The Bedford Gazette.

Friday Morning.....August 2, 1867.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

HON. GEORGE SHARSWOOD,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

Democratic County Ticket.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,

E. F. KERR, of Bedford Borough.

FOR TREASURER,

ISAAC MENGEL, of Bedford Bor.

FOR COMMISSIONER,

P. M. BARTON, of E. Providence.

FOR POOR DIRECTOR,

JOHN I. NOBLE, of S. Woodberry,

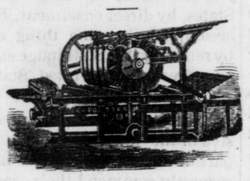
FOR AUDITOR,

SAMUEL WHIP, of Cumb. Valley.

AGENTS FOR THE GAZETTE.

We have appointed S. J. McCauslin, of this place, and J. W. Bowen, of Napier tp., agents to receive subscriptions and collect accounts for this office. They will visit our friends throughout the county, in a short time, and, we hope, will meet with a proper reception.

NEW VOLUME.



This issue begins the *sixty-second year of the* BEDFORD GAZETTE. The advocacy of sound principles, adherence to the faith of the founders of the government, and careful abstinence from indulgence in the excesses of political fanaticism, have assured it long life and the vigor of perpetual youth. On this, the sixty-second birth-day of the GAZETTE, we send greeting to our numerous friends, hoping to make their county newspaper still more interesting in the future and to conduct it so that it will deserve to live at least sixty-one years longer.

It is now ten years since the writer of this article first took charge of the editorial department of the GAZETTE. On the first of August, 1857, Gen. G. W. Bowman, who had published the paper during the previous twenty-five years, sold the GAZETTE establishment to Messrs. Meyers & Benford. On the first of August, 1859, Mr. Benford withdrew from the concern, and it was then published by the writer until August 1, 1865, when Mr. G. H. Mengel became our partner. During our connection with the GAZETTE, we have expended about $4,000 on presses and types, with the view of improving the typographical appearance of the paper. We think the outlay was judiciously made, and feel convinced that we now print as neat and legible a paper as can be found in the commonwealth. The GAZETTE is at present printed upon one of Potter's Drum Cylinder Power Presses, of which we give a portrait above. We also use "Dick's Patent Union Mailer," which keeps a weekly account with every subscriber, on the printed slip containing the subscriber's name pasted upon the paper. By the aid of these machines, our edition of upwards of 1300 is worked off and made ready for delivery to the Postmaster, in the short space of *two hours and a half*.

Our friends will observe that to keep up a printing office, is a costly business. Besides the $4,000 expended for presses and types, our accounts show, that during our editorship of the GAZETTE, $8,000 have been paid out for printing paper alone! We advert to these facts to show our friends that if they would sustain us properly, they must, as nearly as they can, *make their subscriptions cash*. There are to-day some six thousand dollars on our books, which ought to have been cash. How much better for subscribers as well as for publishers, if those little debts which aggregate so much, had been paid as soon as they were contracted! But we are not inclined to lecture any one; we only hope that our patrons will see that they can support us, with the greatest ease to themselves, and with the best results to the paper, by adopting the *cash system*. In conclusion, we hope that Democrats will interest themselves in extending the circulation of the GAZETTE. Wherever our paper goes, Democracy flourishes. There are 3,000 Democratic voters in Bedford county, and at least two thousand of them should take their county paper. Now, who will get us another subscriber? Don't all speak at once!

THE BATTLE-CRY.

AN INDEPENDENT JUDICIARY will be the battle-cry of all good men at the coming election. No wooden judge who will dance as New England pulls the strings; no partizan judge who will decide great questions of law, as the demagogues in his party may dictate; no judge bound by the political platform upon which he stands as a candidate, to decide, not according to the law, but according to the dictation of the mob; no Henry W. Williams, but an independent, learned, high-toned jurist, untrammelled by any considerations outside of the law itself, GEORGE SHARSWOOD, of Philadelphia.

A PARTIZAN JUDICIARY.

