



What They Promised.

THE FRIENDS OF GOV. CURTIN PROMISED THE PEOPLE THAT IF THEY WOULD RE-ELECT HIM, THE WAR WOULD END IN 30 DAYS AND THERE WOULD BE NO MORE DRAFTING. HOLD THEM TO THEIR PROMISES.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,

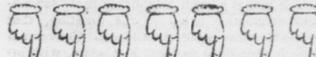
GEORGE B. MCCLELLAN, OF NEW JERSEY.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

GEORGE H. PENDLETON, OF OHIO.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

- ROBERT L. JOHNSON, of Cambria, RICHARD VAUX, of Philadelphia. District Electors: 1 Wm. Leighton, 2 F. R. Helmbold, 3 Edward P. Dunn, 4 T. McCullough, 5 Edward T. Hesa, 6 Philip S. Gerhard, 7 George P. Lepler, 8 Michael Seltzer, 9 Patrick McAvoy, 10 T. H. Walker, 11 O. S. Dimmick, 12 A. B. Dunning, 13 Paul Leidy, 14 Robert Swetsford, 15 John Ash, 16 George A. Smith, 17 Thaddeus Banks, 18 H. Montgomery, 19 John M. Irvine, 20 J. M. Thompson, 21 Rasselas Brown, 22 James P. Barr, 23 Wm. J. Kooniz, 24 W. Montgomery.



REMEMBER THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION COMES ON THE 8TH DAY OF NOVEMBER!!!

DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS.

Rally, Once Again!

A MASS MEETING of the Democrats of the western end of Bedford county, will be held at NEW BALTIMORE, on TUESDAY, Nov. 1, at 1 o'clock P. M.

The Democrats of St. Clair, Union, and adjoining tps., will assemble in MASS MEETING at ST. CLAIRSVILLE, on Saturday, Oct. 29th, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

The Democrats of Cumberland Valley will assemble at CENTREVILLE, on Wednesday, Nov. 2d, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

The Democrats of Springtown will meet at ADAMS' MILL, on FRIDAY, Nov. 4, and at Cavender's Store on the evening of the same day.

The Democrats of Londonderry and the adjacent districts in Maryland, will meet at PALO ALTO, on Thursday, Nov. 3d, at 1 o'clock P. M.

The Democrats of South and Middle Woodberry and adjoining townships will meet at WATERSIDE, on Saturday, Nov. 5, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

Soldiers At The Polls.

Of course the Abolition tricksters will have arrangements made to have soldiers stationed at the several polls of this county. This will be done, as it was at the last election, with the pretence of watching for non-reporting conscripts. We say nothing against the employment of soldiers in the arrest of deserters, but if it does seem to us that their work might be accomplished without tramping under foot the laws of Pennsylvania, which forbid the presence of armed troops at the places where elections are being held. Our noble sheriff, by his timely proclamation, maintained, in some degree, the sanctity of the law at the late election. As long as our chief peace officer does his duty, as Sheriff Aldstadt did in that instance, the people need have no fear for their liberties. But the violation of the law, by the procurement of armed guards for the polls, on the part of the Abolition leaders in this place, led to the murder of an innocent and peaceable citizen. What the repetition of this electioneering trick may result in, we are not prepared to say; but we now declare, in advance, that if the polls are to be watched by armed men, contrary to the laws of this state and in violation of the Constitution of the United States, which guarantees to the people the FREEDOM OF ELECTIONS, the responsibility for the consequences will rest upon those who set the law and the Constitution at defiance.

Democrats of Bedford Borough.

Now is the time to work for the cause. Some of your number have been dragged away, since the last election, by the conscription officers, and you must make up for their absence by talking to your neighbors and getting some of those who have heretofore voted against the Democracy, to vote for Little Mac. Your party majority of 28 can be held and increased, if every man but does what he can to make another vote. We would advise you to keep an eye on the "detectives," assistant provost marshals, and vermin of that sort. We hear that some of them are trying to buy votes, by promising to get people out of the draft. Watch them, and if you discover them in this foul business, prosecute them at once.

