BEDFORD GAZETTE.

B. F. MEYERS, EDITOR.

FRIDAY : : NOVEMBER, 4, 1864.

What They Promised.

THE FRIENDS OF GOV. CURTIN PROMISED THE PEOPLE THAT IF THEY WOULD RE-ELECT HIM, THE WAR WOULD END IN 30 DAYS AND THERE WOULD BE NO MORE DRAFTING. HOLD THEM TO THEIR PROMISES.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,

GEORGE B. McCLELLAN,
OF NEW JERSEY.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

GEORGE H. PENDLETON,
OF OHIO.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

ELECTORS AT LARGE,
ROBERT L. JOHNSON, of Cambria,
RICHARD VAUX, of Philadelphia.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

1	Wm. Loughlin,	13	Paul Leidy,
2	E. R. Helmbold,	14	Robert Sweinford,
3	Edward P. Dunn,	15	John Ahl,
4	T. McCullough,	16	George A. Smith,
5	Edward T. Hess,	17	Thaddeus Banks,
6	Philip S. Gerhard,	18	H. Montgomery,
7	George P. Lepler,	19	John M. Irvine,
8	Michael Seltzer,	20	J. M. Thompson,
9	Patrick McAvoy,	21	Rasselas Brown,
10	T. H. Walker,	22	James P. Barr,
11	O. S. Dimmick,	23	Wm. J. Koontz,
12	A. B. Dunning,	24	W. Montgomery.

"To Whom it may Concern."

Abraham Lincoln, of March 4th, 1861, and Abraham Lincoln, of July 18th, 1864, cut the following figures:

Lincoln's Inaugural, March 4. 1864.	*Lincoln to the Rebel Commissioners, July 18, 1864.*
I declare that I have no purpose, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, to interfere with slavery in the States where it exists. I believe I have NO LAWFUL RIGHT TO DO SO, and have NO INCLINATION TO DO SO. * * The RIGHT of each State to order and control its own domestic institutions according to its own judgment EXCLUSIVELY, is ESSENTIAL to the balance of power on which the perpetuity and ENDURANCE of peculiar fabric de pend. ABRAHAM LINCOLN.	Any proposition which embraces the restoration of peace, the integrity of the whole Union, and the ABANDONMENT OF SLAVERY and comes by and with an authority that can control the armies now at war with the United States, will be received and considered by the Executive Government of the United States, and will be met by liberal terms on substantial and collateral points; and the bearer or bearers thereof shall have conduct both ways. ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

[illegible] ble a number of communications [illegible] for want ta are u[illegible] to find room. Some [illegible] early day, among them those wri[illegible] friend [illegible]

Rally! Rally!

Once More Unto the Breach!

Democratic meetings will be held at

SCHELLSBURG on SATURDAY EVENING, November 5th, at 7 o'clock.

FETTER'S SCHOOL HOUSE, Bedford township, on same evening (Saturday) at 7 o'clock.

BOWSER'S SCHOOL HOUSE, in Colerain township, on same evening, (Saturday) at 7 o'clock.

A Grand Torch-light Procession

will take place in Bedford, on Monday evening next. The Democrats of the neighboring townships are invited to be present. Come one and all and participate in the last grand attack upon the enemy's works. In view of this announcement, the usual Democratic Club meeting will not be held on Saturday evening. Rally round the flag, boys, Rally once again, Shouting for "Little Mac" and Freedom!

Look at Your Tickets!

Be sure that you have the pure McClellan Electoral Ticket. Be careful from whom you take tickets. The Lincolnites will, doubtless, try to foist spurious tickets upon the unsuspecting. Examine your ticket before you vote it.

Look Out for Tricks!

Some of Lincoln's officials and Curtin's clerks are in this county, busily engaged in trying to persuade people to vote for Abraham. They make their living off the pickings that fall from Abe's table. Of course they are in favor of his re-election. Be on your guard against their tricks.

Now, To Your Post!

