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Snake Spring—Andrew Mortimore, J. G. Hartley and M. S. Ritchey.
W. Providence—Geo. Baughman, Homer Neice. Westley Bennett.

THE TRIUMPH OF PRINCIPLE. Our government was designed, by its aside by any necessity whatever. The founders, to be one of constitutional Democrats declared it could not be and of pleasant memory. It is not gener- observed in that way all over the counlaw. The several States, by their rep- must not be so set aside. Their oppo- ally known that the said Lincoln was try. Talking of celebrations, reminds resentatives in Convention assembled, nents insisted that it could be and a greatfriend of civil liberty. I, there- me that the party who furnished the formed the organic law of the Repub- ought to be. The Supreme Court of fore, digress to inform the public that supper on the occasion of the late Radlic. This organic law, the Constitution the United States, in the celebrated of the United States, gave being to the Milligan case, have just decided in fa- and "courts-martial," as proper tribu- the said supper. Some of the Mongrel Federal Government, and without it vor of the Democratic view. The opin- nals for the trial of civilians, in districts Rumpers, will probably get rid of some that Government could not have had ion of the Court was delivered by Mr. in which the administration of the of their extra pay before they get existence. These are axiomatic prop- Justice Davis, one of Mr. Lincoln's apositions, but there are those who affect pointees, and who was an intimate to think that the doctrines of the polit- friend of the late President, and cal party which happens to be in pow- is the administrator of the Lincoln ing his political opinions. As such, er, and not the principles of the Con- estate. This is a greater victory for too, he discovered that the Supreme to capture Grant, but have utterly failstitution, ought to govern the people the Democracy than if every Northof the United States. On all constitu- ern State had cast a majority for the tional questions upon which parties dif. Democratic candidates at the late elecfer, they tell us the construction of the tions. It cuts up by the roots the whole tricts was abolished, and the friend of party in power, is the law of the land. Mongrel-Radical theory of the war and civil liberty appointed five of his own On all points in which the Constitution brands with eternal infamy the men is clearly against them, their legisla- who trampled under foot the rights of tion and executive administration eith- their fellow citizens by superseding the linois, Samuel F. Miller, of Iowa, and er override the provisions of that in- Constitution with "military commisstrument, or seek to change it to suit sions" and mock trials by "courts-martheir purposes. They are a party of tial." The following extract from expediency, looking only to partizan Judge Davis' opinion is enough to advantages to be derived from the pub- make Democrats shout for joy: lic measures which they inaugurate or

oppose. One day, in order to sustain States is law for rulers and people, ethemselves, they use powers not war-with the shield of its protection all ranted in the Constitution; the next classes of men at all times, and under they are compelled to attack the Constitution itself so that they may screen ever invented by the wit of man than themselves from the penalty due to their usurpation. Can such a party en- gencies of the Government. Such a dure? Can men driven about on the sea of politics, by every wind of for- on which it is based is false, for the tune, now drawn into the whirlpool of their own agitation, now tossed upon are necessary to preserve its existence, the breakers of popular indignation as has been happily proved by the relashed into fury by their tyranny, now just authority." dashed against the rock of the Constitution itself, can such men cling together long enough to reach a safe and quiet harbor? It cannot be. They lack the great chart of the Constitution by which alone the stormy political ocean can be safely navigated. Their compass wants the magnetic needle that points to the polar star of civil liberty. Their pilots disagree among themselves and their ship flounders between the scylla of Central Despotism and the Charybdis of French Red Republicanism. Not so with those who make it a principle to be governed in all their political actions by the letter of the Constitution. They are always steering in the right direction, and though adverse winds may blow, though treacherous rocks may lie in their way, though yawning maelstroms may threaten to engulf them, they move onward steadily and surely, and sooner or later their gallant ship reaches in triumph the long desired haven. For instance, contemplate the buffetings of the constitutional party during the last six years! Behold its leaders kidnapped, imprisoned and sent into exile; its printing the floor of the House, in which he offices mobbed and their type thrown into the street; its representatives in Congress driven from their seats and its voters overcome at the polls by fraud and force; yet to-day that party is virtually in possession of two of the three branches of the Government. The President and the Supreme Court both carry out the great doctrines of another State which did not give its the Democratic constitutional party. Such is the triumph of principle. Only be true to the organic law, and if the government lasts, your political principles cannot cease to endure.

