

Bedford Gazette.

Freedom of Thought and Opinion.

BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 29, 1859

WHOLE NUMBER 2847.

VOL. 2, NO. 39.

VOLUME 55.

NEW SERIES.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs of *fi. fa.* & Vend. Expt. to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, on Saturday, the 30th day of April, 1859 at 10 O'clock, A. M., the following described real estate, to wit:

ALL Defendants John King, & Thomas King's right title and interest, being the two undivided third parts thereof, in and to one tract of land, containing 237 acres, more or less; about 100 acres cleared and under fence, with a two-story mansion house, 15 tenant houses, store house, warehouse, one iron forge, saw-mill, coal house, large new bank barn, 2 frame houses, and other out-buildings thereon erected; also, an apple orchard thereon; adjoining lands of James Fink, Jacob Steel, John Gates, and others, known as the Bedford Forge property.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 236 acres, more or less; about 60 acres cleared and under fence, with a log house and log stable thereon erected; adjoining lands of Lucinda Piper and others—known as the John Mellay tract.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 5 acres, more or less, with a log house thereon erected, on the waters of Yellow Creek, adjoining lands of Peter and Fink, George, B. Kay's heirs and others, in the name of John King.

ALSO—One tract of unimproved land, containing 402 acres, more or less; adjoining the Bedford Forge and others, in the name of Stephen Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 404 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Richard Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 404 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Joseph Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 400 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, known in the name of Samuel Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 424 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Alexander Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 413 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Richard Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 374 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of David Piper.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 385 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Timothy Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 400 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Israel Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 392 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Zachariah Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 431 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of John Boyd.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 459, in the name of less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of William Davis.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 432 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Isabella Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 441 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of William Piper.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 477 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of John Hardin.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 412 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Ignatius Hardin.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 434 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of James Wilson.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 372 acres, more or less; about 100 cleared and under fence, with four charcoal furnaces, one bloom forge, with four refining fires, one mansion house, one brick office and store house, warehouse, 13 tenant houses, 6 stables, one blacksmith shop, one carpenter shop, coal house, iron house, and other out-buildings thereon erected; adjoining lands of James Eichelberger, on the North, Henry Gates and Eli Fluke, on the South and West, and Broad Top on the East—known as the Lemons Iron Works property.

ALSO—One tract of land in Woodcock valley—known as the Bender ore bank, containing 256 acres, more or less; adjoining lands of Stephen Weimer and others.

ALSO—One tract of unimproved land, containing 33 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others; warranted in the name of Thomas and John King.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 420 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of John Cheney.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 428 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Maria Alberti.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 374 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Hannah Alberti.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 426 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of George F. Alberti.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 400 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Peter Swope and John King.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 70 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Casper Fluck; known as the Fluck ore bank.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 15 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others—known as the Daughinbaugh improvement.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 100 acres, more or less; adjoining Martin Hoover on the West and others, being a part of the Dyke's tract.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 100 acres, more or less; adjoining Martin Hoover on the East and others, being a part of the Dyke's tract; and all the above described lands situate in Hopewell township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Daniel M. Griffith.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 100 acres, more or less; about all cleared and under fence, with a two-story log house and log stable thereon erected—adjoining lands of James Price, Henry Gates, and others situate in Hopewell Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Thomas King.

ALSO—All Def't Thomas King's right, title and interest, in and to three tracts of unimproved coal lands, one thereof containing 427 acres, more or less; in the name of Mary Montgomery—adjoining lands of John Cessa, Esq., John Ford and others.

ALSO—One other thereof containing 431 acres, more or less; in the name of John Montgomery—adjoining the above described tract and others—all situate in Broad Top Township, Bedford County.

ALSO—All Def't Henry S. King's right, title and interest, in and to three tracts of unimproved coal lands, one thereof containing 427 acres, more or less; in the name of Mary Montgomery, adjoining lands of John Cessa Esq., John Ford and others.

