B. F. Meyers & G. W. Benford, Editors.

Democratic Meeting.

The Democrats of Bedford county are requested to meet in Mass Meeting, at the Court House, in Bedford, on Monday evening of Court week, Feb. 14th. A delegate to represent Bedford county in the next Democratic State Convention, will be chosen by the meet-

JACOB REED, Chairman, Democratic Co. Com.

THE NEWS.

the Congressional Committee of Ways and Means .-HON. HENRY M. PHILLIPS, of this State, is actively engaged in pushing forward a bill for the revision of the tariff. The whole Democratic delegation position Congress of 1857. Mr. PHILLIPS is a Democrat and one of the candidates for Congress who was last fall stricken down by the out-cry against him on the tariff question. Our own member, Mr. REILLY, is also active in his advocacy of an increase of duties so as to bring a larger revenue into the Treasury. The Black Republican members are remarkably quiet on this subject. They are great sticklers for a tariff just before the election comes off, but when it becomes necessary to take action in Congress, on that subject, they are non est inven-

-A street fight occurred in Harrisburg, a few days ago, between J. M. Church, member of the Legislature from Philadelphia, and C. M. Donnavan, of the same city, who appeared as a contestant of MR. CHURCH's seat. It appears that the latter gentleman had used some language in addressing the House, which offended Mr. Donnavan, who at once determined to immortalize himself a la English and Montgomery. What a shame that our dignified legislators and would-be legislators cannot refrain from disgracing themselves in such boyish squabbles as these! They ought to go back to marbles and their mammas, for a few years!

-The Indian appropriation bill has passed the Lower House of Congress, with a reduction of the appropriation for expenditures of the Indian agents of Washington and Oregon territories, from \$131,000

----At an election for Mayor, in the city of Lexington, Ky., a few days ago, the Democrats elected their nominee by a handsome majority. This is something new in Lexington.

-The Capital of Canada is to be removed to Ot-

#### KANSAS AND THE PRESIDENT.

Our readers will remember that when the "anti-Lecompton" fever was at its height, and when the President was reviled and stigmatized as a tyrant plotting to enslave the people of Kansas, we frequently expressed our conviction that there was not the slightest foundation, or justification, for the course pursued by the men who thus reviled and stigmatized him. We assured our Democratic friends that time would prove us correct in that conclusion, and now, since the fog has litted from the erewhile misty politics of Kansas, we learn with satisfaction ritory, and they all agree in placing the whole

responsibility for the Lecompton troubles, upon the shoulders of the Abolitionists who refused to vote for delegates to the Constitutional Convention. We copy an article on this subject from one of those papers, which will be found in another column, and to which we invite the earnest attention of the people. The article is headed "THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE IN KANSAS." Read it and bear in mind that the Kansas editor

says:
"It is the merest DEMAGOGUEISM AND A BASE LIE, to assert that the President or Congress attempted to impose upon us a Pro-Slavery Constitution against our wishes, inasmuch as it was known that our Legislature elected under tha Constitution was almost unanimously Free State and our right to change the Constitution immediately after admission, was ably set forth by the President, and his views endorsed by a Democratic Senate.'

# PRAISE FROM THE ENEMY.

The late Message of Governor Packer is spo ken of by many of the Opposition journals in terms of the highest praise. It seems that even the bitter enemies of the Democracy are compelled to applaud the course of the Governor. They not only approve his reference to Kansas matters (which was to be expected, of course,) but they also extol his views on State affairs, (which was not to be expected by any means). Thus we see that the same fellows who but little more than a year ago, denounced Mr. Packer and took particular delight in dubbing him General "BACKER," and in heaping all sorts of insults upon him, because he was then a Democratic candidate, are now engaged in heralding forth his merits as a Governor and lauding him as a "brave, conscientious and incorruptible man!" It is a little singular that they are just now discovering Gov. Packer's great virtues, especially as they have known him as a public man these twenty years. We venture to predict that should Governor Packer ever again become the Democratic nominee for