WE publish, in another column, an abstract of the Governor's Message. About half of it consists of one of the old stump speeches on the "Constitutional Amendment," made by the Governor during the last campaign. As our readers know as much on that hackneyed subject as the Governor, we coucluded we wouldn't inflict that part of the message upon them. We give all of the document that is of any earthly account to anybody.

Mr. John H. Orth retires from the editorship of the Clinton Democrat, and is succeeded by Messrs. J. W. and W. P. Furey. Mr. J. W. Furey was lately connected editorially with the Bellefonte Watchman. The Clinton Democrat list and both the retiring editor and his tinue to increase in every quarter of the est doses are prescribed for it and it is you will of him, he is a kind-hearted, when such a people are determined to repeal the entire act. Mr Johnson, of convenient and not adapted to its purple and ruin us?—8t. Louis Times.

State, successors have our very best wishes. State,

## VICTORY!



"In the midst of life we are in death," and in the midst of triumph the Mongrel Radical Disunion party, have received, from the hands of their own tution of the United States, could be set

all circumstances. No doctrine involthat any of its provisions can be suspended during any of the great emerdoctrine leads directly to anarchy and despotism; but the theory of necessity Government, within the Constitution, has all the powers granted to it which sult of the great effort to throw of its

WE have our usual instalment of let ters commenting upon the unmanly assault made upon the people of Southampton, by a certain anonymous scribbler for the Bedford Inquirer. We have at last discovered the author of that assault, and to our great regret, we find him to be the Rev. J. Elderdice, of Cumberland Valley township. Now, where is the editor so daring as to undertake to carry on a controversy with a preacher, especially a political preacher, and more especially a political preacher so singularly gifted and so profoundly learned as the Rev. Mr. Elderdice? Our courage oozes out at our fingers' ends at the very thought of such a thing! We shall incontinently retire from the contest and therefore, at once withdraw our skirmishers. What! fight a preacher! a political preacher! a talented, learned political preacher! We would as soon think of matching claws with a catamount!

JUDGE SPALDING, of Ohio, one the leading Radical members of Congress, made a speech the other day, on handled Thad. Stevens without gloves. Judge Spalding insisted that the understanding during the late campaign, was, that if the "out-standing" States accepted the Constitutional Amendment they would be entitled to representation. Mr. Stevens denied this, and said he would never vote to admit negroes the right to vote. Mr. Spalding also eulogized the administrative abilities of Secretaries McCulloch and Welles, and opposed the impeachment of the President. It is said that Mr. Bingham, of Ohio, will follow the example of Judge Spalding. Now, to which wing of the Radical party will youattachyourself, Mr. "Republican?" Are you for Spalding, or Stevens?

ALFRED SANDERSON, Esq., formerly of the Lancaster Intelligencer, has become part owner of the Reading Gazette. The paper will in future be edited and published by Messrs. Getz and Sanderson. The senior member of the firm, and for many years the editor and proprietor of the Gazette, is the Congressman elect from the Berks district. Success to the new firm.

