

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

The Bedford Gazette is published every Friday morning by MEYERS & MENGEL, at \$2 00 per annum, if paid strictly in advance; \$2 50 if paid within six months; \$3 00 if not paid within six months. All subscription accounts MUST be settled annually. No paper will be sent out of the State unless paid for in advance, and all such subscriptions will invariably be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS for a less term than three months TEN CENTS per line for each insertion. Special notices one-half additional. All notices of Associations; communications of friends or individual interest, and notices of marriages and deaths exceeding five lines, ten cents per line. Editorial notices fifteen cents per line. All legal notices of every kind, and Orphans' Court and Judicial Sales, are required by law to be published in both papers published in this town.

All advertising done after first insertion. A liberal discount is made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year, as follows: One square - 3 months, 6 months, 1 year. For 100 lines - \$ 4 00, \$ 8 00, \$ 12 00. For 200 lines - 6 00, 12 00, 20 00. For 300 lines - 8 00, 16 00, 28 00. For 400 lines - 10 00, 20 00, 35 00. For 500 lines - 12 00, 25 00, 45 00. One square to occupy one inch of space.

PRINTING, of every kind, done with neatness and dispatch. The Gazette Office has been refitted with a Power Press and new type. Everything in the Printing line can be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest possible price. -TERMS CASH.

All letters should be addressed to MEYERS & MENGEL, Publishers.

Attorneys at Law.

JOSEPH W. TATE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA., will promptly attend to collections of bounty, bank pay, &c., and all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties. Cash advanced on judgments, notes, military and other claims. Resides in Town lots in Tatesville, where a large School House will soon be built. Farms and land, from one acre to 500 acres, to suit purchasers. Timber land for sawing lumber, reselling, fish, bark, hoops, building material, rails and wood. Office on the "Mengel Hotel" and Bedford & Senell. April 6, 1866-ly

SHARPE & KERR, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA., will practice in the courts of Bedford and adjoining counties. Office on Juliana street, opposite the Banking House of Bed & Senell. [March 2, 1866.]

DURBORROW & LUTZ, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA., will attend promptly to all business intrusted to their care. Collections made on the shortest notice.

JOHN P. REED, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Respectfully tenders his services to the public in Bedford and adjoining counties. Office second door North of the Mengel House. Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

JOHN PALMER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care. Particular attention paid to the collection of military claims. Office on Juliana Street, nearly opposite the Mengel House. Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

ESPY M. ALSIP, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties. Military claims, bank pay, bounty, &c., speedily collected. Office with Mann & Spang, on Juliana street, two doors South of the Mengel House. Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

KIMMEL & LINGENFELTER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Have formed a partnership in the practice of the Law. Office on Juliana street, two doors South of the Mengel House.

G. H. SPANG, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties. Office on Juliana Street, three doors south of the Mengel House, opposite the residence of Mrs. Tate. May 13, 1864.

Physicians and Dentists. P. H. PENNSYLVANIA, M. D., BLOODY Run, Pa. (late surgeon 25th P. V.) ten years' professional services to the people of that town and vicinity. Dec. 22, '65-ly

W. W. JAMISON, M. D., BLOODY Run, Pa. tenders his professional services to the people of that place and vicinity. Office on the west of Richard Langdon's store. Dec. 22, '65-ly

DR. J. L. MARBOURG, Having permanently located, respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity. Office on Juliana street, east side, nearly opposite the Banking House of Bed & Senell. Bedford, February 12, 1864.

DENTISTS: BEDFORD, PA. Office in the Bank Building, Juliana Street. All operations pertaining to Surgical or Mechanical Dentistry carefully performed, and warranted. -TERMS-CASH. Bedford, January 7, 1865.

Bankers. REED AND SCHELL, Bankers and DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, BEDFORD, PA. DRAFTS bought and sold, collections made and promptly remitted. Deposits received.

