BEDFORD GAZETTE.

B. F. MEYERS, EDITOR.

FRIDAY: : : : JUNE 9, 1865.



Democratic County Convention. The Democrats of Bedford county are hereby requested to meet in their respective election districts, on SATURDAY, the 17th DAY OF to be held in Bedford, on

Monday, the 19th day of June, next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., which body will place in nomination a County Ticket to be supported by the party at the ensuing general election .-Under the rules, each district is entitled to two delegates. The Democrats of the several districts are also particularly requested to choose heads of those who do not square their conduct Vigilance Committees for the coming year and with their ideas of politics. But the General to return their names to the Chairman of the dissipates the clouds under which these dastard County Committee.

O. E. SHANNON, Ch'n. Dem. Co. Committee.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION. At the last formal meeting of the Democrat ic State Central Committee, it was resolved that the State Convention should be called to meet at Harrisburg on Wednesday, the 21st day of June inst. But having since learned from a majority of the Committee, and been advised by many other leading Democrats of the State, that a postponement to a later day, would, on many accounts be acceptable, and is generally desired -I hereby give notice that the next Demceratic State Convention of Pennsylvania, will convene at the Hall of the House of Representatives, in the city of Harrisburg, on THURS- forward and very statesman-like manner. We C. L. WARD, o'clock, P. M. Towanda, June 1, 1865. Chairman.

ABSENT,-The editor is again absent, which will account for the lack of our usual the death of our estimable friend, John Smith, "pick off" rebels.

The Radicals and the President.

These restless agitators, the radical abolitionof compelling President Johnson to step upon their platform. They denounce him without stint, because of his North Carolina reconstruction proclamation, and show themselves the veriest "copperheads," in opposing his administration. These men are never satisfied. The devilish spirit which through their agency, keeps society in constant ferment seems inexorable. They preached and plotted until they succeeded ing wouth shor Inhuence over the Southern people, as finally led to disunion and civil war, and now they are preaching and plotting to drive the administration into such a position on war of races. We find the following account changes:

as President, and Wendell Phillips as Chairman.

The business committee reported a resolution originated. to the effect that it is the settled opinion of the convention that the reconstruction of the rehal States without negro suffrage, is a practical surrender to the Confederacy, and will make the anti-slavery proclamation of the late President, and even the expected amendment to the Conprotection of the negro race.

Mr. Philips supported the resolution in a vigorous speech. He also said there was but one way in which the people could still hold the helm of affairs and that was a declaration of the repudiation of the entire war debt. Such a party would have his voice and vote until God called him home. He would constantly oppose every step of reconstruction that did not place the negro upon an absolute equality with There were but two parties in the country, the sycophants of Jeff Davis and the lovers of liberty. Every man who sapported the North Carolina proclamation was a Dafor President Johnson to have surrendered to North Carolina.

Hon. Amasa Walker followed, in a full en-

dorsement of Phillips' speech. Judged by the "loyal" standard of the bla-Phillips' "treasonable utterances?

A Suggestion.

As there are about one thousand persons in this county, who ought to read the Gazette, but who never see it, we recommend to our friends in the country to make an effort, at the coming delegate elections, to secure its circulation among such persons. We would suggest that the Vigilance Committees in each district, take the matter in hand and make a thorough canvass of the voters. In order to assist the Committees in this work, we purpose to send the Gazette, for the campaign, that is from the first of July till the 15th of October, to any address, for fifty cents, payable in advance. We make this proposition, not for our own advantage, but for the benefit of the party. We have as many subscribers pecuniarily speaking, as we want. But a party organ cannot be too widely circulated, and, therefore, we hope our friends in the country will exert themselves to JUNE, NEXT, for the purpose of electing del- the end that the Gazette may be read by every egates to the Democratic County Convention, reasonable man in the county. Send in your

Gen. Sherman.

The hero of the Cotton States is just now re- defend himself from arrest. eiving a good share of the abuse which the Jacobin Radicals are so ready to heap upon the fellows would place him, as easily as he scattered the armies of Hood and Johnston. His testimony before the Committee on the Conduct of the War, doesn't leave a grease spot of Halleck and Stanton. The papers that have assailed his testimony. Will they do it?