THE Harrisburg Patriot & Union has tendency of the Court towards the been enlarged and otherwise improved. of the afternoon. We are glad to note the prosperity of the Patriot & Union of the Patriot & Union of the Arsenal. It is going down, the prosperity of the Patriot & Union of the Arsenal. It is going down, the prosperity of the Patriot & Union of the Arsenal. It is going down, the prosperity of the Patriot & Union of the Arsenal. It is going down, the prosperity of the Patriot & Union of the Arsenal. It is going down, the prosperity of the Patriot & Union of the Arsenal. It is going down, the prosperity of the Patriot & Union of the Arsenal. It is going down, the prosperity of the Patriot & Union of the Arsenal. It is going down, the prosperity of the Patriot & Union of the Arsenal. It is going the prosperity of the Patriot & Union of the Arsenal of the prosperity of the Patriot & Union of the Arsenal of the prosperity of the Patriot & Union of the Arsenal of the prosperity of the Patriot & Union of the Arsenal of the prosperity of the Patriot & Union of the Arsenal of the prosperity of the Patriot & Union of the Arsenal of the Patriot & Union of the Union of the Arsenal of the Patriot & Union of the Arsenal of the Patriot & Union of the Arsenal of the Patriot & Union of the Patriot & Union of the Arsenal of the Union of the Union of the Arsenal of the Union of the Union of the Arsenal of the Union of the Union of the Union o the prosperity of the Patriot & Union, is one of the best papers on our exchange and hope that its circulation may con- last stages of consumption, the strong- is as jolly as you please, and say what use of attempting to escape our destiny the amendment of Mr. Saulsbury to be kept in it, and is, in all respects, in-

WASHINGTON.

Congress takes a Holiday.-Washington enjoys itself during the absence of the Rumpers.-The Supreme Court knocks Hilitary Commissions in the head.-Mongrel rage thereat.-Two of the three Branchesof the Government Dem-ocratic--Celebration of Jackson's Vic-tory at New Orleans, &c. Correspondence of the Bedford Gazette.

WASHINGTON, D. C.,

Jan. 5, 1867. spondent. It has been remarked that partizans, the death blow. The great ded himself upon our notice. So we isn't it? controversy between the Democracy relapsed into our old feeling of min- The Democracy of this city are preand their opponents, during the past gled wonder and desperation at the paring to celebrate the eighth of Janu-

found it necessary to send Vallandigsustain his great work in behalf of civ- halt for the present. il liberty. Well, the Supreme Court was remodeled. One of the ten dispartizans to seats upon the bench. These were S. P. Chase, and Noah Swayne, of Ohio, David Davis, of Il-Stephen J. Field, of California. The other judges (for the old ones did not all die, or resign) J. M. Wayne, of Georgia, Samuel Nelson, of New York, Nahan Clifford, of Maine, and R. C. Grier, of Pennsylvania. These nine consti-"The Constitution of the United trute the Supreme Court as it exists today. Judge Wayne is a "Southern Loyalist," of the Jack Hamilton type, which is to say, he is of a black politic-: il hue. Judges Nelson, Clifford and Grier were "war Democrats" during the "Rebellion." So, you see, Mr. Lincoln thought he had a "sure thing" of it in the Supreme Court, and, in fact, the Radical leaders all thought as he did. According to their arithmetic, si.x Radical judges would certainly outnumber three Democratic judges. But the battle is not always to the strong. The very question which Lincoln and his co-adjutors were afraid the old Supreme Court, with Judge Taney at the

head, would decide against them, came up before the new Lincoln court, some delphia, as Chief Clerk, both Mongrels. time last year. It was the question of The Democratic nominee for Speaker, the constitutionality of Military Com- was Hon. Geo. B. Schall, of Lehigh, missions. Three citizens of the one of the ablest of the young guard State of Indiana Messrs Bowles Mil. of Democracy. The Senate stands 21 ligan and Horsey, had been tried by a military commission for conspiracy to release the Confederate prisoners at Chicago. They were found guilty and condemned to death. Their sentence was afterwards commuted by the President to imprisonment for life. A Habeas Corpus was demanded in their case, and the question of the legality of their imprisonment was thus brought before this court. The case was ably and fully argued on both sides, Judge Black, of your State, making a masterly effort in behalf of the prisoners. After long deliberation, the Court unanimously decided that the prisoners were unlawfully detained and should be discharged from imprisonment! Mark you, Chase and every other Radical on the bench, agreed to this decision. Five of the judges decided every point in fawor of the prisoners; the other four ag reed with them in all points save one. J udge David Davis, of Illinois, deliv-Fred the opinion of the majority of the Court, which decides every point at iss ue in favor of the prisoners. I know Judge Davis well. He was for many years, the President Judge of one of the central judicial districts of Illinois, and Mr. Lincoln practiced law in his court for many years. The Judge has always been a "Republican" and was a bosom friend of Mr. Lincoln, to whom he owes his appointment as one of the justices of the Supreme Court. Nevertheless, he is an honest man and a good lawyer, as is abundantly proved by his conduct in the great case just men tioned. But I am getting "desultory." Suffice it to say, that the castle built by the Radicals upon the Supreme Court as a foundation, has toppled to the ground, and in consequence of this great fall, the whole Mongrel hive is husband and the bear had the fightin such a state of uproar as I have never seen them in since the day Wilson & Co. ran into Washington from Bull Run. That a "Republican" Supreme Court, with S. P. Chase at its head, should pronounce "military commis sions" unconstitutional, and thus vir tually declare all the proceedings of their party during the war, illegal, making them, in effect, kidnapping and murder, has surprised and enraged them beyond all bounds. Already they are talking of getting rid of the Supreme Court. Thad. Stevens, in his place in the House, has made a fierce onslaught upon the Court, and measures are about to be taken by the House. to check, if possible, the "headlong