# A FAITHFUL SENTINEL.

We notice with teelings of unalloyed satisfaction, that our vigilant and industrious Senator, Mr. Schell, is making every effort in his power to protect the Commonwealth from the shall be required as a qualification for any of-We have observed that he has uniformly oppo- ed the enjoyment of any civil right merely on sed every attempt at introducing bills and resolutions into the Senate, looking to profitless expenditures of the public money. Mr. Schell has proved himself a faithful sentinel in stand- visit to his old friends and former congregation ing guard over the interests of the tax-payers, in this town. and his fidelity will be gratefully remembered by the constituency which he so ably repre-

# IGNORANCE, OR WILFUL FALSEHOOD.

MR. JORDAN, in his article on the Covernor's Message, takes occasion to say that that Mr. Jordan either did not read the Governor's number of the Pittsburg Dispatch, which we Message with both his eyes open, or else is guilty of a deliberate falsehood in making this statement. We quote the exact language of the Governor, concerning the Dred Scott case, as

"But during the angry feelings which this started and insisted upon, that it will henceforward be the duty of Congress to protect slavery in the territories if the people of the terri-tories shall fail to do so. The warrant for -The tariff question has now fairly landed in this extraordinary assumption is alleged on gressional Committee of Ways and Means.— to exist in the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, in the case of Dred Scott. Entertaining, as I do, profound reverence for the decisions of that august tribunal, from Pennsylvania, is a unit in favor of amending and standing ready to obey them, whenever the low and inefficient tariff established by the Option they are enunciated, I have yet to be convinced to a review of the Kansas question, as untrue that any such construction can be fairly given to their action in the case referred to."

The mental vision of the man who would say that this is a condemnation of the Dred Scott decision, must be darkly obfuscated, indeed

# A FLUTTERING AMONG THE BUZ-

ZARDS. The fearless and efficient efforts of GEN. Bow-MAN, in endeavoring to check the impostures which contractors for the Public Printing, and others, have been practicing upon Congress, has created quite a sensation among the gentry who Federal Government. We notice that they have resorted to anonymous attacks upon the General, in the newspapers, evidently with the They will find that they have "waked up the man to be intimidated by anything they can take the proper steps for determining say, or do, in opposition to his course. The ble, and to imitate the example of General Bowman, by making honesty their prime rule of ac-

#### BLOWS HIS OWN TRUMPET.

The ex-Honorable Francis Jordan announces of that excellent Act of Assembly concerning cratic Senate. the office of the Attorney General, to which Governor Packer refers in such eulogistic terms in his late message. The ex-Honorable knows exceedingly well how to blow his own trumpet.

Constitutional Convention, and thus have prewe wonder that he did not tell us that he was the author of the "Buzzard Feast" anti-Cameron Address, and that he was the Bedford correspondent of CHARLES GIBBONS, in 1856, when the dissolution of the Union. Therefore these the latter gentleman was baiting his trap for the "radical" leaders in council determined not to Fillmore men of this county.

### BROAD TOP COAL.

We are indebted to Judge Dangherty, of this and Mining Register, from which we coal shipped from the Broad Top region in 1856 1858, from each of the collieries in the Broad

BROAD TOP COAL TRADE, 1858. Coal transported over the Huntingdon and

-	Broad Top Mountain Railroad.			
S	1858.	Tons.	1857.	Tons
t	January	2,806	January	618
,	February	4,817		1,370
-	March	6,386	March	5,794
	April	21,76	April	9,832
e .	May	10,312	May	9,266
-	June	14,582	June	10,242
	July	11,287	July	9,995
	August	9.455	August	10,800
	September	9,728	September	7,510
-	October	10,915	October	4,101
	November	11,725	November	3,253
1	December	11,288	December	6,031
t		105 450		
	Increase	105.478 26,666		78,812
- 1				