Vallandigham's Letter.

any one; but, on the contrary, discusses the civil court. political questions of the day in a calm, straightand unbiassed consideration.

Esq., of Schellsburg, which took place on ists, are now holding meetings for the purpose at which he had been in attendance. But a few under orders for muster out, is estimated at Truly, "in the midst of life we are in death."

"We are such stuff as dreams are made of, And our little lives are rounded with a sleep." Deceased was a most exemplary citizen, a true christian, a man respected and beloved the most by those who knew him best. His loss will be severely felt in the community in which he lixed, and the man who cany well be honored with any trust in the gift of his neighbors. May our departed friend rest in peace.

the negro question, as will probably end in a 22d Pa. Cavalry, has resigned and returned to that one hundred persons each subscribe one his home in this place. Captain Lyons served hundred dollars, which would raise a sufficient Washington evidently protracted the war beof a meeting of these enemies of the public faithfully and gallantly during almost the entire sum to purchase 200 acres of land and sink two yound the full period necessary to crush out all peace, in the telegraphic columns of our ex-

Slavery Convention met to day, and was very fully attended. Rev. J. F. Sargent was chosen Burns, of Napier tp., was destroyed by fire a few days ago. It is not known how the flames

> to the ballot box and east their ballots than an equal number of Copperheads we can name."

stitution, utterly inefficient for the freedom and cy in this place, uses the above language in its | ward testing it. If oil, even in small quantilast issue. We presume that when some of the ties, be discovered, the value of land will be prospective "Republican" candidates for county offices, come around begging "Copperhead" stances, will soon find themselves in the posvotes, the above precious morceau will, perhaps, session of wealth. At any rate, what is a hunbe remembered for their benefit.

special delights which have so richly repaid our If it fail, nobody will be seriously hurt. visit to New England was the inspection, it was our privilege to make of Dr. J. C. AYER & Co.'s Laboratory, at Lowell. Although we knew by hear-say, that it was large, yet we were surprisvis sycophant. Better, far better would it have ed when we came into view of its real magnibeen for Grant to have surrendered to Lee than tude, and still more by the extent and complication of its truly immense business. The whole massive structure is in fact one vast chem- devotion to your country in the hour of danger ical laboratory, in which the processes of this and alarm, your magnificent fighting, bravery Judged by the "loyal" standard of the bla-tant war-shriekers of a few months ago, Wen-co-chemical science has found that the curative premacy of the Union and the Constitution, dell Phillips, Hon. Amasa Walker and Rev. properties of any substance exist in some one the laws, and of the proclamation forever abol-Sargent would have been pronounced guilty of or more of its component parts. Thus the remishing slavery, the cause and pretext of the retreason. What could be more "disloyal" than edial effects of opium are due solely to the mor- bellion, and opened the way to the rightful aucalling the President of the United States, a phia it contains, although this is but one-eigh- thorities to restore order and inaugurate peace "Davis sycophant," or declaring that it would teenth part of its weight; the other seventeen on a permanent and enduring basis on every have been "better for Grant to have surrender- parts are gum, extractive and inert or offensive and battles, in distance, duration, resolution, ed to Lee, than for President Johnson to have matter. Dr. Ayer's system separates the med- and brilliance of result, dim the luster of the thirty-five millions, two hundred and five thousurrendered to North Carolina?" From the lips ical properties of each substance employed and world's past military acchievements, and will sand, seven hundred and fifty-three dollars and of Vallandigham, or the Woods, this would we are here shown the processes by which the be the patriotic precedent in defence of liberty lifty cents. have been "rank treason." But when Phillips virtues of each remedial agent are chased through and right in all time to come. In obedience to and Co. assail the President, they only use the the alembics until they come out completely pure families, and volunteered in its defence. privilege of free speech, an immunity belonging at last. These concentrated, purified medical exclusively, in these days, to those most clam- properties, or virtues, are finally combined to- ed the purpose of your patriotic hearts, and notes in circulation, six hundred and fifty-nine orous and uncompromising in their efforts to gether to produce the remedies which have made with the gratitude of your countrymen, and the millions, one hundred and sixty thousand, five disturb the public tranquility. But why are themselves a reputation for unrivalled excellence, disturb the public tranquility. But why are those presses which but so lately denounced all over the world. Not only does the Doctor your homes and families, conscious of having dred and eighty-seven thousand, nine hundred Democratic statesmen for their opposition to disclaim all secrecy in his art and explain every discharged the highest duty of American citizens. and sixty-six dollars, of the new tissue; and the policy of the administration, silent in regard process and every particular, but he mantains To achieve these glorious triumphs, and se- one hundred and sixty millions, one hundred to these New England calumniators of Presi- that this is the only process by which the people cure to yourselves your fellow-countrymen and and forty-three thousand, six hundred and dent Johnson? Why have they no rebuke for can be supplied with the best possible remedies of thousands of your gallant comrads have fall of June 30, 1864. The uncalled for pay reqthis Abolition "disloyalty?" Do they sympa- for the treatment of disease.—The Formula by len, and sealed the priceless legacy with their uisitions are forty millions, one hundred and thize with it and approve of it? Are they, too, which his remedies are made are published in lives. The graves of these a grateful nation fifty thousand, and the amount in the Treasury apostates from the doctrine of "unquestioning the medical Journals and have been presented bedews with tears and honors their memories, over twenty-five millions. The amount of fracloyalty?" Come, now, gentlemen of the Re- to a large part of the medical Faculty of the and will ever cherish and support their stricken tional currency is twenty-four millions, six hunpublican press, let us hear from you! Why is United States, and are constantly sent by mail it that you have nothing to say against Wendell to such physicians as apply for them .- [Daily Chronicle, San Francisco.