Every man to his post! Fall into line! Forward to the charge! Let there be no straggling, no lagging, no skulking. March up to the polls and vote like men. The hero of Antietam is our leader. The glorious McClellan is our standard-bearer. Who would not fight in his cause? Who would not rally under his flag? Now, forward, men and brethren, for McClellan and liberty.

Stop and Think!

If you vote for Lincoln, you may sign the death-warrant of either yourself, son or brother. For, if he is elected, you will be drafted and driven to the slaughter pens of Virginia.

A Petty Act.

The custodian of the Abolition drums, refused to lend one of them to be used by the soldiers in the burial of the gallant Lieutenant Gump. Shame on such petty meanness.

To the Polls!

Freemen of Bedford county! The hour has come! The day of your redemption is at hand! Four years of blood and sorrow have passed over your heads. Four years of untold wretchedness and misery have traced their gloomy history upon the record of your lives. God in his goodness has permitted you to see the day set apart by the fundamental law of the land, for your riddance from the terrible ordeal through which you are passing. If you avail yourselves of this glorious privilege, it will prove such a day of deliverance. On the other hand, if you fail to do so, it will be but a day for the confirmation of the slavery under which you are groaning. Men of all parties, next Tuesday will be for you a day of joy, or one of ineffable woe and sorrow! On that day you will vote for a change of the present unhappy condition of public affairs, or you will vote for more high prices, more drafts, more blood-shed, more widows and orphans, and for final and irrevocable Disunion. You will cast your vote for the Christian patriot, George B. McClellan, or you will place your own life and the lives of your neighbors and friends in the wanton hands of the man who called for a ribald song amid the moans of the wounded and the groans of the dying on the field of Antietam. The duty to decide between these candidates for the Presidency, is the most solemn and sacred you can possibly discharge as citizens. Upon your decision rests the fate of this great nation. Upon your judgment depend the lives and liberties of the present generation.—Upon your vote, in all probability, hangs the destiny of a son, a brother, or a near and dear friend. Can you go to the polls and devote to a bloody and fruitless death, the blooming boy, whose life you hold so dear; or can you vote mourning and desolation into the household of the daughter you cherish as the apple of your eye? You will most certainly do this, by giving your voice in favor of a continuance of the present condition of public affairs. The issue is before you. It is clear and well defined.—May the God of Truth, Justice and Mercy, guide you in your decision!

A Great Outrage!

The N. York Soldiers to be Disfranchised!

The War Department has arrested a number of the Democratic commissioners sent from New York to collect the votes of the soldiers from that state, and refused others passes. Ballots containing McClellan votes have been seized and are now in the possession of the President's pimps. ONE OF GEN. GRANT'S STAFF OFFICERS, sent home his ballot for McClellan, lifted the proxy and on opening it found a [illegible] *stituted!* In order to carry on this game more effectively, the agents of Lincoln, bribed one of the New York commissioners, a fellow by the name of [illegible] ry, to perjure himself and say that *he* was engaged in substituting McClellan for Lincoln ballots. This gave them a pretext to close the McClellan agencies, seize McClellan ballots and put Lincoln tickets in their stead. Thus the Abolitionists are striving to perpetuate their power. What a spectacle! The popular indignation at this last Lincoln outrage is said to be overwhelming in New York.

Not Out of the Woods.

The Abolitionists "crowed before they were out of the woods." They have claimed the defeat of Gen. Coffroth, Judge Kimmell, and the Democratic candidates for the Legislature. The latest official reports elect Gen. Coffroth, while the Judicial and Legislative districts are still undetermined, with the chances in favor of the Democratic candidates, when the legal votes shall be counted. Wait and see.

The Flag Stealers!

On the night of the late election, a large and beautiful flag (the old Stars and Stripes) was cut down and stolen by some Abolition vagabonds, who were prowling about the streets on that occasion. It was suspended between the Bedford Hotel and Jacob Reed's store and belonged to Hon. Job Mann, Judge Daugherty and Mrs. Virginia Tate. The Chairman of the Democratic County Committee, offers fifty dollars reward to any person who will recover and restore the flag and give such information as will lead to the conviction of the thieves. Such is the character of the men in this town, who advocate the election of Lincoln. Let their names go down to posterity with the execration they deserve.