DR. J. F. SHANNON, F. BENEDICT, DR. SHANNON & CO., BANKERS, BEDFORD, PA. BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT. COLLECTIONS made for the East, West, North and South, and the general business of Exchange, Drafts, Notes and Accounts. Collected and remitted promptly made. REAL ESTATE bought and sold. Oct. 20, 1865.

Miscellaneous. DANIEL BORDER, 107 FIFTH STREET, TWO DOORS WEST OF THE BEDFORD HOUSE, BEDFORD, PA. WATCHMAKER AND DEALER IN JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, &c. He keeps on hand a stock of fine Gold and Silver Watches, Spectacles of Brilliant Double Refraction, also Scotch and English Gold Watch Chains, Breast Pins, Finger Rings, best quality of Gold Pens. He will supply to order anything in his line not on hand. Oct. 20, 1865.

H. F. IRVINE, ANDERSON'S BOW, BEDFORD, PA. Bow, Boots, Shoes, Queensware, and Varieties. Orders from Country Merchants respectfully solicited. Oct. 20, 1865.

DAVID DEIBAUGH, Gunsmith, Bedford, Pa. Shop made as formerly occupied by John Border, deceased. Having remained in the same place, he is now prepared to fill all orders for new guns at the shortest notice. Repairing done to order. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. Oct. 29, '65.

1866. PHILADELPHIA 1866. WALL PAPERS. BOWEN & BOUKE, Manufacturers of Paper, Wall Paper, and Window Shades, corner Fourth & Market Streets Philadelphia. Always in store, a large stock of Linen and Oil Shades. Dec. 2, 1866-3m

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE is the best Advertising Medium in Southern Pennsylvania. Subscribers are invited to send for a copy of the paper, and to be sent to them by mail, if desired. Price, \$2 00 per annum, in advance. Single copies, 5 cents. Sent by mail, 10 cents. -TERMS CASH.

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BY MEYERS & MENGEL.

Real Estate Sales. PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE - By virtue of an order of the Court of Bedford county, the undersigned administrator of the estate of John Weimer, late of Monroe township, in the county of Bedford, Pennsylvania, deceased, will sell at public auction, upon the premises, there is also a spring of good water, and a small orchard upon the premises. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock of said day, when the terms will be made known.

VALUABLE FARM AT PRIVATE SALE - The subscribers offer at private sale that valuable farm in Morrison's Cove, adjoining the town of Woodbury, known as the WOODBURY FARM, containing 100 acres, more or less, with a good House and Bank Barn and all the necessary out-buildings, with an Orchard of good fruit and a fine stream of water running through the property. This farm is the best line stone land and is in a good state of cultivation. Terms reasonable. For further particulars inquire of either of the subscribers.

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THE BEDFORD GAZETTE.

TRUTH FROM THE RECORD OF 1864. SHODDY AGAINST THE PRIVATE SOLDIER. - The disunion press is full of lies in regard to the action of Democratic Senators in 1864, before the Senate was organized. After its organization, viz: on the 30th of March, 1864, Senator Hopkins offered the following resolution: (See Record, page 536.)

Resolved, That the Committee on Federal Relations be instructed to bring in a joint resolution instructing our Senators and requesting our Representatives in Congress to vote for a law requiring the payment of non-commissioned officers and privates in the service of the United States in coin or its equivalent.

Upon this resolution Senator CLYMER, now the Democratic candidate for Governor, spoke as follows: (See Record, page 538.)

I did not know, sir, that the Senator from Washington (Mr. Hopkins) was about to offer a resolution of this kind; but I had been aware of the fact, I might have been able to form a more correct judgment as to his intentions in so doing.

