

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE.

Bedford, Nov. 11, 1859.

B. F. Meyers, Editor.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING.

The Democracy of Bedford county, and all others opposed to the "irrepressible conflict" inaugurated at Harper's Ferry, are requested to assemble in Mass Meeting, at the Court House, on Monday evening of Court week, Nov. 21st.

O. E. SHANNON, Chairman Dem. Co. Com.

BROWN-REPUBLICANISM.

Public sentiment fixes the responsibility for the recent rebellion at Harper's Ferry, upon the chiefs, the orators and writers of the sham-Republican party. "Republicanism," that lately loomed up in such threatening proportions, all over the North, is now a by-word and a reproach on the lips of the very men who, four weeks ago, were ready to fall down and worship at its shrine.

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The weather has been unusually fine, the last ten days.

COURTEOUS, VERY.

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tion it may hereafter be advisable to adopt, it is perhaps scarcely possible now to say, but we cannot believe that such great wrongs were accomplished yesterday will be quietly submitted to.

"In Union there is Strength." In our first issue after the late election, we took occasion to refer to the want of harmony in the ranks of the Democracy, and to urge the necessity of a speedy settlement of the differences existing between the respective portions of the party.

Singular, but true. In 1856, nothing could have been said that would have given greater offence to the Opposition leaders in this place, than to charge them with intending to "go over" to the "Republicans."

Who shall decide? The N. Y. Tribune asserts that Gerrit Smith voted for Fremont. The Bedford organ of the Ossawatimie, says he didn't. Who shall decide when doctors disagree?

The N. Y. Express, an Opposition paper, says Gerrit Smith is a "Republican." The Philadelphia Evening Journal, another opposition paper, says that "Republicanism" is to blame for the insurrection at Harper's Ferry.

THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION. We publish, below, the prospectus of Gen. Bowman's ably conducted and eminently useful Constitution, which we commend to the perusal of our readers.

We would earnestly invite the attention of our Democratic friends throughout the Union to the weekly edition of our paper, which we publish every Saturday morning and which has already met such marked and flattering success.

With a desire to bring before the people the principles and measures of the Democratic party, and at the same time furnish them with an acceptable news journal, we offer the paper at a price barely sufficient to pay the cost of paper, printing and packing.

Read the extract from the speech of Hon. Daniel S. Dickinson, on our first page. It is eloquent and truthful. From it the Opposition small fry in Bedford, may learn that the Gazette is not alone in charging the Harper's Ferry business upon the "Republicans" but that we are sustained by men whose word and opinion are every where received with respect and confidence.

OFFICIAL VOTE OF PENNSYLVANIA, October 11, 1859.

Table with columns for Counties, Auditor, Gen., and Surveyor Gen. Lists various counties like Adams, Allegheny, Armstrong, etc., with their respective vote counts.

DEMOCRATIC PYRAMID. TEXAS, GEORGIA, OREGON, FLORIDA, INDIANA, ILLINOIS, MISSOURI, ARKANSAS, ALABAMA, KENTUCKY, DELAWARE, VIRGINIA, TENNESSEE, LOUISIANA, MISSISSIPPI, CALIFORNIA, NORTH CAROLINA, SOUTH CAROLINA.

BLACK REPUBLICAN PYRAMID. ALL THE STATES IN WHICH NEGROES HAVE THE RIGHT TO VOTE: AND OSSAWATOMIE BROWN ON A GIBBET DOWN IN VIRGINIA.

A Boston correspondent of a Republican paper, himself an intense Republican, speaking of the next Presidential nomination, says: "The very delicate job of constructing a platform for the Republican party which shall accommodate John Bell and William H. Seward, Carl Schurz and Gov. Banks, Tom Corwin and Charles Sumner, Eli Thayer and Joshua R. Giddings, will require great attention."

HARPER'S FERRY TROUBLE. TRIAL OF THE PRISONERS.

Brown Found Guilty, and Sentenced to be Hung! Cook Committed for Trial—The Trial of Coppee Concluded—Sentence of John Brown—Speech of the Prisoner—He Denies any Intention to Murder, or of Treason—Brown Sentenced to be Hung on December 24—Coppee Found Guilty on all the Counts.