To the people of East and West Providence, Hopewell, Broad Top and Liberty.

Owing to the fact that it is impossible to hold meetings in every district, prior to the Presidential election, your townships being among the number which we found it impossible to reach, on behalf of the chairman of the Democratic county committee, we urge upon you to gather your forces and consolidate your ranks for the contest next Tuesday. You did nobly at the last election. We respect and honor you for it. But you can do still better for Little Mac. In the first place see that every Democrat attends the election. In the second place, call on your Republican neighbors and appeal to their good sense, their humane feelings and their Christian principles, in favor of a *change* from the present bloody and ruinous public policy. Let every man among you be a committee to attend to these things, every Democrat to his post and all will be well.

Very Important!

Alabama Will Come Back, If we elect our Little Mac!

But No Peace as long as Lincoln Rules!

Light is Breaking!

The following preamble and resolutions are now before the Alabama Legislature. They show that the Southern people are willing to return to the Union, if McClellan is elected; and, on the other hand, that if Lincoln is elected, the war must go on. The preamble and resolutions are as follows:

WHEREAS, Abraham Lincoln, as President of the United States, and Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy thereof, and the friends and supporters of his administration, have declared that negotiations for peace cannot be entertained except on a basis of a restoration of the Union in its territorial integrity and the abolition of slavery, and that the existing war must be prosecuted until the men of these Confederate States are compelled to submit to these terms, or are subjugated, and if necessary to secure this end, exterminated, their lands confiscated, and their women and children driven forth as wanderers on the face of the earth; and

WHEREAS, The re-election of Abraham Lincoln to the office of President of the United States is advocated by many, if not all of his supporters upon these grounds, and that there is no other way to terminate the war, insisting that there is no disposition on the part of the people of these States to enter into negotiations for peace except on the distinct admission of the separate independence of these States as a basis; and

WHEREAS, At a recent convention held in the city of Chicago, a numerous and powerful party has declared its willingness, if successful, to stop fighting and open negotiations with us on the basis of the Federal Constitution as it is, and the restoration of the Union under it. Now, therefore,

Be it Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Alabama, in General Assembly convened, That we sincerely desire peace. If the aforesaid party is successful we are willing and ready to open negotiations for peace on the basis indicated in the platform adopted by said convention—our sister States of this confederacy being willing thereto.

Grand Rally!

The Democracy in Council!

Union and St. Clair in the Field!

A very large and enthusiastic meeting of the Democratic and Conservative people of St. Clair and Union townships, was held at St. Clairsville, on Saturday last. GEO. BECKLEY was appointed President; John Griffith, [illegible] Christman, Mock and David T. Ake, Vice-Presidents; and Sam'l. Crisman and George Moore, Secretaries. The meeting was addressed by John Palmer and B. F. Meyers, Esq'rs.

THE [illegible] IS a safe and reliable remedy for the cure of Rheumatism, Painful Nervous Affections, Sprains, Burns, Swellings and all diseases requiring an external application on man.

BEST [illegible]

On horses it will never fail to cure Poll-evil, Fistula, old running sores, or Sweeney if properly applied. For sprains, bruises, scratches, crooked hoofs, chafes, saddle or collar gall, cuts or wounds, it is an infallible remedy. Try it and be convinced of its efficacy.

LINIMENT FOR MAN AND BEAST

RHEUMATISM.

Persons afflicted with this disease no matter of how long standing, can be promptly and effectually cured by using this Mixture.

There is nothing in the world so sure and so good to take away hard corns, and cure Frost Bites as this preparation. Try it and satisfy yourselves. Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. Prepared by

S. A. FOUTZ,
Westminster, Md.

IN USE NOW

For sale at the Drug Stores of Reamer and Harry, Bedford, Pa.

December 18, 1863.—1y

FOUTZ'S
CELEBRATED HORSE AND CATTLE
POWDERS.

