# THE BEDFORD GAZETTE.

Bedford, March 18, 1859.

B. F. Meyers & G. W. Benford, Editors.

#### WILLIAMS FOR AMALGAMATION . Our member votes against the bill to prevent the intermarriage of whites and

MR. GEO. W. WILLIAMS, the gentleman whom the people of Somerset county last Fall elected to represent Bedford county in the Lower House of our State Legislature, gave his Black Republican principles a thorough airing on Friday last, by voting in favor of the inthe intermarriage of whites and blacks. We knew Mr. Williams to be a Black Republican we always looke upon him as an unsafe man to be sent to the Legislature; but we must confess that we never had any idea that he would dare to perpetrate such an outrage as this, upon the feelings and the decency of the people of Bedford county. Men who thus bring us to shame, should be sent into utter obscurity, by the unanimous voice of their disgraced and insulted constituents. But such Republicanism, and such the men by whom it is propagated and sustained. Negro whites! political and social amalgamation! when a party countenances and supports such doctrines as these, is it not high time that the hite freemen of our country take measures 'to put it down ? Let the alarm be sounded Let the people rally around the banner of the party of the white man-the banner of the National Democracy-and let them say unto Black Republican Negro ismi "thus far shalt thou come, but no farther, and here shall thy

We append the bill which Mr. Williams' vote helped to kill, and also the year and nays

black waves be staved !

by which it was defeated:
The House resolved itself into committee of the whole, (Mr. ZOLLER in the chair,) on bill No. 151, "An Act preventing the intermariage of the white and black races," as fol-

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and act, it shall be unlawful for any black man to marry a white woman, or black woman to marry a white man.

Sec. 2. That any person or persons who shall marry in this Commonwealth contrary to the first section of this act, and any justice of the peace, alderman, clergyman, minister or other person, who shall join in marriage any person contrary to this act, and every person who shall be present at such marriage, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor; and shall upon conviction thereof in any court of quarter sessions having jurisdiction thereof, be fined, at the discretion of said court any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars; which shall go, one half to the prosecutor, and the other half to such coun-

Mr. MULLER moved the indefinite postponement of the bill.

den. Witman, Wigton, Wilcox, Wiley, WILLIAMS, (Bedford,) Williams, (Bucks,) Williston, Wilson, Withrow, Woodring and

NAYS—Messrs. Abbot, Barnsley, Bertolet, Bover, (Clearfield) Brodhead, Campbell, Eckman, Ellmaker, Eleming, Glatz, Good, Gray, Gritman, Harding, Hottenstine, Jackson, Ketchum, Laurd, M'Clure, M'Curdy, Oaks, Palin, Pennell, Pinkerton, Price, Proudbot, Rouse, Shangad Shields, Smith, Barks Stuart, Wal Sheppard, Shields, Smith, (Berks,) Stuart, Walker, Wolf and Lawrence, Speaker 34. So the question was determined in the affir- cox, Williams, (Bucks,) and Williston-41. mative, and the bill was lost.

KNOW NOTHING-BLACK REPUBLICAN-

ISM.
Heretofore the Black Republicans have suc ceeded in deluding a small portion of the foreign born citizens of our country into political affiliation with them, by falsely representing Custer, Evans, Fearon, Fisher, Glatz, Gray, that Black Republicanism was independent of Gritman, Hamersly, Jackson, Mehaffey, Know Nothingism and altogether free from the M'Clure, Miller, Neall, Nill, Oaks, Pennell, taint of that proscriptive nativism lately so rife throughout the Union. But it seems that WALKER, Witman, Wigton, WILLIAMS, the cloven foot can no longer be sufficiently concealed by the Black Republican leaders, and that those foreign-born voters who formerly east their suffrages with them, are now convinced of their error, and are determined at of being their friend they find to be their worst naturalized citizens, we append the following which we find in a neutral exchange:

The German citizens of Boston are highly indignant because of the attempt to revise the Zoller-51. Constitution of Massachusetts so as to allow naturalized citizens the right of suffrage only after they have been two years naturalized. They, in public meeting, have protested against the amendment as an injustice to the German and all other foreign-born citizens, as inconsistent with the spirit of the Constitution -with justice, liberty and humanity; and sure to result most disastrously to the American country if carried. Finally, they say, "as the Republican party countenanced this amend-ment, they renounce it, and enter the field as its enemy, inviting all foreign-born crizens to unite in an independent party, to give their support to that party only which would recog-nize their rights, and not hold their birth as a

DEMOCRATIC VICTORY .- The recent town elections throughout the State of New York show decided gains for the Democracy.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET. nominated the following ticket:

Judge of Election, HUGH MOORE. Inspector, JOHN CESSNA. Constable,
JOHN J. CESSNA. JOHN BOORE. Supervisors, SAMUEL DAVIS, ISAAC MENGEL.