death is tugging at its very vitals. But ion is that he would have been a Demstomach. It cannot, dare not swal- to the spinal marrow. low it. The people would eject it, as the capital has been unusually dull this three branches of the Government? day fixed upon for that purpose. A business we have never before known winter. Well, the adjournment of The Executive and Judicial branches joint committee, of both houses, has so many persons out of employment in Congress having temporarily elimina- are both administered in accordance been appointed to determine the day. this city. A large portion of the floatted the negro from our daily talk, as with Democratic doctrines, and nothwell as from the society of white folks, ing remains to the Mongrels save the things began to take a livelier turn, Rump Congress. What is best of all, friend, Geo. J. Bolton, is especially for their labor has ceased, and jostle and we actually began to enjoy our- is, that Seward in the one and Chase selves as in the good old days of yore. in the other branch, are at the head of and the everlasting negro again obtru- under the Democratic banner. Rich,

six years, was, as to whether the Consti-You will remember that the Supreme of Old Hickory's victory at New Or-Court of the United States was recon- leans, is an appropriate occasion for structed by the late Abraham Lincoln, Democratic reunions and ought to be he was. As such, he found it his duty | ical welcome to Congress, has brought to sanction "military commissions" suit for money due him for furnishing

The last on dit is that a movement is ham into exile, because the latter had afoot among the Western Democrats to chosen to exercise the right of express- nominate Gen. Grant for the Presidency. The Radicals have tried their best Court must be remodeled in order to ed. But Iam getting prolix and must PRY.

HARRISBURG.

Assembling of the Legislature: Election of Officers; State Treasurer; U. S. Sen-ator: Bedford and Fulton in Luck; The inauguration of the new Governor; The "Bolton House," etc.

Correspondence of the Bedford Gazette HARRISBURG, Jan. 5, 1867. MR. EDITOR:-The Legislature assembled on Tuesday last and proceeded to organize. In the House, Hon. A. D. Markley, of Montgomery, was the Democratic nominee for Speaker, and Hon. Cyrus T. Alexander for Clerk. The Mongrel nominee for Speaker, was Hon. J. P. Glass, of Allegheny, for Clerk, A. W. Benedict, Esq., of Huntingdon. The House standing 62 Mongrels to 38 Democrats, the latter were, of course, elected. The nomination of Messrs. Markley and Alexander for the two highest offices in the gift of the House, was a compliment well deserved by those gentlemen. Mr. Glass will make, I think, a fair speaker. He has had some four or five years' legislative experience, was originally a Democrat, is now a Cameron man, and is, withal, a fery "clever fellow." The Senate was organized by the election of Hon. L. W. Hall, of Blair, as Speaker, and Geo, W. Hamersly, of Phila-Mongrels to 12 Democrats. As the former do not have two thirds of either House, the Democrats have some opportunity of fighting them. The Mongrel caucus has nominated W. H. Kemble, the present State Treasurer, for reelection. The Democrats have nominated Hon. John F. Spangler, of York, for that position. I know John well, and if there is a man in Pennsylvania who can be safely trusted with the public funds, it is he. It is said that some old fellow in ancient times used to make the trees dance after him when he played on his pipe. If history repeats itself, I do not see why John Spangler could not be another Orpheus, and with some of those charming songs of his, lure enough Mongrels in-