We find in the Radical platform upon which Mr. Williams is placed as a candidate for the office of Supreme Judge, the following resolution:

"That warned by past misfortunes, we ask that the Supreme Court of the State be placed in harmony with the political opinions of the majority of the people, to the end that the court may never again, by unjust decisions, seek to set aside laws vital to the nation, nor imperil the safety of the public securities, nor impair the operation of the bounty, pension and tax laws, which were required for the public defence; nor in any way thwart measures which were essential to the public protection; but that, on the other hand, it may become and remain a fit and faithful interpreter of the liberal spirit of the age, a bulwark of public faith, and an impartial and fearless exponent of the equal rights of man."

If there is a single lawyer in the whole State, who has so little respect for the purity and independence of the judiciary, or who values the dignity and integrity of his profession so lightly, as to endorse the spirit of the above resolution, he ought to be kicked out of the bar. The idea that the Supreme Court, or any other court, should be controlled in its decision of grave legal questions, by the fact that the majority party is on one side, or the other, of such questions, must strike the mind of every man who is not a knave, or a fool, as not only supremely ridiculous, but utterly inconsistent with the genius of our government. If legal questions are to be decided by the vote of the people, what use is there for the Judiciary? If the catch-votes, the bought votes, the "colonized" votes, the "fence-men," which have made up the majority, for years, in this state, are to decide issues of law involving life, liberty and property, what need of electing a Supreme Judge at all?—Is the Court to be a mere machine, in the hands of the *canaille* who vibrate between the lines of the two political organizations and give the majority now to this party, now to that? Or is it to be simply a clerk to register the *opinions* (heaven save the mark!) of that *majority* composed of Tom, Dick and Harry and their fellow rowdies, imbeciles and purchaseables? Surely, if the programme laid down in the Radical platform, is to be carried out, the Supreme Court cannot have any opinions independent of such a majority. Instead of telling us what *the law* is on any given question, they will say, hereafter, "There were a hundred, or a thousand, or ten thousand more votes, at the last election, for one side of the question, than for the other, and we decide accordingly." Good Lord! what a system! Jurisprudence reduced to figures! There is no wisdom but the wisdom of Radicalism, and Henry W. Williams is its prophet! But, does not every body know that one of the principal reasons for the establishment of Courts of Justice, is the protection of the weak against the oppression of the strong, the security of the rights of minorities against the encroachments of majorities? If the Courts are to be the mere tools of the majority, there can be no limit to the excesses which the representatives of that majority will commit. The only restraints upon them will be turned into forces to be used by them to effect their purposes. Is it possible—great God! can it really be—that we have so far retrograded in civilization that we are ready to make our courts of justice but the echo of the voice of the mob! No! no! The fools and scoundrels are not yet so plentiful as to carry Pennsylvania for the endorsement of a doctrine so infamous as this. There is a banner floating yonder—oh! how proudly it flies to the breeze—inscribed, AN INDEPENDENT JUDICIARY—FOR SUPREME JUDGE, GEORGE SHARSWOOD—and victory will perch upon that banner, on the second Tuesday of October next.

HYPOCRISY BOILED DOWN.

Our article exposing the hypocrisy of the Radical platform in attempting to fix upon the Secretary of the Treasury, the blame for the delay in the payment of the additional bounties to soldiers, has touched the *Inquirer* on the raw. That concern acknowledges that the Associated Press, at Washington, telegraphed to "the effect that there was no unappropriated money in the Treasury," but denies the correctness of the dispatch. Now, the agent of the Associated Press at Washington is a little more likely to know about this matter than the editors of the *Inquirer*, and until his statement is shown to be false, it must pass for truth. In order to prove it incorrect, the *Inquirer* quotes a part of a letter from Paymaster General Brice, in which that official says:

"So far as relates to this Bureau I am of the opinion that no further legislation is necessary. Paymasters and clerks, as many as can successfully engage in the work of examining and paying the claims for additional bounty, are diligently and industriously employed. Any change in the system now in progress, I feel sure, would tend rather to retard than facilitate the accomplishment of the desired end."