The trials of the Harper's Ferry insurgents, are still progressing at Charlestown, Va. Brown's trial was concluded on Monday, and after half an hour's deliberation, the jury came in with their verdict. They found him guilty of treason, advising, conspiring with slaves and others to rebel, and for murder in the first degree.

The Clerk then asked Brown whether he had anything to say by way of defence, and in a clear and distinct voice, said: "I have, may it please the Court, a few words to say."

"In the first place, I deny everything but what I have long admitted, the design on my part to free the slaves. I intended certainly to have made a clean thing of that matter, as I did last winter, when I went into Missouri and there took the slaves without the snapping of a gun on either side, moved them through the country, and finally left them in Canada. I designed to have done the same thing again on a larger scale. That was all I intended: I never did intend to commit murder or treason, or to destroy property, or to excite or incite the slaves to rebellion and to make an insurrection."

"I have another objection, and that is, it is unjust that I should suffer such a penalty. Had I interferred in the manner which I admit has been fairly proved (for I admire the truthfulness and candor of the greater portion of the witnesses who have testified in this case), had I interferred in behalf of the rich, the powerful, the intelligent the so-called great, or in behalf of their friends, either father, mother, brother, sister, wife or children, or any of that class, and suffered and sacrificed what I have in this interference, it would have been all right. Every man in this Court would have deemed it an act worthy of reward rather than punishment. This Court acknowledges, as I suppose, the validity of the law of God. I see a book kissed here which I suppose to be the Bible, or at least the New Testament. That teaches me that all things whatsoever I would that men should do to me, I should do even so unto them: It teaches me further to remember them that are in bonds as bound with them: I endeavored to set up to that instruction. I say, I am yet too young to understand that God if any respecter of persons. I believe, that to have interferred as I have done, as I have always freely admitted I have done, in behalf of his despised poor, was no wrong, but right. Now, if it is deemed necessary that I should forfeit my life for the furtherance of the ends of justice, and mingle my blood further with the blood of my children and with the blood of millions in this slave country, whose rights are disregarded by wicked, cruel and unjust enactments, I submit, so let it be done. Let me say one word further. I feel entirely satisfied with the treatment I have received on my trial. Considering all the circumstances, it has been more generous than I expected, but I feel no consciousness of guilt. I have stated from the first what was my intention and what was not. I never had any design against the life of any person, nor any disposition to commit treason, or excite the slaves to rebel, or make any general insurrection. I never encouraged any man to do so, but always discouraged any idea of that kind. Let me say also, in regard to the statements made by some of those connected with me: I hear it has been stated by some of them that I have induced them to join me—but the contrary is true. I do not say this to injure them, but as regretting their weakness. Not one joined me but of his own accord, and the greater part at their own expense. A number of them I never saw and never had a word of conversation with, till the day they came to me, and that was for the purpose I have stated."

"Now I have done." While Brown was speaking, perfect quiet prevailed. When he had finished, the Court proceeded to pronounce the sentence. After a few preliminary remarks, in which he said no reasonable doubt existed as to the prisoner's guilt, he sentenced him to be hung in public, on Friday, the 24 day of December. Brown received the sentence with composure. The only demonstration made was the clapping of hands by one man in the crowd, who is not a resident of Jefferson county. This was promptly suppressed, and much regret was expressed at its occurrence.

The following proceedings took place on Wednesday: THE VERDICT IN COPPEE'S CASE—GUILTY ON ALL THE COUNTS OF THE INDICTMENT. After being out an hour, the jury in the case of Coppee, returned, with a verdict declaring Coppee guilty on all the Counts in the indictment.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

MEMOIRS OF ROBERT HOUDIN. Translated and edited by Dr. R. SHELTON MCKENZIE. Philadelphia, G. G. EVANS. We have received a copy of this work from the publisher. It is a book that will well repay perusal, being both amusing and instructive.

LIFE OF DANIEL BOONE.—Philadelphia, G. G. EVANS. The name of Boone is familiar to all who know anything of the history of the first settlements of this country. He was the representative man among the Pioneers—the Indian-fighter whose life seemed protected as by a charm—the hunter who roamed whole years in his wild pursuits and lived whole years without bread or salt. The history of his life here given, is not merely an account of the adventures and exploits of Boone, but it is a faithful picture of life in the backwoods in its primitive times that "tried men's souls." The book is well printed and handsomely bound.