THESE Powders have proved, after a trial of several years, to be superior to any preparation of the kind in use. The chief superiority of these Powders arises from the fact that they are composed of medicines that have Laxative, Tonic and Purifying properties. The laxative ejects crudities from the stomach and intestines, the tonic gives strength to the system of the Horse, and the purifying medicines cool them cleanse the blood.

500 DOLLARS REWARD

[illegible]

Great Torchlight Procession!

An Immense Outpouring!

One of the most magnificent displays ever witnessed, was made by the Democracy of Philadelphia, on Saturday night last, in the shape of a torch-light procession in honor of the Democratic victory in Pennsylvania. A letter from Hon. W. P. Schell, informs us that there were 50,000 persons in the procession, and that it took *four hours* for it to pass a given point. Pennsylvania will give McClellan 30,000 majority. Let Bedford County do her share in the great work.

The Last From Ohio.

We have seen no news, for some time, from the Ohio election. The last we saw, was to the effect that the Abolition ticket had 21,000 majority, with ten Democratic counties to hear from, which would probably reduce the majority to 10,000. Last year Vallandigham was beaten 101,000, showing a gain of 91,000. We have good hope of carrying even Ohio, as well as Indiana for McClellan.

Dawson and Dennison!

It turns out that Hon. John L. Dawson and Hon. Charles Dennison, the former of the Fayette and the other of the Luzerne district, are both re-elected to Congress. The Bedford *Inquirer* will please alter its tables of Congressmen accordingly

An Attempt at Fraud!

The Tricksters Partly Foiled!

We showed in our last issue, that Lincoln's agents were striving hard to commit frauds in the return of votes from the army. The return judges of this county, met on Friday last, for the purpose of counting the soldiers' vote, and they found among the returns from the army, one which exhibited the singular discrepancy of giving the names of but 48 voters, whilst it set down the number of votes polled for Congress at 85! at the same time giving the Abolition candidate a majority of 29.—It was urged that the voters who had given the remaining 39 votes, were from Fulton county and for this reason they should be counted. A large majority of the return judges could not see how they could count the votes of citizens of Fulton county, inasmuch as the law specially restricted them to the counting of votes cast by citizens of Bedford county. Therefore, they declined to count them. Another return was a mixture of votes from five different counties, all footed up together, and showing a majority of 14 for the Abolition candidates. This return showed 42 votes polled for Bedford County, whilst the list of voters contained the names of but thirty citizens of Bedford county. This was also rejected by a majority of the return judges. There were at least fifty fraudulent votes counted, all in favor of the Abolition ticket, owing to the fact that the return judges could not go behind the certified returns. But one Republican signed the certificate of the footings of the votes. The other seven refused to sign. In order that this fair minded and upright man may be respected for his honorable course, we give his name: Thomas N. Young, Esq., of Hopewell tp. We are not done yet with these fraudulent returns, as our opponents will discover in due season.

M'CLELLAN, PEACE AND UNION!

VERSUS

LINCOLN, WAR AND DISUNION!

[For the Gazette.]

A Statement in Regard to the Bedford County Soldier's Vote.

At the Headquarters of Capt. Wishart, Va., *thirty six* votes were certified as polled by Bedford county men, yet for Congress there were *fifty two*, and for Judge there were *fifty four* on the tally list. At Barracks No. 1, D. C., there were certified to me forty six, and to the Secretary of State, forty eight votes from Bedford county, polled. On the tally list, however, the vote for Congress was *eighty-seven*.—The poll books contained a list of voters from Fulton, Franklin, Adams, Cambria, and Huntingdon as well as Bedford. The tickets of Barracks No. 1, were not returned to me by law. As soon as discovered, I wrote to the Judges about the discrepancy; and also to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and requested the Secretary to send the tickets if they had been sent to him in a mistake, so that we might see if possible how the vote stood before I came to certify. Jos. R. Durborrow, Esq., was present when I wrote both of these letters, and knows what I wrote; for I read them to him. The Secretary received my letter, for Maj. Washabaugh, in a letter to me on business, acknowledged its receipt, and stated that no Congressional, Judge or Assembly vote had been returned to them by the Fulton county poll-book. I never heard from the Secretary as to whether he had the tickets or had not, or if he had them, why they were not sent to me. I am the legal custodian of those tickets, and should have had them. They may have been folded separately, as separate ballots for the different counties, which would have explained the whole thing. A certified copy of the poll-book from Fulton was presented to me to influence my certificate to the return Judges. What business had I with a Fulton county return, or a return from Cambria, Adams or any other county? I am Prothonotary of Bedford county. The return judges to whom I was certifying were of Bedford county, and it was the vote only of Bedford county that I could certify. The returns to me were either frauds or blunders. I could not be expected to cover up either by my certificate. The 11th section of the law, requires the Judges to "string the vote *for each county*, upon a separate thread," &c.

