What They Promised.

Money, Flour and Pork wanted in paymen

The Message and Proclamation. We publish in this issue the third annual me sage of President Lincoln and also its proclams tery appendix. Owing to the fact that the President has been laboring under severe illnes for some time past, the writing of the messag was committed to the hands of another, and the result is, that, for once, we have some decent English over the signature of Abraham Lincoln The condition of our relations with foreign na nations, is clearly stated and the message proceed in plain narrative style, until it finds the ne gro in its path, when the writer immedialely falls into the darkest mazes of mystification an sophistry. The argument is made that the eman cipation preclamation was a military necessity and in support of it the allegation is made that the "rebel borders are pressed still further back." Now, this is not true as to Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida Alabama and Louisiana. The ground recovered by the Federal armies in those States, was gained before the proclamation was issued. New Orleans, Fort Pulaski, Hatterns Island and the confederate strongholds in Western Virginia, were captured long before the plighted faith of the President was openly violated. As to Kentucky, Missouri, Arkansas, Tennessee and Mis sissippi, the key to the posession of those States fell into the hands of the Federals when Fort Donelson and Island No 10 were yielded up by the confederates, which events occurred long anterior to the President's manifesto of emancition. The fall of Vicksburg and Chattanooga were but the consequences of the confedera to defeats at Donelson and Island No 10. How, then, has the emancipation proclamation proved a military benefit? Neither the President nor

nned before the world: "According to our political system, as a matter of civil administration, the Government HAD NO LAWFUL POWER to effect emancipation in any state."

any of his champions are able to answer this

of the Executive to issue the emancipation proc-

exists. Let the reader mark the following pas-

sage and note how Mr. Lincoln stands self con-

In regard to the so-called proclamation of amnesty appended to the message, we can but say that if the President fancies that the Southern people will return to their allegiance under the conditions named in that document he must of requiring them to swear fealty to every political vagary of the Executive, the emancipation proclamation included, and by so doing to yield up their property as well as their civil institutions, is simply preposterous. Had he only named the terms of submission to the Constitution and laws and an unconditional pardon, there might have been some hope of their return to the Union. But this proclama-Lincoln must withdraw the emancipation wedge which he has been driving with his "negro maul" into the very heart of the Union, and, then, (and not till then) there may be some prospect of peace and re-union.

There will be a festival for the benefit of the Lutheran Sabbath School, on Christmas eye and Christmas day. On Christmas eve, the Grand Jury room of the Court House will contain tables with the various articles of contribution for sale. At one end of the room there will be oysters, ice-cream and cakes. Christmas day, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the game-dinner will be given-adults at one table and children at another. The Court room will be used as a reception room till the dinner is ready. The nagers prefer selling tickets to all who wish to take dinner before Christmas day. They can

ulating us on the articles against political preachers which have appeared in the Gazette. We ers which have appeared in the Gazette. We silver-mounted, case-hardened steel ferrule—
ask no thanks for what we have written in this regard. We feel it our duty to oppose the into A. H. Coffroth, 1863." The occasion was

We regret to state that on Saturday last, a little son of J. T. Gephart, of Bedford tp. was so scalded by falling into a bucket of hot water, that he died on Wednesday.

The attention of delinquent Collectors is called to a notice found in another column. We understand that the Commissioners are deterA Nut for Political Preachers.