I presume he designed to perform an act of simple justice to those who, on the tented field, are struggling for the maintenance of this Government. He himself avows his intention to place this meritorious class of our fellow-citizens, so far as relates to their pay, upon a footing with those sleek, well paid, well fed, truly loyal, and most discreet gentlemen who, in this time of trial, are idling sunny hours in the courts of Europe as our foreign ministers, while the soldier is enduring the pains, the trials and the dangers of a campaign. Contemplate the picture; the one class clothed in purple and paid in gold, the other clad in homespun and paid in greenbacks! The one surrounded by all the luxury which gold can buy, the other in their individual persons and in their families, enduring all the want and misery which paper money ever entails! An unprejudiced observer, sir, would not, it seems to me, be likely to attribute any sinister or improper motive to one who attempts to equalize in some degree the condition of these two classes. Surely, sir, the disparity between one hundred sixty dollars a year—the wages of a soldier—pain greenbacks—and the salaries of our foreign ministers, ranging from seven to twenty thousand a year, paid in gold, is of such magnitude that it should not be "disloyal" to attempt to equalize it.

DEEDS, NOT WORDS. To me, sir, it is strange, passing strange, that those who profess so much love for the soldier, who are eternally parading themselves as the "soldiers' friends," who would make the soldier believe that every one outside the pale of their political communion is his enemy, whose whole stock in trade is to yell that they are "loyal," and to boast that they love the soldier better than wife or child, should here to-day resist a proposition so fair and just. By your deeds you shall be tried. Honeyed words of flattery cost nothing. To sustain this resolution and the enactment of its purpose into a law, might impose upon your "loyal" gentleman, and that would cost something. You cannot afford that. Oh! no! Fulsome praise, laudation without stint—that you can give; it is in your line; but when the soldier asks for the means wherewith to supply his wife and little ones with the bare necessities of life—which, owing to the vicious system of finance inaugurated by Republican rulers, have been raised to fabulous prices—you turn your backs upon him and brand as "disloyal" every man who dares to advocate his claims. That is a species of disloyalty which I, for one, am neither ashamed nor afraid. If it be "disloyal" to stand by, guard, protect and defend the poor and humble against the rich and powerful; to be in favor of the soldier rather than of the shoddy contractor, then I am disloyal. It is a kind of disloyalty of which you, gentlemen on the Republican side, will never be accused by those who know you. Where the spoils are, there will your hearts be also.

USURPATION OF THE SENATE. Possibly, sir, the Senator from Washington offered the resolutions with an additional motive—that was, to relieve himself, and those who act with him politically, from the base and unfounded charge that we were opposed to an increase of the pay of the soldier. When this Senate was unorganized, as we then believed, and as you subsequently admitted by proceeding to elect a Speaker, a resolution was offered on the opposite side of this chamber, instructing our Senators and requesting our Representatives in Congress, to vote for a bill increasing the pay of the soldiers. We then voted against it, as undersimilary circumstances we would to-day. We told you then that by no vote of ours would we ever recognize your high-handed act of usurpation. We told you we would vote against any and every resolution, even should you offer

one asserting the divinity of God himself. We stood up for a principle, and we triumphed. You offered the resolution, as you offered others, for the purpose of making clap-trap capital against us amongst the soldiers and others. You paraded our vote through the State as a high crime and a sin, when you knew in your hearts that every representation you made, as to our position, was simply false. But the resolution of the Senator from Washington has unlearned you. It has stirred up a fearful commotion amongst the ranks of the faithful. You gnash your teeth in impotent rage, and are swollen up with undischarged bile. You rave and fume and sweat—all to no purpose, gentlemen. We intended to expose your duplicity, and we have done it. Henceforth, I advise you to cover your intentions in some more skillful way, or I shall again draw aside the flimsy veil which shields you from open contempt.

