

BEDFORD GAZETTE.

BEDFORD, Pa.—

FRIDAY · · · · · MAR. 22, 1861.

B. F. Meyers, Editor & Proprietor.

Twenty-Seven States.

The first grand result of the success of "Republican principles" is the practical curtailment of the Federal Union to the number of States comprised in the Union some twenty years ago.

This must be what the "Republicans" meant when they told us that they intended to bring back the government to the condition in which it was left by our revolutionary forefathers.

That such would be the inevitable consequence of the triumph of "Republicanism," was our firm belief from the very inception of that dangerous heresy, and we spared neither time, labor, nor expense in our endeavors to prevent such a consummation. We warned our neighbors and friends, from the stump and through the newspaper. We argued with them, expostulated, importuned, implored, but all in vain. The headlong current of the prevailing fanaticism swept them from the broad platform of the constitution and plunged them into the narrow abyss of Northern sectionalism. With what intense regret must they not remember those warning words unheeded, when they reflect that by their own act they have driven seven sovereign states out of the once honored and impregnable Union! They "knew their duty but did it not!"

People may tell us that the Union is not dissolved—that our government represents as many states as it did formerly. As a matter of law, that is true. As a matter of fact it is, we are sorry to acknowledge, not quite so correct. Of what value is the law, when it cannot be executed? Does it restrain the robber from violence, or the mutineer from rebellion? Of what worth is the law in South Carolina, when the Federal Administration is compelled, as a matter of policy, to withdraw its forces from Fort Sumter? Of what consequence is the law, when men who are surely guilty of treason under that law, go unpunished yes, even unmolested by any attempt to bring them to justice? No! To the shame of the people of the North be it said, Abolitionists have allowed nay, aided and abetted, by them, to effect the practical dissolution of the Union. Blind as bats! wilfully, perversely blind, were the people of Pennsylvania, when they refused to be warned against the sectional "Republican" party. The darling scheme of Wilberforce and Exeter Hall, is accomplished. A deep and daily widening chasm yawns between the people of the North and the South, and there is but one way of filling the breach, and that is by casting therein the leaders, office-holders and office-hunters of the Republican party.

THE PROBLEM SOLVED!

HAVE WE A GOVERNMENT?

Lincoln Limber in the Knees!

The glad news that Fort Sumter is to be evacuated, and that we are to have no civil war for the present, is confirmed. The question so indignantly asked by the "Republicans" a short time ago, "Have we a Government?" is answered. According to their doctrine, we have not. According to their policy four weeks ago, the Government instead of withdrawing the troops from Fort Sumter, would have been in duty bound to re-inforce them. According to their ideas of the requirements of the times, the "Southern traitors" should have been sought out and hung. But Mr. Lincoln, finding that unless he took Democratic ground in the present emergency, he would be entirely unable to administer the Government, has to some extent abandoned the Quixotic plans of his party friends. He is just now decidedly "weak in the knees," so far as standing on the Chicago Platform is concerned. We sincerely hope that the Republicans will not abuse him for adopting Buchanan's policy, nay for doing the very opposite of what they demanded of the Ex-President. We hope they will be as consistently inconsistent as ever and praise Mr. Lincoln for surrendering to the "Southern traitors" the Federal property at Fort Sumter.

Local and Miscellaneous.

SPRING ELECTION.—The election for local officers which came off in this Borough on Friday last, resulted in the choice of thirteen Democrats and five Republicans. The Democratic majority on the test vote (Inspector) was 20. The following is the vote:

DEMOCRATS. REPUBLICANS.

Chief Burgess.

John H. Rush, 109 Geo. D. Shuck, 85 Assistant Burgess.

Henry Debaugh, 114 Col. in Loyer, 82 Councillors.

George Mardort, 114 W. W. Shuck, 99 Joshua Mower, 94 J. L. Lessig, 81 High Constable.

Levi Agnew, 73 J. A. Henderson, 122 Auditor.

R. H. G. Livine, 113 F. D. Saupp, 73 Judge of Election.

Joel B. Wanner (Dem.) is elected Mayor by 644 majority over Bonneville Keim (Rep.) the present incumbent.

READING.

Peter Shaneman (Dem.) is elected Treasurer by 454 majority; and Messrs. Smith, Haus and Morris are elected Auditors by Majorities of 323, 237 and 266 respectively.