W. H. Chanuing, of Washington City, a Utarian preacher, has been elected Chaplain to the National House of Representatives. He was elected by the Abolition members, the Dem.crats voting for Bishop Hopkins of the Episell us in their doctrinal sermons that Unitaranism is infidelity and yet the men whom their prayers and sermons have helped to nend to Congress, endorse Unitarianism and by their example recommend their constituents to do ikewise. Have they no tongues to reprove the wickedness of their Congressmen in thus elevating to the sacred desk what they demounce as infidelity? Rev. E. W. Kirby, of the M. E. Church and all other Abolition preachers in Bedford County who hold that it is in accordance with the Christian religion to discuss politics in the pulpit, will please enlighten their congregations in regard to this matter. No well-established judicial exposition of the pardodging, now, gentlemen, but let us know, in plain words, your opinion concerning the election of a Unitarian over a Trinitarian minister several graduations, with provisions in regard as Chanlain to Congress. We have often told to the liberation of slaves; and you that New England is striving to force its eligion as well as its politics upon the people of the other portions of the Union. You see, now, how this assession is verified. Unitarianism is the religion of the New England agitators and as they have succeeded in misleading you with their Abolition Jack o'the Lantern, they expect you also to follow their religions Ignis except as hereinafter excepted, that a full parfatuus, Unitarianism. Abolitionism and infidelity go hand in hand. Who was Theodore Parker, who are Beecher, Cheever, Greely, Phillips? According to your creeds, infidels, every one of them? And yet you, who profess to be evangelical and orthodox, help the agents of these men into place and power, and thus enable them to break down your own religion and set up in its stead what you tell the people is infidelity. Now, pray, be consistent! Either cease to preach against Unitarianism, or reprove your friends in Congress for endorsing it.— Which will ye do?

Honor to Salmon P. Chase for the redemption of our treasury, moneyless and bottomless when he took it in hand. - Ebony Worship's Thanks-

iving Speech.

The following comment on the above, is from the pen of Abraham Lincoln Esq.: "Received, during the year, into the Treasury of the United States, From loans \$776.682,361.57!" (see President's Message).

That's the way Salmon P. Chase puts a "bot-

tom" to the Treasury and prevents it from remaining "moneyless."

Let Salmon be honored, because like other "confidence men," he can borrow!

A third reason for thanksgiving is that Providence has called such men to the head of our National and State Governments as Abraham Lincoln and And'w G. Curtin.—Fbony's Thanksquestion. In regard to the constitutional right

lamation, the message admits that no such right Yes, let the Lord be thanked, that wherea under James Buchanan and Wm. F. Packer. had peace, plenty and prosperity, under Abraham Lincoln and Andrew G. Curtin, we have war, want, misery and crime!

A supposed horse thief was arrested, on Monday night last, in Cumberland Valley tp. He had in his possession, when taken, a beautiful iron gray horse, three years old and about 15+ hands high. The suspected man's name is Miller. He is middle aged, about 6 feet in height and of athletic frame. He was taken possess a very lively imagination. The idea by Mark Howsare, of St. Clair township, and Nicholas Sleek, of Napier township.

> We suggest the following motto for a reacher who makes politica. ! speeches from the pulpit and publishes them with out being requested to do so: "When ignorance is bliss, 'tis folly to be wise."

SINKING OF THE IRON CLAD WE'EHAW'KEN -The gunboat Weehawken, one of the largest tion will serve only to drive the Secession nail iron-clads in the service, went down off Charles | Union a southless for State in this

A PILL CONVENTION.

Let every man and woman in the world who suffers with Piles reflect and trace back the origin of their difficulties, and it will be found that freed people of such State, which shall recogninety-nine out of every hundred have taken nize and declare their permanent freedom, prolarge quantities of drastic Pills for the cure of vide for their education, and which may yet be Costiveness, Indigestion, Constipation, &c .- consistent, as a temporary arrangement, Those who suffer from Piles may truly charge their present condition as a laboring, landless, and homeless class, will not be objected to by the national Executive. And it is suggested pills. If you would be rid of your piles take Dr. Radway's Pills; they are the only purga-tives that can be taken in successive doses with State, the boundary, the subdivisions, the consafety; they cure Costiveness, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Piles, Fevers of all kinds; they purge thoroughly, but occasion no entitions hereinbefore stated, and such others. weakness, irritation, or straining,

CAME PRESENTATION -- We had the pleasure be had at the Prothonotary's office, and other places. We make this notice at the request of the Festival Committee.

