Legal Notice.

 $\frac{34}{11} \frac{56}{25}$

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84

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDI-ment of Bedford county, for the year ending Jan-Win. Bowles, Treasurer, To am't rec'd from former treasurer, Geo. Dr. \$8083 65 7148 28 Blymyer Blymyer To am't from collectors, To am't from Esq. Roberts, fines, To am't from Joseph F. Barley fines, To money borrowed from Rev. S. Kepler 550 00 \$15,792 63 Total

Treasurer, Cr. By amount paid on checks as follows erchandise, \$1625 1 Hardware, Drugs, Dres, Beef, Bacon, Pork, 380 43 Potatoes, Corn, Cider, Oats. Applebutter, Syrup, Vinegar, Out-door paupers, Removal of " Issuing orders 2 23 218 08 Issuing orders, Blacksmithing, J I Noble, manufacturing goods, Castings and cooperage for mill, One horse, Mill licenso, $\begin{array}{r}
16 & 75 \\
24 & 64 \\
155 & 87
\end{array}$ 24 98 165 00 Insurance, Funeral expenses, Coffins, Pennsylvania State Lunatic Asylum. 216 8 ervices as matron Medical attendance D. R. Anderson, salary and extra services D. R. Anderson, salary and extra services, 84 00 Samuel Beckley, do do 84 00 Michael Diehl, do do 84 00 S. Defb ugh, salary as steward, 250 00 T. R. Gettys, salary as clerk, 50 00 T. R. Gettys, makine out and distributing duplicates, for 1864 and 1867, 97 70 E F Kerr, salary as att'y and extra services, 135 00 J W Dickerson, do do 115 00 J W Dickerson, do do William Bowles, salary as treasurer, 115 00 Durborrow & Lutz, print Meyers & Mengel, do Mayors & Mongel, do do do advertising, Sundries, as per bills filed, Sundry articles of furniture for poor house, Old checks, Judgment of Dr. Conrad. Costs in Bixler case, Interest paid on Rev. Kepler's note, Amount overpaid on duplicates Auditors and clerk, Total credits,

\$15792 63 Charges, Credits, 13568 95

Balance in Treasury, Owing county from collectors, Indebtedness of county, about

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Bedford county, do certify that we have examined the foregoing accounts of William Bowles, Treas-urer of the Poor and House of Employment of Bedford county, and found the same to be correct and true, as above stated. Witness our hands this 9th day of January, 1868. JAS. MATTINGLY, Attest: JOHN D. LUCAS, W. C. SCHAEFFER, S. WHIP, Auditors. mar13w4 Clerk.

Statement and Report of Samuel Defibrugh, Steward of the Poor and House of Employ-ment of Bedford county, from January 1, 1867, to January 1st. 1868. Dr.

TOAT T TA THE Laborary of last and		
1867, Jan. 1st, To balance at last set- tlement	\$30	74
To eash received from sundry persons;		
R Sheeter for muslin		50
L. Ringler for corn	1	10
Miller for bran		40
M A Line for corn	1	50
Wm Chenoweth for 100 lbs buckwheat flour	r 3	50
J E Wills for sugar	4	40
H Defibaugh for 1 qt. syrup		15
J Shoemaker for tomatoes	2	25
H Crawley for tomatoes		75
J E Wills for butter	1	00
H Moses for beef	1	35
M A Line for coal	5	37
J E Wills	3	60
Muslin	1	03
	0.57	R.4

By balance

Cr. By eash paid for sundry articles, as sixty nine and a half bus, ears c Wm. Allen, making two coffins nine and a half bus, ears corn Post-office box V Steckman, whisky J L Lewis, blank book

\$24 4

10 7.

Bedkord Gazette. The

BY MEYERS & MENGEL.

Legal Notices.

BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 3, 1868.