PAY THE PRIVATE SOLDIER. But, sir, what will be the effect of the resolution should Congress enact a law in accordance with its spirit? Will it not be precisely what you gentlemen forced us to vote against, when you attempted usurpation? The soldier will be paid in coin or its equivalent; that is to say, his wages will be increased by the difference between gold and greenbacks. If gold at the end of any month is sixty per cent. above greenbacks, the common soldier will receive twenty dollars and eighty cents, instead of thirteen dollars, for his month's services. If you were honest in your proposition to increase his pay, how can you object? When he entered the service, his pay was thirteen dollars per month in gold, for then gold was not above par. The resolution simply proposes to keep our plighted faith with the most meritorious of all public servants; with him who defends our homes and firesides. Tell me, gentlemen, were you honest or dishonest in your proposition? You shall not evade an answer by calling me disloyal. The word has noters for me. Three years ago you paid the foreign minister and the private soldier in gold. Why, to-day, do you continue to pay him who is basking and reveling in the smiles of royalty, and refuse it to him who, amid the roar of cannon and a storm of bullets, is battling in your defence? Answer me if you dare. We will not be deterred from making the inquiry by threats or denunciations. We, on this side of the chamber, desire our honest and upright interest in and devotion to the Government founded upon the Constitution as you claim to possess. We do not impugn your motives; you shall not ours. We are not to be cajoled or intimidated here or elsewhere. We are your peers and equals here and every place. We know our rights and will maintain them. We will stand by the Constitution and Union of these States, and we tell you, aye, we charge it upon you, that you are the only men who would destroy both.

Charges are constantly made against us of a want of fidelity to the Government, of sympathy with treason, and of aiding the rebellion. We defy you to make them good. This matter had better be understood and settled here and now. It is true, we are not the slaves of any administration. You shall not set the blacks free and enslave white men. We know no Government which is not based upon the Constitution, and we will neither obey nor be "loyal" to any other. Is my language sufficiently precise? Is it clear? I do not wish to be misunderstood. I am not "loyal" to any administration; I am ever so to true government, founded upon and acting in accordance with the Constitution, of which it is the mere creature and exponent. More than that, you nor any living man can demand of any one. To do so is to make yourselves masters, and those of whom you make the demand slaves. We wish you to fully understand that you shall never exercise any such power over us. The history of the past should teach you that to those to which we belong may possibly be exterminated, but never enslaved.

Senator Clymer and every other Democrat voted for this resolution, and the Disunion Senators voted to kill it by amending it, and having a majority, effected its amendment, and thus defeated the original proposition.

MARCHING ON.—The New York Tribune says "John Brown's soul is marching on!" We think so. A number of people think so. John Brown in the body corporate marched on through Kansas and elsewhere, stealing horses and other property. He marched to Virginia to steal niggers and break laws till at last he marched into eternity by a different line. And now we judge his soul is marching on! It marched through the army stealing all it could reach. It marched through the custom houses, post offices, collector's bureaus, legislatures and congress, stealing by the gross. It marched away from the White House lately with ninety large boxes in charge, and left the President's mansion gutted. It has marched with its mortal counterpart Ben. Butler from New Orleans to Lowell, and through all the Departments at Washington. Yes—the soul of John Brown is marching on, and we think it time the devil wrapped a chain about this essence of Republicanism and anchored the soul of the horse stealing monster.—La Crose Democrat.

THE DEMOCRATIC REVIVAL.

A CLEAN SWEEP. Democratic Victories in the Western States. [SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE WORLD.] HARTFORD, April 9. The Democrats revolutionized the city government at the city election to-day, electing everything on the ticket by two hundred majority. Charles H. Chapman, for mayor, had two hundred and thirty-three over Mayor Stillman. The rest of the entire ticket was nearly up to him. We carry a majority of the city councilmen. The Democrats are in hilarious spirits; they feel proud of conquering a scheme of corruption and fraud without precedent, save at the recent State election.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.] HARTFORD, Conn., April 9.—The result of the Hartford city election to-day was a full vote, and the election of the entire city ticket by the Democrats, to-day changing the political character of the city government. The Democrats elect Charles H. Chapman, Mayor, over Allyn S. Stillman, the present Mayor, by two hundred and thirty-three majority; and Henry H. Fitch, Collector by two hundred over H. T. Sperry, the present Collector. They also elect the City Clerk by two hundred majority, the Auditor and the City Marshal, and have a majority in the City Council.