ALSO—One other thereof containing 431 acres, more or less; in the name of John Montgomery, adjoining the above described tract and others—all situate in Broad Top Township, Bedford County.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 431 acres, more or less; in the name of John Montgomery, adjoining the above described tract and others, all situate in Broad Top Township, Bedford County.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 71 acres and 62 perches situate on Sandy Run, in Broad Top Township, Bedford County, adjoining lands of the Hopewell Coal and Iron Company, James Patton, and John Cessa—being part of a larger survey made on a warrant to Mordcaai Williams, dated August 14th 1790, and taken in execution as the property of Thomas King.

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interest, in and to three tracts of unimproved coal lands, one thereof containing 427 acres, more or less; in the name of Mary Montgomery—adjoining lands of John Cessa, Esq., John Ford and others.

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ALSO—One other thereof containing 431 acres, more or less; in the name of John Montgomery, adjoining the above described tract and others—all situate in Broad Top Township, Bedford County.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 2372 acres, more or less; about 100 acres cleared and under fence, with one charcoal furnace, one bloom forge, with four refining fires, one mansion house, one brick office and store house, warehouse, 13 tenant houses, 6 stables, one blacksmith shop, one carpenter shop, coal house, iron house, and other out-buildings thereon erected; adjoining lands of James Eichelberger, on the North, Henry Gates and Eli Fluke, on the South and West, and Broad Top on the East—known as the Lemons Iron Works property.

The interest of Henry S. King, in the two parcels of land above mentioned and described, is subject to a Mortgage given by him to Florence Moore, and dated May 21, 1858, and recorded in Mortgage Book B. of Bedford county page 322 &c., and is levied upon and will be sold subject to the balance due on said Mortgage.

ALSO—All the interest of said defendant, being the two undivided third parts thereof, of, in and to one tract of land containing 205 acres, more or less; about 60 acres cleared and under fence, with a log house and log stable thereon erected, adjoining lands of Lucinda Piper and others—known as the John Mellay tract.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 5 acres more or less; with a log house thereon erected, on the waters of Yellow Creek; adjoining lands of Piper and Fink, George B. Kay's heirs and others, in the name of John King.

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taken in execution as the property of Henry S. King.

ALSO—By virtue of a writ of *Levies Exceat* to me directed there will be sold at the same time and place all the defendant's interest in and to a certain tract of land situate in Broadtop township, Bedford County, bounded by land formerly owned by Joseph Evans, Josiah Horton and James Cunningham, &c., containing 100 acres, more or less; and allowance of six per cent with the appurtenances, by the same tract of land known formerly as the Abner Horton tract taken in execution as the property of William Patton.

ALSO—Two lots of ground in the Town of Clearville, fronting 120 feet on main street and extending back 173 feet to an alley, with a two-story log dwelling house thereon erected—adjoining lots of Rev. Thomas Freiden, on the east, and an alley on the west, situate in Monroe Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Mathew Murray and Sarah Ann Murray.

ALSO—One lot of ground in Waterstreet, fronting 52 feet on the turnpike road and extending back about 400 feet, with an earthen and stone-ware pottery thereon erected—adjoining Mrs. Susan Potter and others.

ALSO—All Def't's right title and interest, in and to one other lot fronting 65 feet on the turnpike and extending back about 400 feet with a frame dwelling house, cabinet shop, frame stable and other out-buildings thereon erected—adjoining the above described lot, Daniel Bate and others situate in South Woodberry Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Wm. G. Eicholtz.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 76 acres, more or less; about 30 acres cleared and under fence, with a two-story stone dwelling house and log stable thereon erected—adjoining lands of Henry Mock, Moses Mellavine, Joseph Corle and others, situate in Union Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Thomas Linggicher.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 100 acres, more or less; 100 acres cleared and under fence, with a log dwelling house and double log barn thereon erected—adjoining lands of Michael Miller, John S. Hetrick and others.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 3 acres, more or less; unimproved—adjoining lands of Moses F. Marshall and Joseph W. Slek, all situate in St. Clair Township, Bedford County.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 50 acres, more or less; about 15 acres cleared and under fence, with a two-story stone dwelling house, log grist mill, saw mill, tenant house and other out-buildings thereon erected; also an apple orchard thereon—adjoining lands of Widow Reisinger, Joseph W. Slek and others.