Franklin B. Miller (Dem.) and Wm. B. Schoener (Ind. Dem.) are elected Aldermen; and Christian Snyder and Joseph Goodhart, (Dem.) Constables.

The Democrats also elect all the Common Councilmen and the Judges and Assessors, in the Northeast, Southeast and Spruce Wards; and one of the three Common Councilmen and the Assessors in Northwest Ward.

NORRISTOWN.

The election in Norristown has resulted in a complete triumph of the Democrat and Bell-Everett ticket, by an average majority of near 400.

HARRISBURG.

The entire Democratic ticket was elected in Harrisburg.

PHENIXVILLE.

The election in this borough resulted in the success of the Conservative and Independent ticket.

WEST CHESTER.

The contest in the election here was confined to Chief Burgess. The candidates were Henry S. Evans, Citizens candidate, and Addison May, Black Republican. Evans was elected by over 200 majority.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

THE SUPREME COURT.

DOUGLAS AND FESSENDEN DIFFICULTY.

A CABINET SESSION TO-DAY.

THE GOVERNMENT FLEET FOR THE SOUTH.

RUMORED COLLISIONS AT PENSACOLA.

[Special Dispatch to the Bulletin.]

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The Judges of the Supreme Court are said to have protested against the appointment of Mr. Lamont, of Illinois, as Marshal of this District. The object to such a precedent.

Sharper still—the idea of lugging a little private difficulty in a matter of business, into the columns of a newspaper. At any rate we cannot see how there can be any cause for complaint against Messrs. Reed, Rupp and Schell, and on presentation, intending to lift our note they wanted to share this depositor's check on themselves. Are these banking rules and if so, isn't it sharp practice?—*Inquirer.*

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Washington, March 16.—The Judges of the Supreme Court will adjourn until the middle of next week.

Reports have been received in this city to the effect that a collision has occurred between the United States troops and the Seceders at Pensacola. No small stir has been created by the rumors.

Louisville, March 16.—A large Southern Rights meeting was held at the Court House last night. The proceedings were attended with much confusion, and the meeting finally broke up in a row.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Chief Justice Taney delivered the opinion of the Supreme Court to-day in the matter of the Commonwealth of Kentucky against the Governor of Ohio, deciding that it was a case of original jurisdiction, and in effect, of one State against another; and, therefore, the Court has jurisdiction under the Constitution. It is a case to compel the Governor of Ohio, by writ of mandamus, to surrender a fugitive from justice from Kentucky. And the Court says the demanding State has a right to have every such fugitive delivered up; that the State of Ohio has no right to enter into the question whether the act of which the fugitive stands accused is criminal or not in Ohio, provided it was a crime in Kentucky, and it is the duty of the Governor of Ohio to deliver up, upon any proper proof that the act charged is a crime by the laws of Kentucky; that the act of Congress of 1793 determines what evidence is to be submitted to the State of Ohio; that the duty of the Governor is ministerial merely, like that of a sheriff or marshal, and the Court appealed to his good faith in the discharge of his constitutional duty for the reason that Congress cannot impose any Federal duty on the officers of a State, and that where such officers are called upon by an act of Congress to perform such duty, it relies upon good sense and good faith on their part. And, on these grounds, the writ of mandamus was granted.

... Among the graduates of the recent Annual Commencement of the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, we observe the name of our young friend and fellow townsman, Dr. W. H. Watson, Jr. We understand that the Dr. passed a very creditable examination, and bear his professional attainments spoken of in high terms.

... The Spring elections throughout the county, so far as we have heard, have resulted as favorably for the Democracy as we could have expected, local matters, of course, having more to do with them than politics.

... The contest among the "Republicans" for Postmaster at this place, was decided on Friday last, by a plurality, in favor of Mr. William Kiser.

As well as we recollect the vote stood, W. W. Shuck, 24; A. S. Russell, 56; S. Radebaugh, 65; W. Kiser, 78.

There is considerable hard feeling between the friends of the different candidates, one set charging the other with unfair electioneering and another objecting to the counting out of the votes by the election-board long before the voting ceased.

Mr. Shuck, we believe, withdrew, at noon, in favor of Mr. Kiser.

