. Well may the taxpayers exclaim any change must be

GEN. GRANT was called the soldier' friend, but since his accession to power he has turned nine-tenths of the soldiers appointed by Johnson out of their places and put in civilians. In many cases mained white soldiers have been dismissed to make room for lusty to use the language of the associated press, "the suffrage question and the

THE Radicals are evidently scared about the XVth Amendment. The tone of their journals indicate that there is danger of its failing. We are sure, it will be defeated, if the Democrats keep hammering away against it. What will become of the Republican party then? That's what's the matter.

REMEMBER that Geary stands square on the Fifteenth Amendment. Every yote for him, is a vote for forced Negro Suffrage in Pennsylvania.

THE SPREAD OF CORRUPTION Our whole system of government is now being regulated to benefit the few at the expense of the many. Men go to Washington to get laws passed by which a few individuals are enabled to is not for a moment to be doubted, but that the cajolery which walks openly in the lobbies has a twin brother of bribery prowling near it in secret .-One interest after another clamors for protection, until the Congressional legislation of last session became a mere agency to confer upon a wealthy few the power to oppress and cripple the

energies of the great mass of our peo-

Such a system, says the Philadelphia Evening Herald, leads our legislators into temptation; it turns the heads of our manufacturers, and teaches them that wholesale competition is enmity and injury, and ought to be destroyed by law. It sets them speculating upon the means of making the governmental machine subserve their private purposes; and having once entertained this notion, they become very naturally anxious to increase the powers of the machine they intend to use. They associate themselvs consequently with other schemers having similar interests. One interest plays into the hands of the other, and the combination operates fatally upon the integrity of the legislative body. The lobbies of both houses of the last Congress groaned with projects seeking the aid of Government by high duties, subsidies, land grants, guarantees, etc., and the favors thus to be granted were expected to be secured by the enormous power of corruption brought to bear upon the members. Those who could not be influenced by pecuniary favors were dazzled by the pledges to promote the aspiration of their political ambition. Venality in one shape or the other ruled and controlled the legislative action of the last Congress, and as it was in the days of Rome in her decline so is it at Washington-"all things are for a price."

Just look what these powerful, unscrupulous agencies have induced Congress to do in the last four years. Already thirty million of acres of the public domain are in the hands of speculators. In addition, Government has donated to Pacific railroads one hundred and twenty four millions of acres, and to other railroads fifty-seven million; to the States over sixty million, and the cry is still the cry of the daughters of the horse-leech, "Give! give! give!" Like the circle in the water, the sphere of corruption enlarges, and it is involving every interest in this land. It was said that Grant would set his face like mong the men whose immense capital is being used to corrupt and mould the legislation of Congress in all these job bing schemes. The whole system has become too powerful to be reached and cured by mere executive interposition. especially such a greedy, avaricious man as we now have in the Presidential chair, and the remedy alone is in the people; but, even here, the corrunting influences that sway elections appear to in erpose an insurmountable

WHAT ARE WE COMING TO?

There is to-day a large amount of coal on hand at the mines, and sales are very light. People are waiting for a fall in prices. It has just been discovered that the coal men of Pennsylvania have had a meeting, and adopted such a scale of rates to miners that will force another strike, and the middle of September will find a stock on hand inadequate to the demands of the season, and prices will go up fearfully, perhaps reaching fifteen dollars per tun. In the name of common justice and the wants of humanity, cannot this terrible commercial demoralization be cured? This sort of business falls with crushing cruelty upon the poor, a class of wealth-producers, who carry the country on their shoulders, finding seven-eights of the means required to support the administration, and preserve the credit of the government .-These are the men who are pinched by these coal strikes. Is there no remedy? If not, what will all this despotism upon the poor workingmen finally lead to? Let the coal capitalists and all other capitalists, who can ald in preventing these things, reflect a

Bur twenty-one States so far have ratified the Fifteenth Amendment, and only seventeen have done it legally. It requires the consent of twentynine States to consummate the fraud. Courage, friends. Be firm, and this infamous amendment may be defeat-

The excessive heat on Friday last, was a source of complaint throughout the country. In Baltimore the thermometor stood, according to location, at 91 all the way to 96 degrees in the shade. At Washington city the highest degree reached in the shade was 101, being the same degree attained at Richmond, Va. There were several cases of sunstroke in New York.

The war in Japan is ended.

BRIEF NEWS ITEMS. The daughter of a Mr. Thom siding near Front Royal, Virginia, was intercepted on her way home Monday

by two negroes, who foully outraged her person. The brutes were afterwards arrested, and it is believed that make millions, and for such objects, it they have been appropriately lynched. The "prize essayists," Allen and

Gallagher, had their battle near St. Louis, the other day. Allen was declared winner on the 11th round, but the declaration was denied after all was over, and so the affair ended in a disgraceful cheat.

A Virginia State Senator elect who visited the Secretary of War yesterday, states that he received satisfactory as surances that the test oath would not be required of members elect to the Legislature.