THE IMPEACHMENT.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

January 1, 1867, to January 1, 1868. J. E. Wills Dr. Wheat. Rye. Corn. Buckw't. To am't of toll grain brought in by the mill per monthly reports, J. E. Wills, Cr. 727 154 58 651 By am't of grain used in Poor House and sold sundry persons for cash and on sc-counts as per month-by orders. paid. counts as per month-ly orders: Use of Poor House Horse feed Hog feed Sold sundry persons By 1 of the toll grain brought in by the mill, (it being my share of the toll as per agreement). 415 17 34 10 5 6 31 2421 511 191 217 per agreement), 662± 133± 59± 100‡ Examined and certified to be correct by mar13w4 J. E. WILLS, Miller. place

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE: That on the 28th day of February, A. D. 1888, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Es-tase of Frederick Benedict of Bedford, in the County of Bedford, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and de-livery of any property belonging to such Bank-rupt, to him. for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by Law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts and to choose one or more As-THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE: That meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts and to choose one or more As-signees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptey, to be helden at the office of J. W. Lingenfelter, Esq., in Bedford, Bedforde co., Penna., before Hastings Gehr, Esq., Ragister, on the 7th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 9 o'clock, A. M. THOMAS A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal, MESSENGER.

43 50 THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE: That on the 4th day of March. A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankraptcy was issued against the Estate of Daniel Metzger, ef Harrison township, in the County of Bedford, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and de-livery of any property belongfug to such Bank-rupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by Law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts, and to choose one or more As signees of his estate, will be held at a Court of bank-rupt to be holden at the office of J. W. Ling nfel-ter, Esq., in Bedford, Bedford county, Pa. before Hastings Gebr. E-q., Register, on the 7th day ot April, A. D. 1868, at 2 o clock, P. M. THOMAS A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal, MESSENGER. THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE: That 40 00 \$13568 95 \$2223.68 $\frac{11022}{4000} \frac{21}{00}$

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE: That on the 3rd day of March, A. D. 1808, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of Isane F. Grove of Bedford, in the County of Bed-ford, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition ; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, (6 him, or for his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbiiden by Law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts, and to choose one or more Assignees : f his Estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptey, to be holden at the ofice of J. W. Lingenfelter, Esq., in Bedford, Bedford County, Pa., before Hastings Gehr, Esq., Register, on the 7th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock, A. M. THOMAS A. ROWLEY, mar13w4 U. S. Marshal, MESSENGER. THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE: That $\begin{array}{r}
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 3 50
 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{r}
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 2 & 25 \\
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 \end{array}$

A DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. A Notice is hereby given that letters of admin-istration have been granted to the undersigned. by the Register of Bedford county, upon the estate of John L. Nycum, late of Monroe township, Bed-ford county, dee'd. All persons indepted to said estate are request

\$57 64 69 61 indebted to said estate are request All per ed to make immediate payment, and those having elaims can present them. duly authenticated for settlement. GEORGE NYCUM, fob23w6 CHRIST. FELTON, adm'rs. \$127 25

EXECUTORS' NOTICE. -Notice is hereby given that letters testamenta y to the estate of Amos McCreary, late of Napier town-ship, deceased, have been granted to the under-signed by the Register of Bedford county.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE is published every Fri day morning by MEYERS & MENGEL, at \$2.00 per annum, if paid strictly in advance; \$2.50 if paid within six months; \$3.00 if not paid within six months. All subscription accounts MUST be settled annually. No paper will be sent out of the State unless paid for IN ADVANCE, and all such subscriptions will invariably be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they are and the Chief Justice entered and took

All ADVERTISEMENTS for a less term than three months TEN CENTS per line for each insertion. Special notices one-half additional All arms to make proclamation. resolutions of Associations; communications of limited or individual interest, and notices of marriages and deaths exceeding five lines, ten cents per line. Editorial notices fifteen cents per line. All legal Notices of every kind, and Orphans Court and Judicial Sales, are required by law

to be published in both papers published in this All advertising due after first insertion. A liberal discount is made to persons advertising

by the quarter, half year, or year, as follows : 3 months, 6 months. 3 months. - \$ 4 50 - 6 00 - 8 00 - 14 00 - 18 00 - 30 00 *One square -\$ 6 00 \$ 6 00 9 00 12 00 20 00 25 00 *45 00 Two squares -Three squares -Quarter column Half column - $\begin{array}{c}
16 & 00 \\
20 & 00 \\
35 & 00
\end{array}$ 45 00 One column -

*One square to occupy one inch of space. JOB PRINTING, of every kind, done with meatness and dispatch. THE GAZETTE OFFICE has just been refitted with a Power Press and new type, and everything in the Printing line can be execu-peachment preferred against Mr. Johnted in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates .--- TERMS CASH.