... It seems that the Irrepressibles have some intention of removing Mrs. Statler, P. M. at Schellsburg, for the purpose of making room for a well-to-do "Republican" of the masculine gender. We shouldn't be surprised if they swallow all their professions of sympathy for widows and orphans expressed at the time of removal of Mrs. Saupp, and turn out the widow Statler in the cold. Can you do it, gentlemen, after saying what you did in the Saupp case?

The Evacuation of Fort Sumter.

Another Cabinet council—The Southern Confederacy to be Eventually Recognized—Compliment to Mr. Crittenden—Ohio Politics, Etc., Etc., Etc.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Another protracted meeting of the Cabinet was held to-day—After passing upon a number of Territorial and other appointments, the Southern question, in its various bearings, was again taken up and discussed for nearly two hours. The instructions to Major Anderson, in reference to the evacuation of Fort Sumter, formed the principal subject under consideration. Much diversity of opinion is known to have prevailed as to the manner of withdrawing the garrison, and no ultimate conclusion was arrived at on that point.

There are Republicans here who assert knowingly and positively, that the secret of the unexpected consent of Gov. Chase and other radical members of the Cabinet to the surrender of Fort Sumter, is their firm belief in the inevitability of the ultimate division of the country into two confederacies, one distinctly free from the other slaveholding, and their desire to bring about the separation without bloodshed. That this idea has been broached in Cabinet council is certain, and Seward as well as Chase will eventually urge a recognition of the new Confederacy.

The President of the United States, the members of the Cabinet, the Foreign Ministers, Senators and Representatives in Congress, Judges of the Courts, Supreme and other, the Mayor and citizens of Washington, with a large number of visitors, have arranged to wait upon Mr. Crittenden and lady, at the National Hotel tonight.

The visit is a parting entertainment given to the distinguished Senator from Kentucky, after forty years of honest and faithful public service for the whole country.

The Administration will adhere to the line of action indicated by Mr. Fessenden, and there will be no premature discussion of the policy of the Administration towards the seceding States.

Reports received from Columbus show that there will probably be a choice of a Senator during the present session.

THE REPUBLICANS are racking their ingenuity to discover excuses for the evacuation of Fort Sumter. The gallant Anderson, who was petted and applauded as a marvelous hero, is, by some of them, suddenly discovered to be a traitor little less infamous than Twigg. A correspondent of the *N. Y. Tribune* says it is suspected in some quarters that Mr. Buchanan sent a secret agent to Fort Sumter more than eight weeks ago, advising the Government false intelligence concerning his condition and means of subsistence. This "very unlikely" story is gravely repeated in justification of the back-down of the Lincoln Administration.

SUICIDE BY A RUINED GAMBLER AT HAMBURG.—A letter from Frankfort of Feb. 19, says:—"The day before yesterday an English lady, who had resided at Hamburg for some time, and been a constant visitor to the gambling saloons, where by degrees she had lost almost all her property, left town and went to the village of Kirdorf, about three miles distant. She ascended the tower of the new church there, and having first tied her legs together, threw herself from the lower to the earth, a distance of about 100 feet. When picked up she was still living, but was conveyed to the hospital at Hamburg in an exceedingly deplorable condition.

Resolved, That the conciliatory course of Mr. Buchanan, in regard to our present National

From the Hollidaysburg Standard.

Democratic Meeting.

A mass meeting of the Democracy of Altoona was held at Lowther's Hall, on Thursday evening, March 7th, 1861. On motion, John McClelland was called to the Chair; and Jonathan Conrad, Richard Crozier, and Patrick Paisley were chosen Vice Presidents, and Wm. McDonap, Secretary. S. M. Woodcock, Esq., was then called upon to state the object of the meeting. Mr. Woodcock made a brief and eloquent address, and concluded by moving that a committee of five be appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the wishes of the Democracy of Altoona. The Chair appointed S. M. Woodcock, John Woods, John Bowman, John Condo and Thomas McBride. The Committee after retiring for a short time, returned, when S. M. Woodcock, Chairman, read the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted by the meeting:

Whereas, Seven of the States constituting this Republic have declared their connexion with the Government of the United States dissolved, and we have reason to believe that unless some adjustment of our present difficulties be speedily made, Virginia and all the border States will attempt to separate themselves from the Union; and Whereas, The Democratic party of Pennsylvania at the late State Convention held in Harrisburg, again attested its loyalty to the Constitution, the Union, and the Rights of the States, we, the Democracy of Altoona, in a mass meeting assembled, believing that the present condition of affairs demands that the people everywhere should give expression to their opinions, be it, therefore,

Resolved, That the course of our Congressmen, S. M. Blair, in voting with the Abolitionists against the "Corwin Resolutions," and against all the compromise measures and honorable adjustments introduced into Congress for the purpose of restoring peace to the country, has been a shameful misrepresentation of the wishes of his constituents; that he has, by his votes, shown himself to be a full fledged Abolitionist, and that his much wronged constituents will hereafter mete out to him that righteous condemnation which his misdeeds richly merit.

