

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE.

Bedford, September 17, 1858.

R. F. Meyers & G. W. Benford, Editors.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

JUSTICE OF SUPREME COURT:
WILLIAM A. PORTER,
Of Philadelphia.

CANAL COMMISSIONER:
WESTLEY FROST,
Of Fayette County.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS:
HON. WILSON REILLY,
Of Franklin County.

ASSEMBLY:
JAMES BURNS, of Bedford county.
DAVID HAY, of Somerset county.

COMMISSIONER:
JACOB BECKLEY,
Of St. Clair tp.

CORONER:
CAPT. JOHN LONG,
Of Liberty tp.

POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR:
JOHN AMOS,
Of Bedford tp.

AUDITOR:
JAMES C. DEVORE,
Of Londonderry tp.

DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS!

The Democracy of Bedford County, will hold meetings for the purpose of discussing the issues, and presenting in their true light, the political questions, at present agitating the public mind, at the following places and times:

At HOPEWELL, Thursday, 23d of September.

At RAINSBURG, Saturday, 25th of September.

At ST. CLAIRSVILLE, Tuesday, 28th of September.

At PALO ALTO, in Londonderry township, Thursday, 30th of September.

At V. B. WERTZ'S, in Harrison tp, Friday, 1st of October.

At SCHELLSBURG, Saturday, 2d of October.

At BARLEY'S SCHOOL HOUSE, in Bedford tp., Monday, 4th of October.

At LOUISVILLE, in Union tp, Tuesday, 5th of October.

At STONERSTOWN, Wednesday, 6th of October.

At BUENA VISTA, Thursday, 7th of October.

At CHENEYSVILLE, in Southampton tp., Friday, 8th of October.

At CENTREVILLE, Cumberland Valley tp., Saturday 9th of October.

Meetings will be held at other places if desired. Able speakers will be present at all the above named meetings. Rally Democrats, Rally!

By order of the Democratic Co. Com.
JACOB REED, Chairman.

DEMOCRATS, ORGANIZE!

Democracy, the time for action has come!—The enemy is again before you, daring you to the combat. Arouse, therefore; gird on your armor; buckle on the sword of Democracy, and be ready once more to fly to the rescue on the twelfth of October next. We must be active, we must be vigilant, if we would conquer.—The victory will be ours only if we fight our foe manfully and determinedly.

The present campaign is one of great importance. The result of the coming election in this State, may determine what party shall choose the next President. The Congressmen elected this Fall, will hold their offices until 1861, and if the election of President should be thrown into the National House of Representatives, as it will be if the Opposition succeed in getting a majority in that body, those Congressmen will assist in choosing the President, and their is a possibility even that the member from this district may have the casting vote! How important, then, that we should organize! How important that we should leave no honorable means untried to swell the ranks of the Democracy! How important that every Democratic vote should be polled on Election day! Go to work, therefore! Let no Democrat stand idle! "Eternal vigilance is the price of Liberty!"

MR. McPHERSON AND THE TARIFF.

The Abolition candidate for Congress in this district, bases his claims partially upon his pretensions in favor of a protective tariff. Last year Mr. McPHERSON was Secretary to the Wilmot State Committee and spent weeks in helping to arrange the dirty work for the FREE TRADE ABOLITION candidate for Governor. A pretty fellow to talk about protection, surely!

PLENTY OF CANDIDATES.

In the first Congressional District, Philadelphia, there are four candidates for Congress, the regular Democratic, Anti-Compromise, Abolition and Straight American. Col. FLORENCE, the regular Democratic nominee, we are glad to hear, will undoubtedly be re-elected.

EIGHTEENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

The Democratic Conferees of the eighteenth Congressional district, met at Johnstown, on the 10th inst., and nominated CYRUS L. PERSHING, Esq., as the Democratic candidate for Congress, for that district. Mr. PERSHING is a man of fine ability and stands a very good chance of an election. His Abolition competitor is S. S. Blair, Esq., of Blair county.

See notice to retailers. The treasurer means what he says, and all delinquents after the 1st October, next, may expect to be visited with a reward of merit.

SHRIEKS OF A FRIGHTENED DEMAGOGUE.

Mr. FRANCIS JORDAN is just now in a pitiable state of trepidation. His article on the Tariff, in the last Abolition organ, indicates that he is almost frantic with fear concerning the issue of the present campaign. He had flattered himself that by raising a Tariff excitement, some of the good citizens of Bedford county might be swung from their Democratic moorings, but alas! and alack! his fond hopes were destined to an early blight, and now, in the overwhelming gloominess of his despair, he sits down, trembling and aghast, and shrieks to the people he has so often deceived, to shun the counsels of the Democratic party. The harmony and enthusiasm in the ranks of the Democracy, in contrast with the dissensions and listlessness of his own party—the impregnable positions which the former occupy in regard to the different issues before the people, when compared with the miserable shifts to which he and his fellow demagogues are compelled, from time to time, to resort—in short, the whole aspect of parties and politics, cause him to "fear and tremble" for the result on the twelfth of October next.