All letters should be addressd to MEYERS & MENGEL,

Publishers The Bedford Gazette.

FROM THE EAST.

Lebanon, Pa., March 23d, 1868. MESSRS. EDITORS GAZETTE :--In my last letter I predicte : a great

change in our county in the minds of the people relative to political affairs. The election of Friday last has made

those predictions good throughout the entire county, and in our borough we have for the first time for a number of years, seven or eight at least, elected

a Chief Burgess. We also elected one councilman out of two, the assistant Burgess, two School Directors out of

Answer othe President. Thirty Days Extension of Time Asked for by the President and Refused. [Reported for the Baltimore Sun.]

WASHINGTON, March 23. his seat.

The Chief Justice rapped the court to order and directed the sergeant-atarms to make programation. The Sergeant-at-Arms.—Hear ye! hear ye! hear ye! All persons are commanded to keep silence while the Senate of the United States is sitting on the trial of Andrew Johnson, Presi-

ook their seats. Mr. Doolittle, of Wisconsin, was worn in as a member of the court.

Mr. Davis made a motion as follows: "The constitution having invested the Senate with the power to try cases of impeachment, and ten States (naming them) being unrepresented, and each State being entitled to two Sena-tors, therefore the question is whether the Senate, as at present constituted,

The motion was rejected by a vote of 49 to 2-the lat er being Mr. Davis and Mr. McCreery.

The Chair notified the counsel for the President that the court was ready to-receive the answer of the President. Mr. Stanbery rose and said, in ac-cordance with the order of the Senate the counsel for the President had devoted every hour that they could to the preparation of the answer, depriving themselves even of needfal rest for that purpose. The answer was then read by Mr.

Curtis. THE PRESIDENT'S ANSWER.

The following is, in substance, the answer of the President to the article of impeachment exhibited against him by the House of Representatives : For answer to the first article he says that the United States, during the first term enacted for the government of all their persons to use any coercion to obtain of his Presidency, and was commission-

three, along with our entire west ward ed according to the constitution and ticket, carrying the borough ticket all laws of the United States to hold the ticket, carrying the borough ticket all save two, one councilman and one School Director as before stated. The Democratic gain in the Borough since last fall is seventy-three, and the gain of War, provides that he should per-last fall is seventy three, and the gain of War, provides that he should per-last fall is seventy three, and the gain of War, provides that he should per-last fall is seventy three, and the gain of War, provides that he should per-last fall is seventy three, and the gain of War, provides that he should per-last fall is seventy three, and the gain of War, provides that he should per-last fall is seventy three to the second line of the united states are of the United states, that through the action of the senate of the United States, the absould by the first Congress of the United states, creating the office of Secretary of War, provides that he should per-form his duties according to the second the duty of the president to constitution and states, creating the office of Secretary of War, provides that he should per-form his duties according to the second the duty of the president to constitute to the president to use force is wholly the duty of the president to the second the duty of the president to use force is wholly the duty of the president to the second the duty of the president to use force is wholly the duty of the president to construct mitter to the second the duty of the president to construct mitter to the sixth article the sixth article the sixth article to the sixth article t throughout the county tallies with form his duties according to the second section of the second article of the con-

VOL. 62 .--- WHOLE No. 5,487.