to his support to make him State Treas-Did you ever see such a loud, long, high and windy bid for a nomination as that contained in the Governor's Message? Doesn't he blow hard to attract the Radical element of his party in the Legislature? But he might ter to Bogota by the President. as well have spared himself the pains. He will be defeated beyond all question. His candidate for Speaker of the House, Mr. Quay, of Beaver, had so little show that he was compelled to leave the field. The Speakers of both Houses are in the Cameron interest. The new State administration is Cameronian to the back-bone. Thad, Stevens has some strength, but Curtin cannot control it. Cameron may not be able to elect himself, but he is abundantly able and entirely willing to defeat the election of Curtin, at all hazards. I am not a Cameron man, in fact I am pretty much in the position occupied by the old woman when her "I don't care much which whips"but if Curtin is soundly floored, I shall not weep much. He is a most despicable demagogue, nothing but a common political trimmer, and his political demise is "a consummation most devoutly to be wished." Your article in last week's GAZETTE, on the Governor's record, made some stir here among the politicians. It is just and true, every

word of it. Some of your friends and neighbors have been lucky enough to obtain places here. Your townsman, J. T. Keagy, Esq., has been appointed an Assistant Messenger of the House, and M.

Jonah did the whale. Isn't it glori- the 15th inst. On the same day the men are discharged, while the rate of got the better of them in two of the the belief that the latter will be the our long experience in the newspaper

The "Bolton House," kept by our old war, still linger long after the demand well patronized. There is not a better each other for a livelihood in all the hotel in the State than the "Bolton." trades, and in a fierce contest for the until they meet again and do some- thirty thousand colored people, contrathing worth recording. LEX.

## NEWS ITEMS.

-Joseph Booth, brother of Edwin, has appeared at an Edinburg theatre. -Rothschild has bought a fast horse of the Crown Prince of Hanover.

-The total French force in Mexico s 27,000 men and 4,000 horses

-Miss Muloch's forthcoming novel is entitled "Two Marriages." -Braxton Bragg is in New Orleans.

for the first time since the "late un-

pleasantness -The King of Prussia is the only monarch in Europe that knows his

-The oldest living actor, according to the Boston Post, is "Superfluous

Lags, the veteran on the stage." -General N. B. Forrest has the contract to build forty-five miles of the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad.

-For the first time in seven years, snow fell in Galveston, Texas, on the

-Gen. Frank P. Blair has been appointed Government Commissioner of the Union Pacific Railroad. -A "colored citizen" is on trial in

Cleveland for attempting to commit a rape upon a German woman, on Christmas day. -A respectable white lady, of Green

county, North Carolina, was violated last week by five negroes and one white man. All are in jail.

-The municipality of Antwerp has ordered, on sanitary grounds, every house in the town to be painted, inside

and out, at least once a year. -It is said the New Hampshire fail to express the grief of the unhappy Democrats will bring out a military husband and father. It is another man for Governor next time. Their warning to be careful when handling Convention will meet in January.

-There are fifteen thousand workmen idle in New York city-the victims of the Radical "policy" of agitation, high tariffs for Yankee manufacturers, and disunion,

-It is stated that the State Democratic Committee of Illinois have concluded to establish a new Democratic paper in Chicago, and that the company will have a capital of \$250,000 to start on.

-The following is the specie ship-000; Deutschland takes out \$195,000, and the City of Boston takes out none.

-There are forty firms in the lumber trade in Chicago, Illinois, employing 2,000 hands, making up 21,000,000 feet ter a long discussion the resolution was per month into doors, surfacing, floor- adopted. A resolution was also adopting, siding, blinds and boxes.

