

BEDFORD GAZETTE.

B. F. MEYERS, EDITOR.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1863.

The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, (D. V.) will be celebrated in the Presbyterian Church of this place, on the first Sabbath of March.

A Military Despotism.

Ever since the present war began we have been careful not to sound false alarms to an excited and excitable people.

The assertion of Simon Cameron that the South will succeed, and that we (the abolitionists) will then control the government, is significant as an out-cropping of the private views and cherished objects of leading men of his party.

Every act of this Administration, although each page of its history is stained with defeat and disgrace, has been in remarkable harmony with such views.

Soon after the war broke out, it will be remembered that all the arms in the country were collected and deposited in state or federal arsenals.

It is true, a few were afterwards distributed to border counties, but the general truth is as stated, and the government now has control of nearly every firearm in the nation.

Why all this? Were the arms needed to equip our soldiers? Not at all. They are not used.

Our men are furnished with arms of the newest and most improved patterns; and the old ones collected, now stand rusting in the arsenals.

Can any one give a rational explanation of this action of the administration, except that they meant to be ready for any emergency, and acted on the maxim that the first step of usurpers and tyrants is to disarm the people?

Gradually, inch by inch, the legislation of Congress and the action of the President tend to centralized power.

Disregard for the Constitution is openly preached by Senators and cabinet officers, and as openly practised by the President.

A measure is now before Congress and will probably become a law, abolishing the State banks and substituting for their circulation, government paper.

Another measure is pending which proposes to sweep away the militia laws of the several states, and vest in the general government a despotic power over every man subject to military duty in the country.

Still another measure proposes to vest in the President an absolute power to suspend the writ of habeas corpus, whenever and wherever he chooses.

These three measures go far to blot out state sovereignty and state governments. With them in full force, our free institutions will no longer exist except in name.

We shall retain only the shadow of our boasted freedom. By whatever name our Government may be called, it will in fact, be as absolute as any on "God's Green Earth."

Napoleon did not strike the republic into an empire at one bold stroke, but gradually and surely he did his work.

Henry the Eighth did absorb the liberty of the English people into his kingly prerogative openly and at once; but slowly and cunningly he accomplished his purpose.

"History repeats itself," and a glance at the past may sometimes throw light on the future.

The Governor's Special Message. We lay this document before our readers in another column. We wish we could speak of it in terms of respect; but frankness compels us to say that it is abominable in style and rotten to the core in principle.

The Rev. Mr. Kepler will preach his last sermon as Pastor of the M. E. Church of this place on Sunday evening next, from 2nd Cor., 4 ch. 17 & 18 verses.

On our first page we print an ably written communication from a correspondent in Canada West. It is well worthy a careful perusal. We hope to hear from "Viator" again.

ALWAYS AHEAD.—Our friend Gettys has just received a number of Card Photographs of Gen. "Tom Thumb and his bride."

The Grand Inquest of the County of Bedford do present: That Jacob Reed, David Over, Collin Loyer, Eichelberger & Lowry, Louis Anderson, Shirley & Brothers, Jack & Co., Job M. Shoemaker, George R. Bardollar, Dana & others, all of Bedford county, did unlawfully issue and put in circulation certain notes, bills, checks, papers and engagements of writing, to circulate as currency, contrary to the Act of Assembly in such cases made and provided.

The Grand Inquest aforesaid, in making presentment against the above named persons respectfully ask the Court to make an order or decree that all those who have unlawfully issued or put in circulation, as currency, any of the said checks, bills, and engagements of writing so issued, that they shall, on or before the 15th of April, A. D. 1863, redeem the said notes, bills, checks, and engagements of writing by them respectively issued as currency, that no indictment be preferred against them, the said Inquest believing that, at the time said notes were issued, they were a matter of public convenience.

JACOB ANDERSON, Foreman.

MILITARY ARRESTS.

SPECIAL MESSAGE BY GOV. CURTIN.

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, HARRISBURG, Feb. 12, 1863.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

GENTLEMEN: I desire to call your attention to a subject of moment. When the present infamy and God-condemned rebellion broke out, Congress was not in session, and the occurrence of such a state of things not having been foreseen in former times, no adequate legislation had been had to meet it.

At the same time—the life of the country being at stake—it appeared necessary that some means should be taken to control the small band of traitors in loyal States, so as to prevent them from making incursions which might be injurious, if not fatal to the national cause.