ALSO—One tract of unimproved land containing 30 acres, more or less; adjoining lands of William Penrose, George Owe and others, and all situate in St. Clair Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Daniel W. Crisman.

ALSO—All the Defendants' interest, in and to a certain tract of land situate on Six Mile Run in the Township of Broadtop—adjoining lands of Duval, Williams, Anderson, Wilson, and others, containing one hundred and five acres, more or less; being part of a larger tract of land surveyed in the name of R. Foster.

ALSO—One tract of land, agreed to be returned to the heirs of Septimus Eastburn, late of Broadtop Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of William H. Irvine and Abraham Rothrock.

Sheriff's Office. WM. S. FLUCK, Bedford, April 28, 59. } Sheriff.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING BY MEYERS & BENFORD.

At the following terms, to wit: \$1.50 per annum, cash, in advance. \$2.00 " " if paid within the year. \$2.50 " " if not paid within the year.

No subscription taken for less than six months.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid unless at the option of the publishers. It has been decided by the United States Courts, that the stopping of a newspaper without the payment of arrearages, is prima facie evidence of fraud and is a criminal offence.

The courts have decided that persons are accountable for the subscription price of newspapers, if they take them from the post office, whether they subscribe for them, or not.

Disgusted with their company.

Robert H. Kerr, Esq., of the Harrisburg correspondence of the *Pittsburg Post*, who was a member of the Forney Convention of the 13th inst., was the only man who had the moral courage to dissent from the treason culminated by the parasites who composed that memorable gathering.

The gentleman has always been a Democrat in principle, and has supported the men and measures of the Democratic party for thirty years, with a zeal, devotion and efficiency that fairly entitles him to the name of a Democrat. Believing that the men who composed the gathering on the 13th inst., assembled at the Capitol merely for the purpose of paying an empty compliment to His Excellency, Wm. F. Packard, and that the meeting contemplated nothing beyond that, he was induced to give his countenance. But when he heard the speech of John Hickman, in which that worthy took occasion to denounce, with a venom and bitterness of vituperation that would do credit to the most relentless enemy of the Democratic party, and finding that the object of Hickman, Forney, Packard, Knox, "et id omne genus," was to array themselves against the organization of the Democratic party, and to throw themselves, body and breeches, into the arms of the Black Republicans, Mr. Kerr could stand it no longer, but at once jumped to his feet and commenced to denounce both the treason and the traitors. But this was too much for them. He was speedily called to order by Forney himself, who, it is said by those who stood near him, trembled in his boots when Kerr got the floor, because he knew that the gentleman would expose the traitor camp in a style that would be neither pleasant nor flattering.

The President of the Convention declared that Mr. Kerr was a wise man, and had the manliness to denounce the disorganizers to their teeth. But Mr. Kerr accomplished one object at least, and that was to cut loose from the parasites, and to show his contempt for both the men and the movement.

Mr. Kerr told them he would support the candidates nominated by the legally constituted Convention of the 10th of March; whilst the parasites, by their resolutions, solemnly resolved they would not. Who can doubt for a moment now, that the object of this Mass Meeting was not to disorganize the party, and to declare war to the knife against its organization and its candidates? The men who can doubt, after this un-quivocal and shameless audacity, would not believe "though one rose from the dead" and proclaimed it on the house-tops.

Since writing the above, we received the following communication from Mr. Kerr:—*Harrisburg Union*:

To the Editors of the *Patriot and Union*:

GENTLEMEN:—The published proceedings in your paper does me injustice. The temporary Chairman I consider honest enough to select officers, but in no instance or in no way, have I ever acted or sanctioned opposition to the regularly nominated candidates. I regard it the duty of all Democrats to support the nominees of the March Convention.