The places of the results of the Festival Committee.

The place at the Prothonotary's office, and other places. We make this notice at the request of the Festival Committee.

The place at the elegant rooms of Mr. Strouse at Mrs. Pleasant's on F street. The cane is a large at the elegant rooms of the cane is a large at the elegant rooms of the cane is a large at the elegant rooms of the cane is a large at the elegant rooms of the cane is a large at the elegant rooms of the cane is a large at the elegant rooms of the cane is a large at the pleasure. handsome piece of ebony surmounted with a gold head of American coin standard, with a er members sent to Congress would to not politics into the pulpit and we graced by the presence of a number of distining intend to fight that dangerous heresy as long as we are able to wield a pen. Political preachers must be put down.

We regret to state that on Saturday last, cible, as well in the gracefulness of his attitude and the earnestness of his words, as in the ex-treme modesty with which he acknowledged the compliments of the donor. The usual ing accompaniments so necessary to give eclat to an event like this, were particularly fine and with the substantials indulged in by the compnay produced the feelings which forbid the the expression "I wish I didn't come."—Wash-ington Union.

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, in and by the Constitution of the United States, it is provided that the President "shall have power to grant reprieves and par-dons for offences against the United States, ex-

ept in cases of impeachment;" and
Whereas, a rebellion now exists whe copal Church. Now what do the Trinitarian loyal State governments of several States have preachers of Abolitionism say to this? They for a long time been subverted, and many pertell us in their doctrinal sermons that Unitary treason against the United States; a

Whereas, with reference to said rebellion and treason, laws have been enacted by Congress declaring forfeitures and confiscation of proper-ty and liberation of slaves, all upon terms and ndition therein stated, and also declaring that thereafter, by proclamation, to extend to persons who may have participated in the existing rebellion, in any State or part thereof, pardon and amnesty, with such exceptions and at such times and on such conditions as he may deem expedient for the public welfare; and

doning power; and Whereas, with r reas, with reference to said rebellion, the President of the United States has issued

Whereas, it is now desired by some persons heretofore engaged in said rebellion to resume their allegiance to the United Sates and to reinaugurate loyal State governments within and for their respective States: therefore,

I. Abraham Lincoln, President of the Unit-

ed States, do prelaim, declare, and maleknown to all persons who have, directly or by impli-cation, participated in the existing tebellion, don is hereby granted to them and each of them. with restoration of all rights of property, except as to slaves, and in property cases where rights of third parties shall have intervened, ind upon the condition that every such person shall take and subscribe an oath, and thenceforward keep and maintain said oath inviolate! and which oath shall be registered for permanent reserva-tion, and shall be of the tenor and effet follow-

ing, to wit:

"I, _______, do solemnly syear, in presence of Almighty God, that I wil henceforth faithfully support, protect, and deend the Constitution of the United States and the union of the States there under; and that I will, in ike manner, abide by and faithfully support all acts of Congress passed during the existing rebellion with reference to slaves, so long and so far as not repealed, modified or held void by Congress, or by decision of the Supreme Court; and that I will, in like manner, abide by and faithfully support all proclamations of the President made during the existing rebellion having reference to slaves, so long and so far as not modified or declared void by decision of the Supreme Court. So help me God."

The persons excepted from the benefits of

the foregoing provisions are all who are, or shall have been, civil or diplomatic officers or agents of the so-called Confederate Government; all who have left judicial stations under the United States to aid the rebellion; all who are, or shall have been, military or naval efficers of said so-called Confederate Government above the rank of colonel in the army, or of lieutenant in the navy; all who left seats in the Unitary of State Conservation of the Unitary of State Conservation of the Unitary State of States of the Unitary of the Unitary States of the Unitary of the Unitary of the Unitary States of the Unitary of the ed States Congress to aid the rebellion; all who resigned commissions in the army of navy of the United States, and afterwards aided the rebellion; and all who have engaged in they other way in treating colored persons or white persons in charge of such, otherwise than lawfully as prisoners of war, and which persons may have been found in the United States service diers, seamen, or in any other capacity.