The 14th section reads as follows:—"After the examination of the tickets shall be completed, *the number of votes for each person, in the county poll-books* as aforesaid, shall be enumerated, under the inspection of the Judges, and set down as hereinafter provided in the form of the poll-book."

The 16th section is as follows:—"A return in writing, shall be made in each poll-book, setting forth in words at length, the whole number of ballots cast *for each office* (except ballots rejected) the name of each person voted for, *and the number of votes given to each person, for each different office*, which return shall be certified as correct," &c.

The 18th section is as follows:—"It shall be the duty of the Prothonotary of the county, to whom *each* return shall be made, to deliver, to the *return Judges of the same county, a copy*, certified under his hand and seal, of the return of votes, so transmitted to him by the Judges of the election, as aforesaid, or as officially certified by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, as aforesaid, to said Prothonotary."

As a precaution against miscarriage by mail or otherwise, the law requires a poll-book to be sent to the Secretary of the Commonwealth and one to the Prothonotary. If the Secretary gets any that the Prothonotary does not, he certifies them. This was done. The Secretary had received seven that I had not, and I had received fourteen that the Secretary had not. They were all carefully certified. It was under the law (the points bearing upon the question which I have quoted) an absurdity to ask me to certify to the Judges of Bedford county a vote of Fulton county. It was greater nonsense to ask me to certify the vote polled, and not certify the number polled for *each person*, as I was bound to do by the law. How could the fifty-four votes at one poll, or the eighty-seven at the other, be separated, or divided between Cambria, Adams, Fulton, Huntingdon and Bedford counties. But, if separated, how many was Gen. Koontz to have and how many Gen. Coffroth? and so with the Judges. Thirty-seven votes polled in Fulton were certified to me by the Secretary, for Barracks No. 1. Deduct them from eighty-seven, would leave fifty, and then two came from some place else, leaving the forty-eight, for this county. Who were entitled to these forty-eight; how many to each congressional candidate; how many to each out of the thirty-seven? If any living man can explain how these votes for each person in Bedford county, was to be counted, and certified, I will give him credit for powers of combination that are not common to the lot of mankind, and will at once acknowledge my certificate an error.—Some who do not understand the subject, are ready to say that I have disfranchised the soldiers, and that I have wronged Gen. Koontz and Judge King. I have done no such thing. If they have been injured, it has been by the errors or wrongs of their own election officers, or those who should have furnished me with all the facilities they could to arrive at a proper conclusion. The fact is, that, judging from the balance of the Bedford county vote, at Barracks No. 1, Gen. Coffroth had a majority of ten or twelve, which are lost to him by my certificate.

O. E. SHANNON.

The "Good Times" Promised by Lincoln and the Wide Awakes in '60.

We are having "good times." Every day adds three millions of dollars of taxation on the people, and every dollar of debt is a mortgage on the property of the people.

