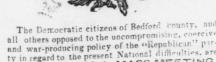
DEMOCRATIC UNION MEETING:



and war-producing points and difficulties, are ty in regard to the present National difficulties, are requested to assemble in MASS MEETING, at the COURT HOUSE, in Bedford, on MONDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 11th,

LET ALL COME who sustain the doctrine of

President BUCHANAN that this Union "can never cemented by the blood of its citizens shed in LET ALL COME who stand by Senator DOUG-

LET ALL COME who stand by Senator DOUG-LAS, when he nobly rings out the cry, "I deny the right to make war in order to regain possession" of a State, in order to enforce the laws. I am for peace to save the Union. WAR IS DISUNION, cer-tain and inevitable, final, and irrepressible!" LET ALL COME, who believe with Senator CRITTENDEN, that "unless something is done by concession, we will be a separated and divided peo-

le;" and especially, LEF ALL COME who are in favor of the adop on of the Crittenden Amendments, or any similar eaceful mode of settling the alarming difficulties in which our country is at present involved. G. H. SPANG.

Chairman Dem. Co. Com

Who are Responsible?

in prospectu, can suffice to save him from po- houses ; and yet, we are told that "Republilitical death; and as for "Republicanism,"

"Neither poppy, nor mandragora Nor all the drowsy syrups of the world " can medicine its founders and worshippers "to

the conduct of his party. slavery question, both North and South. Nev- en to the ground. ertheless, the Wilmot Proviso passed the lower house of Congress, carried through by the antislavery sentiment of the North. Thus did the people of the North violate their plighted faith, and open up a political agitation which is now about to culminate in the dissolution and destruction of the government. It was because of the violation of the Missouri compact, by the representatatives of the North in Congress, in 1848, and because of the attempt to apply the unconstitutional and unfair principle of the Wilmot Proviso, to the admission of California, that disunion was spoken of in South ¡Carolina and other Southern States in 1850. The reamiliar to every body acquainted with the his- ed in office ? tory of that memorable period. Such patriots as Clay, Webster, Winthrop, and Douglas united to overthrow the doctrine of the Wilmot Proviso, and when unable, on account of Northern opposition, to extend the Missouri Compromise line to the Pacific, agreed to adopt the present Fugitive Slave Law, and to settle the Territorial question by submitting it to the decision of the bona fide residents of the Territo-

ries, who were to form their own domestic in-

South, were to have equal rights in the Territories-equal rights as to all things-life, liberty and property. The South was satisfied .isunion, and peace and tranquillity once more few days. resumed their swav from one end of the Union deply arose the sectional party which the arti- elsewhere than on the public street. slavery leaders were so desirous of forming and This sectional party was founded upon the antislavery sentiment of the North, its founders declaring that the organization of the Territories of Kansas and Nebraska, though in accordance an outrage upon that sentiment and a "crime pired in regard to its sessions. against freedom." Hence, "Republicanism" is tation of the question of slavery. Hence "Republicanism" is responsible for the present difficulties in the South, because when the South was satisfied with compromises to which the The legal pettifogger whose services are al- North had assented, "Republicanism" either by ways called into requisition by the ostensible its founders, or in its own proper organization, editor of the Abolition organ, whenever that repudiated such Compromises. But not only nondescript specimen of humanity gets himself has "Republicanism" violated solemn and sa- Times, all good papers, are among the number to made by Mr. Montgomery on laying it before and Samuel J. Colden. into a quandary, publishes one of his usually cred compromises, not only has it brought the long-winded editorials in the last week's issue North to an attitude of sectional political hostilof that sheet, in reply to a late article of ours ity to the South, but under the manœuvring of proving the so-called "Republican" party re- some of its leaders it has passed laws nullifying sponsible for the present difficulties in the the Fugitive Slave Act and legalizing the res-South. The "galled jade winces" under the cue of the slave from recapture by the master; lashings of truth and a slowly awakening con- it has sent ruffians and fiends in human shape science. The miserable pettilogger finds that to Kansas to despoil Southern emigrants of their he and his tellow "Republicans" are becoming property and to shoot them down in their cdious in the sight of all honest men and true tracks, or lynch them upon the nearest tree; it patriots, and hence he deems it necessary to has connived at the invasion of Virginia by an environ and fortify himself and his political armed band of anti-slavery marauders, and maconfreres with any quantity of verbiage and ny of its presses and public speakers have atgarbled extracts. He manages to flounder tempted to sustain and vindicate that invasion : through two mortal columns-leaded, solid, it has scattered inflammatory publications, Helprimer, brevier, italic - in building up his for- per Books and Uncle Tom's Cabins, broadcast tification of words. He has an idea that if he among the people, exciting their passions and can only get into his article all the words con- arousing their prejudices; it has sent its emistained in Webster's Dictionary, he and Repub- saries among the slaves, stirring them up to licanism will both be perfectly safe. Mistaken mutiny, insurrection and murder, and lighting man! Not all the vocabularies of the language, up the plantations of the South, with the flames nor "burnt brandy," nor judicial non-inations of burning cotton-gins and consuming farm-