PITIABLE BIGOTRY .- The American and Black Republican Legislature of New Jersey, says the Philadelphia Argus, invited all the clergymen of Trenton to officiate as Chaplains, with the exception of the Catholics. The intion of Christians was premeditated. The spirit that hung Quakers, banished Baptists, and whipped beer-barrels for working on Sunday, yet lives. The fangs of the serpent have been pulled out, but it hisses and sputters as fiercely as ever. The Newark Evening Journal has the following comments in relation to the

An Intolerant Act .- The House of Assembly of this State, in tendering an invitation to and, we may add, in contradiction of the very letter of the Constitution, which provides that there shall be no establishment of one religious sect, in preference to another : no religious test entailment of unnecessary and useless expenses. fice or public trust and no person shall be deniaccount of his religious principles.

REV. MR. BENEDICT, formerly of this

---- MR SLIDELL has introduced a bill in the Uni-

TOur old friend, Maj. TALIAFERRO, is at present on a visit to his family in this place, having been called home by the illness of his functionary condemns the Dred Scott decision. estimable lady. We find the following in a late copy with pleasure in this connexion :

The U. S. Depot, Penn St .- It gives us barracks and grounds attached to this old station. The officer at present in charge, Major Taliagiven in Ma. Jordan's own paper, and it is as ferro, deserves credit for having (at a very small expense) completely renovated the barracks, and substantially enclosed the whole to the controversy has aroused, the theory has been river. This nuisance of goose ponds and hogwallows proved a very great annoyance to contiguous property holders, who are grateful to all night, and the men in charge of the mail had tion to the complaints and future comfort of ma-

## The President's Message in Kansas.

While the Black Republican party and their allies are stigmatizing that portion of President with reference to facts and unsound in policy, the papers and people of that Territory are applauding Mr. Buchanan for standing firmly on the wise, conservative and constitutional platform which he erected in his first communication to Congress upon this vexed and irritating subject. The Kansas National Democrat, when noticing the President's message, says:

We were well pleased to see that the President stands firmly by his policy in regard to this Territory. Had his plan been fully carried out, long ere this, Kansas would have been a State with a Constitution prohibiting slavery .-The President had no right to dictate to the people of Kansas how they should make a Conhave been thus engaged in plundering the stitution, and Congress had no right to reject it, as it was Republican in its character, excepting for the reason that our population was not sufficiently large to entitle us to an equality of representation with the States, and this they would intention of forcing him to resign his office .- not do, but very wisely agreed that we might become a State, and within thirty days therewrong passenger," for the General is not the after, through the act of a Free State Legislature take the proper steps for determining whether Lecompton Constitution. Thus it will be seen best plan these gentlemen can adopt, in their that the President and Congress, strictly and to present emergency, is to keep as quiet as possi- the very letter, carried out the terms of the Cincinnati resolution.

It is the merest demagogueism and a base lie, to assert that the President or Congress attempttion in all their future transactions with the ed to impose upon us a Pro-Slavery Constitution against our wishes, inasmuch as it was known that our Legislature elected under that Constitution was almost unanimously Free State, and our right to change the Constitution immediate-The ex-Honorable Francis Jordan announces in his organ of last week, that he is the author President, and his views endorsed by a Demo-

Had the patriotic portion of our anti-slavery settlers gone to the polls in June 1857, as they should have done, they could very easily have carried a large majority of the delegates to the to them. In June, 1857, they were under the lead of radical Abolitionists, who came to Kansas to create discord and produce, if possible, vote, and thus permitted the Convention to be carried by radical or ultra men on the other side, by which means they could more readily

