



BEDFORD, Pa. FRIDAY, JUNE 8, 1860.

B. F. Meyers, Editor and Proprietor. FOR GOVERNOR: HENRY D. FOSTER, OF WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

'The principle of the tariff of 1842, as far as related to the manufacture of IRON, of any description, or of every description, was NOT TOO HIGH.' HENRY D. FOSTER.

The Irrepressible Conflict.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN, the Black Republican nominee for President of the United States, is the author of the annexed treasonable, fanatical and revolutionary doctrine. It was announced by him prior to Seward's 'Irrepressible Conflict' Rochester speech, the leading idea of which it embodies, and was the basis of all his arguments against Stephen A. Douglas in 1858, by whom he was defeated for the U. S. Senate. Let the conservative masses reflect upon this startling doctrine, and let patriots shrink from it as from a serpent whose sting is death!

DELEGATE ELECTIONS.

Pursuant to rules adopted by the Democratic party of Bedford county, at their regular Meeting held in February, 1856, which rules are now in force, the Democratic Vigilance Committees of the several townships and boroughs of Bedford county, are hereby requested to give written notice that elections will be held in their respective districts, on SATURDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF JUNE, next, for the purpose of selecting two delegates from each district, to represent such district in the coming Democratic County Convention, said Convention to meet in the borough of Bedford, on TUESDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF JUNE, NEXT, at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of putting in nomination a County Ticket, and appointing Legislative, Senatorial and Congressional Conferees, to meet similar Conferees from the other counties composing the Legislative, Senatorial and Congressional districts in which Bedford county is included. The Democratic voters of the several townships and boroughs, are also requested to attend to the election of Vigilance Committees for the ensuing year, which Committees will be chosen on the same day on which the Delegate Elections are advertised to be held. Return of the result of these elections, will be made to the undersigned, on the day of the meeting of the County Convention.

By order of the Democratic Co. Com., O. E. SHANNON, Chairman. May 25, 1860.

- The following persons were chosen Vigilance Committees for the several townships and boroughs of this county, by the Democratic voters, at the Delegate elections held on the third Saturday of June last, and the coming Delegate elections will be held by them in their respective districts: Bedford Borough.—Joseph W. Tate, Thomas B. Lyons, J. W. Lingenfelter. Bedford Township.—Daniel Fetter, J. T. Gephart, John W. Scott. Broad Top.—Maj. Jas. Patton, Col. T. W. Horton, S. S. Fluke. Colerain.—Josiah Shoemaker, Joseph Cessna, Godfrey Yeager. Cumberland Valley.—J. C. Vickroy, Geo. Bennett, H. J. Brunner, Esq. Harrison.—Geo. Elder, Geo. W. Horn, Jas. Comp. Hopewell.—William Gorsuch, Samuel Bolinger, Abraham Steele. Juniata.—Gen. Jas. Burns, Wm. Gillespie, John Corley, Sr. Liberty.—I. Kensingler, Esq., Geo. Rhoads, John Roman. Londonderry.—John Barth, Henry Miller, James C. Devore. Monroe.—P. Barkman, D. Evans, Adm. Steckman. Napa.—John Sill, Samuel W. Miller, William Albright. Providence E.—D. A. T. Black, Cad. Evans, H. Chamberlain, Jr. Providence W.—John D. Lucas, Josiah Baughman, Col. S. B. Tate. St. Clair.—Thos. B. Wisegarver, Jacob Berkley, A. J. Crisman. Schellburg.—Peter Dewalt, B. F. Horn, Henry Culp. Snake Spring.—Hon. J. G. Hartley, Nicholas Koons, Daniel L. Debaugh. Southampton.—Thos. Donahoe, Alex. Fletcher, Wm. Adams. Union.—Jacob Cortie, Jr., John H. Walter, Abraham Croyle. Woodberry S.—C. B. Koehendarfer, Wm. Tetwiler, Levi S. Fluke. Woodberry M.—Henry Fluke, W. J. Galbraith, D. K. Barley.

THE DIFFERENCE.

HON. HENRY D. FOSTER, the Democratic candidate for Governor, is at Washington, working for the Tariff and the interests of Pennsylvania. He is making strong appeals to the Senate to pass the Tariff bill. How noble his conduct when contrasted with that of his competitor, Mr. Curtin, who instead of going to Washington to help the Tariff on its passage, goes to Chicago and in company with such fanatics as GIDDINGS, CURTIS and other Abolitionists, delivers windy and gaseous harangues in favor of Black Republicanism! What say the Tariff men of Bedford county to such conduct when their best interests are at stake? 'Harry of the West,' is the man for Pennsylvania!