I was willing that Governor Packard's administration should be fully endorsed. But further than that I could not act with the destructive spirits who met to spit out their venom on the President.

The address and resolutions are of such a nature that I could not sanction. Had the President—Mr. McKinney—not ruled me out of order, at the bidding of Mr. Forney, I would have shown that their aim was the destruction of the party. Men who are drifting into the vortex of our enemies cannot teach me lessons. There was nothing I-R for me to do but to vote against their proceedings and withdraw my name from their Convention.

Democrats, who have not been disappointed, will act with their usual integrity by sustaining the ticket of the regular Convention.

I will here remark that I am under no personal obligations to President Buchanan or Governor Packard. I have sustained them because the Democracy placed them in power—disregarding petty malice from interested sources.

Truly &c., STATE HOUSE, April 14th. R. H. KERR.

UMBRELLAS & PARASOLS.

THE subscriber, manufacturer of the best quality or — PARASOLS & UMBRELLAS — invites the attention of CASH and close buyers to his SPRING STOCK, which for variety and styles cannot be surpassed.

JOSEPH FUSSELL, No. 2, North Fourth Street, Philadelphia.

A FREE AND EASY PLACE FOR PRISONERS.

Luke Nolan, of Utica, N. Y., has for nearly a week been on trial, on a charge of larceny.— On the 12th instant, about noon, the Utica Herald says, the judge charged the jury, and they retired to deliberate, when one of the most extraordinary escapes we have ever heard of took place.

During the momentary confusion in the court, occasioned by the close of the trial, and the jury leaving the room, the prisoner, who sat within the bar, arose and walked out of the court room. The constable very politely opened the door, and the criminal walked out nobody saying a word! He passed down stairs into the street, and went—nobody knows where. Several of the city officers were called to the service, and were making an industrious but fruitless search at last accounts.

Altogether this is the joke of the season.— Imagine a criminal sitting but a few feet from the Sheriff, surrounded by constables, walking deliberately out of the court room while the jury are deliberating on his case, and that, too, under the very eye of a justice on the bench?

We understand that the jury, after being out five minutes, found the prisoner guilty. On their return they could not render their verdict, of course, as the law requires the prisoner to be present, and they were discharged from the further consideration of the case.

A BUTCHER'S SHOP IN PARIS.

A considerable crowd some few days back, pressed round a new butcher's establishment at the corner of the Rue Trochet and the Rue Neuve-des-Methurins. Upwards of thirty metres in length, it is entirely filled up with white marble on supports of porphyry. The counter is also of white marble on silver caryatids. A fountain of water six feet in diameter, plays in the centre of the shop, and vases of flowers and shrubs are disposed about with a certain degree of taste. Thirty-nine persons are employed in the establishment, which offers each morning for sale 20 oxen, 20 calves, and 60 sheep. The great novel feature of this establishment is that, while professing to sell cheaper than any other shop in Paris, it delivers with each parcel of meat a ticket which entitles the buyer to a share in the profits at the end of the month. It is reported that thrifty fathers of families are now forcing their appetites to enormous quantities of meat in the idea that they are thereby laying up portions for their daughters.

"Prisoner, stand up! Are you guilty or not guilty?" "Faith, do you think I'd be after doing the work of a jury, when they are after for it! Let them find it out!"

No hope for Printers.

When Dr. Franklin's mother-in-law first discovered that the young man had a hankering for her daughter, that good old lady said she did not know so well about giving her daughter to a printer; there was already two printing offices in the United States and she wasn't certain the country would support them. It was plain young Franklin would depend for his support upon the profits of a third, and this was rather a doubtful case. If such an objection was urged to a would-be son-in-law when there were but two printing offices in the United States, how can a printer hope to get a wife now, when the present census shows the number to be 15,067.

The worst kind of fare for a man to live on is war-fare.

Andrew Jackson.