promote their object, and avoid all the responcopy the annexed table. We learn from the humbugged the people of the States. The setsame publication, that the number of tons of the same publication, that the number of tons of Abolition leaders by attending the polls against was 42,000, making an increase in two years the election of that year. In December, 1857, their advice, which resulted in their carrying of 63,478 tons! We shall next week lay be- the Anti-Slavery men called a Convention, to fore our readers an interesting exhibit of the determine whether they would vote for officers amount of coal mined and sent to market in under the Lecompton Constitution. These former Abolition leaders succeeded in packing Top mines, with a statement of their present fa- in that election. The patriotic and loyal Anticilities and their estimated capacity for 1859. Slavery men present, refused to be bound by such trickery; they withdrew, held another Convention, resolved to vote, nominated a ticket, and carried all the officers under the Lecompton Constitution. For their patriotic the roads became muddy and the creeks high, course we are well pleased to see, they have and in some places had to swim the mules. received a favorable notice in the mesage.

THE NEW TERRITORIES .- New Territories start into existence with such rapidity in this country, that it is almost impossible to keep the to Gov. Stewart, arrived at Jefferson City yes run of them. Dacotah is to be carved out of terday, reports Montgomery fortifying himself the western half of what was formerly the near the Missourif line; that U. States troops Minnesota Territory. When the State was or- bave been sent to that region, and volunteers ganized, a line was drawn through the middle are being raised as rapidly as possible. Six of the territory from north to south. The eas- bundred muskets passed through Jefferson City tern part became the State of Minnesota, and on Wednesday, for Kansas. the western is the contemplated Dacotah. Arizona is a combination of the south part of New Mexico, with that Mesilla Valley strip of land excitement prevailed in reference to the sudwhich we purchased from Mexico in 1851. - den and mysterious disappearance of a deaf The latter is without a local government.— and dumb boy. The Saints charged foul play. "Nevada" is the western half of Utah, lying netween Salt Lake and California. "Laramie" means the western part of Nebraska, in which sult to the priests of that religious denomina- the fort of that name is situated "Pike's Peak" is the Rocky Mountain chain in the western part of Kansas, which part it is proposed to cut off for a new Territory. "Superior" or "On-tonagon" is the peninsula between Lake Superior and Michigan, part of which now belongs to Michigan and part to Wisconsin.

> THE RIGDON MURDER-CONVICTION OF CROPPS. announced their decision.

CHARGES AGAINST A CLERGYMAN. - We learn that charges have been preferred by three clergymen of the Methodist Episcopal Church athree alleged offences. First, drunkenness; secplace, and now of Somerset, is at present on a ond, lewdness; and third, offering money to witnesses of his misconduct to secure silence. The facts on which the charges are based are alleged to have occurred in this city on Friday before New Year, or on New Year's day, and

#### Latest News from Salt Lake. Ten of Majors & Russell's men frozen to

death at one time.

From the Western Platte Argus Jan. 7th.

and learn the following facts of his trip in .-Mr. G. left Salt Lake City on the 27th of Notheir animals. Second day out the snow was so deep that the company got lost, and lay out "the powers that be" for this seasonable atten- their feet and hands frozen, and their boots had to be cut off of their feet the next morning.

The third day they made Bridger at sunset and after traveling about twenty miles got lost the snow till morning. Fourth day they made Big Sandy Station, and left there about ten o'clock in the evening, and traveled about twenty miles, wind blowing from the East .-The snow increased so as to prevent them from seeing five feet before them, and compelled them again to lay up. They camped in the hollow, and during the night, snow drifted on them to the depth of three feet. Here the whole company almost froze. Mr. G. states that his feet and legs were so numb as to be almost unable to stand up. The mail men having no bedding, were compelled to walk around all night to keep from freezing.

Fifth day, left early in the morning-traveled eight miles; one of the mail men's face and hands froze, and the other was so far frozen as to be almost asleep. Mr. G. here finding that Iron Masters in Philadelphia, delivered some Sheriff's Office, Jan. 21, 1859. the men would freeze, took them off and made days ago, has written a letter to the New York them walk. They then turned and went back Herald, in which he says: 28 miles to Big Sandy. The next day the "I do not believe that wind ceased, and they started in company with travel down this stream, but the drifted snow

was so deep as to be impassable.