term of the President by whom they may have been appointed, and for one month thereafter, subject to removal by and with the advice and consent of the senate." That the respondent was also aware that this act was understood and in-any law thereof, or of his oath of office. tended to be an expression of the o-pinion of Congress that the power to sued with intent to violate the Constiremove executive officers for cause tution of the United States, or any law thirty days' time in which to prepare might by law be taken from the Pres-ident and vested in him and the Sen-office; and he respectfully but earnest-

act was and is wholly inoperative and in point of fact, an imperative offici-void by reason of its conflict with the al duty; and he denies that any and all constitution of the United States, yet, substantive matters in the said first ar-

peachment, the President admits that he appointed Gen. Lorenzo Thomas act; or, if untrue, whether the Presi- Secretary of War ad interim., without dent had not the power, according to the advice and consent of the Senate, the terms of the act, to remove the said for the reason that there was a vacan-Stanton from the office of Secretary for the Department of War; and hav-ing in his capacity of President of the General Thomas under the constitu-

That notwithstanding the Senate of case of the said Stanton and his tenure the United States was then in session. of office were not affected by the first it was lawful and according to long and section of the last named act. it well-established usage to empower and That although a case thus existed authorize the said Thomas to act as Secre-calling for the exercise of the executive tary of War *ad interim*.

That if the said act regulating the tion, and believing that Mr. Stanton's tenure of civil offices be held to be a case was not effected by the first sec- valid law, no provision of the same was

effect of that law, and also the broader question of the executive power confer-red on the President by the constitu-tion to remove the principal officer of one of the executive and legislative de-tion to remove the principal officer of one of the executive and legislative de-the denies that his order to Thomas a-mentation of the principal officer of one of the executive and legislative de-the denies that his order to Thomas a-

In answer to the fourth article, he partment, entrusted by the constitu-ion with the duty of determining fi-with Thomas or others to prevent or nally the construction and effect of all hinder Stanton from holding office as acts of Congress, and comparing them Secretary of War, or that he was guilty with the constitution itself, with a of a high crime or misdemeanor. He possession of the Department of War;

had a lawful right to control, might, if possible, be accomplished without the pondent denies that he entered at any Chandler, Cole, Conkling, Conness

Mr. Evarts then proceeded to read

curacy of the St. Louis speech, and begs

That after the President's message that if admit ed it shall be all consid-

Justice upon its reception, and it was carried.

The Chief Justice put the question whether the Senate would receive this answer of the President of the United States, and order it to be filed, which was decided in the affirmative.

Mr. Boutwell asked that a copy of the answer of the President be furnished the managers of impeachment, and stated that they thought they would be able to file their replication at 1 o'-

JPReed

Clock to-morrow. Mr. Evarts said the counsel for the President think it proper, unless some objection is made, to bring to the attention of the court the time which shall be allowed the President and his counsel after the replication is filed. The counsel had had no time to consider the various questions of law and evidence. They therefore submit a motion now that the counsel be allowed for the trial

The Chief Justice said the first thing in order was the motion of Mr. Bout-well that a copy of the answer be furn-ished the managers, which was agreed

Mr. Evarts then submitted a paper, signed by the counsel, stating that thirty days time is necessary. Mr. Howard moved that the motion

for an extension of time be laid on the table until to-morrow.

Mr. Bingham said the managers of impeachment were ready to argue the motion now.

Mr. Howard then withdrew his motion.

Senator Henderson offered an order that the consideration of the application for the extension of time by the counsel for the President be postponed until after the filing of the replication.

Mr. Butler hoped the day would be fixed now when the trial was to pro-ceed. The order of Mr. Henderson was then rejected, as follows:

Yeas—Messrs, Anthony, Buckalew, Cattell, Cole, Dixon, Doolittle, Ed-munds, Fessenden, Fowler, Freling-huyson, Grimes, H. nderson, Hendricks, Laborer, McGreen, Morvill of Maine Johnson, McCreery, Morrill of Maine, Norton, Patterson, of Tennessee, Ross, Saulsbury, Sherman, Sprague, Trum-bull, Van Winkle, and Vickers-25.