State Senate.

The Democrats have elected eight of the eleven Senators chosen at the late election.—The new Senators are Messrs. Christy, Walters, Walls, Clymer, Donovan, Randall, James and Schall, Democrats; and Messrs. Bigham, Lowry and Royer, Abolitionists. This is a splendid triumph.

The Frauds upon the Soldiers!

Paralleled Outrages!

Democratic Soldiers Disfranchised!

Letters Opened and Tickets Abstracted!

DEMOCRATS PREVENTED FROM VOTING!

Illegal and Fraudulent Returns!

Shall These Wrongs Be Righted?

The most glaring and outrageous frauds ever perpetrated under the sun, have been practised upon the soldiers voting in the army, by their abolition officers and the underlings of the administration. We hear from every quarter, from the most reliable sources, that Democratic soldiers were prevented, by force, from voting, that minors and negroes were allowed to vote and that fraudulent returns have been made. The prothonotary of this county, for instance, has received one return which shows that forty six votes were polled and of these forty six, twenty nine voted the Democratic ticket. But the Abolition candidate for Congress is set down as having received fifty five votes, just nine more than were polled altogether! Other returns embrace the votes of soldiers from five different counties, all counted together, rendering it impossible to tell how the Bedford county men among them voted. But what is still more outrageous and enough to make every freeman's blood boil with indignation, is the statement of Democratic soldiers, iterated and re-iterated, that they were not permitted to vote. WILLIAM SLEEK, of Napier tp., writes home that when he was about to cast his ballot, he was told that he could not vote the Democratic ticket at that poll. He is in one of the hospitals at Washington city. JAS. NAWGLE of the same tp., also writes that he was not allowed to vote the Democratic ticket. JOSEPH RHOADS, of Bedford tp., writes to the same effect. All these men had their tax receipts and other papers properly prepared, as we personally know. We have also seen letters from soldiers to parties in this place, stating that letters sent to them which spoke of having tickets enclosed, reached them minus the tickets. Thus the Democratic soldiers have been disfranchised and thus is the will of the people of Pennsylvania overborne! Is there no remedy for this? The law provides a very uncertain and expensive one—the contesting of the election. But every one knows that in such contests, the same party which used fraud in the first place, generally uses it again with the same success. What, then, are the outraged people to do? Our answer is, Roll up such a majority in November as neither fraud nor force can overcome, but if overcome by such means, then to right themselves AT ALL HAZARDS!

As confirmatory of what we have said above in regard to the army frauds, we clip the following from the Bellefonte Watchman: CAMP DISTRIBUTION, Va., Oct. 15. MR. ALEXANDER ESK—I received yours of the 4th inst., and was glad to hear such favorable news from "Old Centre." I have seen no report of the election of the county yet, but I feel confident that the whole Democratic ticket is elected by a handsome majority. There were three votes for Centre county in my company, and they all went the whole county ticket: one of the number that never voted that ticket before. There will be more votes cast at the November election than there was at this one. A poll was opened in camp and I will give you a slight idea how it was carried on. There are men here from all parts of the State. It is to be remembered that the drafted men and substitutes are always kept under guard, and when the polls opened the Pennsylvania men were ordered to fall in and go to vote. One squad, in command of a sergeant was marched to the place of voting, when the Colonel commanding the camp, came and spoke to the men and told them that he wanted every man to have his just dues, that the election was to be carried on in a fair way, and that there was no fraud or illegal voting to be permitted.—When they were asked what ticket they were going to vote, nine of the number said the Democratic ticket. The Colonel then ordered the Sergeant to take those men to their quarters, that they could not come any of their d—d copperhead games over him. These nine Democrats were thus deprived the right of voting.