ADAM'FERGUSON. which opens and closes at the usual hour. The salary law, and the continuance of the "Extra tord, all his personal property. Any persons definite postponement of the bill to prevent Democracy have also adopted a ticket for Bor- Pay" to members of the present Legislature. in want of household furniture will find it to ough officers, as follows:

Town Clerk.

Chief Burgess, JACOB REED. Assistant Burgess, WM. BOWLES. Councilmen, A. J. SANSOM, WM. HARTLEY, WM. SCHAFER, 1 yr. High Constable, LEVI AGNEW.

This ticket can be voted only between the on of I and 5 o'clock, P. M. Both of the above tickets are composed of the very best voting ! and negroes intermarrying with the men in the Borough, and should receive the support of men of all parties who desire good TO DEFEAT MINE, WHICH IT HAS strength. See advertisement in to-day's issue.

> MORE BLACK REPUBLICAN ECONOMY. MESSRS. WILLIAMS AND SWALKER VOTE TO INCREASE THE EXPENSES OF THE LEGISLATURE.

The \$700 salary quite palatable to the Black Republican "reformers."

The Lower House of our State Legislature, passed on the 4th inst., an appropriation bill, the fourth section of which reads as follows:

"Sec. 4. For the payment of the expenses of "the Legislature, including the pay and mile-"age of the members, clerks and officers and the amount authorized by law for statione-'ry, newspapers and lights, the sum of one shundred and fifty thousand dollars."

moved to amend by inserting \$123,400 and for it, and we again prove them, by the voice same, That from and after the passage of this that so much of the act passed 21st April, 1858, pledges to the people. increasing the salary from \$500 to \$700 be and the same is hereby repealed."

To this Mr. Hamersly offered the following amendment :

That in lieu of the mileage now allowed by law, it shall be the duty of each imember of the Legislature to make a detailed statement under oath of his actual necessary expenses in travelling from his home to the seat of Government, and file the same in the office of; the State Treasurer ; whereupon it shall be the duty of the said Treasurer to pay such member the amount of said expenses, and a like sum at the ty as may have jurisdiction of this case; and shall be imprisoned in the county jail of such county any time not exceeding one year.

Me MH LER morality indicates shall be in actual attendance upon their legisla-tive duties, and that the daily pay of the Speaker shall be two dollars. That all laws or parts

Wiley, WILLIAMS, (Bedford,) Wilson Withrow, Wolf, Woodring, Zoller, and Lawrence, Speaker -48.

Nays - Messrs. Abbott, Barnsley, Boyer, (Clearfield,) Boyer, (Schuylkill,) Chase, Dismant, Dodds, Durboraw, Eckman, Galley Goepp, Graham, Gratz, Green, Harding, Hill, Hottenstine, Jackson, Keneagy, Ketchum, Lawrence, (Washington,) Mann, Nill, Palm, Pinkerton, Proudfoot, Paghe, Rohrer, Shafer, hields, Stephens, Stoneback, Stver, Thompson, Thorn, Walborn, Warden, Wigton, Wil-

So the question was determined in the a firmative. On Mr. Hottenstine's amendment as amended by the adoption of Mr. Hamersly's proposition, the vote stood :

YEAS-Messrs. Acker, Balliet, Barnsley, Barslow, Bertolet, Boyer, (Schuylkill,) Church, Peirce, Price, Quigley, Ramsdell, Rose, Shep-(Bedford,) Wolf and Lawrence, Speaker - 39.