Great Conservative Gains in the Western States. MICHIGAN. The returns from the township elections held on Monday last, as a whole, more than satisfy expectations. Deerfield elects the Democratic ticket. Prominent Republicans, who have heretofore voted the Radical ticket entire, come forward to sustain the policy of Democracy.

In Vernon the ticket was carried up on the issue of the President's policy by 56 majority. Tyrone elected the Democratic ticket by a majority of 45. Munday, for the first time in several years, elected Democratic officers. The place was considered leased ground by the Radicals, but upon the issue of conservatism vs. Radicalism, the people proved their loyalty.

Tecumseh elected the whole Democratic ticket by 85 majority. This is a net gain of 74 over any year since the reign of Radicalism commenced. In Manchester the whole ticket was elected by majorities ranging from 30 to 48. Coldwater has gone Democratic upon the fairly made issue of the restoration policy by a majority of 206. When we reflect that this city gave Lincoln 245 over McClellan, and has always been abjectly radical, the result is very gratifying.

At Argentine the Democratic ticket was elected entire. Birmingham gave a majority of 19 for the Conservative ticket, a gain over last year in officers elected and in aggregate township vote.

Galesburg was carried by the Republicans by a majority so small as to leave them little to triumph over. The Democratic gain has been very large since last year. The town of Charlestown for the first time in ten years succeeded in electing a Democrat, and now, they have elected the Democratic ticket entire. It is a complete revolution of politics, and argues well for the spread of conservative principles.

In Grass Lake, where the Republicans have had it all their own way for years, they had a desperate struggle to elect a supervisor by a majority of one. Blackman went the Democratic ticket entire by 90 majority, a large gain over the last election.

Gaines shows a Democratic gain of nine over last year, the majority on the ticket being 62. Put Gaines down for double that amount at the fall election. Mason exhibits a revolution in politics. For eight years out of the last ten Mason has gone Abolition straight out. The Democrats went in on the endorsement of the Presidential policy, and the result is a complete triumph, the whole ticket being elected by a majority of 43.

Waterloo elected the entire Democratic ticket by majorities ranging from 50 to 64. Augusta has always been, till last year, Abolition. Now the Democratic gain is 20 over last year, though the last Abolitionist turned out. The vote was the largest ever polled in the tp.

At Hillsdale the Administration candidate received a majority of 35, and the average majority of the Radicals was reduced over two-thirds.

A dispatch from Howell says that the enemy has been met and he is ours as usual, only a little more so. Though the Radicals run their best man, he was beaten by 78 majority.

Seneca elected the conservative ticket entire, by 72 majority. Last year the Radicals elected their ticket entire by 40 majority.

Bridgewater elected their entire Democratic ticket by a majority of 100. Canton gives 35 majority for the Democratic ticket.

Dearborn has done nobly. The Democratic ticket has made a clean sweep by 73 majority, an increase of 35 votes over last year.

Mongonong Democrats headed their tickets "Administration," and carried the election by 114 majority.

VOL. 61.—WHOLE No. 5,344.

At Springfield there was a complete Democratic victory. The average majority for the Democratic cause was 140. Van Buren went Democratic by 120 majority, being a gain of 20 votes since last year. Greenfield gave increased majorities, electing the entire ticket. The Radicals were beaten 79 votes.

Warren elected the Democratic ticket entire, by the rousing majority of 115, being a large gain over previous elections. Bedford went Democratic by an average majority of 79, a large gain over last year.

A correspondent at Lyons, Iowa, writes as follows: "Yesterday the charter election came off in this city, and resulted much to the astonishment and chagrin of the Radicals, in the complete success of the Johnson or the conservative ticket."