General Brice here speaks of *the system* of his bureau, the number of clerks, paymasters, &c., and when he says that "no further legislation is necessary" for his bureau, he means, of course, that he needs no greater force of clerks, paymasters, &c., and does not refer at all to the necessity for further appropriation of money. We are aware that Congress *directed* in the bill granting the additional bounties, that those bounties should be paid. But what we complain of, and what the soldiers of the country have a just right to complain of, is, that *Congress did not provide the Secretary of the Treasury with the means to pay these bounties*. Congress rejected the fiscal plans of the Secretary, and adopted its own crude system. Besides Congress has seen fit to set up a plan of "Reconstruction" so-called, which absorbs all the spare cash in the Treasury, and which, therefore, retards the payment of the additional bounties. Hence, we call upon soldiers to put the blame for the non-payment of their bounties upon Congress, where it belongs, and hence, we repeat, the Radical platform placing that blame upon the Secretary of the Treasury, is "hypocrisy boiled down."

NO ANSWER YET.

Silent as the grave is the *Inquirer* in regard to our oft repeated question, "Are you and your party in favor of the establishment of Negro suffrage in Pennsylvania?" It dares not answer. We call the attention of the "culled brethren," in this section, to this fact.—Should they ever become voters, the *Inquirer* will claim that it championed their cause. Yet, at present, it dares not say one word in that behalf.

THE *Inquirer* shows its true colors at last. Its Disunion proclivities cannot always be disguised. In its last issue, it publishes the following item, without comment, among its political articles:

"Gen. James Longstreet has been nominated for the Senate from Louisiana, by the Jackson, (Miss.) *Clarion*, feeling that the honor of the South would be secure if confided in council to the keeping of one who guarded it so well in the field."

What think "our boys in blue," of the Unionism of a sheet like that!

WE publish, on our outside, the message of President Johnson, vetoing the reconstructed Reconstruction Bill. We call the attention of every reading man in Bedford county to this document. The Radical Congressmen did not attempt to answer it, for the simple reason that it is unanswerable. Democrats, hand your papers to your "Republican" neighbors and let them see the truth.

SHORTS---POLITICAL AND PERSONAL.

GEN. JOHN A. MCCLERNAND, the hero of Fort Donelson, was rejected the other day, by the B. H. Senate, as Minister to Mexico. Col. J. M. Neibling, a one-armed soldier, was rejected as Postmaster at Findlay, O. Ye gods! how these Radical B. H.s love the soldiers!

THE New York Constitutional Convention has refused to insert a clause in the proposed Constitution, disfranchising deserters, for the reason that in that State, the Radicals would lose more heavily than the Democrats, if such clause were adopted. In Pennsylvania the names of 60,000 persons were last year furnished by the Adjutant General to Election Boards, as disfranchised, on account of being charged with desertion.

THE officials of the Freedmen's Bureau are at present engaged in shipping vagrant and vagabond negroes into Tennessee, to vote for Beelzebub Brownlow. How do Northern tax-payers relish such application of their money?

THEY are having flue times down in Tennessee. Beelzebub Brownlow's black militia are distributed over the State, and riots, murders and assassinations are the order of the day. As Senator Doolittle said, truly this Radical party has "organized hell in the South!"

SENATOR YATES, who was serenaded in Washington the other evening, said that "the Republican party has declared that equal suffrage shall exist in the District of Columbia and the Southern States, and now they must do for the North as they have done for the South and impose suffrage upon every State." That's the word! "Impose it." Well, if the people stand such imposition they will deserve it, that's all!

THE New Orleans Crescent thinks there are three sexes, the male sex, the female sex, and the sex to which Theodore Tilton, Henry Ward Beecher, Elizabeth Cady Stanton and Susan B. Anthony belong.

IT costs forty millions per annum to keep up the federal army in the South for the purpose of *Africanizing* the government of that portion of our country. Thad. Stevens and Co. may be luxuries to some people, but they are confoundedly expensive ones.

THE Harrisburg Radical robbers of the State Library and Legislative Document Room, are to be tried at the August session of the Dauphin county court—that is, it is said they will. We notice that the Radical papers throughout the State, are very *mum* on this subject.