tery to quote Gen. Jackson. We have only to sovereign States have already withdrawn from that sweet sleep which once they owed," when say on this point, that had Gen. Jackson been the Federal Union, and others threaten speedithe morning of the seventh of November President from 1848 till 1852, there would be ly to follow. The Democratic party, ever brought them the certainty of Lincoin's elect no republican party to day. The names of faithful to the Constitution and the laws tion. But for the sake of curiosity let us fol- the men who founded and now control that par- seriously deprecates this deplorable condition of low this frightened "Republican" editor in his ty, would be the rankest stench in the nostrils our common and beloved country. The peril devious wanderings in search of an excuse for of the present generation. Jackson would now impending is the natural result of a de-His object is to show that disunion has been meditated by the Southern States for many gitive Slave Law, or in any manner to disobey organization for the past sixty years, and can only be removed by the re-establishment of when made, must run within a few rods of the mill when made whe Lincoln is not the cause of the present condition of things in those States. In order to effect speeches were all made prior to the adoption is not necessary to recall the glories of the past of the adjustment of these unforeseen troubles, and bring to their cheeks a beautiful glow of and the balance in three payments, without interest. this purpose, he quotes "a few excerpts" [see of Henry Clay's compromise of 1850, by which Websterl from a debate in the Legislature of a new phase was put upon the question of sla-South Carolina in the year 1850. These "ex- very in the Territories. By that Compromise, cerpts" certainly show that disunion was seri- the people of the several states of the Union ously spoken of in South Carolina, in 1850, but who had emigrated to California, with their ders, or our land be rent with fraternal strifethey show no more than the history of the U- property, whether negroes, or other, were to nited States, for it is a part of our national bis- meet upon a perfect equality and settle, in their of the Democratic party, the only true contory that in 1850, the Union was in great own way, the domestic institutions of the emdanger of being dissolved, on account of the bryo state. Therefore, the Compromise measvery same causes which are now operating for ures of 1850, recognized the equality of Norits dismemberment. In 1848, David Wilmot thern and Southern citizens, with respect to in the lower house of Congress, offered his fa- persons and property, in the common Territory mous Proviso, which declared that there should of the Union, and it is for this principle, overbe "no more slavery, or involuntary servitude thrown by "Republicanism" in the North, and except for crime," in any of the States to be ad- for their own safety and security in their own mitted into the Union. In other words, it was States and by their own firesides, threatened the doctrine of "no more Slave States," now so and invaded by Northern outlaws, that the Soupertinaciously insisted upon by the Republican thern people have plunged into revolution .party. This, of course, applied to all the Ter- Yes. "Republicanism" is responsible, and will ritories, organized or unorganized, then belong- be held answerable, not only by the people, but ing to the United States, and, therefore, viitu- by the great Judge, who delighteth in speace ally repealed the Missouri Compromise, which and brotherly love, and whose all-seeing eye

canism" is not responsible tor the revolution in

the South!

Words of Condolence.

It seems that Governor Curtin has made all his appointments, and by some strange oversight has forgotten to give an office to our particular friend and fellow townsman, Hon. Fr. Jordan. Singular shortsightedness, this, on the part of Governor Curtin! Mr. Jordan certainly deserves an office at the hands of the Governor, and as he but rarely asks for office, and has but rarely succeeded in getting it when he did ask, t is surely a shame that Curtin overlooked him. announced as an applicant for one of the Flour discussion the following preamble and resoluson why the Union was then preserved, is fa- Inspectorships. When is George to be install- tions were unanimously adopted :

How and When?