If you, or any one else, doubts the reality of it I shall be plain enough to give you their names, and their respective places of residence. Joseph Rhoads, Bedford, Bedford Co.; Archibald Snyder, Peach Bottom, York Co.; James Thompson, Johnstown, Cambria Co.; Joseph Senger, do do do; John Robinson, Cating Furnace, Blair Co.; Richard Caverty, Philadelphia; Peter B. Shard, do 10th Ward; Peter Mim, East Erb, Lancaster Co.; John Hawley, Williamsport, Lycoming Co. Yours, very respectfully, H\*\*\*\* G\*\*\*\*\* Co. F. 14th Reg't, P. R. V. C.

Congressmen Elected.

The following is a list of the Congressmen for this State, elected by the home vote: DEMOCRATS. S. J. Randall, Henry P. Ross, B. M. Boyer, Philip Johnson, Meyer Strouse, S. E. Ancona, Charles Denison, Thaddeus Wright, R. L. Johnston, A. H. Coffroth, John L. Dawson, A. J. Glossbrenner. ABOLITIONISTS. Leonard Myers, W. D. Kelley, C. O'Neill, J. M. Broomall, Thaddeus Stephens, George F. Miller, G. W. Schofield, C. V. Culver, J. K. Moorhead, Thos. Williams, G. V. Lawrence, Ulysses M. Ercur.

In the present Congress the delegation stand 9 Democrats, 1 renegade, 2 republicans elected on Democratic tickets, but acting with the administration, and 12 Abolitionists; showing a gain, on the home vote, of three Democrats.—Mercer, Culver, Miller and Schofield, abolitionists, barely escaped defeat.

How They Wiggle!

The Harrisburg Telegraph, edited by the Hessian Berger, Lincoln's postmaster at the State capital, is dumbfounded by the large Democratic gain in Bedford county. The fellow actually had an idea that the people of this county, could be bought and sold as cheap as himself, and that because some of the small politicians of Bedford borough, had gone over to Lincoln, therefore, the county would certainly, also, turn a somersault into the "embrace of Abolitionism. He confidently expected that a great proportion of the 15,000 votes, which one of our renegades was to take over to Lincoln in this State, would be made up of the honest yeomanry of Bedford county. His chagrin at the result, is about as bitter as that of the parties here upon whom he built his hopes, and hence he wiggles and twists and squirms in his efforts to find a reason for the disaster to his friends in this county. One day he says that it was owing to the proclamation of our Sheriff, commanding the peace at the polls and calling upon the peace-officers to enforce the laws; the next he attributes it to the fact that our County Treasurer gave receipts for taxes paid to him for soldiers in the army, so that those soldiers might not be disfranchised; in doing which, both Sheriff and Treasurer were only executing their sworn duties. Why, the chairman of the Abolition county Committee, brought a list of three hundred names of soldiers to the Treasurer, for which he demanded and obtained tax receipts. The Hessian must try again if he would find out the true reason for the awful thrashing his friends got in this county at the late election. But he had better wait till after the 8th of November, when he will have more of the same sort of work to do and he can then make a single job of all the necessary apologies for the downfall of Abolitionism in Bedford county.

Turn Out In Your Might.

Remember the election comes on Tuesday, the 8th of November. Let every man be at his post. Don't wait to be sent for. Every man is equally interested with his neighbor, in bringing about a change of administration. Let the Democrats of every school district appoint a place of meeting on election day; let a committee be appointed to ascertain whether all are present and when every man answers to his name, then let them march forward to the polls. Lists of voters should also be made and a committee man should stand at the window and check off the name of those voting, and those not at the polls by two o'clock in the afternoon, should at once be sent for. Now, then, Rally for McClellan, boys, Rally once again, shouting the death-knell of traitors!

Arson Pillage and Murder.