Under these circumstances, the General Government resorted to the system of military arrests of dangerous persons, and having thus commenced acting under it, have continued (at long intervals in this State) to pursue it.

The Government of the United States acts directly on individuals, and the State Executive has no authority or means to interfere with arrests of citizens of the United States, made under the authority of that Government.

Every citizen of Pennsylvania is also a citizen of the United States, and owes allegiance to them, as well as (subject to the provisions of the Constitution of the United States) he owes it to Pennsylvania. If he be unlawfully deprived of his liberty his only redress is to be had at the hands of the judiciary.

In such times as the present, it is more than ever necessary to preserve regularity in official action. Great efforts have been, and are, perhaps, still being made, by persons blinded or disposed, to throw us into a state of revolution; that is to say, to create anarchy and confusion, and ultimately to bring about the destruction of life and property among us.

Any irregular much more illegal, interference by your executive, with matters which, by the constitution, are not entrusted to his cognizance, and especially any such interference with the action of the executive of the United States or with the functions of the judiciary, would be, in the existing crisis, emphatically dangerous, it would have a direct revolutionary tendency—in fact, it would be to commence a revolution.

The courts of Justice are open, and no doubt all personal wrong can be properly redressed in due course of law. I do not know how many arrests of the kind herein before referred to have been made in Pennsylvania, as I have at no time been privy to making of them, but I believe they have been few. I was under the impression that there would be no necessity for more of them; otherwise I might have referred to them in my annual message; but recent events having shown that this impression was erroneous, I deem it my duty now to invite your attention to the subject.

The contest in which we are engaged is one for the preservation of our own liberty and welfare. The traitors at the South hate the great body of our people, who are loyal, and hate and bitterly despise the few who are ready for submission. Unless the rebellion be effectually suppressed we must lose our pride of country, the larger portion of our territory and the elements not only of greatness, but of prosperity, and even of security to life, liberty and property. Notwithstanding all this, it is, I fear, an undoubted truth that a few wretches among us, false to our free and loyal traditions; false to the memory of their fathers, and to the rights of their children; false to the country which has given them birth and protected them, only stopping short of the technical offence of treason, in the very madness of mischief are actively plotting to betray us, to poison and mislead the minds of our people, by treacherous misrepresentations, and to so aid and comfort the rebels that our fate may be either to abandon the free North, and become hangers on of a Government founded in treachery, fraud and insane ambition, or, at best, to dissolve the Union under which we have prospered, and to break this fair and glorious country into fragments, which will be cursed by perpetual discords at home, and by the contempt and ill-usage of foreign nations, from which we shall then be too weak to vindicate ourselves.

That such offences, should be duly punished, no good citizen can doubt; and that proper legislation by Congress is required for that purpose, can be as little doubted. Whether such legislation should include a suspension of the writ of habeas corpus in any and what parts of the country, is a question which belongs exclusively to the legislative authorities of the United States, who, under the Constitution, have the right to determine it. That great writ ought not to be suspended, unless to the wisdom of Congress the present necessity shall appear to be urgent.

Therefore, I recommend the passage of a joint

WATKINS—BRIDENTHAL.—On the 11th inst., at North Point, by the Rev. J. Hassler, of Martinsburg, Pa., Mr. William Watkins, to Miss Francis Bridenthal, both of Bedford county, Pa.

BRAMWELL—SCHELL.—On the 10th inst., in Schellsburg, Bedford co., Pa., by the Rev. Wm. Priebeux, Dr. H. V. Bramwell to Miss Kate Schell, both of Schellsburg.

BIXLER—STONER.—On the 7th inst., by Rev. R. F. Sample, Mr. George W. Bixler, of Bedford tp., to Miss Susan Stoner of Pattonsville.

WERZ.—In Harrison tp., Bedford co., Pa., on the 5th inst., Mr. Peter Werz, in the 53d year of his age.

BERTRAM.—On the 8th inst., of Diphtheria, Christian Bertram in the 8th year of his age.

resolution, earnestly requesting that Congress shall forthwith pass laws defining and punishing offences of the class above referred to, and providing for the fair and speedy trial by an impartial jury, of persons charged with such offences in loyal and undisturbed States, so that the guilty may justly suffer and the innocent be relieved.

A. G. CURTIN.

Letter from the 107th Reg't, P. V.

IN CAMP NEAR FLETCHER'S, Feb. 8th, 1863.