Nays-Messrs Bayard, Cameron, Chandler, Conkling, Conness, Cattell, Cragin, Davis, Drake, Ferry, Harlan, Howard, Howe, Morgan, Morrill of Vermont, Morton, Nye, Patterson of New Hampshire, Pomeroy, Ramsay, Stewart, Sumner, Thayer, Tipton, Willey, Williams, Wilson, and Yates-

Mr. Howard moved to lay the motion of the counsel for an extension of time on the table.

Mr. Drake submitted that the motion of Mr. Howard was not in order, and that upon all motions submitted by the counsel for the defense or the managers of impeachment, the Senate must take a direct vote.

The Chief Justice decided that the point of order was well taken. The motion of the counsel for thirty

days' extension of time was then re

Nays-Messrs. Cameron, Cattell,

ident and vested in him and the Senate jointly, and althougn this respon-dent had arrived at and still retained the opinion above expressed, and verily believed, as he still believes, that the said first section of the last mentioned honorable court will consider was, in interesting out earliest ly insists that not only was it issued by him in the performance of what he be-lieved to be an imperative official du-ty, but in the performance of what this said first section of the last mentioned

on the trial of Andrew Johnson, Presi-dent of the United States. Vet, inasmuch as the same had been en-acted by the constitutional majority in acted by the constitutional majority in each of the two houses of that Con-gress, this respondent considered it to be proper to examine and decide whether the perticular case of the said Stanton on which it was this respon-In answer to the second article of im-neach or the constitution of the United States, yet, inasmuch as the same had been en-ticle contained, in manner and form as the same are therein stated set forth, do by law constitute a high misdemean-or in office, within the true intent and meaning of the Constitution of the U-ited States. In answer to the second article of im-neach or the percent.

dent's duty to act, was within or with-out the terms of that first section of the

United States so examined and consid- tion. ered, did form the opinion that the

power of removal, under the constitution of the tenure-of-office act, the re-spondent desired, if possible, to avoid any question of the construction and as Secretary of War *ad interim*.

partments of the government, he de-sired that they should be in some proper and constitutional meaning of that word. per way submitted to the judicial de-Edwin M. Stanton was appointed Sec-retary for the Department of War on the 15th day of January, A. D. 1862, by Abraham Lincoln, then President of damental law which the people have advise Thomas or any other person or

servants—and to these ends, First, that through the action of the that no force was used by Thomas in

them. them. them. We begin to hope for the future of our distracted country when the strong-holds of Republicanism are thus giving signs of a healthy change in the body politic. Thanks to our organization we were enabled to meet the enemies of our present form of government and combat them at every point, which rendered victory easy. We intend to keep the ball rolling, and not let the

he Register of Bedford county. ms indebted to said estate are requested mediate payment, and toos having on will present them, duly authenti-ettlement. TEVFN W. McCREARY, EXEMIAH McCREARY, EXEMIAN MCCREARY, EXEMINAN MCCR

S Reighard, apples -Diehl, butter Miller & Evans, butter McGiven, removal of Pauper evenue Stamps Revenue Stamps E Dichl, 3 bus. apples J. Shaffer, butter M Howser, altering stock Evans, butter England, butter Dunker, Lime J T Gephart, vinegar England butter 1800 lbs. hay T M Lynch, Plants J Dunkel, lime A J Pennell, horse hire H W Bassler, removal o H W Ressler, removal of Pauper H w Ressler, removal of P Revenue stamps 500 rails and 50 stakes J Wolf, ink I Mengel, horse hire H Defibaugh, work at race V Steckman, whiskey T. Mason, cherries J. Moyer, remaining Mower, repairing Harman, bucket Wolford, work at race Mrs Snyder, butter Invelopes J Shoemaker, whiskey W Cook, repairing shaft J J Shoemaker, whiskey Box matches green scrubbers

Produce of Farm and Garden

33 loads of hay, 450 bushels of potatoes, 400 bushels ears of corn, 160 bushels of oats. 15 bush-els of buckwheat, 3 loads of sweet pumpkins, 20 bushels of large onions, 2 bushels of small onions, 6 bushels of shelled beans, 12 bushels of beats, 3 6 bushels of shelled beans, 12 bushels of beats, 5 bbls. of cucumber pickles, 3000 heads of cabbage, 10 bushels of turnips, 10 bushels of parsnips, 5 bushels of peas, 430 pounds of mutton, 12 sheep skins. 6 calf skins, 420 pounds of veal, 3775 pounds of pork, 363 pounds of butter, vegetables used during summer not accounted for.

