## BY B. F. MEYERS,

At the following terms, to wit: \$2 00 per annum, if paid within the year. \$2.50 " if not paid within the year.

OF No subscription taken for less than six mon the No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher. It has been decided by the United States Courts that the stoppage of a newspaper without the payment of arrearages, is prima facie evidence of fraud and as a criminal offence.

The courts have decided that persons are ac-countable for the subscription price of newspapers, if they take them from the post office, whether they subscribe for them, or not.

## Professional Cards.

F.M. KIMMELL & LINGENFELTER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Have tormed a partnership in the practice of the Law. Office on Juliana street, two doors South of the "Mengel House."

JOB MANN. G. H. SPANG.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. The undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford

and adjoining counties,

Office on Juliana Street, three doors south
of the "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Maj. Tate. Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

JOHN CESSNA.

O. E. SHANNON.

CESSNA & SHANNON.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA..

D'Have formed a Partnership in the Practice of the Law. Office nearly opposite the Gazette Office, where one or the other may at all times be found.

Bedford, Aug, 1, 1861.

JOHN P. REED.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFURD, PA.,

Respectfully tenders his services to the Public.

COffice second door North of the Mengel

House. Bedford, Aug, 1, 1861.

W. M. HALL. JOHN PALMER.

HALL & PALMER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA

""" Will promptly attend to a!! business entrusted to there care. Office on Julianna Street, (near. ly opposite the Mengel House.)

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

A. U. COFFROTH, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Somerset, Pa.
Will hereafter practice regularly in he several
Courts of Redford county. Business entrusted to
his care will be faithfully attended to.
December 6, 1861.

SAMUEL KETTERMAN,
BEDFORD, PA.,
DWould hereby notify the citizens of Bedford
county, that he has moved ro the Borough of Bedford, where he may at all times be found by persons
wishing to see him, unless absent upon business
pertaining to his office.
Bedford, Aug. 1,1861.

JACOB REED,

REED AND SCHELL.

BANKERS & DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,
BEDFORD, PENN'A.

CF DRAFTS bought and sold, collections made
and money promptly remitted.

Deposits solicited.

BEFFERENCES.

Hon. Job Mann, Hon. John Cessna, and John Mower, Bedford Pa., R. Forward, Somerset, Bunn, P. Co., Phil. J. Watt & Co., J. W. Curley, ST. CHARLES

CORNER OF WOOD AND THIRD STREETS HARRY SHIRLS PROPRIETOR.



DENTIST.

Will attend punctually and carefully to all opera NATURAL TEETH filled, regulated, polished, &c., in the best manner, and ARTIFICIAL TEETH inserted

om one to an entire sett.

Office in the Bank Building, on Juliana street,

ck,

nty,

JUNIATA MILLS.

The subscribers are now prepared, at their old stand, to do Carding and Fulling in the best style. They are also manufacturing and keep constantly on hand for sale or trade, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, CASINETTS, BLANKETS, FLANNELS, &c. By care and attention to business they hope to merit a share of the public patronage. Carding will be done from May 15th to September 15th, and Fulling from September 15th to December 15th. Wool and goods will be taken from and returned to the following places, viz:

ert Fyan's store, in Bedford, A. C. James', "Rainsburg, J. M. Barndollar & Sou's Bloody Run, W. States & Co.,

Bedford Gazette.

VOLUME 59.

NEW SERIES.

Freedom of Thought and Opinion.

WHOLENUMBER, 3072

BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 28, 1863.

Original Song.

WOODWARD'S OUR LEADER.

AIR-" Marching Along."

Come, Democrats, assemble, your rights to main-

To vindicate your principles in triumph again!

Woodward's our leader, he's gallant and strong,

For Woodward and Liberty, we're marching along

Marching along! we are marching along,-

Gird on your armor and be marching along !

Come ye who love our Union as it was banded down

By Washington, without a stain from followers of

Who love the Constitution, the greatest of all laws,

Come, join our gallant party and help our glorious

While others are bartering their liberties for gain,

And gorging themselves with the blood of the slain.

While some would have union with blows and with

Marching along! we are marching along, &c.

The rights of the people, the rights of the States,

When Woodward and Liberty as watch-words re

Read! Read! Read!

A WHITE MAN FLOGGED!!

High-Handed Outrage at the Provost Marshal's

Office.

on the Bare Back!!!