EDITORIAL MELANGE.

Coming-the Fourth of July Ditto-discharged soldiers. Warm and dry-the weather.

Chief Justice Chase is still electioneering mong the negroes down South.

The amount of postal currency issued and n eirculation is \$24,664,000.

CFA Vermont paper says the rumor that the high price of eggs is owing to the fact that the hens have to stamp them, is unfounded.

permission of the government to ask for pardon and a restoration to civil rights.

The meeting of the Democratic Convention of this State has been postponed to Thurs-

The loss by the explosion at Mobile is esimated at from five to ten millions of dollars. Eight thousand bales of cotton were destroyed.

Ex-Governor William Smith, of Virginia, is concealed in the mountains near Sta unton. It is said he has a small armed force to

Brownlow is out with a procla mation advising the negroes "not to treat the whites rudely, or speak harsh to them." What a kind hearted soul the Governer is!

A meeting was held in Savannah on the 30th ult., at which resolutions was adopted endorsing President Johnson's policy, and asking for a military governor.

The Alabama delegation have had an interand Stanton. The papers that have assailed him, should, in justice to the General, publish view with the President. It is thought all the lall outside the pale of their circle; the other pure. Then, as we wish to be forgiven, let us North Carolina plan.

The trial of Jefferson Davis will take We publish, on our outside, a very able doc- place on or about the 19th of this month. Constitution in respect to slavery. The elecument from the pen of Mr. Vallandigham. - Charles O'Connor, Esq., of New York, will tion is not to be a bayonet affair, but is to be It contains nothing which can give offense to act as his counsel. Davis will be tried in a held under the old constitution, and all men

"Picking type" again-Sergt. Geo. W. Gray, has just returned from the war, and is ty radicals of North Carolina, and, of course, DAY, the 24th day of August next, at one invite all who may chance to see this paper, to at his old stand again in this office. The Sergt. also to their supporters and prompters in Penngive Mr. Vallandigham's views their attentive was severely wounded in front of Petersburg, but, we are glad to say, has entirely recovered. Sudden Death .- We are pained to announce He thinks it is healther to pick type than to says, in his proclamation, with reference to the

> 3 The number of troops in the army of the Wednesday night of last week, while Mr. Smith Potomac and General Sherman's army, whose Legislature that may thereafter assemble, will for all; and it is further proposed that those tion wisely and economically, and thus be the was walking homeward from a prayer meeting terms expire before the 1st of October, and now days ago, he was in our office, seemingly in ro- 122,310. Of these there are 139 three-year bust health, and in the most cheerful spirits. regiments of 1862-54,600; three-year recruits of 1862-20,150; 22 one-year regiments of the Government to the present time. 1864, and one battery-14,840; and one-year recruits of 1864-31.720.