Stock on Farm.

87 head of sheep. 18 shoats, 2 brood sows and 6 pigs, 6 head of cattle, 1 beef. 3 horses Bought of Wm Dunkle 4 beef cattle for \$126 00 do do Simon England, 2 do for 42 00 \$168 00

2654 lbs of beef at 71 per lb 199 05 368 lbs of beef hide at 10 per lb 190 lbs of tallow at 14 per lb $36 80 \\ 26 60$ \$262 45

Articles Manufactured by Matron.

70 women's and children's dresses, 62 do , 19 do. skirts, 40 pr do. stockings, ns. 5 do. bonnets, 1 do. sack ; 6 men and boy's aprovad je konstrukt, f do. serek (o mon and boy z round je kets, 60 do. pants, 100 do. shirts, 9 do. draw-rs, 8 do. coats, 23 do. socks, 3 do. vests, 8 comforts, 4 teather ticks, 6 chaff ticks, 11 bolsters, 56 pillow slips, 31 sheets, 36 towels.

Number of paupers remaining Jan. 1st, 1868, Number of paupers admitted during the year, Number of paupers escaped during the year, Number of paupers discharged during the year 2 Number of paupers died during the year, Number of paupers bound out during the year, Average number per month during the year, Meablerizen to wayfaring nersons. 591 1130

Average number per month during the year or a Meals given to wayfaring persons, 1130 There were 25 out-door paupers, who are not included in the above, who have been provided with board, medical attendance, &c. Persons desiring further information, in re-gard to the above reports, are referred to the dooks of the Poor House, which are open for any one to examine.

Certified to be correct by

SAMUEL DEFIBAUGH, Steward.

We, the undersigned, Directors of the We, the undersigned, Directors of the Poor and House of Employment of Bedford county, do certify that we have examined the above ac-count, statement, and report of Samuel Defibungh. Steward of the Poor and House of Employment of Bedford county, from the lat of Jan. 1867, till the 1st of Jan. 1865, and find the same to be correct. Witness our hands and seals this 1st day Janu-org. 1868 ary, 1868.

Attest :	D. R. ANDERSON, MICHAEL DIEHL,	
T. R. GETTYS,	J. I. NOBLE,	[L.S.]
Clerk		

Statement of Poor House Mill, from sylvania

All persons indepted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims thereon will present them, duly authenti-cated, for settlement. STEVFN W. McOREARY, JEREMIAH MCOREARY, Exutors. 50 2 40 00 50

mar6w6

estate to make immediate payment. JACOB BECKLEY, Ex'r.

mar27w6 **E** X E C U TO R S' NOTICE.— Intry to the estate of Joseph Snyder, late of South-ampton Township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Bedford coun-

All persons indebted to said estate are hereby 2 00 All persons indebited to said estate are needy of the persons indebited to said estate are needy of the person of the test of the person and those having claims against the estate will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.
6 00 mar27w6 NATHAN ROBISON,
87 Executor of the last will, &c., of Jos. H. Snyder.

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of good land be purchased upon which the Poor House above recommended shall be erected &c. of good tank be preclaced up in the target to the House above recommended shall be erected &c. Whereupon the Court referred the same to the Grand Jury, who on the 12th day of Feb'y, A. D., 1868, made the following return and endorse-mends ion approved by the Grand Jury, except that in the opinion of the Grand Jury, except that in the opinion of the Grand Jury, the farm to be purchased should not contain less than one hundred and twenty-five acres. Now, March 7th, 1868, The Court appoint Wm M. Hall, Esq., auditor, to take testimony, find faots and make report, &c. Witness my hand and efficial seal, at Bedford the same day. O. E. SHANNON, Clerk. Durent to the above appoint time to

Pursuant to the above appointment, will meet in the Grand Jury Room, on Thursday e 16th day of April, next, all parties who may estre to be heard. The investigation will em-

prace, 1st. An Examination of the Receipts and Ex-penditures of the present property, with π view to determine whether it is profitable or the re

verse. 2. Proposals for the purchase of the entire property Also, for the Mill and the Miller's House. separately. 3. Offers of suitable farms, stating the price, number of acres, and locality with a full descrip-tion.