THE New Jersey Radicals had a State Convention, a few days ago, which voted down a resolution proposing Gen. Grant as a candidate for the Presidency. The Convention adopted Negro Suffrage resolutions, whereupon, the State Committee (which was conservative) resigned. "Behold how beautiful a thing it is for brethren to dwell together in unity," &c.

NEWS ITEMS.

—Kelley's Island, in lake Erie, is expected this year to produce grapes enough for 240,000 gallons of wine.

—About one-half of Table Rock, Niagara, was on Wednesday blown off by means of a blast of two hundred pounds of powder.

—A defalcation of $99,000 in the Weedsport (N. Y.) Bank was reported at Rochester on Friday.

—The Galveston Civilian says the disposition to emigrate is extending among the people.

—A $50,000 libel suit is pending between the rival piano agents in Chicago.

—Twelve old ladies met at a tea party in Palmyra (N. Y.) the other day. Their aggregate age was 890 years; the average 74. The eldest was 93.

—The money value of the crops this year, as estimated by a writer in the New York Times, will be $400,000,000 greater than last year.

—From twenty to thirty thousand peasants from the Italian provinces went to Rome on foot for St. Peter's day.

—An arsenic manufacturer in Boston died on Monday, from the continuous infusion of the poison into his system during his long employment in manufacturing it.

—One of the richest men in New England, Augustus Henenway, of Boston, whose estate is valued at $5,000,000, is confined in an insane asylum.

—Two cable telegrams in cipher, were sent from New Orleans to Napoleon on Sunday morning, July 6, at a cost of $13,000.

—A girl of fifteen has arrived at St. Louis, after a journey on foot of 200 miles, from an interior town. She had started to find her parents, but was robbed on the road, and came to St. Louis for assistance.

—Since 1857 the Vicksburg (Miss.) *Republican* has had nine editors. Of these five were shot or stabbed to death, one drowned himself, one was severely wounded, one died of yellow fever, and one was sent to prison for libel.

—The bridge across the Mississippi, at St. Louis, will be the finest in the world, and will cost five million dollars. The work will be begun immediately, and will be completed in three years.

—Senator Wilson answers an anxious Virginian that confiscation is to be feared only as the consequence of persistent folly. If "persistent folly" be cause for confiscation, the Radicals would soon lose their estates.—*Boston Post.*

—A man was found shot near St. Louis, and as the weapon could not be found, an intelligent jury rendered a verdict of suicide. He had probably hidden the weapon or left it at home.

—A man named Stanley, the king of the gypsy tribe in this country, died a few years ago, and was buried near Dayton, Ohio, and since then, no matter where a member of the tribe has died in this country, his remains have been taken to the same place for interment.

—A company is forming in France for the purpose of trade on the Niger. Some of our Radical leaders who have had great experience in trading on the "nigger," should be made President.—*Boston Post.*

—THE crime of infanticide is becoming alarmingly prevalent in St. Paul—so much so that it is frequently spoken of by the newspapers. It seems that those who commit this heartless crime go a mile or two above the town, where they throw the children in the river, "from the clefts of the adjacent rocks."

THE IRISH CROPS.—The Dublin correspondent of the London Times, writing on June 8th, says:

The accounts of the crops from all parts of the country are most favorable. The harvest prospects have been much improved by the rain which fell on Wednesday and Thursday, and which has been followed by a genial heat.—The fields look beautiful in their luxuriance, and the potatoes in particular present a most healthful appearance. New potatoes are abundant in the market, and hay is being briskly saved, with a fair average yield; but it is remarked that the flax crop is an exception, and slightly shades the picture of agricultural prosperity. Generally speaking, it is far from being as good as in former years. In most places it is uneven and short. The green crops, which the drought had made rather delicate, have been greatly revived by the rain, and there is every reason to expect that the returns of cereals will be satisfactory to the farmer.