We are requested to announce that the Annual Exhibition of the Allegheny Seminary, at Rainburg, will take place on Thursday, the 21st inst. The Exercises will commence at 10 o'clock, P. M.

'The Hit at the American Party.'

The organ of the abolitionized Opposition in this county, contained the following remarks in regard to the 'Republican' platform, in its issue of June 29th, 1856:

'We publish the Republican platform in another column. The Platform is all right in itself, except the hit at the American party contained in its last plank.'

Now, what was this 'last plank' that gave such a hard 'hit' to Americanism? We quote it from the same issue of the same paper, word for word, as follows:

'Resolved, That we cordially invite the affiliation and co-operation of the men of all parties, however different from us in other respects, in support of the principles herein declared, and believing that the spirit of our institutions, as well as the Constitution of our country, guarantees liberty of conscience and equality of rights among citizens, we oppose all legislation impairing their security.'

This was a mere 'glittering generality' when compared with the direct repudiation of Americanism by the Chicago Convention, and if it aimed a blow at the peculiar doctrine of the 'Americans,' it was certainly levelled at random. Notwithstanding this, however, it was sufficient to arouse the ire of the then watchful Cerberus of Bedford county 'Americanism.' But, alas! and alack! for the 'Sons of the Sires!' 'Republican' Conventions can now meet and insult 'Americanism' without even so much as eliciting a bark or a growl from their former watch-dog. That once terrible mastiff has lost all his 'native' teeth, and now shows nothing but the simon-pure African ivory. The Chicago Convention can just say what it pleases about Americanism and Cerberus swallows it right down. The sop thrown him by Tom Ford has wonderfully improved his appetite for Black Republican dictation. He 'strains' tremendously at a 'Constitutional Union' gnat, but swallows a Black Republican camel with the greatest imaginable ease. He has no idea of becoming lean baying the declining moon of Americanism. Not he.—His eye is steadily directed to the main chance. What is principle to him, when money is staked against it? The Chicago Convention might have put forty 'Dutch planks' in its platform, and might have manufactured them all out of 'Dutch cheese,' seasoned with splinters of Lincoln's rails, and he would have gulped them all down his political gullet, without even winking an eye or making a wry face.

WE are now far into the fifth year since a policy was initiated with the avowed object and confident promise of putting an end to slavery agitation.—Under the operation of that policy, that agitation has not only not ceased, but has constantly augmented. In my opinion, it will not cease until a crisis shall have been reached and passed. A house divided against itself cannot stand. I believe this government cannot endure permanently half slave and half free. I do not expect the Union to be dissolved—I do not expect the house to fall—but I do expect it will cease to be divided. It will become all one thing or all the other. Either the opponents of slavery will arrest the further spread of it, and place it where the public mind shall rest in the belief that it is in the course of ultimate extinction, or its advocates will push it forward till it shall become alike lawful in all the States, old as well as new—North as well as South.'

HARMONY AT BALTIMORE.

There is at present a fair prospect of a harmonious result at Baltimore. The Richmond Convention, called by the delegates who succeeded from the Charleston Convention, will adjourn over to Baltimore, without making a nomination. Besides this, some of the best men in the South are using every effort to secure peace and harmony in the ranks. Even many of the seceders seem now to be anxious for conciliation. There will, doubtless, be a stormy time during the first sittings of the Convention, but we doubt not that better counsels will prevail in the end. Should there be another session and should the extremists nominate a ticket of their own, we will at least not be worse off than the Opposition who are already divided between rival candidates. In 1852, when Franklin Pierce was elected by such an overwhelming majority, the Democracy had a similar trouble to contend against in the South. A separate ticket was run in a number of the Southern states, and yet it came to nothing in the end. The same men were at the head of that movement that are now trying to disrupt the party and they succeeded about as well as they will in their present attempt. Stick a pin there.

BELL AND EVERETT.