Nays-Messrs. Abbott, Bayard Bryson, Burley, Campbell, Chase, Dismant, Dodds, Durboraw, Eckman, Fleming, Foster, Galley, Goepp, Good, Graham, Gratz, Green, Harding, Hill, once to cut loose from a party which instead Hottenstine, Keneagy, Ketchum, Kinney, Lawrence, (Washington,) Mann, Matthews, Mc-Cordy, Palm, Pinkerton, Proudfoot, Pughe, enemy. As an instance of the feeling among Rohrer, Shafer, Shields, Stephens, Stoneback, Styer, Taylor, Thompson, Thorn, Walborn, Warden, Wilcox, Wiley, Williams, (Bucks,) Williston, Wilson, Withrow, Woodring, and

> So the question was determined in the negative, and the House refused to repeal the "Extra Pav Law" of the last session.

It requires but a small amount of shrewdness, to detect the trickery of which Messrs. Williams and Walker, the representatives from this district, along with a large number of their poto detect the trickery of which Messrs. Willitical brethren, were guilty in voting upon Houch. Schellsburg, C. Clever, W. W. Brim. the proposition to reduce the salary of members of the Larieleture. They had salaryly and Black, J. W. Buckley. Coalmont, A. J. Ben-But under such an arrangement very little of the Legislature. They had solemnly and der, Emory Buhrman. Cassville, J. A. Colerepeatedly pledged themselves to the people, man, J. F. Brown. Huntingdon, A. M. Barthought that three larger should be expected. Others thought that three larger should be built, each knows his worth; and there are that if they were elected they would do their nitz. Manor Hill, A. A. Eskridge, G. Tar. with an upper and a lower room, and each not know and esteem Wilson McCandless. utmost to have the pay of members reduced, and ring Gray. Williamsburg, Thomas Barnhart. house to accommodate two schools. But objecyet, in deliance of all their promises and their billipsburg, Henry Wilson; J. B. Scarboro, thought three plots each sufficiently large to Beecher's style of oratory, she replied: "My pledges, we here find them voting for Hamer- Curwinsville and Clearfield, Wilson L. Spotts- accommodate one hundred children with play father and brother studied for the church, and sly's amendment, which, as every sensible wood. New Washington, Edmund W. Kirby, ground, and suitably located, could not easily then went on to the stage; Mr. Beecher seems man in the Legislature must have known, was Hugh Lynn.

offered for the express purpose of defeating Mr. | Closed. The Democrats of Bedford Borough have Hottenstine's proposition to reduce the salary well knew that if Hamersly's amendment ity for nearly four weeks. During its proded. But, they tell us that in voting for membership, by Paptism, Confirmation and Cer-Hamersly's amendment, they voted for the tificate. \$1.50 a day salary. Truly, they did. And Sale. This ticket is to be voted at the regular poll, the flut refusal of the House to repeal the \$700 urday, the 19th inst., at his residence, in Bed-

Lest it might be supposed that we are doing their inteerst to attend. injustice to Messrs. Williams and Walker, in The "Marvest King,"
This is the name thus commenting upon their course on this

Mr. HOTTENSTINE swho offered the pro-

"My reasons for voting "no" on Mr. Ham-DONE, thereby preventing a direct vote on the fixed salary of members."

MR. NEALL said : "the proposition to give one dollar and fifty cents per diem, had been started solely for "Buncombe," and without any other motive. The man who made it. he undertook to say, would not refuse the \$700 per session and mileage."

above shown, to defeat the effort to reduce the salary of members, but under the same disguise Table," we have perused with infinite enjoyin which they gave Hottenstine's amendment its fatal stab, they also strove to increase the Headed Snake of Newbury," which is not so extra \$200, offered an amendment making the "Atlantic Monthly." pay five dollars per day and mileage. This amendment was lost by a vote of 30 yeas to When this section was read, Mr. Hottenstine 59 nays. Messrs Williams and Walker voted

vote. The proposition was calculated to in- our common schools, is the same in principle as crease the pay of members and therefore he had in our laws for the protection of life and propvoted against it."

"MR. NEALL thought that the amendment was making the SALARY APPROXIMATE much higher in its motives than, that and be NEARER TO \$1000. He had therefore vo- comes more ennobling in its principles. It is

will have a tendency to increase our salaries school nouse supersede product tele to mat law and mileage."

ture to the amount of \$12,525."

MR. BOYER believed fully that should the amendment carry, it would greatly increase the expenses of this Common wealth."

ment. Queer, is'nt it ?"

# POST MASTER GENERAL.

The President has appointed JOSEPH HOLT, of Kentucky, Post Master General, vice Aaron V. Brown, deceased. Mr. Holt was Commissioner of Patents at the time of his appointment which office he has filled with signal ability .-He has always been a Democrat, and his elevation by the President is every where hailed with great satisfaction by the party. We have no doubt that the mantle of the lamented Brown has fallen upon a worthy successor.