They camped, and Mr. Ashton froze one of his feet while in the bed. In the morning they left mules, mail, and all, and took it afoot down Sweet Water on the ice. Mr. Ashton begged to be left in the bed, as they had to cut boots off of his feet. Mr. G. pulled off his buffalo moccasins and put them on Mr. Ashton leaving his feet with only a deer-skin mcccasin on. The whole company concluded their time was growing short, but like heroes, made a desperate effort-part of the time carrying Mr. Ashton. They reached the station about ten miles distant. They then had some hopes of making the trip, although the thermometer stood 27 degrees below zero. Mr. Sanders, the surveyer on the new road south of Laramie, had Mr. Miller stationed at this place with a barometor and thermometor in order to take notes of the weather. The oldest mountaineers, one in particular who lives close by the station, states that it was the coldest weather they had expe-

rienced for thirty years.

They left Mr. Ashton, after laying over three or four days. While here the St. Joseph mail arrived-Mr. Garvis, the Indian Agent for the Snakes, coming through with it. They had nine mules to freeze around their camp firesnad their hands and leet hozen. " The men all days withinseight miles of the station unable to get in. Here Majors & Russell had ten men frozen to death. They attempted to follow the train and became lost and froze. While here, the Salt Lake mail of December 4th, overtook Mr. G., and having no men to send with the mail, Mr. G. took charge of it and brought it to La amie; where he met an agent having men. Mr. G., took the coach, in company with four other passengers; below Laramie they had but little snow, and the roads were good most of the time. They found men at almost every station on the road frozen. They met Mr. Hockaday

# FROM KANSAS.

Sr. Louis, Jan. 14. A special messenger from Governor Medary

Salt Lake mail reached St. Josephs on the 9th. District Court met again on the 17th. Much

A Case For Abolitionists. - A novel case was tried this morning in the Common Law and Chancellor Court in the city of Memphis, on the chancery side of the court. Hannah, a free woman of color, who had been manumitted by Mr. David Jamison, of Shelby county, in this state, returned from Ohio, where she was freed and desired her former master (Mr. Jamison) to take her back into his household as a slave. He was disposed to gratify her wishes, but desired her to consult an attorney. She did so, and -The trial of Marion Cropps, indicted, with John G. Finule, Esq., filed in her name a peti-Peter Corrie, for the murder of police officer tion to the Chancery Court, setting forth the Rigdon, was closed on Tuesday, by a verdict against the prisoner of "murder in the first detailed that she had returned to Memphis, where she the various clergymen of Trenton to open the gree." The evidence in the case was closed in preferred to live as a slave with her old master, essions of the Assembly with prayer, have re- the morning, and the argument before the jury than to be free in any of the free States. She fused to include the Catholic clergy in their in- was commenced by Mr. Machen for the State. expressed her wish in open court, and was closeany office, they would very soon lose all recollection of once having given him their approthe part of the Assembly, which deserves and case was closed by Mr. Gittings, for the State. should receive the unqualified reprobation of the The jury, as was expected from the unbroken ly and sensibly, saying that she preferred being people of all religious denominations. It is in and irrefutable mass of testimony tracing the a slave and remain in Tennessee, rather than to direct conflict with the spirit of our institutions murder directly to the accused, found no diffi- be free in Ohio; that she wanted a kind master culty in coming to an agreement, and, after a to take care of her and provide for her wants. brief absence from the Court room, returned and The court thereupon ordered a degree, in accordance with the prayer of petitioner and the law of Tennessee.—Memphis Appeal, 8th inst.