A sharp contest is at present going on in the Opposition ranks, between the so-called 'Republican' leaders and the old Whig and 'American' champions that have recently been assisting the 'Republicans' in fighting their battles. Nearly all of the latter repudiate Lincoln and the 'Dutch plank,' and go for Bell and Everett. In the Eastern part of this state, in New Jersey, New York and Rhode Island, this is especially the case. We are informed that in Philadelphia alone, the Bell ticket will run half, if not more, of the Opposition vote. In Montgomery, Carbon, Luzerne, Huntingdon and Blair, the 'Americans' are bitterly opposed to the Chicago nominations, and even here in Bedford, we have signs of an out-break in favor of Bell and Everett. We know of some fifteen, or twenty, of the most respectable men in the Opposition ranks in this borough, who have declared themselves for Bell. We hear of numbers in other parts of the county. In fact there is no telling but what the Democracy will be called upon to fight Bell instead of Lincoln. We hope the Opposition in this county will stick to Lincoln, for we think 'Old Abe's' abolitionism, together with his 'Dutch plank,' will operate most effectually to cool the ardor of the faithful.

NOT NATIONAL.

One of the Resolutions contained in the Chicago 'Republican' platform when read to the Convention, referred to the party as the 'National Republican Party,' whereupon JUDGE JESSUP, of this state, Chairman of the Committee on Platform, arose and said that the word 'National' had no connexion with and was no part of the 'Republican' name. The word was accordingly expunged, and the 'Republican' party now boldly sails under sectional colors. This fact appears in the proceedings of the Chicago Convention as published in the Black Republican papers, and therefore, cannot be denied by the members of that party.

Great Britain represented in the Chicago Republican Convention!

It has frequently been charged upon the Black Republican party, that like its antetype, the 'blue light' Federal party, it is in close communion and sympathy with the British.—This charge has been well sustained by the evidence of circumstances, for instance such men as W. Lloyd Garrison, an unnaturalized Englishman, publishing papers and delivering speeches in advocacy of the election of John C. Fremont, or the fact that the leaders of Black Republicanism proclaimed themselves in favor of disunion and preached the doctrine of a higher civil law than the Constitution, or the connexion of RICHARD REALF, a British subject, with the Harper's Ferry raid, of which W. H. Seward, Joshua R. Giddings and other eminent 'Republicans' knew long before it was attempted. But now we have positive evidence that Black Republicanism is but the lineal successor of the Toryism of the Revolution. It has been ascertained that M. T. E. CHANDLER, a delegate to the Chicago Convention and one of the Vice Presidents of that body, is a BRITISH SUBJECT, a resident of Canada East, and is not now and never was a citizen of the United States! This is true, every word of it, and for a more detailed account of the matter, we refer our readers to the article on the first page, headed 'the Chicago Convention,' copied from the columns of the Philadelphia Inquirer, an Opposition paper. Such is Black Republicanism, and by such means has ABRAHAM LINCOLN been foisted upon the people as a candidate for the highest office in their gift! O my country, has it come to this!

LIFE OF GEN. FOSTER.—MESSRS. JAMES KEESAN & Co., Greensburg, Pa., have just issued in pamphlet form, a LIFE OF HENRY D. FOSTER, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania. It is gotten up in good style, and should be in the hands of every working Democrat in the State.

Local and Miscellaneous.

EARLY VEGETABLES.—MR. JOHN FLEMING, Gardener at the Bedford Springs, brought us, a few days ago, some fine specimens of full grown peas raised by him the present season. Accompanying these extraordinary peas, was a stalk of asparagus an inch in thickness. Truly the soil of Old Bedford is productive!

We learn with profound regret, of the decease of NICHOLAS KEGG, Esq., of Juniata Tp. Mr. KEGG was a useful and highly respected citizen. We knew him intimately for the last few years, and found in his character the virtues of a Christian gentleman, and frequently had occasion to admire his kindness of heart and generous nature. May he rest in peace!

'RAIN! RAIN! RAIN!' Will it never cease raining? It is the half-angry question upon the lips of many, who have grown somewhat weary of the pluviosity of the weather.—The fact is that we have had a little more moisture than we could relish, but June rains are infinitely preferable to June frosts. So, like the old fellow who, being troubled at intervals with a number of painful diseases, thanked his stars that he had not all of them at once, let us be thankful that we have nothing worse to complain of than the bounteous rain.

The Regimental Parade at Bloody Run, on Tuesday last, came off in fine style. Three companies were in attendance, the Hopewell Riflemen, Bloody Run Blues and Clearville Blues, and also a portion of the Cumberland Valley Blues. The regiment was formed into line by Adjutant Gump, and commanded by Col. Thomas W. Horton, assisted by Lieut. Col. Tate, Maj. DiBERTA and Capt. Jos. Reed, Aid to Col. Horton.