BROAD TOP COAL TRADE.

Shipments of coal over the Huntingdon and Broad Top Mountain Railroad for the week ending March 10, 2,259 tons. Previously, 21,103 " Total since January 1, 1859, 23,362 " Same time last year, 9,092 \*\*

Increase over last year, 14,270 "

NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION .- The Opposition have carried New Hampshire, as usual. Their majority, however, is small, compared the State. There is a Democratic gain, since last year of about 1200.

EAST BALTIMORE CONFERENCE.—This body at its recent meeting at Williamsport, in this State made the following appointments:

knew that if Hamersly's "snake" was permit- to a close on Sabbath evening last. Under the would be adopted, the \$700 salary would not gress, over one hundred persons professed conbe repealed, and hence their vote as above recor- version. Sixty five were admitted to church-

what was the consequence of their vote? Why, Geo. W. Aughinbaugh will sell on Sat-

Extra Pay" question, we append the opinions of a new Reaping Machine, patented about one of some of their own political friends concerning the object and effect of the Hamersly timore, Md. It cuts by means of an adjustable cam, instead of using a crank with which to give the vibrating motion to the Knife Bar, and position to reduce the pay of members to \$500) has but one set of Spur Gearing about it, making it the most simple in its construction of all machines designed for similar purposes. It is ersly's amendments, were, because I was sin- furnished for from \$30 to \$50 cheaper than

The "Atlantic Monthly."

before us the March number of the "Atlantic." containing many interesting and ably written papers. Mrs. Stowe's new novel, "The Minister's Wooing," is continued, as also that other But Messrs. Williams and Walker, pending "Holbein and the Dance of Death," "Charles admirable fiction, entitled "Bulls and Bears." the "Extra Pay" question, did not only vote as Lamb and Sydney Smith," "The Winter Birds," and the inimitable "Professor at the Breakfast ment. There is also a poem, "The Double expenses of the Legislature. Mr. McClure, bad. Reader, if you desire chaste, solid, inne of the members who last year voted for the structive and amusing reading, subscribe for the

COMMUNICATION.

For the Bedford Gazette. OUR COMMON SCHOOLS.

In the the first article on this subject, it is "MR. HAMERSLY desired to explain his said that our state policy, in the establishing of erty. But this is not all; I would by no mean stop here and say nothing more on this point. In the direction of the schools, the policy rises this superior policy and these higher principles "MR. STEVENS said, my reason for voting ent legislators and prevailed also in the breasts of that influenced the minds of our past and presagainst this amendment, is because I think it all our great and good men, in reference to them. I am in favor of a fixed salary of \$500 nor is it intended only to place facilities in the hands of our children to be regarded as a mean subservient to the business engagements of life "MR. KINNEY voted against the amend- The true idea of the education of our children, nent because the per diem system is an explo- is not reached if we think of nothing more than ded system in Pennsylvania, and would tend what is contained in books and a certain routo prolong the sessions and on the whole in-On the motion,
The yeas and nays were required by Mr.
SMITH, (Berks,) and Mr. MILLER, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Acker, Barlow, Bayard, Bryson, Burley, Church, Custer, Dismant, Dodds, Graham, Gtatz Green, Hamersly, Hill Irish, Kinney, Lawrence, (Washington,) Main, Mehaffey, MrDowell, Miller, Neal, Patterson, Pierce, Quigley, Ramsdell, Roher, Stoneback, Taylor, Thompson, Thorn, Wagenseller, Warden, Willey, Willtalams, (Bedford,) Wilson With—deep care as follows.

Willey, Willtalams, (Bedford,) Wilson With—deep care as follows.

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On Mr. Hamersly's amendment, the yeas and nays tree deep nays to go describing his ideal law-overience demand. The spirit of our school system includes as interest may suggest, or convenience demand. The spirit of our school system in laid with the suit of the sufficient compensation.

With SLEMING voted "no" on Mr. McClure as the expenses of the Government."