☞We are having the good times in paying
☞State Taxes!
☞County Taxes!
☞Township Taxes!
☞City Taxes!
☞Bounty Taxes!
☞Internal Revenue Taxes!
☞Tax on Coffee!
☞Tax on Sugar!
☞Tax on Tea!
☞Tax on Calico!
☞Tax on muslin!
and in fact we are taxed on
EVERYTHING WE EAT!
EVERYTHING WE DRINK!
EVERYTHING WE WEAR!!
and indeed if there is a luxury in taxation we have "GOOD TIMES IN" paying Taxes!

☞We are having "good times" in buying
☞Stamps for Deeds,
☞Stamps for Mortgages,
☞Stamps for Notes,
☞Stamps for Duebills,
☞Stamps for Bills of Lading,
☞Stamps for Receipts,
☞Stamps for Checks,
☞Stamps for Certificates,
☞Stamps on Documents,
Stamps on Papers,
and in fact nothing is binding in law, unless a LINCOLN stamp of some kind is attached.

☞We are having "good times," ain't we, with our
☞Ragged Currency,
☞Greenbacks, large and small,
☞Lamp black and ink,
instead of the Good Old fashioned DEMOCRATIC GOLD AND SILVER.

☞We are having "good times" indeed with a country involved in a civil war, which has plunged her into a debt which will grind all down with eternal and everlasting taxation.

We are having "good times" when the rich man can invest his money in government bonds, have his interest paid in gold, while the farmer, mechanic, laboring men, &c., the property of the SOLDIER IN THE FIELD, the SOLDIER'S WIDOW AND ORPHAN, are taxed to pay gold interest on untaxed bonds. Fine times for the rich—under Abe Lincoln's blessed Administration—the happy effect of Wide-Awakeism.

☞We are having "good times" paying the salaries of
☞100,000 NEW OFFICERS!☜
created, brought into being by Lincoln. They swarm in every county, in every neighborhood thick as autumn leaves—and oh! they are so honest—so incorruptible!—so patriotic!—it is delightful for the people to pay taxes to support them.

☞We are having "good times" in paying $1000 for the privilege of staying at home.
$10 Taxes for being a Farmer!
and
EVERY THREE MONTHS WE HAVE THE PLEASURE OF PAYING LARGELY TO FREE OUR TOWN. SHIP FROM THE DRAFT!!

☞These are good times when
Fathers
must give up
sons—wives give
up husbands—Sisters give up brothers—
Children give up parents,
and men give up their homes
whenever Abraham Lincoln sees fit to put his Wheel of Death in motion, and put through the Draft.

If the people desire the continuance of such times—if they like stamps, license fees, and exactions of a similar character—let them vote for Lincoln. If they want to change such times, let them vote the Democratic Ticket, and work to elect McCLELLAN and PENDLETON.

"He made a few desultory remarks," said the schoolmaster. Mrs. Partington stopped suddenly in the bustle she was making around the table for tea, and gazed over her specs thoughtfully at him. Leaning on a plate edgewise, as if to enforce her views by the support it gave her, "I suppose it was because he was weak," said she, "but Ayer's Pills will cure him. I never knew 'em to fail. They are very solitary in such cases." "Really, madam," replied he, "I cannot guess your meaning." "You said dysentery," said she, laying down the plate and putting a spoon in the preserves. "I said desultory," said he smiling, quite a different thing. "No matter," said she, looking up in time to box Ike's ears, who was putting paper down the chimney of the kerosene lamp. "The Pills are good for both, I dare say, for they cure almost all the diseases in the compass."

Soldiers' Orphans.

The arrangements for the education and maintenance of the destitute orphans of the soldiers and sailors of the State, under the act relating to the subject, being now sufficiently completed to enable the committee appointed for the purpose to receive applications, notice is hereby given that blank forms of application, with the necessary instructions, have been deposited with the chairman of the committee, from whom the relations or friends of the orphans can obtain them.

When the application and statement in each case should be properly filed and sworn to, and certified by the Board of Common School Directors of the district in which the orphan resides, it is to be returned to the person from whom it was received, or to some other members of the county superintending committee, by whom it will be forwarded to the State Superintendent.

In a short time after the receipt of the application by the Superintendent, if it be in due form, and the orphan be entitled to the benefits of the act, an order for the admission to the proper school will be sent by mail to the mother, or other applying relative or friend, with necessary instructions.