-A singular innovation was made at a funeral in Paris the other day. Instead of a laudatory discourse in honor of the individual interred, one of his friends read extracts from a newspaper article in his praise.

-The receipts of cattle at the Union Stock Yards in Chicago for the year 18- press insurrection, punish treason, etc., 66 were 392,604 head; shipments, 262, 159. Receipts of live hogs, 980,364: shipments, 482, 779. Receipts of sheep, 209, 737; shipments, 75,447.

-Hon. James H. Campbell, of Pottsville, who four years ago, represented the Schuylkill district in Congress, and has since been Minister to Stockholm. was last week nominated as Minis-

-Gen. Pennypacker, of Chester county, has received the appointment of Colonel of the 37th U.S. Infantry, de- duced and referred to the Committee clined some time since by Gen. John on Territories. A bill was proposed by F. Hartranft. An excellent appoint-

-We lately heard of an old woman who is collecting all the Radical papers except such as participated in the late sentence of death, some of them for she can lay her hands on, to make soap war against the Federal Government, of. She says, "they are a desperate or who gave aid to the Confederate tom that the incoming Governor should sight better than ashes-they are 'most as good as clear lie."

 A Russian paper gives a curious item of news from Wilna. The Russian authorities have recently seized, confiscated and mutilated a bronze statue of the Goddess Flora, which stood in the park of a Polish gentleman, near the city just named. they were under He said the recent decision of the Suthe impression that it was an image of some Roman Catholic saint!

-Mention is made of a photograph of Mr. Lincoln reading the Bible to his little boy "Tad," who stands between his knees. "The "Bible" is a large photograph album, which the operator placed in Mr. Lincoln's hands, which of the Secretary of the Treasury. The hundred and eleven thousand seven converted into a better book committee then rose. A number of hundred and three dollars have been has been converted into a better book by those who are so persistent in misrepresenting the martyr-President .-Wash. Corres.

-A Yankee is nothing if not practi-Edgar King, Esq., of Fulton co., has cal and pretendedly pious. The parbeen given the place of Doorkeeper to ishioners of one of the largest Boston tists asking that higher duties be im- under the laws regulating admissions the Senate. King, I presume, earned churches having purchased a mammoth ranks of the Copperheads." Thus, this place at the hands of Sen ator Statz- organ, and wishing to obviate the nec-

OVER-CROWDED LABOR MARKET .this last dose, the purging of the Su-locat long ago, had he lived any where The New York papers are cautioning preme Court from our political system, else than in Somerset. That climate is country workmen against seeking emthat there could in consequence be no Our hotels are pretty full, just now. ing population brought here by the bands, &c., seeking employment here, of the Whole on the President's mesof whom it is safe to say that twenty sage, and a number of members made thousand will not average a day's speeches, after which the Committee work in a week during the coming winter. The poor-house is already overflowing and unable to afford a shelter for the swarms of vagrants and houseless ones afloat upon our streets, and Heaven only knows what will become of the thousands of the unemployed

> CURTIN .- "For the first time during his official career" the Philadelphia News is obliged to withhold from Gov. Curtin's message "the meed of our (its) approbation." It says, also,

comes upon us."

"We can forgive a man on account of his ignorance, for that is more a misfortune than a fault, and we can even assist to palliate the errors of a weak minded or imbecile creature, but we have neither charity for nor patience with one who will deliberately prostitute a brilliant intellect and an originally good heart to the base purpose of making a trifle of political capital in a canvass for a high office, at the expense of truth, honor and decency combined.'

SAD OCCURRENCE.-A Father Accidently Kills His Child .- On Monday last, Mr. George Wise, of West Bethlehem township, Washington county, accidently shot and mortally injured his child, and severely wounded his wife. Mr. Wise was shooting hogs, and had exploded a cap, and was resting his rifle upon his arm to cap it, when the gun was discharged—the ball passing through the head of an infant in the arms of his wife, and lodging in her breast. The child died in a few hours, and the ball was extracted from the breast of the mother, and she is likely to recover. Of course language would firearms.