Look down the desolate valley of Shenandoah! Behold its beautiful towns, its pleasant farm-houses, its well-filled barns, its generous mills, feeding the flames of Lincoln's policy of destruction. Look again to far off Florida and see the lovely city of Jacksonville, a prey to the fires of Lincoln's plan of desolation. Look once more to Mississippi and Louisiana and find there the ashes of the once flourishing towns of Jackson and Alexandria leveled to the earth by the insensate fury of the American Nero. Then turn your eye northward and note from the Kansas line to Chambersburg, the smouldering ruins of towns and hamlets, destroyed, in retaliation, by the raiders of Jeff. Davis. You shudder as you contemplate the scene. Your heart sickens within you as you think of the horrors surrounding you on every side. Arson, pillage and murder are at your very door. Your dwellings are to be burned over your heads, your valuables pillaged and yourself and family, if escaping the vengeance of the rebels, shot down in cold blood, as was poor Frederick Mock, and all for the sake of keeping the Illinois buffoon telling his smutty jokes in the White House! Oh, miserable, deluded people! how long will you be the instruments of your own ruin! If there be a thunderbolt in heaven, whose flash were vivid enough to reveal but for a moment, the hideous horror of the policy which you, who intend to vote for Lincoln, sustain, may it fall at your feet and wake you to a realization of your danger. Can you vote for more burning, more pillage, more slaughter? Oh, think of the shrieking women, the crying children, the widows and orphans, the houseless and homeless and bedless and breadless, turned out to die in the storms of winter, by the policy which you endorse by voting for Lincoln! In the sacred name of humanity, we implore you to pause and ponder before you permit yourselves to be governed by prejudice, or former party affiliations, in the discharge of your duties as voters.

A Handsome Gain.

The Democratic candidates for the Legislature in this district, gain just 1000 over the vote of last year, the abolition majority then being 798 whilst the Democratic majority now is 202.—This is truly astounding. Over army frauds and all, the gain will be at least 700. Last year Mr. Meyers' majority in this county was just 250; this year it is 666, a gain of 416. A few more personal attacks from renegade slanderers, would have given him 1000 majority.

Not True.

We are informed that the Abolitionists are circulating a story in the army, to the effect that Gen. McClellan was opposed to granting soldiers the right to vote. This is false—utterly false—and was invented merely to make votes for Lincoln.

The 184th.

We have been shown a letter from a private in the 184th P. V., which states that the regiment gave 107 Democratic majority. The company in this regiment, from this place, gave a Democratic majority. Of course, no return of this vote has been received by the Prothonotary.

Nail Them.

We are informed that the abolition judge and inspector of election for Union township, refused to take the votes of some seven drafted men who desired to vote at that poll, at the late election; also, that they refused to receive the proxies of several soldiers. They should be prosecuted and if they repeat such an outrage upon the rights of freemen, they must and will be made to suffer the penalty of the law.

Now, Work!

Pennsylvania is ours, but we must not remain idle. Fraud and force in the army must be overcome, by an increase of our majority at home. Five additional votes in each district, will be sufficient to place our majority in the State, beyond the reach of all the dirty work that can be done by our opponents. But most districts can do better than this. Let us make the majority for McClellan so overwhelming that abolitionism will never again be heard of in the Keystone state. Work, Work, Work!

Astonishing Frauds.

We have often heard of election frauds, but those perpetrated by the Abolitionists on the eleventh inst., exceed everything in that line we ever imagined. It has come to light that at least 40,000 illegal votes were cast in Indiana, whole regiments of troops from other states voting at the various polls along the railroads over which they passed. A German soldier from Pittsburg, named STUMPF, has made out to the effect that some 2000 soldiers, from other states, himself among the number, were taken out of the cars at Indianapolis and marched to the polls to vote the Abolition ticket, which they did, receiving therefor a treat of lager beer. The vote of Indianapolis proves this to be true, as it is larger than that of the whole county was in 1852. Is there no remedy for this? We shall see.

Let Them Count Us Out, If They Dare.

The Democrats elect their candidates and the Abolition ballot-box stuffers and army agents "count them out." We will settle this matter after the Presidential election. Let them "count us out," if they dare. As sure as heaven bends above us, if Lincoln is re-elected by fraud, there will be a day of reckoning. Never mind! The Democratic National Convention has not adjourned sine die.