"Mr. Russell, Chairman," calls "a mass meeting of the Republican party of Bedford county." How and when was Mr. Russell appointed "Chairman" of a "Republican" county committee, and how and when was he em- stitution, and by a contemplated abandonment powered to sink the "Feople's Party" into nonentity, or to deliver it over, wholesale, to Black Republicanism ? Let us know, please.

stitutions in their own way, subject only to the Kansas has been admitted into the Union. Constitution of the United States. By this set- Thus far Black Republicanism has brought one tlement the people of the North and of the | State into and driven six out of the Union.

Local and Miscellaneous. .Court begins next Monday.

"Rebellious South Carolina" ceased to talk of This fact has been fully exemplified within the last

.... Accident.—On Saturday morning last, o the other. The Anti-slavery sentiment of as a troop of boys were engaged in skating and slihe North, however, was restless and unap- ding down the hill in front of our office, a little sled peased. Having obtained a deep hold upon the occupied by one of the boys, struck a young lad, Whigs of the North through the machinations a son of Rev. Mr. Heckerman, of this place, and of Horace Greeley, W. H. Seward and other so severely that his life was for some days despairmen of that ilk, it soon succeeded in introducing ed of. We are happy to learn, however, that he is itself into the organization of that party in such now almost out of danger. This accident should a shape as to effect its ruin. When the Amer- teach boys to be more careful when engaged in sliding, or skating', and as for making the princithe same anti-slavery sentiment and antithe same anti-slavery sentiment and anti-slavery leaders soon worked out its de-be prohibited by the Borough authorities. Boys struction. Upon the ruins of the last sud- must have play, but their playground should be

.... Don't forget the Democratic Meeting by earnestly invited to take, in the manner to establish which they had labored to destroy on Monday evening next. Let it be a grand rally most convenient and agreeable to them, prompt both the National Whig and American parties. of the conservative men of the county. Let all who are in favor of peace and justice to the South, come forward and take their stand boldly and with

.... The Peace Conference met at Washington on Monday, last. The Conference sits with with Henry Clay's Compromise of 1850, was closed doors, and nothing of importance has trans-

.Burchary .- On Wednesday night but the development of that anti-slavery-ism last, the Catholic Church in this place, was broken which since 1848, has kept up a continual agi- into by some unknown person and is supposed to have been robbed of a number of valuables, plate, &c., &c. At the same time a number of article were also taken from the office of the Bedford Ho-

> A number of our Democratic exchanges have recently come to us in an enlarged and improved form. The Huntingdon Globe. Doylestown Democrat, Gettysburg Compiler and Chambersburg

> so, call on Hartley, at his Hardware Store, and you will be accommodated with a first rate article at moderate prices. Hartley's Prince Alberts are excellent esculents, as we can abundantly testify.

Democratic State Convention!

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE EXECUTIVE COMMIT-EE of Pennsylvania, at a meeting held in the city of Harrisburg, on the 30th ultime, unanimously resolved to elicit the views of the Democracy of the "old Keystone" in reference to the present terrible crisis of our national affairs.

The failure of the Republican party to meet, in a proper spirit of concession and compromise, the overtures made for the adjustment of our National difficulties, renders it necessary that the united Democracy of this Commonwealth should take prompt, decided, and energetic action in the premises.

We are in the midst of a revolution brought about by the teachings of an Anti-Constitutional party, a party sectional in its aims and sec-Our pettifogger has the impudence and effron- tional in its principles. Six of our sisters have hung up as a traitor every man that would parture from the true Constitutional doctrines which our tardy action is not denounced as persons living in a country where Fever and where a grist mill would command the custom of a -it is only necessary to be reminded of the and impressed with the importance of compro- perfect health. dangers of the present. Whatever the future may have in store for the American peoplewhether peace shall continue within our borit now becomes the solemn and imperative duty servator of the Union, the Constitution, and "the equality of the States," to give a full expression of opinion upon the dangers which Representatives, fresh from the hands of the threaten constitutional liberty and menace the rights of all the States of this Confederacy.