THE TROUBLE AMONG THE MORMONS.—The present troubles among the Salt Lake Mormons are traceable to the old feeling between the descendants of Joe Smith, the first prophet of the sect, and Brigham Young, the existing high priest. Joseph Smith, Jr., son of the founder of Mormonism, and at present identified with the "Western Mormons," is the leader of the revolt against Brigham, and he has been joined by Hyde, Lyman and Pratt, of the "twelve apostles." It is worthy of note that those who adhere to Smith regard the pretended revelations of Brigham Young in favor of polygamy, "blood atonement" and other innovations as wicked impostures. His movement against the great Mormon oligarch may, therefore, bring about the desired solution of the troublesome question of polygamy.

DISEASE AMONG THE COWS.—The Waynesboro' *Record* says that a disease, called "milk disease," is prevailing among the cows in that region.

THE plan of the Washington Library Company of Philadelphia is to offer to the public an interest in a charitable institution by offering stock in shares of one dollar, for which a certificate is given with an engraving fully worth the money paid. As a still further inducement to have the shares taken up rapidly, every stockholder is promised a present of some value in addition to his stock certificate and picture. The funds thus secured by the sales of stock are deposited with Messrs. George A. Cooke & Co., Bankers, No. 33 South Third Street, Philadelphia, to be by them applied to the object in view. A charitable public institution thus receives the benefit, and not a private individual. Read advertisement.

THE army worm has made its first appearance in Virginia. The editor of the Stanton *Spectator* describes its ravages. On one side of a road over which he traveled, is an oak forest, stripped of every leaf, and presenting the appearance of mid winter. On the other side is a wheat field, and beyond that, on a hill, another forest where the worms are at work consuming the foliage. This forest is visible from several points in town, and looks as if the trees along the border, as far as the worms have penetrated, had been killed by fire. The worms do not consume all kinds of green leaves, but pass by the locust, sassafras, wild grape, blackberry, huckleberry, &c. They do not seem to injure field crops of any kind.

ANCESTRY.—Napoleon Bonaparte was destitute of pride of ancestry. By his extraordinary energy he had risen to the highest dignity in the nation. In the year 1807, the municipality of Treviso having laid before him a collection of documents which showed the importance of his fore-fathers in that city, he replied: "It is indifferent whether I am descended from an Emperor or a cobbler. Every man, in this world, is the child of his own actions; my titles I hold from the French people."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FACTS FOR THE PUBLIC,

Easily verified by examination, which we respectfully invite.

1. We have the largest establishment for the manufacture and sale of Clothing in Philadelphia, extending through from 518 Market street to 511 Minor street, and occupied exclusively by ourselves.

2. Our building, having been constructed by us for our own exclusive occupancy, and for the business to which it is entirely devoted, unites all the conveniences and appliances which have been found necessary or desirable.

3. We have an ample cash capital, enabling us to make *all purchases for cash* and giving us a selection, at the most favorable prices, from the markets of the entire world. IN THIS PARTICULAR WE HAVE ADVANTAGES SHARED BY NO OTHER HOUSE IN THE TRADE. *This fact is well known to the entire business community.*

4. We sell our goods for cash only, which, though it restricts our business to those prepared to purchase in that way, enables us to give them such advantages as no house doing a different business can possibly offer.

5. A business experience of a quarter of a century has informed us fully of the wants of the public and of the best way to meet them.

6. We employ the best and most experienced Cutters and Workmen in making up our goods—the style, fit and make of which are unsurpassed.

7. All persons, whatever may be their physical peculiarities (unless deformed), can be accurately fitted at once from our stock, in most cases better than by goods made to order, and prices 25 to 50 *per cent lower.*

8. Our business is large and constantly increasing, enabling us to keep the largest, best assorted and most complete stock of Men's, Youths' and Boys' Clothing in Philadelphia, to which large daily additions are made of fresh goods, replacing those sold.

9. For reasons already enumerated, we can and do sell at prices *guaranteed in all cases lower than the lowest elsewhere, or the sale cancelled and money refunded.*

10. All goods when offered for sale are represented to be exactly what they are.

11. When buyers are, for any reason, dissatisfied with a purchase made, if reported within a reasonable time, we pledge ourselves, by exchange, refunding of money or otherwise, to give full satisfaction in every case, and request that all such may be reported to us for adjustment.