On Mr. Hamersly's amendment, the yeas and on the whole in said to be used as interest may suggest, or convenience demand. The spirit of our school spiritum of the business employed in the self-law of the sufficient complex the growth but the imp. ovement of the mind also, and has immediate and prospective happiness in view as its greatest object. That education which secures this to our children—to the great press on others. To reach the heart your language of the great secret of being eloquent is to feel yourself, deeply and sincerely, what you wish to impress on others. To reach the heart your language of the great secret of being eloquent is to feel yourself, and sincerely what you wish to impress on others. to the world. test number of our children, o And yet Messrs. Williams and Walker, those is the best education; and that system best adaptscrupulous economists, voted for this amended to accomplish this purpose, is the best sysand powerless on your hearers. Hence it is tem. It is the desire in our comm to give tho ough instruction in all the of an elegantly refined English educat with this, associate that correct moral al influence, which leads the little chi into the paths of duty which gives direction immortal spirits of youth and teaches th aspire to the rewards of virtue, by well do which imparts to them that knowledge wh ways are usefulness and honor: which lead them to make their own individuality subserve the interests of the public good and reflect pro perly upon the ties which unite them to frie and kindred and the world around them. In some places these interests are felt and

acknowledged and in others they are not. In Bedford, I am happy to say, there are many persons now thinking rightly on this great sub ject. It is too true that our schools here have menty been of the lowest grade, and our citi zens have not heretofore enjoyed the advanta ges, neither have our children reaped the benefits, which our common school system places within their reach. The schools in town have een laboring, in some respects, under more serious disadvantages, than the schools in any of our townships. Besides, the poorest kind of teachers that were sometimes employed, and very hadly conducted schools, our children were to go to those unhealthy basements which were rented for school purposes. But with former ones, being only about 3000 in Bedford is waking up in regard to this interest. The stern necessity of having, better schools and better school accommodations, is acknowledged by all. But from the first making up on this subject, difference of opinion existed, and still exists to a greater or less degree, as to the best plan to be pursued in the erection of school houses and in elevating the

A few of the citizens were in favor of having six houses located in different parts of the town. fully and intelligently his fellow citizens.

would cost as much, ifeot more han one suffi-The protracted meeting held in cently large for all the schools and further that to \$500. Messrs. Williams and Walker well the Ev. Lutheran Church, of this place, came the schools could be better graded and conducted to a better advantage in one ted to coil itself around Hottenstine's amend- untiring ministrations of Rev. Mr. Yingling, after considerable debate on the subject, at building than three. And then after ment, the latter would be dead enough whenev- assisted by Rev. Mr. Benedict, of Somerset, several public meetings, the voice of the people er the vote would be taken upon it, They this meeting was kept up in unbroken continudeclared, at the spring election, by a majority well knew that if Hamersly's amendment ity for nearly four weeks. During its proof twenty two for a "Union House," which is now being carried forward by an active and energetic board of Directors; and it is hoped that the better judgment and superior reason of every man, in this enlightened and intelligent community, will sustain and encourage them till its final completion; and that we all shall above was accompanied. soon have the pleasure of seeing our children thoroughly educated in our Union School

> "Up with the Negro-down with the Irish and Germans."

SUPERINTENDENT.

Under the above head in alluding to the superior race. They can cry lustily for equali- tions. when the negro is in question, but if an cere in carrying my amendment, AND THAT other reapers, and is claimed to be lighter, of Irishman or German is considered in connection with that same sequality they find that Mrs. Charlotte D., wife of Hon. Jos. B. Notheir philosophy can't reach them, and they ble, in the 49th year of her age. are only 'ignorant foreigners,' whom it does'nt suit their purposes to include in the embrace of their philanthropy."

DEATH OF HON, A.V. BROWN,

[From the Erie Observer.] died at Washington on Tuesday. Just one week previous he was at the Department attending to the duties of the station he so ably at her side, she passed away into her deep, time is calculated to produce a deep sensation but when, as in this case, it occurs so unexpectedly, and when too his services are so important to the country, the feeling of sorrow and regret becomes doubly intensified. Gov. Brown ic confidence-as the Governor of Tennessee as one of her representatives in Congress fo many years, and finally as Post Master Genera ne has made a mark upon the annals of his country that will endure as long as virtuhonesty, and true patriotism are passports to the confidence of the people. Gov. Brown was born on the 15th of Au-