## CONGRESS.

SENATE.—A communication was received from the Secretary of the Treasury enclosing a report on the Tariffand form of bill prepared by Special Commissioner Wells. The report and bill were ordered to be printed and referred to the Committee on Finance. A resolution was introduced by Mr. Sumner instructing the Committee on the Judiciary to inquire whether any additional legislation or Constitutional amendment is required to provide ament for Europe from New York on gainst the sale of any persons into sla-Saturday: St. Laurent takes out \$460, very in execution of the decrees of any civil court. The resolution was introduced with special reference to the re-cent case in Maryland and other South'n States in which negroes have been sentenced to be sold for a brief term after being tried and convicted of crime. Afed instructing the Committee on Military Affairs to inquire whether any additional legislation is necessary prevent the enslavement of Indians in the Territory of New Mexico. It was ordered that the last report of the Commissioner of the General Land Office shall be printed in the German, French and Swedish languages for distribution its redemption, by making a new loan at the Paris Exposition. The bill repcalling the 13th section of the act to supwas taken up, and after considerable discussion was laid aside until to-day. The Senate at 3.20 P. M. adjourned.

House.-A communication from the Secretary of the Treasury, inclosing the report of Commissioner Wells and the Secretary of the Treasury was requested cents, which I have returned into the to communicate to the House the result of the investigation in regard to the loss of the steamers Evening Star and Commodore. A resolution for the establishment of four territorial govern- the passage of a general law, regulating ments in the State of Texas was intro- railroads now existing and the incor-Mr. Paine of Wisconsin, to reorganize the militia force of the United States so equal facilities afforded to the people of as to enrol all male persons between all sections of the Commonwealth. the ages of eighteen and forty-five born or naturalized in the United States, dovernment. Mr. Stevens took up his not issue a warrant of execution in casubstitute for the bill to provide Re- ses unacted on by his predecessor, it publican Governments for the Southern States. This substitute recognizes the cases, some of which are recent, while present State Governments as legal for municipal purposes until altered by conventions to be held in the several utive to be too severe States. It also provides that negroes shall vote for the members composing the conventions. Mr Stevens then addressed the House in favor of the bill. into the penitentiaries, who may be preme Court "had made the passage of this bill absolute y indispensable." Mr. Ashley, of Ohio, introduced a substion the bill the House went into Com- their families. mittee of the Whole on the President's message. Mr. Kelly, of Pennsylvania, made a speech denouncing the report bills, resolutions and communications, of but little importance, were laid before the House and disposed of.

SENATE. - A number of bills, memo were received and disposed of: among them were several petitions from ar this country. The bill repealing the 13th section of the act to suppress insurwas taken up, the question being on

is a little too strong for its iron-clad unhealthy. "Aleck" is Cameronian ployment in that city, telling them that necessity for repealing it. In the course the labor market there is overstocked, of his speech Mr. Johnson referred to Gov. Geary will be inaugurated on business dull, and multitudes of work- the imprisonment of Mr. Davis, and to the fact that he has not been allowed a ous, though, to think that with all the election for U. S. Senator will be held. wages is falling. Referring to this American civilization." After some diablerie, the twisting and screwing There is some difference of opinion as fact the Washington Star remarks: additional discussion a vote was taken and cheating and tyrannizing and ly- to whether the election ought, accor- "We feel it a duty to give the same on Mr. Saulsbury's amendment, and it MR. EDITOR: - Congress has had its ing and stealing, of the leaders of the ding to the Act of Congress, be held on warning to persons coming to Wash- was rejected. A vote was then taken MR. EDITOR:—Congress has had its ing and steaming, of the leaders of the dang to the rection of the bill to repeal the 13th section of the act, which was passed—yeas 27, on the bill to repeal the 13th section of House.—A bill making appropria-tion for the service of the Postoffice Department for the year ending June 30th, 1868, was reported from the Committee on Appropriations, and made the special order for Monday. The Committee on Ways and Means was instructed to inquire into the propriety of amending the tariff on sugar, molas coffee, &c., so as to discriminate in fa-But our season of pleasure was brief. affairs, and both have been compelled, The Legislature has adjourned until smallest Governmental office. De- vor of free and against slave grown The inevitable Congress re-assembled by their oath to the Constitution, to step Tuesday next, and I will take a recess scending the social scale, we have some products. A number of other resolutions were introduced and disposed of. The House then went into Committee