The Virginia corn crop is believed to have been shortened one-half by the drought. The early corn in Georgia is

gone, but the late crop promises well. A conspiracy to assininate the Shah of Persia, originating in Constantinople, has been discovered, and the band sent out to accomplish it has been arrested. Many eminent persons are

said to be implicated. The Spaniards captured a party of Cubans, numbering eighty, near Puerto Principe, some days ago, all of whom, it is said, were executed. Great excitement exists in the Cuban army in consequence, and a demand has been made for retaliation; but Quesada has mildly adopted the Confederate policy of humanity, and waits for other Governments to get shocked

Cuban advices to the 9th, from patriot sources, record the defeat and capture by Colonel Nevara, of a Spanish force of about 260 officers and men, which was moving from Remedios to Nuevitus. The Spanish casualities were 27 killed and 52 wounded. The Cubans lost 18 killed and 32 wounded.

The negroes who committed an outrage on Miss Thompson near Front Royal, Va., a few days ago, were not lynched as it was supposed. They would have been lynched, it is stated, had not the Sheriff, who succeeded in getting charge of them, surrounded the jail with a strong force of armed men, who are on duty day and night.

In his letter accepting the nomination for the Ohio Gubernatorial candidacy, Mr. Pendleton promises, as soon as he is able, to discuss especially the financial questions which at present puzzle the oppressed and overtax-

Bogus deputy marshals and revenue detectives are roving around in the rural districts black-mailing unsophisticated people. The Navajo Indians are said to be

contented and happy on their reservation in Arizona. The Blackfeet Indians in Montana

have taken to robbing and murdering

The London Star says that thereis no reason for Great Britain to grudge the possession of Cuba should the United States buy that island. England's possessions in those seas are so exposed flint against these corruptions; but his to attack at present that the danger cannot be augmented. The possession of Cuba by the United States, the Star thinks, would be to the advantage of commerce generally.

Another rebort comes over the cable telling of the dispersion of the Carlists. They seem to be defeated every time they try a fight, and the cause has several times, lately, been dead. But ever and anon it revives and recalcitrates.

The Pope is represented by a correspondent as regretting that no schismatic or Protestant Bishop, has offered to take part in the Œcumenical Council.

A freight train on the Vera Cruz Railroad was attacked a few days ago and plundered of \$50,000 worth of mer-The Vicar of Alcublas, in Spain,

with a body of Carlists gave battle to the Spanish troops, and succeeded in getting himself and nineteen of his followers captured.

Next year the Pope will hold at Rome a universal exibition of Chris-

More news favorable to the rebel cause in Cuba has been received in Washington. The patriots seem to count with Yankee confidence upon the disaffection and the courage of the negro slave population.

Three hundred Cuban rebels, according to a Gulf cable dispatch, were dispersed by Spanish forces near Jaguey Grande recently. Ten rebels killed; no Spanish losses mentioned.

Callahan, the Radical Police Captain of Richmond, Virginia, who killed Joseph Kelly, a Conservative, at a registration office, some weeks ago, has been discharged by order of General Canby, without trial-only a preliminary examination by Radical military com-

A conspiracy among disaffected former employees to burn all the bridges on the Central Pacific Railroad east of the Sierra Navada Mountains, has been discovered, and measures have been taken to prevent it.

The United States troops in Arizona have recently killed a number of hos tile Indians at Barr Mountain, and destrayed considerable property.

Reports from the West and South west indicate an improvement in the corn prospect, owing to recent rains. The search for the mails lately stoler by the Arizona Indians have proven

unsuccessful. The bags contained a large amount in greenbacks. A Mrs. Gifford, living in Marrion county, Iowa, died on Saturday, from

the effects of fright, occasioned by the Solar eclipse on Saturday previous. The people of the Pacific coast have

been witnessing some very curious celestial phenomena. Bright white and red lights flash up in the sky and last until late in the night.

Adam Titus has been sentenced to death at Carlisle for the murder of CIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa. Henry Stomm.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup. Seaweed Tenic and Mandrake Pills, will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint, and Dysper sis, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the liver, and put it to work then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens in the lung, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption. To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivalled success in the treatment of pulmonary consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectora tion, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe, a tion, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe, a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal. To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake

rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrako Pils must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syruy and the food will make good blood
Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall-bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care), that will unlock the gall-bladder and starts the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the Alkali in the Scaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure consumption is, they try to do too much: they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the seoretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills, or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Cousumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catsarh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

ker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has Consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, ab seesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflatumation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood: then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

o cure consumption.

When there is no lung disease, and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenek's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pilis are sufficient without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pilis freely in all billious complaints, as they are per-fectly hearless.

freely in all billious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless
Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and sbandoned him to his fetc. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afficied have used Dr. Schenck's preparations with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompanying each, make it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless the patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all let ers for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond Street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover Street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is \$5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

P. M.
Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Ton-ie each \$1.50 per bottle, or \$7.50 a hulf-dozen, Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all

DIANOS AND ORGANS. PRICES greatly reduced for cash. New ve Pianos of first-class makers for \$275 and ard. New Cabinet Organs for \$45 and up. Second hand Instruments from \$40 to

HOUSEKEEPERS! HOUSEKEEPERS! Men-Women-and Children!

Men-Women-and Children! READ-READ.

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