Mix. Error.—As we have no correspondent and are attached to a New York Brigade, the service we have done as a regiment has never been made known to the public.

Our regiment is composed of men from the counties of Bedford, Franklin and Fulton, and left Harrisburg for the field of action, more than one year ago, with nine hundred and sixty men, commanded by Col. Thomas A. Ziegel, of York, Pa., as gallant an officer as ever drew a sword.

He led us from Maryland Junction to Front Royal, after the famous Stonewall, a distance of no less than one hundred miles, after which we marched back to the town of Warrenton, Va., at which place Providence saw fit to call for our beloved commander. The command that devolved upon Lieut. Col. McAllen, another of Pennsylvania's bravest sons.

At this time we were in a corps commanded by Gen. McDowell, and in the Army of Virginia, all under the command of Major Gen. Pope, who soon put the army in motion in the direction of Richmond, by way of Gordonsville. Gen. Banks then being in the advance, came suddenly upon the enemy and engaged him at Cedar Mountain.

At this time the 107th Regiment lay at a small village called Culpeper, about five miles from the field of action. Here we were most agreeably surprised by the arrival of our new commander, Col. T. F. McCoy, of Harrisburg, who arrived in time to lead us to Gen. Bank's assistance. We did not arrive on the field until dusk.

The enemy soon commenced shelling us and here our loss was considerable in wounded.—We endeavored to renew the action in the morning, but to our great surprise the enemy had gone in the direction of Gordonsville. We took up our line of march and pursued them closely to the north bank of the Robison river, where several days (which was in the month of August) and then took up our line of march again and came back to the north bank of the Rappahannock, where we took a position and held the enemy in check for three days.—All that time a continuous artillery fire was kept up between the two opposing armies. By and by, the enemy outflanked us on the right, which caused us to fall back in the direction of Manassas. The Rebel General Johnston, at this time, was marching upon us with seventeen thousand men, by way of Thoroughfare Gap. Our Division, commanded by Gen. Ricketts, was then ordered to oppose Longstreet's passage through the gap. We again took up our line of march and came upon the enemy's advance at a small village called Hay Market, three miles on this side of the gap. But we soon saw him receding back whence he came and held possession of the Gap until ordered to fall back, which we did in good order. The following day brought on the battle of Bull Run, in which our regiment lost more than one hundred of its numbers, in killed, wounded and missing. Capt. John T. Dick, of Company H, here lost his life. The command of Co. H then devolved upon Lieut. George W. Z. Black. The Army of Virginia and the Army of the Potomac then formed a junction and fell back upon the defenses of Washington, but was not permitted to remain long there. For the enemy commenced the invasion of Maryland, which caused the battle of South Mountain, in which our regiment suffered severely. They charged upon the enemy and drove him in confusion from his position, killing their Colonel and killing and taking many of their number prisoners. One member of Co. H, took four prisoners himself. They then retreated back to Antietam, at which place we again fought them. Our regiment opened the fight at day-break. In this contest we lost many brave soldiers. Among those who fell seriously wounded, was Capt. G. W. Z. Black, of Co. H, but we are glad to know he has since recovered from his wound. After the battle ceased our regiment lay some time at a place called Mercersville and then took up our line of march and came to Frederickburg and in that battle lost in a charge sixty-three men, killed and wounded. The Pennsylvania reserve corps claim to have taken the only fortification taken at that battle, but this is incorrect. The 107th Reg't, charged and took the woods; also drove the enemy from the Railroad and held it for some time. Support did not come to us and we had to fall back. At this time our regiment cannot muster over two hundred men for duty. This shows a loss of more than two thirds our number in one year. This is a correct account and we have never received the honor due to us. Nevertheless we think history will give a good account of the 107th Reg't P. V.

What an Amount of Suffering and Disense among the Volunteers would be prevented by the free use of HOLLOWAY'S PILLS & OINTMENT. For Wounds, Sores and Scarcy, the ointment is a certain cure, and for Bowel Complaints, Fevers, Small Pox, &c., the Pills are the best medicine in the world. Only 25 cents per Pot or Box.

—MARRIED—

WATKINS—BRIDENTHAL.—On the 11th inst., at North Point, by the Rev. J. Hassler, of Martinsburg, Pa., Mr. William Watkins, to Miss Francis Bridenthal, both of Bedford county, Pa.

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FEASTER.—In Schellsburg, on the 30th ult., Daniel H. Feaster, in the 3d year of his age.