The new company, Clearville Blues, Capt. Mixell, was organized by Maj. Sansom, the Brigade Inspector, and made a very fine appearance. The Clearville Blues deserve great credit for the manner in which they have gotten up their company. Military displays are becoming quite fashionable in Bedford county, and we think the Major General of this Division should recognize this spirit of enterprise on the part of our Military, by giving us an encampment during the summer, or fall. What say you, General Bell?

A SLY FELLOW.—We observe by the list of arrivals at the Cross Keys Hotel, McConnellsburg, as published in the Fulton Republican, that 'Dr. C. N. Hickok and wife,' of Bedford, have been stopping at that place.—The Doctor is a sly fellow and needs watching. He has returned to this place and insists that the registration at the 'Cross Keys,' is incorrect. We see, also, that he has subsidized the local of the Fulton Democrat, who pretends to correct the Hotel register.

It will be seen by reference to an article in to-day's Gazette, over the signature of JOHN CESSNA, Esq., that that gentleman declines to allow his name to be used in connection with the Democratic nomination for Congress. Mr. Cessna's letter breathes the spirit of a true Democrat, and its temper is eminently worthy of emulation on the part of those who sometimes suffer their personal ambition to override the interests and welfare of their party.

The Democratic delegate elections which are to come off in a short time throughout the county, should be conducted in a spirit of harmony and mutual concession. It should be the object of the County Convention to promote the interests of the party, rather than of individuals. Let there be a good ticket nominated, the merits and demerits of the respective candidates fairly and fearlessly weighed in the balance of justice, and all will be well.

Flat, stale and unprofitable,—the meeting of the 'Spotties,' on Tuesday night.—'Spotty Lincoln' and the modern Hannibal are a heavy dose for the Opposition.

See advertisement of Shires' Machine Shop in another column. Mr. Shires' manufactures give great satisfaction.

The following is from one of the firmest and most influential Democrats in the Northern part of the county:

STONEBROOK, June 2d, '60.

MR. MEYERS: I beg leave to introduce the name of Michael Fluke, Esq., of Hopewell township, as a candidate for County Commissioner. He has always been a Democrat, working for the party and advancing its interests in his own locality, and has never asked for the most humble office, and the township in which he lives (Hopewell) has heretofore been overlooked by the Democratic selecting candidates. He is deserving, competent and reliable, and will make an economical officer, as the management of his own domestic affairs clearly demonstrates.

Yours Truly, LIBERTY.

TO THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF BEDFORD COUNTY:

Several inquiries have been made of me during the last few months, upon the subject of the next nomination for Congress in this District. Until recently I have not given a decided answer to such inquiries. I desire to say, now, to my friends of the party, that I am not a candidate for any office, nor do I wish my name used in connection with the Congressional nomination. The District can and must elect a Democrat next fall, and no matter what candidate shall be nominated, my aid will be cheerfully given to promote his election. To my friends who have urged me for the position, I return my hearty thanks.

JOHN CESSNA. BEDFORD, June 8th, 1860.

Douglas and Lincoln.

A great deal of stress is laid, by the Republican press, upon the alleged fact that ABRAHAM LINCOLN, in the great contest for the United States Senatorship in 1858, carried the popular majority, although DOUGLAS succeeded in carrying the Legislature. There is a slight mistake in this. The alleged fact is not a fact. The vote of Illinois in 1858 on the State ticket was for MILLER, Republican candidate for State Treasurer, 125,462; for FONDREY, Douglas Democrat, 121,889; DOUGHERTY, Buchanan Democrat, 5,021—making the result: For Miller, Rep. .... 125,462. For Fonder, Doug. Dem. 121,889. For Dougherty, Buch. .... 5,021 126,910

Actual Democratic maj. 1,448 In 1856 MILLER'S majority, as a candidate for the same office was 21,032; so that the actual Democratic gain in 1858, when DOUGLAS stamped the State against LINCOLN, was 22,480. A Democratic contemporary well observes, 'Now, it being a fact that Mr. DOUGLAS pitted against Mr. Lincoln did wipe out a Republican majority of over 21,000 in two years in a single State, when the contest was only for the Senatorship, what do our Republican friends suppose would become of Mr. Lincoln and his party at the end of another two years, when the contest is for the Presidency of the United States? Surely, their fate will be like that of Pharaoh's host in the Red Sea.'