PARISIAN PICKINGS. By JULIE DE MARCOURT.—Philadelphia, J. S. COTTON & CO. This volume of sketches and tales, the author informs us in the preface, is intended "to give vivid pictures of the social manners of Parisian life of the nineteenth century." So far as we are able to judge, the purpose of the writer has been faithfully fulfilled. One thing is certain, the book is written in a chaste, pure and pleasing style. Cotton & Co., have gotten up the work in their usual tasteful and substantial manner.

PENCIL SKETCHES. By Miss LESLIE. Philadelphia, J. S. Cotton & Co. The late Miss Leslie stood in the front rank of the female writers of her time. She was the author of useful and practical books, as well as a writer of fiction whose works have always maintained a respectable position in literature. The book before us contains some of her best tales and sketches.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY. Boston, Ticknor and Fields. As will be observed by the above, the "Atlantic Monthly" has passed into new hands, Messrs. Ticknor and Fields succeeding the former publishers, Phillips, Sampson & Co. Ticknor and Fields are well known to the reading public, as a highly enterprising and successful firm, and we have no doubt that under their auspices the "Atlantic" will be kept up fully to its old standard. The November number is excellent.

RAIL ROAD NOTICE. THE subscribers to the capital stock of the Bedford Rail Road Company, are notified to pay to the Treasurer, in Bedford, the remaining instalment on each share of stock subscribed by them, on or before the 22d day of November, instant. JNO. P. REED, Treasurer.

MILITARY NOTICE. Brigade Inspector's Office. Bedford, Nov. 9, 1859. The board of officers of the 9th Brigade, 15th Division, P. M., will meet at the House of Col. John Hafer, in Bedford, on Tuesday, the 7th day of December, next, to audit and adjust the Military claims for the year, 1859. LEMUEL EVANS, Brigade General, A. J. SANSOM, Brigade Inspector.

NOTICE. All persons are hereby cautioned from purchasing, or in any way meddling with, or removing any property bought by us at Constable's sale, on the 24 day of Oct., 1859, sold as the property of Jacob Syster, in Liberty tp., consisting of 2 Horses, 3 Cows, 6 Young Cattle, Hogs, Grain in the ground, Corn, 1 Wagon, Plows, Harrows, and all the household and kitchen furniture and Farming utensils and other articles (see Vendue List). We have left the above enumerated property with an in the possession of said Deft during our pleasure. STEEL & ENRIKEN. Nov. 11, 1859.

FOR Sale.—Several Hundred Asparagus plants, two years old, will be sold cheap. For information inquire at this office. [Nov. 11, 1859.]

BEDFORD LYCEUM. There will be a meeting of the Bedford Lyceum at the Court House, on Saturday evening next, at 9 o'clock P. M. The public are invited to attend; the Ladies especially are requested to be present. Declaimer, Dr. John Compher. Essayist, Dr. C. N. Hickok. Question for debate, Dr. W. Keenock, or Avareck, the ruling passion in the character of Shylock? Affirmative, John H. Filler. Negative, O. H. Gaither. A. KING, President. R. D. BARCLAY, Sec'y.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE. Elizabeth Ross, } In the Court of Com- by her next friend } mon Pleas of Bedford co., William Mower, } Alias Subpoena on Li- vs. } bel for Divorce. William Ross. } The undersigned appointed commissioner to take testimony in the above case will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, in Bedford borough, on Saturday the 19th day of November, 1859, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when and where all parties interested may attend. O. H. GAITHER, Commissioner.

O. H. GAITHER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. WILL promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care. Office on Juliana street, two doors south of the Inquirer office. He will also attend to any surviving business that may be entrusted to him. Nov. 4, '59. NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will apply at next Nov. Court, for a discharge from his office, as admr. with the will annexed, of Maj. S. M. Barclay, late of the Borough of Bedford, dec'd. JOB MANN. Nov. 4th, 1859.

Broad Top Coal Trade. Shipments of coal over the Huntington and Broad Top Mountain Railroad for the week ending Nov. 2. Week. Year. Tons. Tons. 2,682 104,338 For same time last year, 2,452 83,428 Increase 230 20,910