HALF WAY BETWEEN FIFTH AND SIXTH STS. { BENNETT & CO., TOWER HALL, 518 MARKET ST. AND 600 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

jun21

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and IMPROVED ROSE WASH cures secret and delicate disorders in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties.

PREPARED OIL OF PALM AND MACE for PRESERVING, RESTORING, and BEAUTIFYING the HAIR, and is the most delightful and wonderful article the world ever produced.

Ladies will find it not only a certain remedy to Restore, Darken and Beautify the Hair, but also a desirable article for the Toilet, as it is highly perfumed with a rich and delicate perfume, independent of the fragrant odor of the Oils of Palm and Mace.

THE MARVEL OF PERU,

a new and beautiful perfume, which in delicacy of scent, and the tenacity with which it clings to the handkerchief and person, is unequaled.

The above articles for sale by all Druggists and Perfumers, at $1 per bottle each. Sent by express to any address by proprietors,

T. W. WRIGHT & CO.,

oct19'66y1 100 Liberty St., New York.

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT and *UNSAFE REMEDIES* for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT OF BUCHU is a certain cure for

BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, GENERAL DEBILITY,

and all diseases of the

URINARY ORGANS,

whether existing in

MALE OR FEMALE,

from whatever cause originating and no matter of

HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our Flesh and Blood are supported from these sources, and the

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS,

and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

Established upwards of 18 years, prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,

594 Broadway, New York, and

104 South 10th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

mar8,'67y1

THE GLORY OF MAN IS STRENGTH.—Therefore the nervous and debilitated should immediately use Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,

may17,'67-1y. Cedar Street, New York.

SHATTERED CONSTITUTIONS RESTORED by Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

A CARD FROM THE AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY, *Of Waltham, Mass.*

This Company beg leave to inform the public that they commenced operations in 1850, and their factory now covers four acres of ground, and has cost more than a million dollars, and employs over 700 operatives. They produce 75,000 Watches a year, and make and sell not less than one half of all the watches sold in the United States.

The difference between their manufacture and the European, is briefly this: European Watches are made almost entirely *by hand*, and the result is of necessity a lack of that uniformity, which is indispensable to correct time-keeping. Both the eye and the hand of the most skillful operative must vary. But it is a fact that, except watches of the higher grades, European watches are the product of the cheapest labor of Switzerland, and the result is the worthless Ancres, Lepines and so called Patent Levers—which soon cost more in attempted repairs, than their original price. Common workmen, boys and women, buy the rough separate parts of these watches from various factories, polish and put them together, and take them to the nearest watch merchant, who stamps and engraves them with any name or brand that may be ordered.

HOW AMERICAN WATCHES ARE MADE.

The American Waltham Watch is made by no such uncertain process—and by no such incompetent workmen. All the Company's operations, from the reception of the raw materials to the completion of the Watch, are carried on under one roof, and under one skillful and competent direction. But the great distinguished feature of their Watches, is the fact that their several parts are all made by the finest, the most perfect and delicate machinery ever brought to the aid of human industry. Every one of the more than a hundred parts of every watch is made by a machine—that infallibly reproduces every succeeding part with the most unvarying accuracy. It was only necessary to make one perfect watch of any particular style and then to adjust the hundred machines necessary to reproduce every part of that watch, and it follows that every succeeding watch must be like it.

The Company respectfully submit their watches *on their merits* only. They claim to make

A BETTER ARTICLE FOR THE MONEY

by their improved mechanical processes than can be made under the old-fashioned handicraft system. They manufacture watches of every grade, from a good, low priced, and substantial article in solid silver hunting cases, to the finest chronometer; and also ladies' watches in plain gold or the finest enameled and jeweled cases; but the indispensable requisite of all their watches is that they shall be GOOD TIME-KEEPERS. It should be remembered that except their single lowest grade named "Home Watch Company, Boston," ALL WATCHES made by them

ARE FULLY WARRANTED

by a special certificate, and this warrantee is good at all times against the Company or its agents.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,

jul19w4 182 Broadway, New York.