KICKING AGAINST THE PLATFORM.—The Daily News, one of the organs of the so-called 'People's Party' in Philadelphia, hesitates about supporting the nominations of the Chicago Convention. It takes great offence at what it calls, in derision, the 'Dutch plank' in the Republican platform, which it considers a mean and truckling attempt to barter away the 'American' vote of the Eastern States for the German vote of the North-west. The News says: 'This we esteem to be simply an insult to the American element, which constitutes so powerful a portion of the People's Party in Pennsylvania, and as such we not only eschew it, but denounce it as a proposition unfit to be put forth by any body of men professing to act in opposition to the Loco Foco party. The day has not yet come when Americans will give up their Shibboleth, and although it may be esteemed as expedient and prudent to postpone a discussion of these distinctive views, until the great question of 'black or white' shall be determined and disposed of in some way—the gentlemen who voted in this plank, as well as the crowd which dictated it, may rest assured that the paramount doctrine of Americanism must and shall be respected.'

THE IRREPRESSIBLE CONFLICT.—The testimony of the Albany Evening Journal (Thurlock Weed's paper, Seward's organ) in regard to the peculiar stripe of Abraham Lincoln's politics, is presumed to be disinterested, and therefore is of some value. Says that paper: 'Conservatism, in its modern and odious sense, has no representative in Mr. Lincoln.—His war against injustice, inhumanity and slavery is of the 'irrepressible' sort, and he has no sympathy with those who would whisper epithets against oppression in any form—if he be a rough diamond he is a sound one. He holds time-servers and cowards in contempt, and would as soon 'cotton' to a pickpocket as to a 'doughface.' This is his attitude now. If he be as wise as he is thorough, he will permit no timid friend to swerve him from his position, and will 'take no step backward' to conciliate those 'whose touch is death.'

STAND FIRM UNDER.

The friends of Seward in New York, a powerful majority of the Abolition party, are all ready manifesting symptoms of a grand bolt. The Tribune, anti-Seward organ, thus sneeringly announces the fact and threatens its authors: 'We hear that some prominent members of the Albany lobby, who have hitherto professed to be Republicans, express their determination to bolt the Chicago nomination. This is good news. If a few members of the Legislature of the same stripe would join them, it would be a great blessing to the party, and a great help to the ticket.'

CHURCH DEDICATION.

The second Quarterly meeting, for Pleasant Grove circuit, will be held at Centreville, Bedford Co., Pa., on the 23d and 24th of this month, at which time, the new Church, will be dedicated to the worship of God. A number of Ministers are expected to be present. The community generally are invited to attend.

CHAS. KALBFUS.

THE RAILROAD EXCITEMENT.

The Railroad Convention recently held at Harrisburg, the object of which seemed to be to demonstrate the feasibility of a proposed project to connect New York by a direct line with some point on the Connellsville Railroad, has created quite a buzz among capitalists and others interested in rival routes. The annexed article, which we take from the Cumberland (Md.) Bulletin, serves to show that Baltimore is for once becoming slightly awake to her interests, and gives a faint assurance that probably her monied men will get their eyes open by-and-by. We can assure the Baltimore Patriot that the object of the Harrisburg Convention will not 'evaporate in promises and resolves,' and even if it should, there is a power before which the financiers of Baltimore may well fear and tremble, whose interest it will be to extend the Bedford Railroad, now in course of construction, westward to the great coal basin through which the route of the Connellsville Railroad passes. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company reaps already an immense revenue from such 'feeders,' and we doubt not that if the people of Somerset and Bedford would put their shoulders to the wheel, they could reasonably expect to derive such assistance from that Company as would insure the making of a road over the fifty miles between this place and the Somerset county coal regions.

As we announced several weeks back a convention has been held at Harrisburg, Pa., to divert the Connellsville Railroad connection, eastward and northward from its original design, which was to connect with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, here at Cumberland. That this has not been done or cannot be done is certainly a misfortune for Cumberland, and now, as may be seen from the movements on the part of northern interests this prize is in a fair way of being forever lost to Cumberland. We commend the following remarks from the Baltimore Patriot of a late date to the attention of the reader. Baltimore has many natural and acquired advantages but like Cumberland she too is sometimes rather slow to move.