and growing belief in the existence of petrole- sition President Johnson deserves the most sinum in this county, surface indications of the cere thanks of every conservative man in the the rectoration of the care covered in various places. A great many leases have been made and a project is now on foot back to a state of peace, order and complete lasting. to raise a company for the purpose of boring and lasting union. This action is a complete upon land owned by Mr. J. W. Scott, about repudiation of the doctrine of the radicals of RETURNED .- Capt. T. H. Lyons, late of the three miles west of this place. It is proposed this vicinity will be glad to hear of his return. upon this land, and the fact that Mr. Scott's Bosrox, May 31.—The New England antiDestroyed by fire.—The barn of Mr. Jas, neighbors have already subscribed a large protious leaders of the rebellion, it seems equally portion of the sum intended to be raised would indicate that they, at least, have faith in it. punishment interfere with the legitimate State of a similar nature, may succeed. It is not at "Now, to be plain, we know several dozen of colored men that we would sooner see march hood. At any rate the matter is worthy of investigation. Every owner of land in the vi-The organ of the opponents of the Democra- cinity, ought to be willing to give something toso enhanced that many now in ordinary circumdred dollars to many of our land-holders. Let this experiment be tried. If it succeed, untold THE CHEMISTRY OF MEDICINE. Among the benefits will accrue to the people of this section.

Gen. Grant's Congratulatory Address.

Lieutenant General Grant has issued the following congratulatory address to the armies :-WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., June 2, 1865.— General Orders No. 108 .- Soldiers of the Armies of the United States:-By your patriotic overthrown all opposition to the enforcement of two cents. your country's call, you left your homes and red and twenty-four millions, six hundred and

Victory has crowned your banner and secur- enty-

families.

U. S. GRANT, Lieutenant General. Official:-E. D. TOWNSPAD, A. A. G.

"Bedford County Mutual Oil Company" will be found elsewhere in this number. We refer our readers to this advertisement to see the superior advantages offered by this company We know of no investments that promise fairer to bring ample returns than this. The officers of the company are reliable, responsible and enterprising men. The company has been fully organized, the engines, derricks, &c., are already on the territory and boring will be commenced on the 18th of June. Books for the subscription of stock have been opened here for this county and a number of our citizens have already taken a large amount of stock. Gen. Longstreet will visit Washington by All others who desire to do so will apply at this office between this and the 18th day of June.—Somerset Democrat.

The North Carolina Policy.

"The stillness speaks." There is a hush in the circles of radicalism that bodes no good to President Johnson and his reconstruction poli-The amnesty Proclamation has been passed over by the radical organs with just enough to full protection until the right to it is forfeited of notice to indicate its unpalatableness, but by crime. the proclamation restoring civil government in caverns of Pennsylvania abolitionism that will master gives the order. The refusat of the President to make negro suffrage a part of the reconstruction policy, and his determination to adhere to his declarations in favor of State Rights in opposition to consolidation or centralization, amount to the gravest of offences a-

Two delegations from North Carolina were ressing their claims upon the President-one adical, in favor of negro suffrage, consolidathe President gave his approval. He has appointed a provisional governor, who is to take measures to hold a convention to amend the who are legally qualified and who have taken the amnesty oath are to be considered loyal and allowed to vote. This was gall to the minorito them, the President's endorsement of the principle of State Rights was wormwood. He restoration of civil authority in North Caro-

"The said convention when convened, or the prescribe the qualifications of electors and the who are able will go to work energetically to ligibility of persons to hold office under the Constitution and laws of the State, a power the people of the several States composing the Federal Union have rightfully exercised from the origin of

No wonder the radicals around us are still as mice, or only given to low mutterings, under so summary a squelching of the consolidation Oil in Bedford County.—There is a strong theory and negro suffrage. For taking this pothe operation of such principles as he has foreshadowed can the nation be brought once more his own party, upon whom much of the responsibility of the outbreak of rebellion rests, and whose senseless and unreasoning domination at While it is true that President Johnson is not terity, rather than the securing of ephemeral department to prepare the people for coming applause by pandering to peeple who will be events. known to history as more distinguished for dishonesty and inhumanity than intelligence or

The National Debt.

sense .- Pat. & Union.

