



Huntingdon & Broad Top Rail Road. DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Mail train, northward, leaves Mt. Dallas station at 3.40 p. m., arrives at Huntingdon at 6.58 p. m.

The Idolatry of the Time.

Hero-worship is the besetting sin of nations. A successful general, a great ruler, or very frequently a hideous impostor, is made the idol of the people's hearts.

And yet in this very hour and in this very community, men professing to be Christians are guilty of this deadly sin. Nay, ministers of the gospel themselves, set their hearers the example in this worship of human idols.

The Assassination of the President.

The universal grief into which the people of the United States have been plunged by the brutal assassination of the President, will, we fear, be unassuaged by the course of the new administration.

INSIDELTY.—The Infidels of New England having succeeded, through their abolition tactics in infusing the spirit of infidelity into the protestant churches generally, are preparing to make another bold stroke.

Exit Sherman!

"All flesh is grass," and all generals are mere puppets who must dance and kick, as the Jacobin leaders pull the strings with which the aforesaid generals are tied.

EDITORIAL MELANGE.

Agreeable—the weather. Leaving—trees and provost marshals. A good notion—the idea of stocking the Raystown branch with bass.

At least eight thousand engines will be at work in the Pennsylvania oil region this summer. Petroleum seems to hold its own, despite the depression in business.

It is reported that the petty provost marshals throughout the country, have been dismissed. If this be true, laus Deo!

A Grand Combination.

The great combination of equestrian and zoological attractions formed by the union of Thayer & Noyes' popular Circus troupe with Van Amburgh & Co.'s Menagerie, which is to be here on Friday, the 5th of May, presents inducements for a general patronage such as are seldom offered in a single establishment.

THE NATIONAL FREEDMAN makes an appeal on behalf of the suffering negroes of the South, and cites the following paragraphs from various letters and reports as evidence of the sad condition to which thousands of negroes are reduced.

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not be pictured thus, with their plantation rags and bare feet. It was hard to turn any way, but we could not do better than to do so, with a word of hope, which was received with poor grace by those to whom it came, unaccompanied by material aid.

Letter of J. Wilkes Booth. The following is said to be a letter of J. Wilkes Booth, handed over by his brother-in-law, John S. Clarke, to Marshal Millard:

NO PEACE YET! Gen. Sherman and Johnston Agree upon Terms! The Administration Refuses to Approve them!

Gen Sherman Displaced from Command! WASHINGTON, April 23. As reports have been in circulation for some time of a correspondence between Generals Johnston and Sherman, the following memorandum or basis of agreement made this 18th day of April, A. D. 1865, near Durham's Station, in the State of North Carolina, by and between Gen. Joseph E. Johnston, commanding the Confederate army, and Major General W. T. Sherman, commanding the army of the United States, both present.

1st. The contending armies now in the field to maintain the status quo until notice is given by the commanding general of any one to his opponent, and reasonable time, say forty-eight hours allowed.

2d. The Confederate armies now in existence to be disbanded and conducted to their several State capitals, there to deposit their arms and public property in the State arsenal, and each officer and man to execute and file an agreement to cease from acts of war, and to abide the action of both State and Federal authorities.

for themselves (worse than death) to draw from. I know my choice. I have also studied hard to discover upon what grounds the right of a State to secede has been denied, when our very name, United States, and the Declaration of Independence, both provide for Secession. But there is no time for words. I write in haste. I know how foolish I shall be deemed for undertaking such a step as this, where, on the one side, I have many friends and everything to make me happy, where my profession alone has gained me an income of more than twenty thousand dollars a year, and where my great personal ambition in my profession has such a great field for labor.

Two thousand of them (freedmen) have arrived at Beaufort, and are encamped in 'bough houses' in the woods in this vicinity. Government gives them one ration per day for the present, but they are very destitute of bedding, clothing, cooking utensils, everything."

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tain authority and will endeavor to carry out the above programme. (Signed) W. T. SHERMAN, Major General commanding Army U. States in North Carolina. J. E. JOHNSTON, General commanding C. S. Army in North Carolina.

MARRIED.

BURNHIMER-FELLER.—At the house of Hon. A. J. Snively, in Schellsburg, on the 22d instant, by John Smith, Esq., Mr. Lewis Burnhimer to Miss Catharine Feller, both of Somerset county.

DIED.

SLEEK.—In Napier township, on the 17th instant, Joseph W. Sleek, Esq., aged 57 years and 15 days.

STONER.—On the 10th inst., in Pattons-ville, Bedford county, Pa., Mrs. Mary Stoner, daughter of Abraham Weisel, Esq., in the 27th year of her age.

BARNDOLLAR.—In Bloody Run, on the 17th inst., Miss Sarah S. Barndollar, aged 20 years, 9 months and 5 days.

Bedford Markets. [Corrected weekly by J. B. Farquhar.] Flour, per barrel, \$10 00 Potatoes, per bush, .50 Wheat, per bush, 2 00 Eggs, per dozen, .15 Rye, per bush, 1 50 Butter, per lb., .30 Corn, per bushel, 1 25 Lard, per lb., .20 Oats, per bushel, 75 Bacon, per lb., .20

PROSPECTUS OF THE BEDFORD CO. MUTUAL OIL COMPANY.

Capital Stock \$150,000, Par Value \$100. No Favoritism. Every Subscriber on the Ground Floor.

The property of the above named company, which is being organized under the mining laws of Pennsylvania, consists of the following valuable territory: 1. A lease of one half acre, known as 'No. 2,' on the Tenney & Storvick purchase on Cherry Run, Venango county, Pa., just above the celebrated 'Red' well and within a stone's throw of a well just struck, flowing at present 100 barrels per day.

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3d. The recognition by the Executive of the United States of the several State Governments on their officers and Legislatures taking the oath prescribed by the Constitution of the United States, and where conflicting State Governments have resulted from the war the legitimacy of all shall be submitted to the Supreme Court of the United States.

4th. The re-establishment of all Federal courts in the several States with powers as defined by the Constitution and laws of Congress.

5th. The people and inhabitants of all States to be guaranteed so far as the Executive can, their political rights and franchise, as well as their rights of person and property, as defined by the Constitution of the United States and of the States respectively.

6th. The Executive authority or Government of the United States not to disturb any of the people by reason of the late war, so long as they live in peace and quiet and abstain from acts of armed hostility, and obey the laws in existence at the place of their residence.

7th. In general terms it is announced that war is to cease. A general amnesty, so far as the Executive of the United States can command, on condition of the abandonment of the Confederate armies. The distribution of arms and the resumption of peaceful pursuits by officers and men hitherto composing said armies.