Resolved, That a Committee be appointed to attend to the printing of these resolutions in all the Democratic papers in this District.

(Signed by the Officers.)

THE OHIO FAT BOY.—The body of Vanis Mack, the celebrated Ohio Fat Boy, who died in New York, while exhibiting at Barron's Museum, passed through Pittsburg on Thursday, by railroad. It was marked "Agent Ohio Fat Boy, Darlington, Pa." and was described on the bill of lading as follows: "1 Fat Boy dead. Double first class passenger freight, weight 500 pounds. Freight \$1.50." The weight as given above, includes the coffin and box.

LECTION OF U. S. SENATOR.—At 12 o'clock on Thursday the Senate met the House of Representatives in Convention to elect a United States Senator in place of Hon. Simon Cameron, resigned. David Wilmet received 55 votes; Wm. H. Welsh 34 votes; McKittrick and Mr. Wilmet 1 vote each.

GROVE.—On March 9th, Mrs. Hannah Grove, aged 64 years.

STAFER.—On the 12th inst., Harry Clark, infant son of Dr. S. G. and E. J. Stafler, aged 6 months and 11 days.

At Boydstown, on Saturday the 9th inst., Edward M. infant son of Simon and Margaret A. Dickerhoof, aged seven months.

Stoffer little children to come unto me and forbide them not, for such is the kingdom of heaven."

DUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The subscriber will offer at Public Sale, pursuant to the order of the Orphans' Court, on the premises in West Providence Township, Bedford County, on SATURDAY, 20th APRIL next, the following

REAL ESTATE, late the property of James MacDaniel, dec'd., viz.: One tract of land, being unimproved adjoining lands of —— Fetter on the East, Fred'k. Collaberger on the West, Andrew Mortmore on the North, and George MacDaniel's heirs on the South, containing one hundred acres, more or less.

ALSO, one other tract of unimproved land, adjoining the mansion property, and lands of Daniel Snyder, David Steckman and others, and containing one hundred and fifty acres, more or less.

ALSO, the mansion place, of said dec'd., adjoining lands of Daniel Snyder, Wilson McDaniel, Jacob Steel, John Calhoun and others, containing 208 acres, about one hundred acres cleared and under fence, 6 or 8 of which are meadow, balance well timbered. The improvements are a two-story Log Dwelling House, with kitchen attached; also a Smoke House, Spring House, and Log Stable, with three-breeching floor. There is also an apple orchard on the premises, and a good spring at the door of the dwelling. The property is situated five miles South of Bloody Run, on the road to Clavigrave.

The sale will commence at 1 o'clock, on said day, the terms will be one third in hand, the balance in two equal annual payments, without interest.

JOSEPH McDANIEL, Administrator.

March 23d, '61.

EDFORD HOTEL AND GENERAL STAGE OFFICE.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to announce that he has leased the Bedford Hotel, on Pitt Street, where he would be happy to meet his old friends, and the public generally.

It is his design to make many professions as to the hotel, which he pledges his word that his most energetic efforts will be employed to render comfortable all who give it a call. The house will be handsomely fitted up, and none but careful and attentive servants will be engaged.

Persons visiting the Bedford Springs, as well as those attending Court, and the travelling community generally, are respectfully invited to give him a call and judge for themselves.

CEPBOARDERS taken by the week, month, or year, on favorable terms.

CAMPING and comfortable stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also, a safe and convenient carriage house.

ALL THE STAGES STOP AT THIS HOTEL.

JOHN HAER, Proprietor.

Aug. 1, 1860.

N O T I C E .

Is hereby given that I have purchased at Constable's sale, on the 5th of March, 1861, the following property to wit: One gr. v. mare, one team colt, one red cattle, one red half-horse, two sows, twelve pigs