"And you shall walk in soft white light, With kings and priests abroad; And you shall summer high in bliss, Upon the hills of God."

—DIED—

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New Advertisements.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF BEDFORD COUNTY, FOR 1862.

A. J. SANSON, Esq., TREASURER OF BEDFORD COUNTY.

in account with said county, from the 6th day of January, 1862, until the 6th day of January, 1863.

TREASURER. DR. To amount received of late Treasurer

Shaffer 4 84 Jacob A. Nicodemus M. Woodberry 1858 57 50 Joseph Swans Broad Top 29 20 Jacob B. Anderson Cumberland Valley 40 79 William Young Hopewell 10 00 Levi Carpenter Londonderry 65 25

John Pickett Union 45 35 Chesnut Hill Cumberland Valley 1850 23 29 Hugh Wertz Harrison 94 79 Leonard Bittner Juniata 96 69 John Wilhelon Londonderry 42 58 John A. Osborn Broad Top 4 88 James Smith St. Clair 51 58 William Lysinger East Providence 20 00 Daniel Ritchey West Providence 10 67 John Otto Schellsburg 94 88 Jacob Berkshimer St. Clair 71 99 Philip Klingerman Southampton 143 72 Rhodolph Hoover Middle Woodbury 175 96 Jacob S. Brumbaugh S. Woodbury 91 79 Samuel Debaugh Bedford tp. 609 24 John Rindard Broad Top 331 77 Henry Shafter Colerain 266 62 Henry Wertz Cumberland Valley 384 00 Jackson May Harrison 279 07 Samuel Debaugh Bedford tp. 215 05 Frederick Hildebrand Juniata 175 57 William Bunnell Londonderry 105 20 Jacob Stoler Liberty 289 34 John A. Adstet St. Clair 241 00 Ezekiel Barkman Southampton 482 97 Francis Beard Union 185 62 Rudolph Hoover Woodberry Middle 105 20 John A. Gump Broad Top 423 12 Michael Lutz Snake Spring 151 78 Ezekiel Barkman Southampton 145 00 Frank Beard Union 268 74 Rudolph Hoover Woodberry Middle 653 95 Samuel Working Woodbury South 451 91 Thomas M. Litch Bedford Borough 1862 208 64 William Phillips Bedford township 597 08 Thomas Price Broad Top 285 00 John A. Gump Broad Top 181 00 Philip Hardan Camb'd. Val. tp. 300 00 Martin L. Hetric Colerain 243 00 Jonathan Hyde Harrison 102 77 Samuel Stoler Liberty 200 00 Jasper Stroup Juniata 135 40 William Cook Londonderry 200 00 Daniel Stoler Liberty 170 00 Miltzer Fletcher Monroe 298 00 John Wayne Napier 205 00 D. A. T. Black Providence East 200 00 John Roby Southampton tp. 115 00 Samuel Corl Schellsburg bor. 375 00 Nicholas Keontz Snake Spring 410 09 John Feaster St. Clair 510 00 Francis Beard Union 109 00 Joseph R. Durborrow Mid. Wood. 959 68 Samuel Working South Woodberry 649 99 Unassessed lands 358 11 \$1,061 70

TREASURER. CR. By amount paid grand jurors \$384 75 By amount paid petit jurors 892 27 Paid on order of Board of Relief 2,715 28 Paid Commissioner Feightner 106 00 " Pearson 98 50 " Shoemaker 95 50 B. W. Garretson building bridge over Dunbar's creek 310 50 John J. and Jacob Bor building bridge over Will's creek 762 50 William Dierst repairs to bridge near Bloody Run 89 00 John Mower, Esq., Attorney for Commissioners, &c. 65 00 John Palmer, Esq., " 41 00 Mary Morris for scrubbing Prothonotary's, Commissioners, Treasurer's, and Sheriff's offices and privy 24 50 Levi Agnew cleaning and locking up Court House 36 50 Joseph Black money refunded Henry Wertz money refunded Daniel Ritchey " 85 Geo. W. Householder administrator of Manskeeper money refunded Nathaniel Bortz " 2 67 P. H. Studebaker " 36 51 John Major, Esq., holding inquest on body of J. C. Ramsby 21 94 S. J. Castner, Esq., holding inquest on body of man unknown 50 02 John Major, Esq., holding inquest on body of James Richardson 9 13 Commissioners and Clerk holding appeals 110 49 For keeping convicts in Western Penitentiary 29 42 Sheriff Cessna boarding prisoners keeping jail, &c. 529 46 J. W. Lingenfelter costs on Commonwealth cases 21 63 H. Nicodemus costs on Commonwealth cases 39 24 Wm. S. Fluke, late Sheriff, costs in Commonwealth cases 50 41 J. J. Cessna costs in Commonwealth cases 475 96 Cost Commonwealth vs T. McCreary 8 13 Cost Commonwealth vs Geller 6 43 " " Rebecca Amich 8 05 Holding spring elections for 1862 227 75 Holding General elections 374 10 Doctets for Prothonotary's Office 33 09 Outer & Cnn candles, broom, &c. George Blymire's bill oil, locks, &c. 6 03 Wm. Bartley's bill ink, pens, &c. 5 20 H. C. Reamer's bill paper, books, &c. 4 77 J. B. Farquhar's bill pen and pitcher 94