Therefore, in accordance with the unani-Executive Committee, the Democracy of Pennsylvania are earnestly invited to send three delegates for each Senator, and three delegates for each Representative, to be chosen in such manner and at such times as may be deemed proper, to meet in general State Convention at Harrisburg, at three o'clock, p. m., on Thursday, the 21st day of February, A. D. 1861. had been theretofore regarded as a finality on the notes even the sparrow that is wantonly strick- to take into consideration the present distracted and divided state of the country, "to restrain threatened sectional violence, and to aid in reconstructing the federative system on a basis of

> By order of the Committee. WILLIAM H. WELSH, Chairman. HARRISBURG, February 1, 1861.

Meeting of the Democratic State Committee.

The Democratic State Committee met in the Supreme Court Room, at Harrisburg, at 3 o'clock P. M., on Wednesday, the 30th ult .--By the way our friend, Geo. R. Barndollar, was Forty four members were present. After some

WHEREAS, The dismemberment of the Uaion by the withdrawal of the slave-holding States now in rapid progress, has been occasioned by a departure from the Democratic construc-Confederacy," in respect to persons and property, to be a fundamental principle of such Conlegislation; thus guiding the whole country to for his kind indulgence. an eminence of prosperity and renown:

And Whereas, A speedy recognition of the his successor is not already elected.

Democratic party in the Administration of the Is a good Union man and a conservative Demo-Corat. But my proposition has nothing to doIncompatible-sunshine and sleighing. is the only and sure means of effecting a per- own term.

And Whereas, The organization of the Democratic party of Pennsylvania, hitherto "the is entirely competent, if called into immediate action, to restrain threatened sectional violence and to materially aid in reconstructing the federative system on a basis of perpetuity; there-

Resolved, That a Democratic State Convention, to consist of three delegates from each Senatorial and Representative district, three hundred and ninety-nine in all, be held in the city of Harrisburg, on Thursday, the 21st day of February next, at 3 o'clock, afternoon.

Resolved, That the several districts are hereand efficient measures to insure a full, fair and

aid in and facilitate this matter, each member the State, at the earliest practicable day. of this Committee furnish the Chairman with the names and addresses of Democrats in his District.

The Committee then adjourned.

A Good Proposition.

Hon William Montgomery, of this State, has proposed a plan for the settlement of the Southern difficulties, which we think, if carried out, tained and explained in the following remarks Congress

Mr. Speaker, I have a proposal to make to this House. I think that every impartial observer, who has witnessed our deliberations the commencement of the session, will ad mit there is nothing like unity of sentiment nor concurrence of opinion among us. The votes had on the various propositions of compromise presented to us from time to time, abundantly prove that there is not the slightnst probability that a constitutional majority can be obtained for any proposition will restore harmony and peace to our distracted country. Day after day is spent in the delivery of speeches, many of which only tend to increase our troubles, and add fuel to the flame of public discord. While we are engaged in this profitless controversy-for I doubt whether any speech that has been made, or that will be made, will change the opinion or vote of a single member -State after State is seceding from this Union, and delegation after delegation is bidding us farewell, and vacating the seats around us .-While these things are being done, what are we doing to avert this dreadful calamity? Revolution is sweeping 'over the land. We can

are more controlled by political prejudice and mouth in the morning, sallow colored complexof our fearful responsibility. In devotion to ion, yellowish tint in the eyes, costiveness, or our party we seem to lorget that we have a diarrhea of slimy dark color, low spirit and country. We serve the Democratic and Rediarrhea of slimy dark color, low spirit and VALUA publican organizations, and forget that we have a Union and a Constitution in peril of destruction, that JUDSON'S MOUNTAIN HERB tion. While we stand here idle, the people ween and the national long the property is about one hundred about one hundred about one hundred are a perfect cure for all billious about one hundred are a This property is well and weep, and the nations look upon us with scorn affections. So pleasantly do they search out favorably located—is good land, with 60 acres unand contempt. I cannot pick up a paper in and drive away the seeds of disease, that all der good fence, and has a water-power on it that is mise, and believing that it is our duty to refer this question, which we cannot settle, to the BY ALL DEALERS IN MEDICINE. people whom we represent, I propose that every man of us agree to resign his place here, to take effect on the 21st of February next: and that we immediately pass a special law to provide for the election of our successors, who shall meet here on the 22d day of February, that day consecrated and hallowed by the birth of the Father of his Country,) and that to these ding, and hereafter to be made, shall be referred. In the mean time, between this and mous recommendation of the Democratic State the 22d of February, we can go on and dispatch the public business demanding our atten-