4. I invite plans, with estimate of cost of a suitable building with all the modern improve-ments for the sheltering and maintaining one hundred poor persons; Said building to be erecton the present property or at any other locili-proposed. No plan to be paid for unless ulti-tely adopted by the County Commissioners. eated proposals to purchase or to sell may be t to me or tt J. W. Dickerson, Att'y for Bed-I County at any time before the meeting. ed on the pres

ford County, at any time before the meeting. mar20w3 WM. MACLAY HALL, Au itor.

FAIRBANK'S STANDARD SCALES,

The formula of the matrix and the personal ambitions and the personal ambitions and the personal ambitions of the few bad men who are now controlling the destinies of our nation and rendering the name of a citizen of the United States a term of reproach. We have no sympathy with the leg-

islation that gives to the wealthy by robbing from the needy. We oppose are revelling in their suddenly acquired wealth a bonus of forty cents on a doi-

We cry against the oppression of such laws as give to such men gold in pay-

ment of debts in a depreciated curren-cy. The unfair legislation that robs the poor man of all, in order to enrich still more his richer fellow citizen, must be surrender the office.

ceive their deluded followers to vote for them and thereby give to them an-

other lease of power and plunder. But the ways of truth, though some- States and that consequently it could partment of War, or else he was com- acter of Congress, the views, motives and

and soul united.

Members of Congress are enacting a farce in impeaching the President,

against Congressional usurpation, party stated. Further, that on and prior to plunderings and the personal ambiting the 5th of Agust, 1867, the respondent, to him by the Constitution includes the Gen. Emory, and stated that the Prespower of the suspension from office at ident merely wished to consult with the plousure of the Pr. sident, and that Emory on some matters pertaining to President of the United States, responsible for Mr. Stanton's official acts, betrolling the destinies of our nation and came satisfied that he could not allow this respondent by the order aforesaid the administration of his department. rendering the name of a citizen of the United States a term of reproach. We have no sympathy with the legpublic interests; that the relations be-tween the said Stanton and the Presi-power and authority vested in him by plied that he considered it in conflic power and authority vested in him by plied that he considered it in conflict the constitution and laws of the Uni- with the Constitution. The article, af-

dent no longer permitted the Presigiving to the wealthy bondholders who dent to resort to him for advice, or to ted States, indefinitely and at the pleas- ter detailing the conversation between be, in the judgment of the President, safely responsible for his conduct of form aforesaid, was made known to the the allegation that the respondent had the affairs of the Department of War, to the Senate of the United States on attempted to interfere with or influence

the respondent authorized General pressed was what he honestly and sinident, that the respondent then considered and determined that the said Grant to perform the duty of Secreta-Stanton ought no longer to hold the ry of War *ad interim* according to law Mr. Evarts th -not until the senate should act on the the answer to the tenth article. The ment of their interest on bonds that office, and quotes the note to the secreare by enactment free from taxation, tary, dated August 5th, 1867, request- case, but at the pleasure of the Presi- article gave the history of the commitare by enactment free from taxation, which is now quoted at 1.40, when oth-ers equally as deserving as they are, by the enactment of the same body, are obliged to be content to take their pay- gard for his responsibility, then held December, A. D., 1867; and in pursu- that the remarks attributed to him are ment of debts in a depreciated curren- that it was impossible, consistent with ance of the design and intention afore- not his precise words. He also denied