Shaffer 4 84 Jacob A. Nicodemus M. Woodberry 1858 57 50 Joseph Swans Broad Top 29 20 Jacob B. Anderson Cumberland Valley 40 79 William Young Hopewell 10 00 Levi Carpenter Londonderry 65 25 John Pickett Union 45 35 Chesnut Hill Cumberland Valley 1850 23 29 Hugh Wertz Harrison 94 79 Leonard Bittner Juniata 96 69 John Wilhelon Londonderry 42 58 John A. Osborn Broad Top 4 88 James Smith St. Clair 51 58 William Lysinger East Providence 20 00 Daniel Ritchey West Providence 10 67 John Otto Schellsburg 94 88 Jacob Berkshimer St. Clair 71 99 Philip Klingerman Southampton 143 72 Rhodolph Hoover Middle Woodbury 175 96 Jacob S. Brumbaugh S. Woodbury 91 79 Samuel Debaugh Bedford tp. 609 24 John Rindard Broad Top 331 77 Henry Shafter Colerain 266 62 Henry Wertz Cumberland Valley 384 00 Jackson May Harrison 279 07 Samuel Debaugh Bedford tp. 215 05 Frederick Hildebrand Juniata 175 57 William Bunnell Londonderry 105 20 Jacob Stoler Liberty 289 34 John A. Adstet St. Clair 241 00 Ezekiel Barkman Southampton 482 97 Francis Beard Union 185 62 Rudolph Hoover Woodberry Middle 105 20 John A. Gump Broad Top 423 12 Michael Lutz Snake Spring 151 78 Ezekiel Barkman Southampton 145 00 Frank Beard Union 268 74 Rudolph Hoover Woodberry Middle 653 95 Samuel Working Woodbury South 451 91 Thomas M. Litch Bedford Borough 1862 208 64 William Phillips Bedford township 597 08 Thomas Price Broad Top 285 00 John A. Gump Broad Top 181 00 Philip Hardan Camb'd. Val. tp. 300 00 Martin L. Hetric Colerain 243 00 Jonathan Hyde Harrison 102 77 Samuel Stoler Liberty 200 00 Jasper Stroup Juniata 135 40 William Cook Londonderry 200 00 Daniel Stoler Liberty 170 00 Miltzer Fletcher Monroe 298 00 John Wayne Napier 205 00 D. A. T. Black Providence East 200 00 John Roby Southampton tp. 115 00 Samuel Corl Schellsburg bor. 375 00 Nicholas Keontz Snake Spring 410 09 John Feaster St. Clair 510 00 Francis Beard Union 109 00 Joseph R. Durborrow Mid. Wood. 959 68 Samuel Working South Woodberry 649 99 Unassessed lands 358 11 \$1,061 70

TREASURER. CR. There is now in the Treasury \$3,060 00, subject to the order of the Commissioners.

Bedford County, ss: The undersigned Auditors of the said county do hereby certify, in pursuance of the several Acts of Assembly in such case made and provided, that they met at the Court House in the borough of Bedford, and did audit and adjust the accounts of A. J. Sanson, Esq., Treasurer of said county, for the year 1862, as contained in the foregoing statement, and that we have examined the foregoing accounts of moneys due to, and owed to Bedford county, and have found them correct.

Witness our hands and seals the 7th day of January, 1863.

GEORGE BAUGHMAN, DANIEL L. DEPIAUGH, JOHN H. BARTON, Auditors.

Report of the County Auditors to the Auditor General, January 5th, 1863.