THE NEW CENT .- The new Cent pieces Juniata S. District gymen of the Methodist Episcopal Church a-gainst the Rev. Wm. Daily, of that church, and ordered by the Secretary of the Treasury, are now being struck and distributed at the Phila- T McCauley & Co. President of the Indiana State University, for delphia Mint. The obverse presents an ideal James Entriken head of America; the drooping plumes of the North American Indian give it the character of Henry Gates North America. The head is intended as an Jon H Dicken illustration of "Liberty." The reverse is a Wm Forbes plain laurel wreath enclosing the words ONE Dr G W Anderson CENT. The weight is 72 grains, or three twented States Senate, making an appropriation of \$30, to have been witnessed by numbers of our best tieths of a troy ounce—eighty-eight per cent copper and twelve per cent nickel.

readers who are desirous of preserving the usefulness of the lungs and bronchial apparatus not to defer taking medicine in time for their cure. Most of the consumptive cases which We had a call from Mr. John M. Guthrie, end fatally, are the result of a small beginning of a cough or cold, which could be easily removed by a bottle of Dr. Keyser's Pectoral pleasure to note the recent improvements in the vember, with the mail on packed animals, in Cough Syrup, new put up and sold at 50 cents. company with G. A. Beardly, of New York. and \$1 per bottle. It has had abundant evi-It had been snowing for seven or eight days dence of its vast superiority over most other before Mr. G. left the valley. The snow was remedies, and those who resort to it in time from one to 7 feet deep in the Big Mountains, will save a great deal of suffering from those and they had to tramp the snow to pass with disagreeable diseases which are so prevalent during the winter and spring months. You can get it at Dr. Keyser's Drug'Store, No.140 Wood Street, Pittsburg. Sold at Sam'l Brown's, Bedford, and at J. W. Colvin's, Schellsburg, Pa.

SARSAPARILLA .- This tropical root has a reputation wide as the world, for curing one class again, and were compelled again to lie down in of the disorders that afflict mankind-a reputation too which it deserves as the best antidote we possess for scrofulous complaints. But to with a two story log house, double frame barn, be brought into use its virtues must be concen- and other out-buildings thereon erected-also

of this character is much needed in the community. Read the advertisement of Dr. Ayen's Reighart, deft. ALSO,

Sarsaparilla in our columns, and we know it

One tract of land containing 44 acres, more or needs no encomium from us to give our citizens less; about 2 acres cleared and under fence, with confidence in what he offers .- Organ, Syra- a log dwelling house thereon erected; adjoining

MR. ABRAM S. HEWITT, who was so exten- ship, Bedford county, and taken in execution sively quoted by ex-Senator Cooper in his poli- as the property of Thomas Richardson, deft. tical speech before the secret convention of

"I do not believe that any judicious iron master can be induced to lend his aid or influ-Mr. Ashton, the mail agent. They reached the ence to the organization of a party upon so nar-South Pass at dark. Here the wind raised a- row and selfish a basis. The apparently antaggain-the snow being drifted from five to ten onistic position of the President and the Secrefeet deep, and they again became lost. For tary of the Treasury on the subject of specific three or four hours they wandered round in and ad volerem duties is in itself a most favora-hopes to find the road, and their only hope was ble evidence that the question is in a fair way to face the wind in order to reach Sweet Water, of being decided on its merits, and without refwhich they did. They then attempted to erence to future political issues. Having had an interview with the Secretary of the Treasury, I am entirely satisfied of his sincere desire to have the duties on iron arranged upon the only proper basis of equal justice to consumers and producers; and I trust that the desirable result will not be defeated by any effort to make the iron question again the foot ball of party

The Chicago Times, the home organ of Mr. Douglas, and which always speaks by au-

Mr. Douglas will not ask a nomination at the hands of the Charleston Convention. If in that body his friends should present his name, and he be nominated, he will not feel at liberty to decline it; if his friends should not present his name, then the nominee of the Convention will receive his support. The use of his name by any men, or body of men as a candidate for the Presidency or any other office, independent of and hostile to the nomination of the Democratic party, is altogether unauthorized by Mr. Douglas, will never receive his sanction, and it is wholly repugnant to his wishes and desires .-We say this much with a full knowledge of its truth, and knowing that we express in this particular his own sentiments.