der, did make known such his purpose ing. Respondent also denies the ac-

stopped, and the suffering masses are error believes it to have been practically settled by the first to obtain a judicial decision. again looking forward with hope to the democracy to rid the country of the rascally nest of public plunderers who are destroying all its vital power. cutive officers for cause is to be judged said office and remain therein, contra- certain States, and that such statements Corruption stares us in the face at every point, and for the past few years the Republican party has been noththe Republican party has been noth-ing but an immense swindle, and the infernal thieves boldly pronounced ev-ery discovery of their peculations demincluding the said Stanton, Secretary Stanton, and contrary to the fixed be-for the Department of War, that under lief of the President that he could no consideration of his duties to the peoocratic lies, trusting always thus to de- including the said Stanton, Secretary the constitution of the United States longer advise with or trust, or be re- ple, he had and has the right of, on this power was lodged by the constitution in the President of the United

times slow, are always sure, and the elections lately held over the country give evidence of a healthy change in this direction. God grant us a sneedy this direction. God grant us a speedy deliverance from Republican misrule and plunder. Truly our people will soon be made

to feel that they are ruled by men who have no care for their interests, when

thereby neglecting the material inter- tional majority of Congress as follows: "That any person holding any civil forth.

F solars,
 of all kinds, also, Baggage Barrows, Ware of all kinds, also, Baggage Barrows, Ware soft the country, while the poor are very where suffering from the high of all kinds, also, Baggage Barrows, Ware soft the country, while the poor are very where suffering from the high of all kinds, also, Baggage Barrows, Ware soft the country has a multiple of all kinds, also, Baggage Barrows, Ware soft the country has a multiple of all kinds, also, Baggage Barrows, Ware soft the country has a multiple of all kinds, also, Baggage Barrows, Ware soft the soft that he has been appointed to all the soft that the soft State, of the soft the soft that the soft State, of the soft the

ate sitting as a court, adjourned until to morrow.

The chief Justice left the chair, and the President pro tem., called the Senate to order.

The Senate then adjourned.

VAKE, lady, vake! The moon is high, twinklin' stars are beamin', while now and then, across the sky, a meteor 'are stremin'! Vake, Sally, vake, and look on me-avake, Squire lar, because they loaned money to the government. The affairs of the Department of War, to the Senate of the United States on the affairs of the Department of War, to the Senate of the United States on as by law reguired, in accordance with the 12th day of Dec., A. D. 1867, That by his order of August, 12th, 1867, That by his order of August, 1867, Tha that water !)

> A single girl who had become tired of single blessedness, wrote to her true swain as follows:

"Deer Gim cum rite off ef you are cumming at awl. Ed Collins is insisin that I shall have him, and he hugs nd kisses me so kortinerly, that I can't hold out much longer but will have 2 kave in. BETTY."

CAPITAL ASSES .- Summer declares that "before we stop we should have a stable government." Judging from the number of asses at the capitol we are in need of such a convenience. Quoth Sumner, "Mr President. We need a stable (government")! Quoth Andy, "Such we'll soon begin, To keep the capitol asses in !"

THACKERAY said the drollest thing he heard while in this country, and the most characteristically American, was the remark of a New Yorker : "Oh: I sponsible for the said Stanton in the proper occasions, expressing opinions to have no objection to England, Mr. office of the said Secretary for the Debe afraid of would be to go out at night there lest I might step off."

WASHINGTON'S DEATH .--- It is a fact not generally known perhaps, that Washington drew his last breath in the last hour in the last day of the last week in the last month of the year Dec. 31, 1799.

-Edward Swann, of Stephenson, N. Y., twenty-five years old, beat his aged mother and drove her out in a dri-

it requires all their efforts to keep body ate of the United States by a message on the 2d day of March, 1867. That the respondent was then aware of the ticle mentioned and set forth, and the any allegation contained in said artiprovisions of the tenure-of-office law, order authorizing the said Lorenzo cle. In the address then made he said passed March 2d, 1867, by a constitu- Thomas to act as Secretary of War ad nothing of the competency of said Con-

interim in the said second article set gress to pass any laws while Southern States were unrepresented. He denied