It is expected that the schools selected for these orphans will be ready for their reception during the month of November. Their friends will therefore take the necessary steps and have them ready for admission by the 1st of November at the latest.

The State will provide clothing, boarding, washing, mending, instruction books, &c., for the orphans while in the schools provided for them, but the relatives or friends are expected to send them thither, without cost to the State, and also to send with them, in as good order as possible, such clothing as they may then have, to be worn till others can be provided for them.

The following persons have been appointed by Hon. Thos. H. Burrowes, Superintendent of soldiers' orphans, of Pennsylvania, a committee to whom all applications from this county for admission into the schools provided by the State must be made: John W. Lingenfelter, chairman; J. R. Durborrow, Mrs. Samuel Shack, Mrs. Adam Carn, and Miss. Emma Barclay.

WAR NEWS.

REPORTED EVACUATION OF ATLANTA!

Grant's Campaign Against Richmond Virtually ended.

Rebel Legislature of Tennessee about to Assemble!

Beauregard invading Tennessee.

LOUISVILLE, October 30.

The *Journal* learns that parties from Chattanooga report that Sherman has evacuated Atlanta, and is proceeding northward to repel Hood's attack in his rear.

CAIRO, Oct. 29.

The Memphis *Bulletin* of the 27th says it is [illegible] nessee are exceedingly active. They have established railroad and telegraphic communication between Corinth and Jackson, and are conscripting every person able to bear arms, including old men, and sending agents to every part of West Tennessee outside our lines for sheep, stock of all kinds, goods, money, and everything that can be of service to them.

The rebel Governor Harris has been in consultation with Forrest and other rebel leaders, and unless the federal authorities prevent it, a session of the rebel legislature will be held at some point in West Tennessee, so that it may go abroad that they have permanently secured that portion of the state.

Meeting of the Rebel Legislature---Preparations for Holding an Election.

[From the Little Rock (Ark.) Democrat, Oct. 17.

The rebel Legislature of Arkansas met on September 22, with thirteen members present in the Senate and forty in the House. J. T. Lowry was chosen speaker of the House. Gov. Flannigan's message recommends the passage of a law allowing soldiers to vote. None should be held where but a small part of the people can vote. He doubts whether a free election can be held in that portion of the State occupied by the Federals.

A. P. Garland has been elected to the rebel Congress, over Albert Pike, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of C. Mitchell. The Little Rock *Democrat* regards the election of Garland, formerly a Unionist, and now a very strong rebel, over Pike, a man of decided secession proclivities, as an evidence of a lingering fondness for the old Union.

Gen. Grant's campaign against Richmond is virtually closed. His whole army moved forward last week to attack the rebels in front of their works, but found not a single point unguarded. Grant then withdrew his army, with the hope that Lee would attack him. Beauregard is about to invade Tennessee. He is in Sherman's rear with a large army.

BROOKS' SERIES OF ARITHMETICS
for sale at *introduction prices*, at the Drug and Book Store of Dr. B. F. Harry, Bedford, Pa. Dr. B. F. Harry is the agent.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned appointed to make distribution under the will of Chas. Hoyman dec'd., of the balance in the hands of his Executor, Jas. Mattingly Esq., will attend for that purpose, at the office of the Hon. John Cessna, in Bedford, on Thursday the 17th day of November, next, at 10 o'clock A. M. at which time and place all interested may attend if they think proper.

Nov. 4, 1864. M. A. POINTS, Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of Frederick Mock, dec'd., late of St. Clair twp., Bedford county, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Bedford county, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate, are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement. BARBARA MOCK,

Oct. 28, 1864. Administratrix.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that by order of the court of common Pleas of Bedford County J. W. Lingenfelter committee of Abraham Sill a lunatic of Bedford tp., has filed his account in this office and that the same will be presented to the court for confirmation at November Term next. O. E. SHANNON, Proth'y.

Bedford, October 28, 1864.