GOOD NEWS!

Still They Come!

The Bradford Argus, the old organ of the opposition in that benighted Abolition region, controlled by David Wilmot, has just taken down the names of Lincoln and Johnson, and hoisted those of McClellan and Pendleton.—Bradford county used to give 4,000 Abolition majority. At the late election, it gave but 2,700. The influence of the Argus will reduce it to little or nothing. We give below the editor's reasons for abandoning Lincoln, and supporting McClellan: "Do not the times demand a change in the policy of the Government? We believe they do, and being of that opinion we have taken down the name of Abraham Lincoln, and put that of Gen. George B. McClellan in its stead as our candidate for the Presidency. In doing this we may give offense to some of the old readers of the Argus. As the Argus was the organ of the old Whig party, we have to say to its old patrons, that in making this change we but place the Argus along by the side of the eminent men of that party who have come down to the present time—men who have for years stood aloof from party politics, but who now come out and declare for McClellan as the only hope of the country."

The Last Hair.

The Abolitionists are hanging by the last hair. Greeley's Tribune gives up Pennsylvania on the popular vote, and says the Democrats have carried the State. Hereabouts the Abolitionists comfort themselves with the success of their frauds in the army. They cling to the army vote like grim death, because this is the last link to which they can hang. But they are sorely disappointed at the small majority they have received in the army. Before the election they claimed that it would be 30,000; now they admit that it will not be over 10,000. We do not believe that it is 5,000, though until after the presidential election they will keep the figures up as high as possible.—But wait till you hear from "Little Mac" in the army. Where the Democratic county tickets received one vote, he will get thousands. Wait till the 8th of November.

The Two Men.

On the eighth of November the people of the United States will decide whether the present unhappy state of the country shall continue or be forever terminated. Those who vote for Lincoln, vote for more blood, more widows and orphans, more public debt, more taxation, more high prices, in short for more of the policy which, all must admit, is destroying the people and ruining the country. On the other hand, those who vote for General McClellan, vote for a CHANGE OF POLICY, for the restoration of an honorable peace, for the re-establishment of the Union, and for a return to the olden happiness and prosperity. Which will you choose? Oh, remember that your own life and the lives of those dearest to you on earth, are involved in this question! Will you not help to rescue the people, to save your own property, nay, your very existence, from the remorseless fiends that are now dragging the nation to perdition? Will you vote for a Christian gentleman, an educated statesman, a patriotic general, against whose character, as a citizen, not one word can be said, even by his most malignant enemies; or will you put your neck into the noose once more, by voting for the smutty Illinois buffoon, who has neither private character nor public virtue enough to shield him from the contempt of any respectable man that ever made his acquaintance?

Pennsylvania O. K.

Crow, Chapman, Crow! Nor mind how much the Blackies blow!



The latest official reports of the Congressional vote of the State, foot up about 2,000 majority for the Democrats. We give a table of the returns below. The majority on the county tickets is much larger, running up to about 8,500! which will not be overcome even by the frauds in the army returns.

Table with 3 columns: Dem Maj, Rep Maj, Dem Maj. Lists candidates and their vote counts for various counties and districts.

Total... 40,773 38,749 19,443

Dem. Maj. 2,024

\* Official returns.

More Help!

"War Democrats," Read!

HON. W. A. SHANNON, an adherent of, and lately an office-holder under the present administration, has just resigned his position as Assistant U. S. Treasurer, and come out for McClellan. Read his letter to the Secretary of the Treasury.

UNITED STATES TREASURY, NEW YORK, Sept. 25, 1864. DEAR SIR:—Being desirous of entering the canvass in active support of General McClellan for the Presidency of the United States and deeming my present relations with the Administration incompatible therewith, I tender you my resignation as an officer in your department.