The Secretary of the Treasury has published a statement of the public debt, from the books of Treasurers' returns and requisitions in the Department on the 31st of May, 1865. The recapitulation shows the amount outstanding bearing interest in coin to be eleven hundred and eight millions, one hundred and thirteen thousand, eight hundred and forty-two dollars. the interest being sixty-four millions, four hundred and eighty thousand, four hundred and eighty-nine dollars and fifty cents.

The debt, bearing interest in lawful money, is one thousand and fifty-three millions, four hundred and seventy-six thousand three hundred and seventy-one. The interest being sixty

Debt on which interest has ceased, seven hundred and eighty-six thousand, two hundred and seventy dolllars. Debt bearing no interest, four hundred and seventy-two millions, eight hundred and twenty-nine thousand, two hundred and seventy dollars and fifty-seven cents. Total indebtedness, twenty-six hundred and

Interest both in gold and paper, one hundthirty-eight thousand, eight hundred and sev-enty-four dollars. Amount of legal-tender dred and sixty-seven thousand dollars.

At a pic-nic at Albany, last week, two wooden-legged men ran a race for \$25.

GOOD INVESTMENT .- The prospectus of the Address of Governor Murphy to the People of the State-Conciliation Urged. EXECUTIVE OFFICE, LITTLE ROCK,

Ark., May, 10. FELLOW-CITIZENS: We trust that the war is over; that precious, cherished peace is at hand that soon all good men can go to their several es, and live with their families in security, under the protecting power of law faithfully executed.

Organized armies have ceased to contend. Our deluded and harassed fellow-citizens, who have been warring against their own government are returning home as paroled prisoners.

They have suffered much from the tyranny of their leaders. Led into the rebellion by from such cause, production caunot be active.
The coal trade and its prospects for the current fraud, falsehood, force, and cruelty they have been kept in arms by the same means.

The government of the United States has offered forgiveness, and all good citizens will sustain the government, by upholding its laws. Prisoners, on complying with the terms of amnesty, are, in law, loyal citizens of the United States and of this state, and are entitled

They should be so treated as not to furnish North Carolina has been entirely ignored. But them with an excuse for renewed aggressions for all this there are low mutterings in the dark and nothing now is wanting to restore Arkansas the security and happiness of a well ordered break into a roar as soon as the New England society but unity, harmony, and the full exercise of the civil functions of the state.

The enforcement of the law by courts juries will soon repress violence. Let us all, then, try to forget the past, and energetically press on to the restoration of our former peace, appiness, and prosperity. Let us one and all gainst the Republican party, who have so long earnestly go to work to build up what this from the scarcity of the article, consents to party had their own way in directing national affairs. wicked rebellion has pulled down, striving to make the desolate and waste places glad, and to heal the ghastly wounds of this terrible war.

We have all done wrong. No one can say pure. Then, as we wish to be forgiven, let us Southern States will be reorganized on the conservative and respectable. To the latter forgive those who have sinned against us and

The land is steeped in blood-innocent blood -and defiled with crime. Let us wash it out with tears of sorrow and repentance, works of love, kindness, and charity; that peace, good will,

To the end, therefore, that the good citizen may be protected in all his rights and privileges, it is necessary that the several counties of the tion, with each laborer, and each capitalist feelstate should be fully organized, and civil offices ing that the lowest point has passed, and that filled by capable and trusty men. To effect this, increased demand will steadily advance prices, sylvanta and elsewhere. But if that was gall I most carnestly request the citizens of the counthus stimulating production and giving spirit ties that have not organized under the new Constitution, to meet and consult together, and re-commend to the governor of the state such men as they wish to fill the various county offices, that A dull year for the necessary transition from commissions may be forwarded at an eary day. war prices to those of peace is a thing almost

raise food and provide clothing, that the suffering now so prevalent may be relieved.