And I do further proclaim, declare, and make known, that whenever, in any of the States of Arkansas, Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Tennlina, and North Carolina, a number of the votes than one-tenth in number of the votes cast in such State at the Presidential election of the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty, each having taken the oath foresaid and not having since violated it, and being a qualified voter by the election law of the State existing immediately before the so-called act of secession, and excluding all others, shall re-establish a State government which shall be republican, and in nowise contravening aid oath, such shall be recognized as the true government of the State, and the State shall tional provision which declares that "The Unitdeeper into the coffin of Peace and the war will ton, on the 5th inst., in a gale. Some thirty chall protect each of them against invasion; and on application of the Legislatore, or the Executive, (when the Legislature cannot be convened,) against domestic violence."

And I do further proclaim, declare, and make snown that and provision which may be adopted by such State government in relation to the as not improper, that, in constructing a if any, not contravening said conditions, and which may be deemed expedient by those fram-

ing the new State government.

To avoid misunderstanding, it may be to say that this proclamation, so far as it related to State governments, has no reforence to States wherein loyal State governments have all the while been maintained. And for the same reason, it may be proper to further say, that whethshall be admitted to seats constitutionally, rests evclusively with the respective Houses, and not to any extent with the Executive. And still further, that this proclamation is intended to present the people of the States wherein the national authority has been suspended, and loy-al State governments have been subverted, a d by which the national authority and loyal State governments may be re-established within said States, or in any of them; and, while the mode presented is the best the Executive can suggest, with his present impressions, it must not be understood that no other possi-

ble mode would be acceptable.

Given under my hand at the city of Washington, the 8th day of December, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixtyUnited States of America the eightyeighth.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN. WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

Programme of Bedford Borough and Township Institute, Dec. 26th, 1863.

1. Vocal Music.
2. Report: How to secure attention in rec -John Songster.

Orthography: Class drill-E. F. Kerr. Report: Drawing-Samuel Amos.

Geography: Class drill-Miss Jennie 9. Criticisms. 10. Class driv Class drill : Reading-S. Hardman.

11. Criticisms. E. F. KERR, Pres't. MISS ELIZA SMITH, Sec'ry.

Programme of the Annual Meeting of the Teachers' Association, to convene at

Bedford, Dec. 23, 1863. Lecture, Monday evening, By—— Lecture, Tuesday evening, Rev.H. Hecker-

ers. Subject, The writings of Edgar Allan Poe. Lecture, Thursday evening, Rev. B. F. Sample, Subject, Education and Christianity, in their elations to Civilization.

Lecture, Friday evening, Rev. T. Heyden ubject, Education: Its true basis. Report: Best methods of conducting Teacher's Examination.

J. C. Long, John Kreighbaum, Miss M. Snowberger, D. R. Brumbaugh.
Report: What extent of knowledge should entitle Teachers to each of the marks on the temporary certificate. J. W. Hughes, Wm. Vaughan, J. C. Clarkson.

Report : District Institutes, John Songster Adam Koontz, Adam Ickes.

Report: The simportance of uniformity of Text Books. John Irvin, Wm. C. Smith, Samuel Hoyman, Miss C. Devore, Miss L.

Essay. Miss Mary Statler, Subject, Impor

tance of self-government in School Government.

Essay: Miss Mary Holderbaum.

Essay: Miss L. Blackburn—Subject, "The eacher's duty in reference to the manners of

is pupils. Essay: Miss Maggie McCleary-Subject. The teacher and his reward."

Essay: Miss V. A. Younkin. Essay: Miss E. Smith—Subject, "The teach r's duty with reference to moral instruction."
Essay: Miss Annie Madara.