CONSUMPTION CURABLE BY DR SCHENCK'S MEDICINES.—To cure consumption, the system must be prepared so that the lungs will heal. To accomplish this, the liver and stomach must first be cleansed and an appetite created for good wholesome food, which, by these medicines will be digested properly, and good healthy blood made; thus building up the constitution. Schenck's Mandrake Pills cleanse the stomach of all bilious or mucous accumulations; and, by using the Sea Weed Tonic in connection, the appetite is restored.

Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup is nutritious as well as medicinal, and, by using the three remedies, all impurities are expelled from the system, and good, wholesome blood made, which will repel all disease. If patients will take these medicines according to directions, consumption very frequently in its last stage yields readily to their action.—Take the pills frequently, to cleanse the liver and stomach. It does not follow that because the bowels are not costive they are not required, for sometimes in diarrhœa they are necessary. The stomach must be kept healthy, and an appetite created to allow the Pulmonic Syrup to act on the respiratory organs properly and allay any irritation. Then all that is required to perform a permanent cure is, to prevent taking cold. Exercise about the rooms as much as possible, eat all the richest food—fat meat, game, and, in fact, anything the appetite craves; but be particular and masticate well. 2d w

THE GREATEST PAIN-RELIEVER IN THE WORLD.—Warranted superior to any other, or no pay, for the cure of Chronic Rheumatism, Toothache, Headache, Sore Throat, Mumps, Burns, Cuts, Insect stings, Pains in the Back, Chest, and Limbs, Sprains, Old Sores, Swellings; also, to take internally for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Spasms, Sea Sickness, Vomiting, and Croup. It is perfectly innocent to take internally, if used according to the directions, and never fails, as thousands can attest. It was first introduced in 1847, and now millions of bottles are annually sold. Every one who has once used it, continues to do so, and recommend it to their friends as the most valuable medicine extant. Certificates enough to fill a dozen newspapers, have been received by Dr. Tobias. His medicine, the Venetian Liniment, will do all that is stated, and more. No one will regret trying it. Those residing at a distance from a physician, will find it a reliable medicine to have on hand in case of accidents. Ask for Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment, and take no other. Price 50 cents and $1. Sold by all Druggists. Depot, 56 Cortlandt Street, N. Y. jul19w4.

IN THE CORAL CAVES sea-green is said to be the prevailing hair color, and the

Fish-Tailed Maidens

sit on the rocks and comb their green locks assiduously. But the

Belles of Earth,

prefer glossy browns and shining blacks to any other tinge, and if nature has not given their fair heads these beautiful hues, or if mischance has robbed them of their one exquisite beauty, they don't cry about it, but resort at once to

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE,

which in five minutes does all that nature ever did for any head in her happiest mood. Manufactured by J CRISTADORO, 68 Maiden Lane, New York. Sold by all Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers. jul19w4

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription FREE, by return mail, will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,

may17,'67-1y. Williamsburg, Kings co., N. Y.

BLINDNESS, Deafness and Catarrh, treated with the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 519 Pine Street, Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the city and country can be seen at his office. The Medical faculty are invited to accompany, their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain. No charge made for examination. [may3,'67y1

THE HEALING POOL, AND HOUSE OF MERCY.—Howard Association Reports, for YOUNG MEN, on the *crime of solitude*, and the *errors, abuses* and *diseases* which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to *marriage*, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLON HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. jun7,'67y1.

MERCHANTS and MECHANICS, and Business men generally will advance their own interests by advertising in the columns of THE GAZETTE.

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TO ADVERTISERS.

The facilities possessed by our firm for the transaction of the business of general advertising agents, are now generally admitted to be superior to those of any similar establishment in this country. Our special contracts with most of the leading newspapers throughout the Eastern, Middle and Western States, give us advantages over all other agents, not only in the price at which we are enabled to contract for, but the position we secure for our customers in the columns of the newspapers, and the promptness and care with which all our advertisements are inserted. Persons interested in advertising should make themselves acquainted with our facilities before contracting. We receive orders for all newspapers at the most favorable rates.

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ADVERTISING AGENTS,
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40 Park Row,
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NEW YORK.
NEW YORK.
NEW YORK.