on. The man on this floor who knows he township. has been misrepresenting the wishes of his people need alone fear it. Those who have been faithful and true to the people, to the Union, and the Constitution, will be indorsed and reelected. The responsibility will then be with the people; and I know the result will be peace, conciliation, and a return to the Union. We cannot agree; why then shall we stand in the to Miss Christena Bussard, both of Black Valway of the expression of the will of the people ? ley, Bedford co., Pa. If we are right, our people will sustain us; if we are wrong, we owe it to ourselves and them to give them an opportunity to select others in our stead. Adopt this measure, and you will arrest precipitate action in the Southern States which remain with us. I believe, if this measure were adopted, some of those States which have already seceded would send their Representatives back to lend their aid in this great work of compromise. Even if it were for no other purpose, we should consult our people on the question of the course to be pursued against the seceding States. Before we begin a bloody civil war, let ns consult the people, and hear their voice and carry out their determination. For myself, I have voted uniformly for the consideration of and Elizabeth Dibert, aged 2 years and 4 almost every proposition for compromise which months. has been offered. I am willing my people should pass on my acts. I love my country, tion of the Constitution of the United States, and I am ready to make any sacrifice which which holds "the equality of the States of the will preserve that glorious Union which has interested are hereby notified that at the present of the conservative Democratic policy which tion. I submit it for the consideration of the has, for sixty years past, sacredly guarded "the House as a peace-offering which requires no and of carrying on the busine rights of the States," and developed the resour- sacrifice of principle from any one. I thank iron therein, in which bill the undersigned will be ces and capacities of the people by Democratic the House for its attention and my colleague

Mr. GROW. I ask my colleague whether patriotic counsels and conservative policy of the | Mr. MONTGOMERY. Certainly; and he

The N V. Democratic State Convention.

ALBANY, Feb., 1 .- The Committee on Resolutions of the Democratic State Convention mable timber-25 Keystone of the Federal Arch," now harmonious, possessing coercion; favoring the Crittenden Compand of the true principles of the Constitution, posing coercion; favoring the Crittenden Compand of the true principles of the Constitution, posing coercion; favoring the Crittenden Compand of the true principles of the Constitution, posing coercion; favoring the Crittenden Compand of the true principles of the Constitution, posing coercion; favoring the Crittenden Compand of the true principles of the Constitution, posing coercion; favoring the Crittenden Compand of the true principles of the Constitution, posing coercion; favoring the Crittenden Compand of the true principles of the Constitution, posing coercion; favoring the Crittenden Compand of the true principles of the Constitution, posing coercion; favoring the Crittenden Compand of the true principles of the Constitution, posing coercion; favoring the Crittenden Compand of the true principles of the Constitution, posing coercion; favoring the Crittenden Compand of the true principles of the Constitution, posing coercion; favoring the Crittenden Compand of the Critte promise; exhorting all men to unite with them in submitting that compromise to the vote of the people of the State; exhorting the seceding the second of the state; exhorting the second of the States to refrain from any acts of aggression, or tain Irid, et said farm. any course calculated to plunge the nation into civil war; and the non-secoding Slave States to use their influence with their brefhren of the property if desired by the purchaser. outh to that end.

Speeches were delivered by Lyman Tremain great bargain, will do well to call upon the under

The Committee on Resolutions made a report in addition to the foregoing summary; the resolutions declare that it is a monstrous docfrime to refuse to settle controversies with our purchased, (Feb'y, 4th, 1861,) the following propoun people with compromises; and they favor erty, at Sheriff's Sale, to wit: One Hack, one able representation.