Essay: Miss Nancy Long-Subject, "The acher in doors and out doors. Essay: Miss Kate Walker

Essay: Miss B. Snowberger-Subject, "Neessity of daily preparation."

Essay: Miss M. O'Conner—Subject, "Pri-

Essay: J. E. Satterfield—Subject, "Does the popularity of a school indicate its excellence?"
Essay: Prof. Hunter.

Essay: John T. Keagy. JOHN G. FISHER, Ch'n. Bus. Com.

-MARRIED-

WHIP-VICKROY .- On Sanday 29th Nov, 863, by J. B. Anderson, Esq., Mr. John B. Whip to Miss Arabella D. Vickroy, both of Comberland Valley Township.

Book—Stiger.—On Sunday, 13th Dec., inst. by the same, Mr. John R. Boor to Miss Chris-tian Sliger, both of Cumberland Valley Town-McConnell—Stuckey.—On Thursday, Dec

10th, by the Rev. R. F. Sample, MR. John S. McConnell, of Berlin, Holmes Co., Ohio, to Miss Liebie R., daughter of Maj, S. S. Stucker

of Napier Township.
STONER--WEISEL.-In Friend's Cove, or Thursday morning, Dec. 10th, by the Rev. Wm. M. Deatrick, Mr. Daniel Stoner, of Pattonsville, to Miss Mary, daughter of Abraham Weisel, Esq. of the former place.

Killed, on the 11th of July 1863, William Hall Washabaugh of 76th Reg. P. V., Son o. Maj. Daniel Washabaugh, assistant Adjutan general of Penn., aged about 27 years. He was killed by a ball in the forehead, whilst heroically scaling the walls of fort Wagner. This information comes from one of his comrades in arms who a few moments before the fatal ball struck him received a drink of water from his canteen. His grave though unknown, is not unwept-His body fills a patriot's grave and his Spirit a christians and a patriot's heaven. The true patriot is the true christian, for he who is a traitor to his country is a traitor to his God Mr. Washabaugh was one among the first to enlist in the cause of his country. He first entered the three months' service, after it ex pired, he immediately enlisted again for the war but "he has fought his last fight, he sleeps, his s trump shall wake him to an inheritance of brighter glory than earth affords' -"the inheritance incorruptible, undefiled, and hat fadeth not away." Gallantly did he on that fadeth not away." Gallantly did he or that bloody field uphold the honor of his coun try's flag, and for it he, with all others who have died like him, will receive the homage of his country's gratitude. His memory shall ev er be green in the hearts of mother, father, sisters, brothers, and friends.

Nearly five years ago, during a series of meet ings held in the Lutheran church of Bedford, he was awaked and as we believe led to Christ. He united in that church with God's people and gave evidence in his life, that he desired to adorn his profession by a consistant walk and conversation. His companion in the tent—the Bible, a gift of a devoted sister, was found in his knapsack, showing it was not unused. The parents, relations and friends of our young pariot hero, need not mourn as those who have Mother, you first gave your son to no hope. your God and then to your country's care. Your son, brother and friend has fallen in a good cause, fallen as a martyr to the cause of his country. Let us think of him not as dead but as living! Living amidst the pure, peaceful and blissful scenes of Heaven, and waiting to greet us, when our last battle has been fought, and we go up to receive the crown.

TEACHER WANTED.

A competent teacher wanted to teach the school at Buena Vista, Juniata township.—
Early application desired.

GEORGE GARDILL, Sec'ry. Board

THOMAS DRENNING. Early application desired

GEORGE GARDILL, Sec'ry. Board of Directors of Juniata tp.

Public Sale OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

Will be sold at public sale, at the residence of hn S. Brumbaugh, in South Woodberry township,

Will be sold at public sale, at the residence of John S. Brumbaugh, in South Woodberry township. Bedford county, on FRIDAY, the 8th day of January, next, the following valuable reat estate, situate in said township, to wit:

ONE TRACT OF LAND, being the Mansion Tract, now in the occupancy of Martin and John S. Brumbaugh, centenning about one hundred and fifteen acres cleared and under good cultivation, with a good large Dwelling House. Bank Barn, and all other necessary out-buildings thereon.