The following anecdotes of this stern, brave, self-reliant hero, are from the *New York Century*. We know they will be perused with interest:

The first extract shows how the noble old chief dealt with difficulties with other nations: The French Government, it will be remembered, after agreeing to pay twenty-five millions of francs to the United States as an indemnity for aggression on our commerce, failed to perform its engagements. General Jackson, in his message of 1824, denounced their course, and called upon Congress to stand by him in an unflinching demand for the performance of the treaty by which the indemnity was established. The French Government then made appropriations for the payment of the money, but took offence at the tone of the message, and demanded an apology or explanation. The situation was serious. The money was ready to be paid, and the only prerequisite was a graceful gloss in the next annual message to the straight forward, downright tone of that which had preceded it. The Cabinet met and deliberated; the draft of the new message was laid before them; the French question was taken up in its order, and there was some discussion among the Secretaries. While they deliberated, their Chief seized his pen and wrote—a single sentence, condensed as a cartridge, solid as a cannon ball, pointed as a bayonet:—"The honor of my country shall never be stained by an apology from me for the statement of truth and performance of duty." This ended the debate. The sequel is well known; the indemnity was paid, and amicably paid.

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JNO. CRESSWELL, JR., Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the fourteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine.

WM. F. PACKER.

AN ACT relative to the exemption of three hundred dollars, and the widows and children of decedents.

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JNO. CRESSWELL, JR., Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the eighth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine.

WM. F. PACKER.

DEATH OF THE OLDEST MAN IN PENNSYLVANIA.

—We learn from an exchange that Mr. Tuttle Sweeney, died in Fairview township, Bedford County, recently, at the advanced age of one hundred and twenty-two years. The deceased was born in the year 1737, in Caranah, parish of Ardret, county of Kerry, Ireland, and emigrated to this country in 1837, being then one hundred years old. He was never known to have an hour's sickness even up to the day of his death, but was always remarkably stout and healthy, having the full use of all his faculties to the last, with a delicacy of hearing and a quickness of perception that were rarely miraculous in one who had journeyed so far beyond the allotted bounds of earthly existence.

OHIO COMING RIGHT.

—We gave a few days since a list of Democratic victories in Ohio. There seems to be a complete revolution going on in that State, which will most likely wheel into the Democratic line in the great contest of 1860.—*N. Y. News*.

Devotion Helps Intellect.

All knowledge relates more or less directly to the character and works of God. All the sciences are developments of his attributes.—Astronomy, mathematics, natural and mental philosophy, &c., are but so many ways in which the laws of God's great empire is made known to us. The child at school learning the simplest combination of numbers, and the philosopher who soars to the sublimest height of science, are alike conversant with the works of God. The intellect of the one may be to the other as half a dozen rays to the full beams of the sun; but yet, it is what God is, or what God has done, that occupies the attention of both.

Now, as it is God's works that occupy the intellectual powers, so it is most reasonable to suppose that those who come to the study of these works, or, in other words, engage in any intellectual pursuits, if they bring a right state of heart towards God, will enjoy peculiar advantages for success. The mind, being in happy harmony with Him will move with vigor and power. A cheering sense of his favor will animate it. Each intellectual attainment is a new discovery of a Being chosen already as the heart's ideal of supreme good; it is the perception of some new and lovely feature in the face of a friend. "Blessed are those you are picking, what sort of potatoes are those you say, Mick?" "Raw ones, to be sure—your honor wouldn't be thinking I would plant boiled ones?"

"Why is a jackass like an elephant? Because he can't climb a tree."

"A son of Erin, while hunting rabbits came across a jackass in the woods, and shot him. 'By my soul and St. Patrick! I've killed the father of all rabbits!' exclaimed he."

"The worst kind of fare for a man to live on is war-fare."

Important Public Bills.