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RODMAN, FISK & CO.,

BANKERS,

AND DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

No. 18 Nassau St., NEW YORK,

Buy and sell at market rates Six per cent Bonds of 1881; Five-Twenty Bonds, all issues; Ten-Forty Bonds; Seven-Thirty-Notes, all series; Compound Interest Notes, and Gold and Silver Coin.

Convert all series of 7-30 Notes into the New consolidated 5-20 Bonds at best market rates.

Execute orders for purchase and sale of all miscellaneous securities.

Receive Deposits and allow 5 per cent Interest on balances, subject to check at sight.

Make collections on all accessible points.

All issues of Government Securities credited or remitted for, on receipt, at market rates, *Free* of all commission charges. [jul19w4] R. F. & Co.

MADAM FOY'S

CORSET SKIRT SUPPORTER

Combines in one garment a PERFECT FITTING CORSET, and the most desirable Skirt Supporter ever offered the public. It places the weight of the skirts upon the shoulders instead of the hips; it improves the form without tight lacing; gives ease and elegance; is approved and recommended by physicians. Manufactured by

D. B. SAUNDERS & Co.,

jul19w4 96 Summer St., Boston.

PAINTS for FARMERS AND OTHERS.—THE GRAFTON MINERAL PAINT COMPANY are now manufacturing the best, cheapest and most durable paint in use; two coats well put on, mixed with pure linseed oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, olive, drab or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for Houses, Barns, Fences, Agricultural Implements, Carriage and Car-makers, Pails and Wooden-ware, Canvas, Metal and Shingle Roofs, (it being Fire and Water proof,) Bridges, Burial cases, Canal Boats, Ships and Ships' Bottoms, Floor Oil-cloths, (one Manufacturer having used 5000 bbls. the past year); as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity, and adhesiveness. Price $6 per bbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular, which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Grafton Mineral Paint. Address DANIEL BIDWELL, Proprietor, 254 Pearl-st., New York [jul19w4

"BEYOND THE MISSISSIPPI!"

A

COMPLETE HISTORY

Of the New States and Territories,

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$15 PER DAY SURE.—Agents wanted everywhere to sell our PATENT WHITE WIRE CLOTHES LINES. Will last 30 years. Address the AMERICAN WIRE CO., Office 162 Broadway, N. Y. jul19w4

LEGS and ARMS invented by a Surgeon. Nine patents in Legs, ranging from $50, through all the improvments, up to the Anatomical Leg, with Lateral motion at Ankle, like natural one, at $150.

Two patents in Arms, with new Shoulder motion, $75 to $125. Send for pamphlet. It contains valuable information and is sent free.

OFFICES: 658 Broadway, N. Y.; Rochester, N. Y.; Chicago, opposite Post Office; Cincinnati, 148 West Fourth-st.; St Louis, 413 Pine-st.

Address, DOUGLAS BLY, M. D., at nearest Office. jul19w4

THE ADVERTISERS' GAZETTE,

Every Business Man should take it

Price One Dollar per annum in advance.

Office 40 Park Row, New York.

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REVIEW OF THE MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA, July 31.

FLOUR.—The quotations are—	
Northwest superfine,	$7.00@8.50
Northwest extra,	8.50@9.00
Northwest extra family,	10.00@11.50
Penna. and West'n sup.,	8.00@8.50
Penna. and West'n extra,	9.00@9.50
Penna. and West'n family,	11.00@12.00
Penna. and West'n fancy,	12.00@14.00
Rye flour,	6.75@6.90
GRAIN.—We quote—	
Pennsylvania red, per bus.,	$2.00@2.30
Southern "	
California, "	
White, "	
Rye, "	0.00@1.45
Corn, for yel., (new) "	$1.04@1.05
Oats, "	75@76c
POVISIONS.—We quote—	
Mess Pork, per bbl.,	$23.50@24.00
Bacon Hams, per lb.,	15@17c
Salt Shoulders, "	9@9½c
Prime Lard, "	13c
SEEDS.—We quote	
Cloverseed, per bus., at	$8.00@9.00
Timothy, "	3.50@3.60
Flaxseed, "	3.00@3.05

WHISKEY.—The trade is supplied with the contraband article, at $1@1.50