The New Yorkers, says the Patriot, have been sipping up the Pennsylvanians through the tract of country leading from Harrisburg to the South-West, and so well have they succeeded that the latter have recently held a grand railroad meeting at Harrisburg, to find out whether they cannot circumvent the stirrers up in their designs. The question is, who shall have the trade of the region South-West of Harrisburg, Baltimore or New York? The New Yorkers are determined to build a road from Harrisburg to the South-West, and the Chambersburgians want to connect the Tape Worm Road with Connellsville. Which ever party is first in the field, will get the trade.

The New Yorkers already own the Lebanon Valley or Dauphin Railroad, and what they want now is to extend it South-Westward. It will cost them over a million, but they will nevertheless build it, and unless those on the spot step in, and make the connection at once from Thad Stevens' Tape Worm Road to Connellsville, they will get the 'cream of the joke.' It is proposed to use the charter for the Road from Chambersburg to Connellsville, and it is believed, that the counties of Fulton, Bedford, and Somerset, will subscribe heavily towards the capital, if the balance can be gotten elsewhere, say, in this city. It is suggested that the Tape Worm Road be tapped six miles West of Gettysburg, by a line direct to Chambersburg, (which has already been surveyed,) thence to Burnt Cabins, 30 miles, and thence to Connellsville.

This would give a Central Road from Baltimore to Wheeling and Pittsburg, about equidistant between the Baltimore and Ohio and Pennsylvania Central, and some fifty miles shorter, while it would penetrate the coal and iron regions of Pennsylvania, and drain to Baltimore the vast trade of those sections of Pennsylvania.

Here is an opportunity for Baltimore merchants and capitalists to strike a blow in favor of our city, which can never be availed of again. What the Harrisburg meeting did, we do not know, but presume it evaporated in promises and resolves. Ten monied men from this city, who would repair to Chambersburg, and examine 'this route for themselves, and determine to build the road under the Connellsville charter, would speedily consummate the desired connection. But the chances are, that the New Yorkers will tap the Chambersburg region by a line from Harrisburg to Burnt Cabins, 72 miles in length, much of it on trussel work and through tunnels, while we shall be talking about the matter.

We hope these hinds will meet the eye and attention of our capitalists, and that they will not let the matter sleep. Baltimore is always far too sleepy for her best interests. P. S.—But we of Cumberland very much doubt whether it is as greatly to the interest of Baltimore to consummate the above arrangement as it would be to complete the Connellsville road to this point, and it certainly would not result advantageously to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. The Bulletin wants to see the Connellsville road extended to Cumberland—a double track hence to Baltimore—railroad or good turn-pike northward, and the same southward with a bridge over the Potomac,—and reasonable way freights and free tickets to editors on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad.

Keep it before the people, that Hamlin, the nominee of the Republicans for Vice President, is and always has been, an open and decided free-trade man! The Republicans of Pennsylvania profess great friendship and zeal for a protective tariff, but they always support free-traders for office. Thus, they nominated 'free-trade Wilnot' for Governor in 1857, and now they nominate Hamlin, another free-trader, for Vice President. What miserable hypocrisy. Let the people of the Old Keystone, who are honestly in favor of a protective tariff, think of these facts, and then act.—Clinton Democrat.

Some fellow, without the fear of 'rails' before his eyes, has been overhauling the Congressional record of 'honest old Abe,' and says he has found among the Stationary bills which Uncle Sam had to foot for that worthy, this item—'Three pair of boots, \$25.' The Albany Argus, commenting on this story says: 'Whether the story is true or not, we are disposed to believe that so far as Presidential running is concerned, when the race is over, Mr. Lincoln's 'boots' will actually be found to have been 'stationary.'

'THE FARMER AND GARDENER' for June is on our table, and as usual, is filled to overflowing with choice matter and handsome illustrations.

The Publisher announces important changes in the July number. The form will be changed to a royal octavo of 32 pages; and the editorial charge of the Horticultural Department will be assumed by WILLIAM SAUNDERS, the distinguished writer. In addition to this, a large number of the ablest writers on Agriculture in the country, have consented to contribute to the pages of the 'Farmer and Gardener.' With these great attractions, it will be one of the best, as it is now one of the handsomest and cheapest, publications in the country. Persons desirous of examining the new work, can procure a copy without charge, by addressing the Publisher, A. M. SPANGLER, Philadelphia.