From the Pittsburg Chronicle, a Republicen paper, of August 4th.

Marching along! we are marching along, &c.

Shall triumph o'er all party dislikes and hates,

The bastiles be opened, and tyrants be bound,

Marching along! we are marching along, &c.

John Brown,

cause!

knocks.

Woodward's our leader, he's gallant and strong,

For Woodward and Liberty we're marching a-

For the Bedford Gazette.

VOL. 7, NO 4.

YOURT PROCLAMATION.

To the Coroner, the Justices of the Peace, and Con stables in the different Townships in the Count

of Balford, Greeting.

KNOW YE that in pursuance of a precept to me directed, under the hand and seal of the Hon.

JAMES NILL, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the Sixteenth District, consisting of the counties of Franklin, Fulton, Bedford and Somerset, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery for the trial of capital and other offenders therein and in the General Court of Quarter Sess-Buns, Jr. Esqs., Judges of the same Court in the same County of Bedford, You and each of in the same County of Bedford, You and each of you are bereby required to be and appear in your proper persons with your Records, Recognizances, Examinations, and other remembrances before the Judges aforesaid, at Bedford, at a Ceart of Over and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace therein to be holden for the county of Bedford, aforesaid on the fifth Monday of August, (being the 31st day.) at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, there and then to do those things to which your several offices appertain.

GIVEN under my hand at Bedford, on the 7th of

Aug., in the year of our Lord, 1863.

JOHN J. CESSNA,
Sheriff's Office, Bedford,
Aug. 7, 1863.

Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of sundry writs of Vend. Exponas and sevari Facias, to me directed, there will be sold at he Court House in the borough of Bedford, on Saturday the 29th day of August, 1863, at 10 o'clock,

A. M., the following real estate, viz:

One tract of land containing about seventy acres, about five acres are cleared and under fence, with two one and a half story log houses thereon erected, the one having a kitchen attached, adjoining lands of Henry Brant's widow and heirs, Oliver Hendrickof Henry Brant's widow and herrs, Oliver Hendricks son and other lands of Jacob Boor, situate in Cum-berland Valley township, Bedford county, and tw-ken in execution as the property of Jacob Boor, and being the same property purchased by him by arti-cle of agreement from Peter Smouse. Also—All James Madara's interest in 83 acres of

Also—All James Madara's interest in 83 acres of land and 9 perches, in Middle Woodberry township, Bedford county, adjoining lands of Philip Croft, John F. Holsinger and others, being the same land which, on the 30th August, 1858, under proceedings in partition in the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, on the estate of George Harker, dec'd, was decreed to the defendant in right of George Harker, a son and heir of said dec'd, and having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house with basement story, tenant house, double log barn with wagon shed and corn crib attached; also, a small apple orchard thereon, and having about 40 acres cleared and under fence, taken in execution as the property of James Madara.

Also—All the defendants interest in the following real estate, viz: All that certain messuage and

Also—All the defendants interest in the following real estate, viz: All that certain messuage and tract of land situate in Hopewell township, Bedford county, on the Raystown Branch of the Juniatia Taylor, Jacob Steel, Abraham Kerns' heirs and others, centaining two hundred across, be the same more or less, and the nin execution as the property of James Entriken.

Al or Jess, and the nin execution as the property of James Entriken.

Al or Jess, about of across cented and under fence at the concerning the matter, it would appear that Hagen calisted some time ago in the G3rd regiment, and deserted. A few days since the substitutes from my quarters to some the districts.

Yours, respectfully,

Bedford, August 7, 1863.

Considerable talk was created in the city yesterday by a report of a high-handed outgraded outgraded on the person of a man named Joseph Hagen, at the Provost Marshal's office, on Fourth street. From all we can learn concerning the matter, it would appear that Hagen calisted some time ago in the G3rd regiment, and deserted. A few days since the property of william Adams.

JOHN J. CESSNA, Sheriff.

Bedford, August 7, 1863.