I wish here to state that I have been a War Democrat from the commencement of our unhappy contest, and despairing of the desire as well as the ability of Mr. Lincoln to carry the country through the present crisis, with our liberties unimpaired, I have determined to sacrifice official position to aid in a humble way in bringing about a change of rulers.

Wm. A. SHANNON.

Hold Meetings.

Let the McClellan men of every township hold meetings and canvass their districts. Don't wait for Bedford borough to send you speakers. It is impossible for the town speakers to visit every part of the county again. Put your own shoulders to the wheel, and push on the column.

The Maryland Election.

The Abolitionists Defeated!

The State O. K. for "Little Mac"

Glorious little Maryland! She has at last proclaimed herself free! Although thirty thousand of her voters were disfranchised by a horrible test-out, the McClellan young guard rallied and overthrew the Massachusetts despotism which has threatened her liberties. The following are the latest returns of the vote on the new abolition constitution:

Table with 3 columns: For, Against, Total. Lists counties and their vote counts for the new constitution.

Majority against Const'n on Home vote, 1,994

Soldiers' vote, majority for, 1,559

Majority against, 435

How Goes the Battle?

The States which have recently voted, show the following result:

Table with 3 columns: For McClellan, For Lincoln, Total. Lists states and their vote counts.

Figures will not lie. Let Abolitionists boast as much as they please, things look a little ugly for Abraham the First.

Connellsville and Southern Pennsylvania Railway Company Organized.

In pursuance of public notice the Commissioners in the act for the incorporation of the Connellsville and Southern Penn. Railway company, met at the Washington Hotel in Bedford, Friday, Oct. 14, 1864 to open books for subscriptions to the capital stock and to adopt such other measures as might be necessary to conform to the requirements of the charter. Hon S. L. Russell was called to the chair, after which the books were opened and subscriptions for one hundred and two thousand, two hundred shares, amounting to five millions, one hundred and ten thousand dollars, were entered by S. L. Russell, W. J. Baer, John Cessna, J. A. Wright, G. W. Householder, Geo. W. Cass, J. Bacon & others, and five dollars paid in upon each and every share, thus inaugurating most successfully one of the grandest Railway enterprises of the age. The charter is a most liberal one. Under its power, the southern tier of counties of Pennsylvania, will be provided with the railway so long needed to develop the great mineral, agricultural, lumber and other sources of wealth in those counties; and it will furnish, also another magnificent highway between the Ohio Valley and the Atlantic seaboard.

The proceedings were most harmonious and we now feel that our great railway will be made and not be suffered to slumber for over twenty years, as was the case while the power to construct remained with the old fogies of the Pittsburg and Connellsville company, which was controlled during its unhappy and useless existence by corporate interests of another state that appeared to have but little real interest in developing the resources of Pennsylvania, but rather to delay and retard the completion of a road that ought to have been finished years since.

A certificate duly authenticated by the commissioners, was forwarded to the Governor, to obtain the letters patent and the stockholders will be called to meet in the city of Philadelphia early in November (of which due notice will be published) for the purpose of electing a President and Directors. A competent corps of Engineers will then be placed upon the route to make all the necessary surveys and location. Our citizens and property holders should give every aid and facility possible to the parties in charge of this great enterprise.

DEATH OF A BRAVE SOLDIER.—It is with feelings of profound regret that we record the death of Lieut. JOHN A. GUMP, 138th P. V. He was mortally wounded in the battle of the 10th inst., near Strasburg, while gallantly fighting the rebels. Lieut. Gump was a brave and true soldier and his untimely death is mourned by many friends. Green be the turf above him!

The Somerset Herald is informed that what we mean by "fraud and force in the army," is not the fair and free vote of the soldiers, but the cheating and torcing of the brave defenders of the old flag, into voting the Abolition ticket by Lincoln's bribings, such as Revenue Collectors and stipendiaries of that ilk. Verushah!

Comfortable.

The whole Democratic county ticket has been elected over army frauds and all, by upwards of 500 majority. Quite comfortable.