just, 1795, in the county of Brunswick, Va., and was consequently in the 64th year of his age. His father was a clergyman, and served as a soldier in our war of Independence. His early advantages of education were good, which reading and observation, made him one of the ripest scholars and polished gentleman it was ever our fortune to become acquainted with. In all the relations of life Gov. Brown for imitation; studious in his profession, and industrious in its practice; faithful to his party and honorable to his melei dared to breathe a ter of Gov. Brown was irreproachable. As a Hardware Store and see this Machine. nan and a christian, his friends have the hapness to know that the virtues they admired or earth have not perished, but have been transplanted to a purer and more genial sphere. where they will flourish immortal. What his principles were may best be learned from his

those models from the models of have drawn all their inspiration—the models of the Bible. Study these—the Prophets—the lime stone quarry on gravel hill, at Bedford, belongdeeply and sincerely, what you wish to m-press on others. To reach the heart your lan-guage must flow from the heart. That must

Section 30, If any person shall pass through any schools, that the truly great orator must preserve his branches moral sensibilities pure and uncontaminated.—

It shall be lawful for the turnpike road Company entitled to demand such toll, notwithstanding that such toll gate may not have been closed, when such on, and, He must love truth. He must honor virtue.—
nd soci- He must hate vice in all its deformities. He must sympathize truly and deeply with the the | weak and the oppressed. He must loath despotism and tyranny in every form and shape in which they have oppressed mankind. In short days from the time such person shall have so passed to be great he must be eloquent, and to be eloquent he must be good. With such elements of character, he will speak as an oracle and a prophet. Like a strong man he will pull down the pillars of predjudice, and his utterance will be like a stone hurled from an engine .to the sentiments and will of such a man all arts are surrendered in profound obedience homage.

THE INAUGURATION OF JUDGE M'CANDLESS.

[From the Pittsburgh Post, Feb, 23.] the anniversary of Washington's birth-day marked by an occurrence of peculiar into our citizens. Hon. Wilson McCandne of the foremost men ef the Pennsylva-and a gentleman whose whole life has een marked by moral uprightness and purity of character, was inaugurated as judge of the United States district court for the western district of Pennsylvania-a position of high honor, and requiring legal and judicial talent of the first class. The President could not have selected a man for this position more eminently qualified in all respects than Judge McCandess. Learned in the law beyond the majority of his compeers, largely experienced in the business of the courts, possessed of great powers of examination and of judgment, of a temperanent firm and decided, yet eminently courteus, and always just in his habits of thinking and action, he will do honor to the station, and in the discharge of its grave duties, serve faith

His appointment has been a matter of gratulation to every citizen of Pennsylvania who

MRS. KEMBLE was asked her opinion of Mr be had; and that three buildings of this kind adapted to the same change of vocation.'

MARRIED:

18 19 41 19 4

On the 10th inst, by the Rev. Samuel Ying-ling, Mr. Frederick Koons, to Miss Catherine Deibert, both of Bedford Township, Bedford

On the 15th, by the Rev. H. Heckerman, Mr. Job M. Shoemaker, Merchant, to Miss Mary Bollinger, both of Bedford.

The happy couple have our heartiest wishes for their happiness and prosperity. May they enjoy life with as much zest as the printer enjoys the wedding cake with which the

On the 12th, Mr. Abraham Ritchey, of Snake Spring Valley, aged 77 years 8 months and 20

The deceased, as a man, possessed many sospirit of Massachusetts Black Republicanism cial qualities and was highly respected and the Lawrence Sentinel makes the following much beloved by all his acquaintence. He pertinent remarks, which are applicable to the was a kind and indulgent busband and father, so-called Republican party throughout the U- a sincere friend and an exemplary Chrisnion. Itsays:-"To read their journals and tian. He was a member of the German Rehear their orators discoursing of the 'ignorant formed Church ; and for sixty years adorned Irish and Germans,' and lamenting that the his profession by a consistent walk and conright of suffrage was extended to them, and at versation, and died manifesting the exercise of the same time arguing in favor of universal suff- a true and living faith in the Redeemer .rage for the African, an uninformed person The recollection of his many virtues, is a sonrce would naturally suppose that the latter was the of comfort to his surviving friends and rela-

> At Three Springs, in Morrison's Cove, Bedford county, on Saturday, 12th March, inst.,

She asked to have her pillow adjusted, remarking that she was going to take a "good sleep." That was true. She sleeps yet-her body in the tomb-her spirit in the Father's house where are many mansions. The ex-change of a temporal, suffering life for an eter-Hon A. V. Brown, Post Master General, nal happy one, had no horrors for her in the instrument of death. Surrounded with many kind and dear friends, and with a good minister The death of a man so eminent at any good sleep, almost unobserved. A void has een made-a link broken-in the family circle never to be supplied. Her Christian virtues, good judgment and kind hear! had made her a model wife, instructive mother and beloregret becomes doubly intensified. Gov. Brown has been distinguished by many marks of pubhas been distinguished

### HISE HEREVEST MING.

Price \$115 Delivered in Bedford, A NEW REAPER AND MOWER.