Resolved, That the Chairman of this Committee issue, immediately, a copy of these resolutions to the Chairman of each County Committee, each absent member of this Committee, and such other Democrats as may be most conveniently and promptly reached; and that to be conveniently and promptly reached; and the compromise to the vote of the electors of the State, at the earliest prescrictable day.

Trine to refuse to settle controversies with our own people with compromises; and they favor the abent form the policy that will give satisfaction to the Border Statos, and favor the appointment of a committee to memoralize the Level of the electors of the clienton of the clienton of the clienton of the clienton of the electors of the electors of the state at the earliest prescrictable day.

They urge Congress to provide at an early day for constitutional amendments, or in the event of the failure of Congress, to take action, they urge the Legislature to take the initiative steps for summoning a general convention to propose amendments to the Constitution of the mer, late of Union township, dec'd., having been United States. They favor a response to the granted to the subscriber, residing in said town-Virginia resolutions for a conference at Washington, and name as commissioners, from this State, Hon. Millard Fillmore, Addison Gardner, ticated for settlement. would prove eminently successful. It is con- Greene C. Bronson, Errstus Corning. Horatio Seymore, Amasa J. Parker, Charles O'Connor

The resolutions strenuously oppose civil war, and urge the seceding and non-seceding States to join hands in staying the progress of dissolu-

ALBANY, Feb. 1 .- Evening .- The Tammany Hall delegation returned to the Convention A resolution was adopted to print 50,000 opies of the proceedings of the Convention. Also, a resolution tendering the thanks of the

Democracy of New York to Senator Crittenden and Cameron for the noble stand they have taken for the Union, rising above party consider-

shall be to correspond with the prominent Democrats of other States, on the subject of a Gen- thenticated for settlement. eral Convention to propose amendments to the Constitution of the United States. A committee was also appointed to present

the resolutions of the Convention to Congress and to the State Legislature. The Convention then adjourned sine die, but subject to the call of the President.

DISEASES OF THE LIVER .- You may always know when your liver is out of order, or entitled, "An act to Incorporate the Powelton coal volution is sweeping 'over the land. We can feel the temple of our country's liberty tremble, yet we stand here idle.

When you are what is called bilious, by any of the following symptoms; pain in the side and that the names of the corporators in said com-I think it is obvious to every man of us that we back, dizziness, dull beadache, a bad taste in Thomas Biddle, Robert H. Powell, Charles D. Brodweep, and the nations look upon us with scorn affections. So pleasantly do they search out favorably located-

JUDSON'S MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS ARE SOLD Pa., or

-- ON A BE ED HELLED --

SHUCK - ASHCOM. -- At the house of the Bride's father, Mr. Benj. R. Ashcom, near Bloody Run, on Tuesday evening, 5th inst., by Rev. S. Barnes, Mr. William W. Shuck, of Bedford, and Miss Mary A. Ashcom.

The happy couple have our earnest people, and bearing the peoples' instructions, wishes for their future happiness and prosperithe various proposals of compromise now pen- ty. Friend Shuck, you are welcome to the ranks of the married folks. May others profit

BECKLEY-WENDLE .- In Schellsburg, on.

This is not a party proposition. I make it George Beckley, Jr., of St. Clair Tp., to Miss n good faith, and earnestly ask its considera- Susan, daughter of Michael Wendle, of Napier

FORGUSCN-SLEEK .- On Tuesday the 29th of January, 1861, by the Rev. David Wolf, Joseph Forguson, to Miss Hester Sleek, both of St. Clair township.

BOOTY-BUSSARD .- On the 24th inst., by the Rev. G. C. Probst, Mr. John H. Booty,

-ID N 8: HD-

HARTLEY. On the 25th of January lt., King, son of John G., and Lucinda Harty, aged 2 years 6 months and 11 days.

"I take these little lambs, said he, And lay them in my breast:
Protection they shall find in me,
In me be ever blest.

Death may the bands of life unloose. But can't dissolve my love; Millions of infant souls compose The family above."

DIBERT .- At Bloody Run, on the 2d inst., Jonathan Alexander, infant son of Mi. William

NOTICE OF INCORPORATION.

made us the greatest and freest nation on the earth. I speak by the indulgence of my colleague, and I cannot now elaborate this proposition. I submit it for the consideration of the University of the Company of the University of th the corporators named.