DISTURBANCES IN KANSAS- COLD WEATHER Summer left for Fort Leavenworth yesterday, under orders from the War Department. It is thought that his transfer to that post has reference to the disturbances in the Southern part of

John M. Guthrie, who left Salt Lake, November 27, gives a painful account of the suffering of men and animals on the Plains, in consequence of the cold weather. Men had been frozen to death at nearly every station along the route. Ten of Messrs. Major & Russell's men were frozen at one time. The snow was very deep, and the weather colder than had been known for thirty years, the mercury sinking to 27 degrees he

# Drugs and Books.

DR. F. C. REAMER & S. J. WAY, HAVE formed a partnership in the DRUG and BOOK BUSINESS, will con-stantly keep on hand at their establish-

ment in Julianna Street, a complete assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Varnishes, Brushes of all kinds, Patent Medicines, Lamps, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, &c. &c. together with an extensive collection of School and Miscellaneous Books. Blank Books, Common and Fancy Stationery, &c. which they offer at greatly reduced pri-Beaford, Jan. 21, 1859.

siness, offers her entire Stock of Goods at wholesale. To any one wishing to engage in merchandising, this offer presents a favorable

NOTICE.

THE public are hereby cautioned against harboring or trusting my wife Sarah, on my account, as she has left my bed and board without just cause, or provocation, and I am determined to pay no debts of her contracting. JOHN A POTTS.

Southampton tp., Jan. 21, '59.

LIST OF CAUSES, PUT down for trial at February Term, (14th day,) 1859. vs Wm Keyser Levi Hardinger vs John C Morgart Fred'k Hildebrant vs C F Kæner A Blair's use vs John Blair et al

vs L A Tamer vs Arnold Lashley vs John Davidson & Co. vs D Washabaugh et al vs Wm Keyser et al vs Milford James

vs Jesse Dicken vs Patrick Burns et al vs A E Cox SAM'L H. TATE, Proth'y.

Proth'y's Office, Bedford, Jan. 21, 1859.

The value of good lungs .- We advise our TOOTHACHE .- This disease can be cuted Sold at Samuel Brown's, Bedford, and at J. E. Colvins, Schellsburg.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of sundry writs of fi. fa., to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, on Monday, the 14th day of February, 1879, at 12 o'clock, M., the following descriptions of the state of t

One lot of ground in the fown of Stonerstown, fronting 27 feet on main street and extending back about 220 feet to an alley, with a two story plank house thereon erected, adjoining an alley on the north-east, and lot of Dominick Feeny on the south-situate in Liberty township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of John McCaffrey and wife, de-ALSO.

One tract of land containing 190 acres, more or less; about 100 acres cleared and under fence. trated and combined with other medicines that increase its power. Some reliable compound braham Sills, Anthony Zimmers and other—

lands of William Thompson, James Ray, Watson's heirs and others-situate in Bedford town-WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

ALL persons interested, are hereby notified that the following named accountants have filed their accounts in the Register's Office of Bedford county; and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court in and for said county or confirmation, on Tuesday, the 15th day of February, next, at the Court House, in Redford.

The account of Joseph Imler, administrator of the state of Elizabeth Fickes, late of Union township, The account of John Mower, Esq., guardian of aroline Conley, formerly Caroline Miller, one of he daughters of Thomas B. Miller, dec'd.

The second account of Samuel Brown, Esq., sur-iving executor of the last will, &c., of John Keeffe, ate of Bedford township, deceased.

The account of John Blankley, Esq., guardian of he minor shilden, of lots, Gribb, lets, of Man

he minor children of John Grubb, late of township, dece sed. The account of John L. Grove, administrator of

the' estate of David F. Cheney, late of Monroe township, deceased.
The account of Mahala Weimer, administratrix of

he estate of James Weimer, late of Monroe townhip, deceased.
The account of Thomas G. Wright, administrator

f the estate of Rebecca Wright, late of St. Clair ownship, deceased.