Manufactured by Ficky Brothers, Baltimore, Md.

The Harvest King is an adjustable cam and differs essentially in construction from all other machines in the market; its simplicity of conadded to a strong mind, and a studious life of struction, admits its being put together and worked by any ordinary field band, and renders it less liable to get out of order, it cuts a swarth of 51 teet, has levers for raising and presented a model that our youth may well take lowering, and throwing out of gear, it was successfully used during the harvest of 1858, and was awarded the first premtum by the Marysyllable against his fame. The private charactory Wm. Hartley, Bedford. Call at Hirtley's

TURNPIKE NOTICE!

March 18, 1 mo.

T an election held by the stockholders of the Bedford and Stoystown Turnpike road Company, on the 7th day of March 1859, Emanu-l Statler, of Schellsburg, was elected President; John Sills, Abr aham E. Schell, of Schellsburg; Samuel Statler, Jr., and Hon. Michael Zimmerman, of Som-erset county, Managers; and Peter Schell, Secretary and Treasurer; who passed the following resolu-tion, and ordered the same to be published. Resolved, That hereafter NO PERSON is allow-

ing to the said Company, without permission from the board of managers; and that John P. Reed, Esq., our attorney, is hereby authorized and requested to see that this resolution is adhered to.

And that the following section of an Act of Assembly passed the 19th day of April, 1850, be published as a caution to persons who make a practice of rushing through toll gates without stopping to

person or persons passed by and through the same, to sue for and recover the same before any alderman or justice of the peace of this Commonwealth, with costs of suit, and in every such suit, the collector of tolls shall be a competent witness for the plaintif, Provided, that such suit shall be brought within 30 days from the time said through said toll gate without paying the toil an through said toll gate without paying the toil an through said toll gate without paying the toil an through said toll gate without paying the toil and through said toll gate without paying the toil and through said toll gate without paying the toil and through said toll gate without paying the toil and through said toll gate without paying the toil and through said toll gate without paying the toil and through said toll gate without paying the toil and through said toll gate without paying the toil and through said toll gate without paying the toil and through said toll gate without paying the toil and through said toll gate without paying the toil and through said toll gate without paying the toil and through said toll gate without paying the toil and through said toll gate without paying the toil and t Attest-

PETER SCHELL, See'y.

Bividend .- A dividend of a half per cent. was declared by the board of managers of the Bedford and Stoystown Turnpike Road Company, on the seventh day of March, 1859, on all the stock of the said Company, and will be paid by the treasurer of the said Company on demand, at his office, in Schellsburg, and by Hon. Michael Zimmerman, in Somerset county.

May 18 18 50 Mar. 18, 1859. [Somerset Democrat, insert three times]

The University of Family Medicines &c., OF PHILADELPHIA.

Incorporated by the State of Pennsylvania for the purpose of arresting the evils of worthless and spurious nostrums and supplying the people with reliable domestic remidies have

DANIEL R. ANDERSON, AGENT, for the sale of these valuable compounds, viz:
Rowand's tonic mixture for cure of fever & agne. &c.,
do blackberry root syrup,! for diarrhoea, &c.,

University's remedy for lung complaints, coughs, &c
Dyspepsia or Indigestion. Sore Eyes.
Ear Ache or Deafness.
Tooth Ache

Fever & Ague (in form of pills) " Costive bowels, (pills.)
Unlike the various postrums of the day,

For sale by DANIEL\*R. ANDERSON, Centreville, Bedford county, Pa.

## SAVE COSTS.

OTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has placed his books, accounts, &c., in the hands of R. D. Barclay, Esq., who is authorized to collect and receipt for the same. All persons indebted are requested to make speedy settlements, as it will be to their interests to do

MICHAEL BANNON.

March 18, '59