Considerable talk was created in the city yesterday by a report of a high-handed outgraded with proposed on the person of a man named Joseph Hagen, at the Provost Marshal's office, on Fourth street. From all we can learn concerning the matter, it would appear that Hagen calisted some time ago in the G3rd regiment, and deserted. A few days since the provent was altered, and after receiving his unitorm was sworn in and sent to camp. He remained but a short time in camp, and no more was heard of him until yesterday, by a report of a high-handed outgraded with the city yesterday by a report of a high-handed outgraded with the city yesterday by a report of a high-handed outgraded with the city of a man named Joseph Hagen, at the Provost Marshal's office, on Fourth street. From all we can learn concerned in increasing the circulating median to the city yesterday by a report of a high-han

Register's Notice.

All persons interested are hereby notified that the following named accountants, have filed their accounts in the Register's office of Bedford county, and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, in and for said county, on Tuesday, the first day of September next, at the Court House in Bedford, for confirmation:

1. The administration account of Joseph McDaniel, administrator of the estate of James McDaniel, deceased.

deceased.

2. The account of Jacob Stuckey, administrator of John S. Stuckey, of Middle Woodberry township.

deceased.

of Juniata township, dec'd.

4. The account or Thomas J. Porter, administrator of Mary Ann Porter, dec'd.

Put down for trial at August Term, 5th Monday, (31st day) 1863.

Wm. Warsing
George W. Figard
Amanda Diehl et al
William Keyser
Abram Dennison
August Ahlborn
David Pattarsons use
Henry McDonald
Catharine Hoon et al
Alex. McGrigor
Timothy Daley
Francis Jordan et al
John Arnold
Eve Beegle et al

Wm. A. Powell
James McVicker
Cumb'd Val. M. P. Co.
Oster & Carn
Alex. McGrigor
Well Henry McDonald
Henry McDonald
John W. Beeler
Eve Beegle et al Eve Beegle et al " Jehn Stine
A. B. BUNN, Proth'y.

Bedford July 31, 1863. DR. J. L. MARBOURG,

May S, 1863—tf

J. & S. S. LUTZ.

MAY S, 1863—tf

J. & S. S. LUTZ.

MAY S, 1863—tf

J. & S. S. LUTZ.

DR. J. L. MARBOURG,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGERS,
Tenders his professional services to the citizens
of Bedford and vicinity.
Office, on Juliana St., opposite the Bank.

CF Night calls should be made at the residence
of John G. Minnich.

April 24, 1863—19

doors to-day, and some anxiety is expressed to learn what steps, if any, the Secretary of War will take when he hears of the Of course great latitude will be allowed Gen. Moorhead's appointee, but if an overlooked, there is no telling where the thing may stop, or what may come of it.

ANSWER OF CAPTAIN FOSTER. On the morning of August 5th, Captain Foster published the following in the Post:
Editor of the Post—Sir: Allow me to say, in relation to an article in Tuesday's Chronicle, under the above heading, that it contains a little truth with a great amount of falsehood. The facts are as follows:

t least a hundred men, many of them imported here for the purpose, have enlisted and been sworn in as substitutes, and immediately deserted, in violation of their oath before God and their duty to their country.

On July 30th, a man (who was subseto present himself as a substitute, and a third time committed perjury and defeated the Government. I ordered him to receive thirty-five lashes as a warning to others. For this there is no law, I am therefore lia-A Man Receives Fifty Lashes ble to punishment for assault and battery, and shall cheerfully submit to any awarded

All of the Chronicle's article beyond this is untrue, and is doubtless based on information derived from some substitute broker who has been before the Quarter Ses-

more was heard of him until yesterday, alleged to be a deserter from the 63d regi-when, as is alleged, he presented himself at ment received a number of lashes as pun-the Provost Marshal's office as a substitute for a man who had just paid him \$250 .- Board. Our report was obtained from va-This is the statement of the clerks in the office themselves, but whether it is correct as nearly as possible correct; but, as will or not we cannot say. Hagen had passed examination and was about being sworn in we published gratuitously elsewhere, he prothe second time, when he was recognized, nounces some of our statements exaggera-whereupon orders were given to take him up stairs and give him fifty lashes as punishstance, he states that instead of fifty lashes, he only ordered the man twenty-five, ment for his attempt to impose upon the Board. Our informant does not state pre- and of these he avers but fifteen were ad-3 The account of Joseph Dull, Esq., trustee for the sale of the real estate of Isaac Coughenour, late cisely from whom this order emanated, but ministered. He also states that he was not of June 1987 and 1987

not support himself. A gentleman who saw him to-day, while the doctor was dressing his wounds, states that he must have rehis wounds, states that he must have rehis wounds, states that he must have re-ceived a most shocking flogging, and that ceived a most shocking flogging, and that had he not been a man of strong constitution he would have died under the infliction.