The Legislature passed important supplements to the Exemption Law and to the License Law of the State, which have been approved by the Governor. They are as follows: AN ACT relating to the granting of licenses to hotel, inn or tavern keepers.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the several courts of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth to hear petitions, in addition to that of the applicant, in favor of and remonstrances against the application of any person applying to either of them for a license to keep a hotel, inn or tavern, and thereupon refuse the same, whenever, in the opinion of said court, such inn, hotel or tavern is not necessary for the accommodation of the public and entertainment of strangers and travelers; and so much of the sixth section of the act of Assembly, relating to the sale of intoxicating liquors, passed the twentieth day of April, 1858, as is inconsistent herewith, is hereby repealed: Provided, That the several courts of quarter sessions empowered to grant licenses shall have an exercise of such discretion, and no other, in regard to the necessity of inns or taverns, as is given to said courts by the act relative to inns and taverns, approved 11th March, 1834: Provided further, That nothing in this act shall apply to the city of Philadelphia.

W. C. A. LAWRENCE, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JNO. CRESSWELL, JR., Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the fourteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine.

WM. F. PACKER.

AN ACT relative to the exemption of three hundred dollars, and the widows and children of decedents.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the widow or children of any decedent entitled to retain three hundred dollars out of such decedent's estate by the law of this Commonwealth, and every person entitled to the exemption provided for in the act entitled "An Act to exempt property to the value of three hundred dollars from levy and sale on execution or distress for rent, approved the ninth same, or any part thereof, of any bank notes, money, stocks, judgments, or other indebtedness to such person; and that in all cases hereafter where property shall be set apart for the widow and children of any decedent, the same shall be appraised and set apart to said widow and children by the appraisers of the other personal estate of said decedent.

W. C. A. LAWRENCE, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JNO. CRESSWELL, JR., Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the eighth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine.

WM. F. PACKER.

DEATH OF THE OLDEST MAN IN PENNSYLVANIA.

—We learn from an exchange that Mr. Tuttle Sweeney, died in Fairview township, Bedford County, recently, at the advanced age of one hundred and twenty-two years. The deceased was born in the year 1737, in Caranah, parish of Ardret, county of Kerry, Ireland, and emigrated to this country in 1837, being then one hundred years old. He was never known to have an hour's sickness even up to the day of his death, but was always remarkably stout and healthy, having the full use of all his faculties to the last, with a delicacy of hearing and a quickness of perception that were rarely miraculous in one who had journeyed so far beyond the allotted bounds of earthly existence.

OHIO COMING RIGHT.

—We gave a few days since a list of Democratic victories in Ohio. There seems to be a complete revolution going on in that State, which will most likely wheel into the Democratic line in the great contest of 1860.—*N. Y. News*.

Devotion Helps Intellect.

All knowledge relates more or less directly to the character and works of God. All the sciences are developments of his attributes.—Astronomy, mathematics, natural and mental philosophy, &c., are but so many ways in which the laws of God's great empire is made known to us. The child at school learning the simplest combination of numbers, and the philosopher who soars to the sublimest height of science, are alike conversant with the works of God. The intellect of the one may be to the other as half a dozen rays to the full beams of the sun; but yet, it is what God is, or what God has done, that occupies the attention of both.

Now, as it is God's works that occupy the intellectual powers, so it is most reasonable to suppose that those who come to the study of these works, or, in other words, engage in any intellectual pursuits, if they bring a right state of heart towards God, will enjoy peculiar advantages for success. The mind, being in happy harmony with Him will move with vigor and power. A cheering sense of his favor will animate it. Each intellectual attainment is a new discovery of a Being chosen already as the heart's ideal of supreme good; it is the perception of some new and lovely feature in the face of a friend. "Blessed are those you are picking, what sort of potatoes are those you say, Mick?" "Raw ones, to be sure—your honor wouldn't be thinking I would plant boiled ones?"

"Why is a jackass like an elephant? Because he can't climb a tree."

"A son of Erin, while hunting rabbits came across a jackass in the woods, and shot him. 'By my soul and St. Patrick! I've killed the father of all rabbits!' exclaimed he."

"The worst kind of fare for a man to live on is war-fare."