Radicalism has had its own way in our city since the war began, and has elected its officers by from 50 to 100 majority—have even mobbed men for differing in opinion with it; but its day is run, as I sincerely hope and believe. Last year the majority for Mayor was about 60, and the whole Radical ticket succeeded, with perhaps the exception of an Alderman or two in the different wards; but yesterday they were forced to surrender without the liberty of dictating terms.

ILLINOIS. In Mattson there was a Democratic gain of 160 to 185, resulting in the election of two Democratic councilmen.—This is certainly a very substantial showing for a town that for five years has been one of the Radical abolition strongholds of the State.

A correspondent at Lodi, Kane County, Illinois, says that the Democratic voters of that township achieved a great victory electing their ticket for the first time in seven years.

Bourbon shows a Democratic gain of 25 since last spring. The candidates went to the people upon the issue of the administration policy.

Cotton Hill elected the entire conservative ticket by 20 majority, showing a Democratic gain of 35 since last spring. Ball township elected the Democratic ticket by majorities ranging from 70 to 75.

Woodside made a clean sweep and elected the Democratic ticket entire, with an average majority of 45, a good gain over last year.

Port Byron repudiated the Radicals by a rousing vote, considering the zeal which the abolition faction displayed, electing the majority of the Democratic ticket.

The Democrats of Rock Island have redeemed themselves, as the following result shows: they elected seven out of the eight candidates, with an average majority of 10.

Black Hawk has made a Democratic gain sure, electing one official, something not done often in that vicinity. It is said that the Radicals used every species of fraud to win, but the whole vote, with one exception, is close and, as yet, doubtful.

Hampton sustained the administration policy nobly. Our tickets were headed, "In favor of President Johnson's reconstruction policy," and the result shows that the Radical vote has been terribly weakened, they barely saving half the ticket, when last fall they had a clear majority of 35.

WISCONSIN. The city election at Madison resulted in an equal share of officials; but the gain of the conservatives is very gratifying evincing that the spirit of fanaticism and negro equality, so long dominant, is beginning to tire. The Radicals, to test the negro equality, ran a negro for Mayor; and we are ashamed to record the fact that he received no less than three hundred and six votes. As he failed to receive the election, we are satisfied that conservative principles are gaining rapidly.

From Mineral Point we have the following: "Our city election came off to-day, and the result has proved most glorious for the Democracy and conservatism. At the State election last fall the Abolition majority ranged from 15 to 20, while to-day the Democratic majority for Mayor was 121, and the whole Democratic ticket, except the candidate for Treasurer, is elected by fair majorities."

INDIANA. Every township in Bartholomew Co., went Democratic on Monday.

Rushville went Democratic by over 100 majority, showing a gain of over 150 since last year.

The Democracy of Kendallville carried their ticket through by a large majority. They have gained 300 votes since last year.

A correspondent writes from Argus, in this State, that the conservatives of that township elected their entire ticket by majorities ranging from 4 to 6—a Democratic gain of 21 since last fall, and a gain of 75 since 1860.

The Democracy of Evansville carried the election by 200 majority—an unprecedented success in that usually abolition stronghold.

Sandusky gave a Democratic majority of 250, being a gain of 48 votes over last election.

The Democrats carried the entire ticket in Fremont, redeeming it from Radicalism completely.

At Amherst the entire Democratic ticket was elected by an average of 15. This is the first time that the conserva-

tive party have succeeded in carrying an election in Amherst in nine years. Radicalism has recoiled upon its votaries, and their power is over.

The election in Perrysburg went, as usual, Democratic, with large gains since last election. A very full vote was polled, and the Radicals have strained every nerve, but to no purpose.

In Toledo the Democrats have elected some of the more prominent city officers.

In Canton the Democracy have made a splendid gain, and everything promises a large increase this fall.

[From the Clermont Sun, April 4th.] The Democratic and Conservative men of Batavia township, on Monday last, covered themselves with glory. The Abs. carried the township in October last by eighty majority. Now the contest was