ALSO—The one undivided half part of a treet of land, acquisition, with a good large commodious Dwelling House, large Bank Barn, wagen Shed and other cut-buildings thereon.

The above tracts are first quality Limestone land, in good condition, with good wells of water, orchards, &c., thereon, and among the most desirable farms in Morrison's Cove, in every respect worthy of the attention of persons desiring to purchase.

ALSO—The one undivided balf part of a treet of land, acjoining the above. Daniel Miller's heirs and others, known as the "Biddle Tract," containing in all about one hundred and forty-five acress, about one hundred and ten acres cleare, and in cultivation mostly good livestone land, lies well, and is desirable farm land, with a good common dwelling house, barn and other out-buildings thereon erected, a large and very strong spring of good water within a short distance of the Louse, also two orchards of choice fruit.

ALSO—The one undivided half part of a lot of

ALSO-The one undivided half part of a lot of

the rights and privileges as to water, que, historioging.

ALSO—The ore undivided half part of a small tract of Ridge land, adjoining lands of Adam Fink, David O. Hoover and others, containing in all about thirty eight acres, being timber land, a considerable part being first rate caestnut timber.

The terms, which will be favorable, will be made known on the day of sale, or at any time previous on application to the subscriber. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock. A. M.

JOSEPH B. NOBLE,

JOSEPH B. NOBLE,
Att'y in fact for David Brumbaugh.
December 18, 1863.

Last Notice to Collectors. All collectors of the several districts of Bedford county, who have not settled their duplicates up to the year 1863, are hereby notified that unless the same be done by February Court, they will be proceeded against without respect to persons, as the law directs. This is positively the last notice.

By order of the Commissioners.

JOHN G. FISHER, Clerk.

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.
By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the undersigned, administra-tors of the estate of Daniel Houck, late of the township of Cumberland Valley, dec'd., will township of Cumbertand Valley, dec.d., with offer at public sale, on the premises, on Thursday, the 21st day of January, 1864, at 12 o'clock, M., the following real estate, to wit:

No. 1, A TRACT OF LAND,

situate in township and county aforesaid, ad-joining lands of Philip Hardman, H. Brundt, Frederick Rice's heirs, George Elliott and others, marked in Inquisition on said estate "A, ontaining 171 acres and 67 perches.

No. 2, A TRACT OF LAND,

being part of a larger tract adjoining the above. Jones and others, marked in inquisition "B," containing 177 acres and 69 perches.

TERMS-One-third of the purchase money to a paid in cosh at confirmation of sale, the reor in two equal annual payments without

For further particulars inquire of, or address os. W. Tate, Esq., Bedford, or the undersign-

Jos. W. Tate, Esq., Deno.
of living near the premises.

AMOS GROSS.

JOHN B. HARDINGER,

Adm'rs.

SHERIFF'S SALE. By virtu e of a Writ of Vend. Exponas to me directed there will be exposed to public Sale at the Court House, in the town of Bedford,

on Thursday, the 14th day of January, A. D. 1863, at 10, o'clock, P. M. the following property, to wit: One tract of land containing Seventy eight acres, more or less, about forty acres cleared and under fence, with a story and nali log house, and log Stable thereon erected. adjoining lands of Wm. Wertz, Christian Carn, Jacob Beard, and others, situate in Union Town-

ship, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Martin Corle. ALSO.—One Lot of Ground in the town of Bedford fronting about Sixty feet on West Street, and extending back about two hundred and forty feet with two one story houses frame Stable thereon erected, adjoining lot of Levi Agnew. North, Situate in Bedford Porough, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of James McMullin.

JOHN ALDSTADT, Dec., 18, 1863.

STRAY COW.