That war and its progeny, theft, robbery, desolation and murder, are neither pleasant nor profitable, it is hardly necessary to affirm; and now when the armies of the rebellion are disbanded and disbanding, and the ruin that the wrath of men can produce is so apparent, I doubt not that citizen and soldier, the young and the old, will unite in harmonious efforts for

Let our last conquest be conquest of the hearts of our enemies by kindness-then peace will be ISAAO MURPHY, Governor.

Capitulation of Kirby Smith.

New York, June 3 .- The New Orleans patain Carter

political party at the expense of another. He Rebel representatives will remain within our

A petition is incirculation in Mobile, to president Johnson, for the adoption of measures to bring Alabama again into the Union.

NEW YORK, June 3 .- Advices from New Orleans give the details of the surrender of Kirby Smith's forces, but the main facts have already been stated. The report says that some of the Rebel Generals requested permission to be allowed to take twenty thousand men across the Rio Grande to the assistance of

The rebel generals were very anxious to obtain permission to ship and sell cotton enough to pay their troops, but the scheme fell through. The rebel General Price has gone to Galveston on the transport Clinton, and Generals Buckner and Brant have returned to Alexandria, accompanied by General Herron, who will ar-Union forces. General Bailey's expedition from Mobile arrived at Baton Rouge, and were well received by the people along the whole line of ry, but it is not unworthy of being presented .-

No armed bodies were seen, except a few uerrillas, a party of whom dashed into our ines at Eton, Mississippi, and shot one of our men and escaped, though the citizens co-operated with our troops in the attempt to catch

Davis.-Jefferson Davis has been indicted 20, 1864, which established a bureau of mili for "constructive treason" by a grand jury of tary justice (what a misnomer under Hour's adthe District of Columbia, and will probably ministration), expressly provided that the busoon be brought to trial. The indictment has reau, and its head, a judge-advocate general,

which provides that-"If any person or persons owing allegiance rived in fact, although, perhaps there needs an to the United States of America, shall levy war official announcement by President Johnson to against them, or shall adhere to their enemies, completely sever the country from all official giving them aid and comfort within the United States or elsewhere, and shall be thereof con- bureau of military justice. victed, on confession in open court, on the tes- TON and HOLT will seek by every means in their timony of two witnesses to the same overt act power to put off and postpone such executive of the treason whereof he or they shall stand action, but we hope the President will rise suindicted, such person or persons shall be ad-judged guilty of treason against the United proper haste to utter the glad words that re-States, and shall suffer death."

Francis P. Blair, Sr., John B. Clagett, General public, such heartfelt rejoicing as has rarely been M. D. Hardin, Thomas J. Mourny, M. D. E. seen in map's history! And how the public Kirk, and John H. M'Cheny, whose testimony heart will leap with emotions of gratitude to will be in relation to the attack on Fort Ste- the Supreme Giver of all good, if the same vens, near Washington, last summer, at which proclamation which speedily announces the end Davis is presumed to have been constructively of the rebellion proclaims, the end of STANTON ! though not personally, present.

Trade and Finance .-- 1865 and 1866 Indications throughout all the departments of business and enterprise favor the conclusion that the year 1865 will-be marked by a general depression. War made high prices, and the transition from high to low prices is inseparable from stagnation. Nobody will produce for a future market while laboring under the impression that prices are steadily tending to low er figures, because of the direct loss. The feeling in the public mind on the subject must be assured on this point before there can be any activity in trade or enterprise in business Until buyers feel that the market has about touched bottom, they will live, as the rule, from "hand to mouth," consuming as little as possible. Consequently, to meet a demand limited

year fairly illustrate most other pursuits.