Mr. Johnson maintained that the sec-

tion referred to in the bill conferred no

## ABSTRACT OF THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

rose and the House adjourned.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania We have reason to be thankful to God for the blessings of peace, abundant here when the severity of the winter crops, that industry has been rewarded and that thus the Commonwealth has been able to do her full duty to herself, to the country and posterity.

The condition of our finances is as follows:

Balance in Treasury, November 30, 1865, Receipts during fiscal yr ending Nov. 30, 1866, 5,829,668 54 Total in Treasury for fiscal

year ending Nov.30,'66, Payments for same period have been

Balance in Treasury, De-1,741,033 27 cember 1, 1866,

8,203,336 68

6,462,303 41

mount of the public

debt as it stood on the \$38,476,528 08 1st day of Dec., 1865, Am't reduced at the State

Treasury, during the fiscal yrend-1865, 5 per \$1,828,553 25 loan. per ct. loan, 25,000 00

Relief notes, Domestic cred-26 56 1,854,205 90

Public debt Dec. 1, 1866, \$35,622,052 16

To wit, funded debt: \$400,630 00 per cent. loan, per cent. loan, 32,073,192 59 213,200 00 per cent. loan. per cent. loan, milita-2,820,750 00 ry, per act May 15, '61, Unfunded debt, relief notes in circulation, 96,625 00 Interest certificates out-

13,086 52 standing, Interest certificates un-4,448 38 Domestic creditors' certificates,

119 67 \$35,622,052 16

Assets in Treasury: Bonds Pennsylvania Rail Road Company \$6,600,000 00 Bonds Phila, and Erie 3,500,000 00 Railroad Company, Interests on bond of the Phila, and Erie Railroad Company, .225,000 00

1,741,033 27 Cash in Treasury. 13,086,033 27 Liabilities in excess of 22,536,018 89 assets,

35,622,052 16 The time fixed for the redemption of \$23,108,626,24 of the indebtedness of the Commonwealth having expired, I recommend that provisions be made for for that purpose, payable at such periods as the prospective revenues will

justify. Since my last annual message, I have drawn from the Treasury, two thousand dollars of the fund placed in the hands of the Governor for secret service and other extraordinary expenses. which I have expended, in payment of Tariff bill prepared by him, was laid my personal staff, and for other purpo before the House and referred to the ses, as heretofore, except five hundred Committee on Ways and Means. The and sixty-three dollars and forty-eight

I again recommend the passage of general laws, when it is at all practicable, and in this connection, recommend poration of new companies, so that so far as possible there may be just uni-formity in the franchises granted and

There are at this time, in the various prisons, a number of persons, under many years, and as it has become a cus not unfrequently happens that in many some punishment should be inflicted, that of death may appear to the Exec-

I earnestly repeat my recommendation heretofore made, that provision be made for the reception of such persons pardoned on condition of remaining a limited time therein.

The State Agency at Washington should, in my judgment, be continued. tute for the whole bill, which was or- It has proved very useful in all respects dered to be printed. Without action and especially to our volunteers and

Four thousand six hundred and ninety claims have passed through the Aduring the past year, and three hundred and eleven thousand seven collected from the Government and transmitted to the claimant free of

charge. The trustees of the State Lunatic hosrials and petitions of minor importance pital represent that it is impossible for them to accommodate and care for the number of patients committed to them posed on painting, &c, imported into into the hospital, and earnestly recommend that provision be made for increased accommodation.

down, down, but like a patient in the the nomination for Senator. "Aleck" shall work the beliews. What is the amnesty and pardon by the President, usafe as a depository for the large amount of valuable military material to