Came trespassing on the premises of the abscriber, residing in Hopewell tp., about the first of November last, a Brindled Muley Cow, medium size, no ear marks observable. The owner is requested to prove his property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be dis-

posed of according to law. JACOB STEEL Dec. 18.-3ts.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Bedford Rail Road Company, that the an-nual meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the office of said Company in Bedford, on the second Monday, (11th day) of January, 1866, for the purpose of electing a President and twelve Directors for the ensuing year—The e-lection will open at 2 and close at 4 o'clock, P.

JOHN P. REED, Sec'ry. December 18, 1863.

STRAY CATTLE. Came to the premises of the subscriber in Na-pier township, about the 20th of October last, a red and white spotted heifer, the right ear cropped and a half crop and slit in the left ear; also, a dark brindled muley heifer, without any mark, both one year old last spring, The own er is requested to prove property, pay charges and take them away.

JACOB KOONS. Dec. 18.

STRAY CATTLE.

Came to the premises of the subscriber, residing in Bedford township, sometime in Sep tember last, three head of cattle, two of the red, the other brindled, the one has a piece of the left ear, the others have no marks percepti-The owner is desired to prove property,

December 18, 1863.

SHRINER'S BALSAMIC COUGH SYRUP.

For Coughs, Celds, Croup, Whooping Cough,
Asthma, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood,
Pain and Wenkness of the Brenst,
Difficulty of Breathing, &c.
THIS is no new remedy. It has been used I for a number of years in Maryland and
parts of Pennsylvania, and has wherever
known, acquired an unprecedented reputation
for coring the various diseases for which it is
green mineraled.

down, acquired an unprecedented reputation for coring the various diseases for which it is re-emmended.

So apparent is its usefulness, and so remarkable has been its cures, that it is fast superceding every other remedy for those diseases. The afflicted can rely upon it doing as much for them, and in many cases more than any other remedy now before the public.

It is recommended and prescribed in the practice of a large number of the most intelligent and able glysicians of Maryland. It Chilis used and considered an indispensable house-thing the most of the first families of the State.

It is used by a large portion of the first families of the State.

It is used by all classes of society, and the universal opinion is that it is good. This Syrup is purely Vegetable Compound. It is pleasant to take, and never does injury. But owing to its purifying qualities, must do good under any circumstances. Its effects are truity wonderful, soothing, calming, and allaying child the most violent coughs, purifying, strengthening and invigorating the whole system, calming and soothing the nerves; aiding and facilitating expectoration, and healing the DISEASED LUNGS.

Thus striking at the root of disease, and driving it from the system.

CROUP.

This disease is announced by difficulty of breathing, shall whisting or wheezing, hack-

CROUP.

This disease is announced by difficulty of breathing, shrill whistling or wheezing, hacking cough and threatened sufficiention, 6c. It meetly occurs in young children. No child with this Syrun is properly a properly a properly and the country in this Syrun is properly. need die of croup if this Syrup is properly ised and used in time. Mothers having croupy hildren should watch the first show of the

used and used in time. Mothers having croupy children should watch the first show of the disease, and always keep this remedy at hand. If this For coughs after measles this Syrup is most excellent. Experience has proven that it is equalled by no other preparation.

The price of the remedy is such as to place syrup it within the reach of all, the poor as well as the rich, and every person should have it.

Every person should have it in the house. It is a true and faithful friend to all who value health and wish to secure themselves against that most terrible disease, consumption. It will be found the most useful as well as the cheapest family medicine in the world. It has been used for the last four years with a success without a parallel.

Price 40 cents per bottle, or three bottles for \$1.00. Prepared by S. A. Foutz & Bro.

For sale by H. C. Reamer and B. F. Harry Druggists, Bedford, Pa.

December 18, 1863—1y.

SHRINER'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE.

SHRINER'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE.