An outrage so high-handed as the above has seldom been committed in any commutation because the strong committed in t nity, and it is due to the public that the Government promptly repudiate the action is all I know about the matter.

Government promptly repudiate the action of its officers in the matter, by the dismissal or suspension from office of all concerned. The conscription act, Heaven knows, is unpopular enough without bringing it into the odium which high-handed acts of tyranny like the above are calculated to create, and it behooves the Government, then to be said a know about the matter.

SERGEANT MORRISSON'S SCATEMENT.

I belong to the Provost Guard, and had just come down from the "Girard House," when Captain McHenry told me to put the hand-cuffs on Hagen and take him up stairs and give him twenty-five lashes. I said that I was not strong anny like the above are calculated to create, and it behooves the Government, then to be flogging the man, and would rather leave it to flogging the man, and would rather leave it to

careful how it employs men to execute the law whose course begets the irritation, and complaint, where moderation and conciliation are required. We do not, of course, justify, or pretend to justify Hagen's conduct. He is no doubt a scoundrel, and it justify, or pretend to justify Hagen's conduct. He is no doubt a scoundrel, and it standing with his arms around it. The handmay be, deserved all he got; but the Procuffs had by this time been taken off. He was the matter in his own hands and order the dier named Alfred Fogle was ordered by Moman to be flogged after the manner he was. Henry to hold his hands around the post while The matter is talked of a good deal out of Palmer flogged him. Fogle seized his hands as desired, but after the first welt, Hagen broke loose, and then McHenry seized him and held him till it was all over. The man cried out while he was being lashed, and made a good deal of noise. Before he was flogged, he begged that he might be shot rather than whipped outrage so wanton and tyrannical as this is I did not count the lashes, but I should say he received between forty and fifty. Near the close he sunk down by the post, but he was not un-conscious. Palmer did the flogging.

CORPORAL PALMER'S STATEMENT. Captain McHenry ordered me to give Hagen venty-five lashes. I got a cow-hide from Serwenty-five lashes. geant Morrison, and Hagen was taken up stairs, and his hand-cuffs removed. He was then put standing with his arms around a post, and a soldier held his hands, but after receiving a stroke or two he broke loose, and Captain Mc-Henry held him. I do not know how many Baltimore "plugs" and New York "rioters," lashes I gave him, as I was too excited to count them, but one of the men who counted them says I gave him thirty-seven, I think I must the mat have given him between thirty and forty. I flogged him under orders.

The above is the testimony of the very men who above all others, know most about the af quently ascertained to have deserted from the 63d Penns'a. Volunteers) enlisted as a substitute, deserted the same night, and on August 3d, came again in citizens' clothes it. We need not, of course, repeat what we have to a substitute of the truth of said yesterday of the tyranny and cruelty which characterizes the entire proceedings. The public understands this fully, and it needs no denunciation of ours to add to the abhorrence of the deed. But the end is not yet. He is confined at the Girard House, where those who want to see the effect of Capt. Foster's disci-pline may have their curiosity gratified.

From the Chronicle of August 7.
Some half dozen years ago we had occasion to publish the case of a man charged with having swindled a widow woman out of \$10, in one of the upper wards. Soon after the item appeared the accused called upon us, and, boil-ing over with passion, declared that we had slandered him, and that if we did not make full retraction he would prosecute us for libel. We asked him to point out wherein we had erred in asked him to point out wherein we had erred in our statement, but bursting with rage he refused to go into any explanation, declaring the whole thing a libel, and threatening us with the direct consequences if we did not make an immediate correction. We again requested him to what he found fault with, and pressing him closely in the matter, he blurted and "It is a d—d lie that I swindled the woman out of \$10. I only swindled her out of \$5!"

Capt. Foster's complaint of our report in relation to the barbarous treatment of the man Hagen is on par with that of the swindler alladed to above. "Your report;" he says, "is false and malicious. I didn't order the man fifty lashes; I only ordered him twenty-five!" and this is in substance, his objection to our statement and defence of a crime so unmanly and inhuman that it makes one shudder ever now to think of it.