CHARLES WOOD, SAMUEL ISETT. WM. P. ORBISON, L. T. WATTSON, JOHN FULTON. Cosporators.

Democratic party in the Administration of the Sale and Sale, all the following describer offers at Private vania and of the other non-slaveholding States, is the only and sure means of effecting a person own term.

Sale, all the following described valuable Real Estate, situate in Bedford County, adjoining land of George Reighard's heirs and Biddle mentaining all agrees of good line. George Biddle, containing 215 acres of good lime-stone land, 135 acres cleared and under tence, and high state of cultivation, the balance bei Keystone of the Federal Arch," now harmoni- have agreed to report to-day a series entirely dines are a good LOG DWELLING HOUSE, good

TERMS made to suit purchasers, and one Thou-

Possessions will be given on the 1st day of April next, if sold before the 10th day of March next. The Convention re-assembled at noon to-day. Persons desiring to purchase a valuable farm, at a Speeches were delivered by Lyman Treman great bargain, on the property.

JACOB BIDDLE:

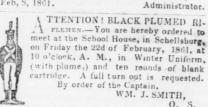
Notice is hereby given that I have leave with John Nelson, during my pleasures and hereby caution all persons against interfering

@WM. S. FLUKE, Feb. 8th, 1861.

A DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Leiters of administration on the estate of Mrs. Rebecca Shihip, notice is hereby given to all perso ns indebted to said estate to make immedi those having claims will present them duly authen-

JOSEPH IMLER,



Feb. 8, 1861.

A DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. -The undersigned having been granted Allison, late of Schellsburg Borough, dec'd., all persons indebted to said Estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same, will present them properly au-

N. B. I have appointed John S. Schell, Esq., of Schellsburg, to act for me in my abscence, and all persons indebted to, or having claims against the

W. M. ALLISON. Feb. 1, 1861.

NOTICE OF INCORPORATION. Notice is hereby given, that applica-tion will be made to the Legislature of Penusylva-

Feb. 1, 1861

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE. seat. The undersigned feels bound to sell, and a

nd the balance in three payments, without interest. or particulars address Cessna & Shannon, Bedford, WM. CHENOWETH,

Jan. 25, 1861.

OTICE .-All persons are hereby notified that I have purchased the following personal property, viz: 2 cows-one white, and one red. 2 eds and bedding, I ten plate stove, 152 bushels of orn, 65 bushels oats, 22 bushels buckwheat, 1 of jacres of 1ye, 4 acres do, 3 acres do, ½ of 5 acres o, 1 rick of hay-4 tons-2 stacks, 2 tons each, te 2 horse plow, 1 shovel plow, 1 harrow, 2 sleds, 1 tt gears, 1 pair double and single trees

left the same with William May, and Mary his wife, of Southampton township, Bedford county, aring my pleasure. The hay, grain, and same of the other property is for sale, and all persons are notified not to purchase, except from myself, any of the same. JOSEPH W. TATE.

Jan. 18, 1861.

MOTICE. The following named persons, have filed their petitions for Tavern License. in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, for Bedford County, and will presented to said county, on Monday, the 11th day of February next.

Juniata tp. Bloody Run Borough William Dibert, David Stoner, South Woodberry Tp. John McElheny George Baily, George Wemmer Londonderry " Frederick Berkhimer, St. Clair David Sleek. do do J. B. Castner Broad Top S. H. TATE.

ord, Jan. 11th, '61. ECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

Chambersburg and Bedford Turnpike roau Company for the year ending Jan. 7th, 1861.

DR. CR. To balance at last By amount of expen set'mt, \$3,385.84. Receipts, 4,951.40.

Sec'y, and Treasu-Bai. in Treasury, 1,687.70 \$5,337.24 \$8,337,24 Unpaid div

W. H. McDOWELL, TOTICE .-

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of of Jonathan Horton. are hereby notified that the books, o ofes &c., are in the hands of J. W. Lingenfeiter for collection and that soit will be brought against all who disregard this notice. OLIVER HORTON.

Administrator. MRS. HALE'S RECEIPTS for the million,

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