Consumers are taking just as little coal as

will answer their immediate wants, feeling that

the price must soon come down. The retail

dealer from the same cause narrows his stock

as much as possible. The coal miner, fearing

an accumulation of stock on hand, tells his mi

ners that he cannot longer continue last year's wages, and the miner experiencing little abatement in the prices of living, feels that he cannot afford to come down in the price of his laor. The coal operator complains that he cannot produce coal at old charges and sell it at present, and probably lower prices, and to aroid piling his coal, a cessation of productiis the consequence, and now, throughout the coal region labor is at a stand-still, and likely to remain so until the present supply, which is becoming short, is exhausted, and consumers. the prices demanded, and which will warrant the continuance of old wages, or the miner, feeling the pressure of circumstances, compr mises with the operators and the popular feel ing, as to a general adjustment all around But while all this is transpiring, uncertaint and inactivity rules the hour, and before a sar isfactory arrangement as to prices is reached the coal season will have pretty much passed and the result will be, little coal and of course little labor, at less reduction of prices than it and confidence may return and dwell among us. By the end of the season, all parties will be poorer, and all prices having touched buttom, the year 1866 will start on a firmer foundaand energy to enterprise. What is true of the coal trade is true also of the manufacture of ron, and, indeed, of all the industrial pursuits. The sooner this is done the better it will be unavoidable. Let us use the season of transi-

> Stanton and Jeff. Davis. Permit me to describe one of the early scenes n the grand drama, the last act of which has

etter prepared for the "good time coming."

not yet been played.

It was during the session of Congress, the winter preceding the Charleston Convention, that a grave Schator occupied the attention of the Senate on the state of the nation. His soemnity of manner, his cimplicity of etyle, his extreme views on the subject of state rights, all proved the sincerity of the speaker, and recalled to memory the figure, voice, and sentiments of the dead Calhoun. The voice seemed more like the emanation of a spirit than the uttered convictions of the man who was destined to be the leader of the great rebellion. A sort of awe spread over the Senate chamber, and even Wade, ers received here contain the details of the and Sumner, and Chandler listened with an atsurrender of Kirby Smith's forces. The ca-tention akin to respect. Among the auditory pitulation was completed on the 25th of May. there was one who seemed more than the rest Gen. Buckner, it appears, conducted the last absorbed in the scene before him. The Senate capitulation, as he did the first, at Fort Don- adjourned, and Stanton hastened from the Senelson. He showed General Canby indisputable at chamber to one of the great hotels of Wash-authority to act for Smith. The Rebel navy ington, and asked to be shown to the room of the venerable Gov. Medary, of Ohio. Scarce General Dick Taylor was present. It is ly had he entered when, with a voice full of We hope this project, or if not this, some other sovereignty. He is not a slave to party, and probable, therefore, that a competent Federal passionate energy, he exclaimed-"Medary, I does not appear to respect those who look upon force will move forward at once to occupy the have just heard Davis, and, by all the gods, he government as simply a means of elevating one principal cities in Texas. In the meanting the is the greatest of living statesmen! The South is right, and Davis must be the nominee of the seems to have an eye to the stability of the Gov- lines to give counsel and advice as to social or- Charleston Convention; and to secure that end. ernment and the prosperity and harmony of pos- der, while General Smith proceeds through his you must come at once to Washington and take charge of the government organ.

Gov. Medary suggested that there were certain reasons why such an arrangement might not be acceptable to Mr. Buchanan, when Mr Stanton replied:

"I will lock to that, I will be responsible for that! I will go at once to the White House, and in two hours from now I will see you again.' Medary waited, Stanton returned; but for reasons unnecessury here to narrate, the scheme failed. This was the opening scene which pre-

ceded the rebellion, and Edwin M. Stayton play-

ed the chief role as the advocate of south rights, and the special friend of Jefferson Davis. Governor Medary sleeps in an honored grave, but there are yet three living witnesses to the truthfulness of this narrative. One is a state prisoner who lies in chains at Fortress Monroe; another is his jailer, who declared the prisoners views to be just, and who sought to place the range for the occupation of the country by the man he now holds in irons, in the Presidential chair; the third and last is the venerated James

Buchanan. This is but a stray scrap of histo-VOICE FROM THE GRAVE.

Exit Holt.

The surrender of KIRBY SMITH heralds the near approach of the end of Judge-Advocate General Holt, because it proclaims that rebellion no longer continues to defile the land. The sixth section of the act of Congress of June been prepared under an act of Congress of 1790 should exist only "during the continuance of the rebellion." That point of time has now arassociation with that "body of sin," the present Undoubtedly STAN bellion no longer exists in the United States, The witnesses to appear against him are and he will cause, from end to end of the re-