For the last fifteen years this man, who, as editor of the Dispotch, has been howling over the wrongs of the colored race, and those who have watched his somewhat tortuous course cisely from whom this order emanated, but as Captain Foster was present, and either gave it himself or heard it given, he, of course, must be held responsible.

In also states that it will no doubt remember the horror and indigentation of the lash in the South; yet, when he gets a course, must be held responsible.

Rates of Advertising.

One Square, each additional inserticuless
than three months

25
One square

\$ \$00 \$4 00 \$6 00
Two squares

4 00 \$5 00 9
Three squares

5 00 7 00 12
Column

8 00 12 00 20 0
Column

12 00 18 00 20 0
Column

12 00 18 00 30 00
One Column

13 00 30 00 50 00
Administrators' and Executors' notices \$2.50, Auditors' notices \$1.50, if under 10 lines, \$2.00! more than a square and less than 30 lines. Estrays, \$1.25, if but one head is advertised, 25 cents for every additional head.

The space occupied by ten lines of this size of type counts one square. All fractions of a square under five lines will be measured as a half square and all over five lines as a full square. All legal advertisements will be charged to the person hand ing them in.

Troops at Elections.

By the 95th section of the Act of Assembly the State of Pennsylvania of 2d July, 1839, it is enacted that-

"No body of troops in the army of the "United States, or of this Commonwealth, shall be present, either armed or unarmed, at any place of Election within this Commonwealth, during the time of "such Election."

In order that no excuse for want of time may be alleged, we now thus early in advance call on Covernor Currin that he sees to the execution of this law in letter and spirit, at the October elections. We demand, in the name of a Democracy and a State already outraged and insulted by a denial of our State authoriand a suppression of its dignity, the rigid execution of this law. All troops must be absent from place of elections in this State on the 13th of October next, or the Democracy will see, if the Governor dare not, that the laws of our Commonwealth are not trampled lown at Federal behest. It had better be derstood thus early in the day that the farce of the Kentucky election cannot be repeated in Pennsylvania—that we are determined to have a free, fuir and honest election according to the laws of our own State—and if the Federal satrap who now rules this Province of the National Government fails to do his duty in the matter, an outraged people will supply the

## AN UGLY RECORD.

The Abolition Candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court in Favor of Negro Suffrage.

The Uniontown Genius of Liberty exposes the course of Judge Agnew in the Reform Convention on the question of negro suffrage. It should deprive him of the vote of every man in the State who believes that our free white ancestors framed our institution for free white men and their descendants forever. We quote

from the Genius.
"The Republicans have been as unfortuin the nomination of Judge Agnew as that of Gov. Curtin. He was a member of the Con-vention which framed the Constitution of 1838: and his course in that body on the question of negro suffrage was such as will not very strong-ly commend him to the favor of white men.

"It is known that under the Constitution of 1790 it was a mooted question whether colored men were entitled to yete. In some parts of the State they were allowed to exercise the right and in others it was denied them. In the Convention of 1838, called to amend the Constitution, it was proposed to put this question at rest by continue, the elective franchise to white men only. With this view Mr. Martin, or Philadelphia, or the 22d of June, 1887, offered the following proviso to the 3d article:

"Provided, also, That the rights of an elector shell in vocase, extend to others, then

lector shall in no case extend to others than free white male citizens.'

free white male citizens."
"On this proviso the yeas and nays were called, and Judge Agnew voted against it, and Judge Woodward, the present Democratic candidate for Governor, who was also a member of the Convention, voted for it. The proviso was lost.—Debates v. 3, page 91.)
"On the 17th of January, 1838, Mr. Martin renewed his effort, by moving to insert the word white? among the qualifications for voters."

'white' among the qualifications for voters. Upon this motion a long and able debate ensued. White among the qualineations for voters.
Upon this motion a long and able debate ensued.
Judge Woodward taking an active and leading part in favor of the motion, and against negro suffrage. On the 20th of January a vote was taken on the motion, by yeas and nays, and the word 'white' was inserted in the third article of

nature, and do violence to the general feeling, by saying that in all time to come they shall possess it. Let us not reduce the inertical people spurn it from them, as unworthy sny longer of their affections, but let us preserve and bequeath it as we have inherited it, and then posterity will have no reproaches for our memories."

OF One hour lost in the morning will put back all the business of the day; one gained by rising early, will make one month in the