SINCE the introduction of this beautiful preparation, it has been steadily advancing into public favor. Its astonishing efficacy in expelling worms has won for it many friends wherever known, and these are speak@

introduced into the land. The is becoming im DESTROY is mense. To make its till more wor its till more wor its till more wor in the land. The is becoming im DESTROY in mense. To make the limit its till more wor in the land. The is becoming im DESTROY in mense. To make the limit is till more wor in the land. The is more word in the land with the preference in the land with the preference in the land with the land w

Properties is (Community Properties of the second s

It is entirely Vegetable --- Perfectly Safe and Harmless.

And has never been known to fail to expel worms, where worms existed. The proprietors boldly asert that it is superior to any other preparation in the world.

the world.

By Ask for SHRINER'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE, and take no other.

Price 25 cents per bottle.

Prepared by S. A. Foutz & Bro., and for salo at the Drug Stores of Reamer and Harry, Bedfard, Dec. 18, '63—iy

foutz's Mixture,

THE YS a safe and reliable remedy for the cure of a Rheumatism, Painful Nervous Affections, Sprains, Burns, Swellings and all diseases requiring an external application on man.

On horses it will never fail to cure Poleevil, Fistula, old running sores, or Sweeney, Lini- if properly applied. For sprains, bruies, Mexr scratches, crooked hoofs, chafes, sæddle or collar gall, cuts or wounds, it is an infallible remedy. Try it and be convinced of its efficacy.

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REFIELD INTATISM.

MAN Persons afflicted with this disease no matter of now long studing, can be promptly
and effectually cured by using this Mixture.

There is nothing in the world so sure and
so good to take away hard corns, and cure
BEAST Frost Bites as this preparation. Try it and
satisfy yourselves. Price 25 and 50 centsnow per bottle. Prepared by
S. A. FOUTZ.
Westminster, Md.
IN USE Deformance at the Drug Stores of Reamer
and Harry, Bedford, Pa.
December 18, 1863,—1y

FOUTZ'S CELEBRATED HORSE AND CATTLE

POWDERS. THESE Powders have proved, after a trial of several years, to be superior to any preparation of the kind in use. The chief superiority of these Powders arises from the fact that they are composed of medicanes rhat have Laxative, Tonic and Purliying moneries. The laxative ejects crudities

properties. The laxative ejects crudit from the stomach and intestines, the tor from the stomach and intestines, the tonic gives strength to the system of the Horse, and the purifying medicines contained in them cleanse the blood, and lay the foundation for a vigorous and healthy circulation. The use of them improves the wind, sitengthens the appearance, vigor and spirit of this noble animal.

appearance, vigor and spirit of this noble animal.

These powders are not intended, as most powders are, to bloat the animal, so as to give him the appearance of being fat when not really so—but, to remove the disease and promote his general health.

These powders will strengthen the stomach and intestines, cleanse them from offensive matter, and bring them to a healthy state. They are a sure prevention of Lung Fever, and a certain remosty for all diseases incident to the Horse, as Glanders, Yellow Water, Distempers, Foundfir, Heaves, Slavering, Coughs, Fevers, Loss of Appetite and Vital Energy, &c.—These Powders, if used two or three times a week, through the winter and spring, your horse will never get the Lung Fever, Colic or Botts. A few doses of these powders will remove the worst cough, on any horse. Were owners of horses to the da few of these powders every year, they might save the lives of many valuable horses.

MXLCH COWS.

MILCH COWS. The properties this powder possesses in increasing the quantity of milk in cows, gives it an importance and value which should place it in the bands of every person keeping a cow. In fattening cattle, it gives them an appetite, losens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.

HOGS.

In all diseases of swine, as coughs, picess in the lungs and liver, &c., by putting from half a paper to a paper of these powders in a barrel of swill, the above diseases can be cured or entirely prevented. By using these powders the hog cholers can be prevented. Prepared by S. A. FOUTZ, Westminster, Md.

TOF For sale at the Drug Stores of Reamer and Harry, Bedford, Pa.

Dec. S[-1] HOGS.