Treasurer, Dr. To aggregate amount of taxes outstanding at last settlement \$10,131 87

By aggregate amount of said taxes assessed for 1862 7,225 25

By aggregate amount received on unassessed lands 320 98

\$18,379 10

CONTRA CR. By amount due and paid late Treasurer Shaffer \$ 90 59

By amount paid State Treasurer per receipts certificates allowed collectors per Exonerations of Commissioners 213 52

Commissioners allowed collectors Treasurer's commission on \$7,225 64 73 93

B. F. Meyers publishing list of retailers J. R. Durborrow " " 9 40

Outstanding for 1862 and previous years 10,273 36

\$18,379 10

By aggregate amount for 1862 \$552 00

By Treasurers commission \$27 60

Amount paid State Treasurer \$24 40

Wm. Bunnell 81 45 Charles McLaughlin Senatorial return judge 14 00 Fox and wild cat seals to sundry persons 216 81

Uncurrent money taken of P. Clingerman by order of Commissioners 10 00

Levi Agnew attending Auditors settlement 3 00 Treasurers salary 300 00

For postage and stationery 5 00 County Auditors and clerk auditing relief fund for 1861 and 1862 30 00

Treasurer's commission on \$2,718 28, the relief fund at 3 per cent Miscellaneous 61 47

Charges \$11,061 70 Payment 11,227 21

Balance due county \$ 2,837 49

Statement of moneys due and owing to Bedford County.

Abraham Snowden Camb'l Valley 1854 \$39 79 Jacob A. Nicodemus Woodberry M. 78 23

John A. Osborn Broad Top 79 90 James Smith St. Clair 58 08

Levi Carpenter Londonderry 6 83 Jacob S. Brumbaugh Woodb'y. South 26 61

Simon Steuber Colerain 1860 75 25 Abraham Croyle Union 278 78

Jacob S. Brumbaugh Woodberry S. 298 24 Wm. Cook Londonderry 239 76

Samuel Debaugh Bedford tp. 215 05 Daniel Stoler Liberty 157 62

Salizer Fletcher Monroe 234 33 John Wayne Napier 792 66

D. A. T. Black Providence East 254 83 John Kelly Providence West 69 18

Samuel Corl Schellsburg bor. 375 00 Th. D. Bare lay Bedford Borough 1861 379 76

John Robinson Southampton 157 62 Nicholas Keontz Snake Spring 410 09

John Feaster St. Clair 510 00 Francis Beard Union 109 00

Joseph R. Durborrow W. Woodb'y. M. 955 57 Samuel Working W. Woodb'y. S. 785 58

\$12,061 16

Those marked thus () have since paid in full. †Those marked thus (†) have since paid in part.

Statement of J. Loney's owed by Bedford county.

To John Hill \$2,000 00 To John Brice 5,000 00 Total \$7,000 00

Ten Pia Alleys Dr. To aggregate amount for 1862 \$ 22 50

By Treasurers commission 1 12

Amount paid State Treasurer 21 38

Billiard Room Dr. To amount of license for 1862 \$ 15 00

By Treasurers commission 37

Exonerations of Haffer 7 50

Amount paid State Treasurer 7 13

Bankers License Dr. To aggregate amount for 1862 \$ 10 00

By Treasurers commission 50

Amount paid State Treasurer 9 50

Bedford County, ss: The undersigned Auditors of said County, do hereby certify, that in pursuance of the several Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided, we met at the Court house in the Borough of Bedford, and did audit and adjust the accounts between A. J. Sanson, Esq., Treasurer of Bedford County, and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, as contained in the foregoing statement.

Witness our hands and seals the 7th day of January, 1863.

GEORGE BAUGHMAN, DANIEL L. DEPIAUGH, JOHN H. BARTON, Auditors.

J. W. LINGENFELTER, Clerk.

SHERIFF'S SALE. By virtue of a writ of Vend. Exp'dian, and Levari Facias to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, on Saturday, the 14th day of March, A. D. 1863, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following real estate to-wit: All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, situated in the Manor of Bedford, in Bedford township, Bedford county, containing 30 acres 10 perches, neat measure, cleared and under fence, adjoining lands of the Estates of S. M. Barclay, Esq., deceased, on the East, and lands of Sarah & C. Sellers, on the West.

Also—One other tract of land, situate in St. Clair tp., Bedford co., Pa., containing 75 acres more or less, about 50 acres cleared and under fence, with a two-story plank house,