The account of Adam Burgerd, guardian of Sarah

Shelley, and of the minor children of Jacob Shelley, late of South Woodberry township, dec'd.

The account of Joseph Dull, Esq., guardian of Phobbe, Catharine and Susan Suerly, minor children of William Surrly, late of Juniata township dec'd.

The account of Joseph Dull, Esq., administrator of the estate of Isaac Gochenour, late of Juniatarp.

The account of Benjamin Boll, Esq., Executor of the last will, &c., of Hannah Hull late of Napier to

The account of David Gochenour, executor of the ast will, &c., of J. Gochenour late of Union town-The account of John C. Riffle, Esq., administra-

or of the estate of Jacob Riffle, late of Juniata tp., The account of John B. Longenecker, admin The account of David Lingenfelter, administrator

the estate of Abraham Lingentelter, late of Nader tp., dec'd.

The account of Daniel Shock, Esq., administrator f the estate of Samuel Cartwright, late of Union deraased.

The final account of Jacob Beckley, Esq., admintrator of the estate of Benjamin Hancock, late of t. Clair tp., deceased.

The account of O. E. Shannon, Esq., administra-

for of the estate of Louisa Hammer, late of Cinc The account of O. E. Shannon, Esq., administra-

tor of the estate of Kinzey Ake, late of Union tp., deceased. The account of John C. Vickroy, administrator of the estate of Susan Bruner, late of Cumberland Val-

The account of Daniel Helsel, administrator of

the estate of Jacob Helsel, late of Bedford township deceased. SAM'L II. TATE, Register. Register's Office, Jan. 21, 1859. Notice.

HAVING disposed of the one half of my Drug Store to Dr. S. J. Way, I therefore desire all persons indebted to me on book account, to come and settle, as it is important that all standing accounts should be settled and the books closed. This request is reasonable and I expect a speedy compliance. jan. 7, '59. F. C. REAMER.

Auditor's Notice.

IN the matter of the citation to the Executors of the last Will, &c., of Daniel Wisegarver, dec'dthe undersigned appointed auditor to ascertain and THE undersigned, intending to retire from bucan attend. Jan. 7, 1859. R. D. BARCLAY, Auditor

merchandising, this offer presents a lavorable opportunity, as the location is a good one, room newly fitted up, goods almost all new, and a good run of custom established. For further information, address

Mrs. H. D. PEUGH,

Bedford, Pa.

De Lunatico Inquirendo.

THE undersigned appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford county, to inquire whether George Owe, of Union township be a Lunatic, of not, &c., will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office, in the Borough of Bedford, on Tuesday, the 25th day of January, next, when and where all phrsons interested can attend. where all persons interested can attend. R. D. BARCLAY,

January 7, 1858. Commission AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

IN the matter of the citation to William Smith, administrator of the estate of Elizabeth Smith, dec'd. undersigned appointed auditor to take testimony and report the facts in this case, will attend for that purpose, at his office, in Bedford, on Thursday, the 27th day of January, inst., when and where all persons interested may attend.

Jan 7, 59. JOHN MOWER, Anditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration having been granted by the Register of Bedford county, to the undersigned, upon the estate of Peter Barndollar, late of West Providence township, deceased,—Notice is therefore given to all persons indebted to said estate to come and settle their accounts, and those having claims against it, will please present them duly authenticated.

duly authenticated. JAS. M. BARNDOLLAR, jan 7, '59. of Bloody Run, Adm'r.

WALL AND BLIND PAPER.

Dr. B. F. HARRY is our agent for this necessary article. By calling at his store our patrons will see samples of our papers. We have made our Spring selection with much care, and think we cannot fail to please.

SHRYOCK & SMITH, Chambersburg