Be of good Cheer.—Debility and Languor. Out of many there is but one infallible remedy 'Holloway's World renowned Pills,' and only one source of this disorder, the stomach and the action of the brain, we can easily understand the 'rationale' of Holloway's treatment. Through the stomach and the circulation his Pills act on the general system, and by purifying the blood, renovating the digestive organs, and stimulating the secretions of the liver, they give buoyancy to the animal spirits, elasticity to the body, and vigor to the whole constitution. Holloway's Ointment is the only sure remedy for old sores, ulcerated legs, cutaneous eruptions, &c.

One of the most prevalent, and at the same time troublesome and painful diseases that attend the human flesh, is the Fever and Ague. For a long time the medical world have been continually bringing forth numerous specifics for its permanent cure; but all without effect. Dr. J. Hostetter, an experienced and celebrated physician, has succeeded in furnishing the public with a valuable preparation for the cure of Fever & Ague. The steady and increasing demand lately made for the 'Biters,' and the universal success attending its use have made for it a reputation unsurpassed by any specific of the kind. For the cure of the Fever and Ague, Dr. Hostetter's celebrated Stomach Bitters must and should claim a superiority over any other preparation extant. Sold by druggists and dealers generally, everywhere. See advertisement in another column.

DIED.

On the 13th of March, last, Mrs. Mary, wife of Mr. Frederick Sill, aged 18 years, 4 months and 16 days. Death is a scene with which we can never become familiar. In whatever form it may present itself to our view, it is still appalling, and the heart must ever recoil at the idea of seeing those near and dear to it clasped in the icy embrace of Death.

Our lamented friend was tried by Providence with lingering and severe affliction, and, though short her pilgrimage upon earth, she yet died in full maturity, having lived for God and eternity. Oh! how reluctantly have not fond parents and a devoted husband yielded up the precious treasure; and yet however repugnant it may have been to the feelings, the mandate of high Heaven has been obeyed in restoring that form to its mother earth. She is gone, forever gone; no kindness, no sorrow of nature can re-animate the clay.

But raised your thoughts from the grave in which you have deposited the body—and though the event has caused many painful sensations, forget not, that it was ordered by a God of love. True, you cannot judge on His object in afflicting so grievously, yet rest assured it will ultimately result in benefit.—This world is at best but a varied scene of trials and disappointments—prolonged life is but a prolongation of sorrow and suffering. Regret not, then, that an inscrutable Providence has removed your friend from it; the pangs of death are now over, and she whose loss you mourn as a companion—a mother for helpless infancy—a daughter and friend, is now happy in that spirit-land, where care can never reach her, for the Lamb is the light of it—and in His presence sorrow and sighing shall forever flee away.

SUE. On the 19th ult., at Chaneyville, Joseph O'Neal, aged 71 years, 7 months and 17 days.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the exceptions to the account of John P. Hoover and Wm. Hoover, Executors &c., of Philip H. Hoover, dec'd., the undersigned, appointed to examine the exceptions, state an account, and report a distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountants, hereby give notice that he will sit for that purpose at his office, in Bedford, on Thursday, the 21st day of June, inst., when and where, those interested may attend. JOHN MOWER, Auditor. June 8, 1860.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned appointed by the Orphans Court of Bedford County, to bear and determine the facts and return the evidence, &c., to the Court, in the matter of the account of William Ott and Simon Harclerod, Executors of the last will, &c., of John Harclerod, late of Colerain Tp., dec'd., will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office, in the Borough of Bedford, on Friday, the 22d day of June, inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, when all parties interested can attend if they see proper. JOHN P. REED, Auditor. June 8, 1860.

RAIL ROAD NOTICE.

The subscribers to the Capital Stock of the Bedford Rail Road Company, are notified to pay to the Treasurer, in Bedford, the eleventh instalment on each share of stock subscribed by them, on or before the 22d day of June inst. By order of the Board, JNO. P. REED, Treasurer. June 8, 1860.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the subscriber will sell at public sale, on the premises, on Saturday, the 30th day of June, 1860, at 1 o'clock P. M., part of the Real Estate of Levi Clark, late of West Providence township, in the county of Bedford, dec'd., to wit: 224 acres of Red Lands, about one third of which is cleared and under fence, with a log house thereon erected, situate in the township aforesaid, adjoining lands of William Wilkins, Elias Clark, Absalom Garlick and others. TERMS:—Three hundred dollars at the consummation of the Sale—the balance in two equal annual payments, with interest, secured by judgments on the property. SOLOMON WILLIAMS, Adm'r. of Levi Clark, dec'd. June 8, 1860.