Mr. JORDAN talks about having seen "many contemptible evasions and much hypocrisy in his day," which we have no doubt is very true, as he must have seen plenty of both whilst engaged in cheating the Fillmore men in 1856. He also says that the people were deceived in 1844, by the cry that "Polk was a better Tariff man than Clay," who, he says, was the "father of Protection." Now, if the people were deceived, in 1844, how comes it that the country never enjoyed greater prosperity than when the Tariff recommended by James K. Polk, was in force? How comes it that with the revenues obtained under that Tariff, the Government was perfectly solvent, paid off all the heavy indebtedness incurred in carrying on the Mexican War, purchased and paid for a large tract of Territory, and defrayed all its regular and incidental expenses? Surely, if the people were deceived, it was not the Democrats who deceived them, but the lying, unscrupulous politicians who told them that the country would be ruined if Polk were elected President. But, Clay was the father of protection," was he? Well, let us see:

HENRY CLAY ON THE TARIFF.
"Carry out the spirit of the Compromise Act. Look to revenue alone for the support of Government. Do not raise the question of protection, which I had hoped had been put to rest. There is no necessity of protection for protection." Mr. Clay in the Senate, January 21, 1842, in reply to Mr. Woodbury, on the Treasury note bill.

"I NEVER WAS IN FAVOR OF WHAT IS REGARDED A HIGH TARIFF. No more revenue should be levied than is necessary to an economical administration of the Government." Mr. Clay to Mr. Meriwether of Georgia, October 2d, 1843.

"I never was in favor of duties being so high as to amount to a prohibition of articles on which they were laid. I have thought it best for all interests that there should be competition. Mr. Clay to Messrs Breuhau Bledsoe, of Georgia, July 8th, 1843.

There! That is the doctrine of Henry Clay on the Tariff. "No more revenue should be levied than is necessary to an economical administration of the Government," said Mr. CLAY. And what say the Democracy? How does the resolutions on the Tariff adopted by our late Democratic County Meeting, tally with this sentiment of the lamented Clay? Why, that resolution embodies his very idea. Here it is; compare it with the language of Clay:
Resolved, That we are now, as we have ever been, in favor of a Tariff for revenue—a Tariff which whilst it would raise a fund sufficient to defray the expenses of an economical administration of the Government, should, also, with our currency in a sound condition, and with a judicious discrimination in favor of our domestic interests, such as Coal and Iron, afford incidental protection to those branches of our home industry which may require it.

Mr. JORDAN also imagines that he has discovered a wonderful mare's nest in the fact that the late Democratic County Convention re-affirmed the doctrines of the Cincinnati platform and at the same time adopted the resolution just quoted. He tries to show that the Cincinnati Platform avows the doctrine of Free Trade, in order to do which, he quotes that part of it which declares in favor of "free seas" and "progressive free-trade throughout the world." Now, there is a vast difference between "free-trade throughout the world" and "free-trade as understood in its relations to the tariff question. What we understand by free-trade is the importation of foreign goods into our country free of duty.—It is not the "free seas"—the free commerce of the world—referred to in the Cincinnati Platform. Nobody ever understood it as such and if Mr. JORDAN's intellect were a little less obtuse, or his conscience not quite so elastic, he would not have confounded the one with the other. The Democratic party, as is well known, has never yet committed itself to the doctrine of Free Trade and it is at this day farther from doing so than ever, for the reason that its Free Trade men, such as DAVID WILMOT and JOHN M. READ, have deserted its standard and gone office-hunting in the ranks of the Opposition.

All who desire good food, we commend to Mr. JOHN NELSON, of Hopewell Mills. We have tried it and speak—not by the "card"—but by the loaf. Besides being a good miller, Mr. Nelson is a clever fellow and deserves the patronage of the people.

The meeting of the "Buchanan Club" on Saturday night last, was well attended, full of enthusiasm and good feeling. Dr. KEYSER, of Pittsburg, addressed the Club, in an eloquent and powerful speech. A number of new members signed the Constitution.

One day last week, a Mr. Frank Clemens, a young man in the employ of Robert Fyan, Esq., of this place, was handling a loaded pistol, the piece was accidentally discharged, the contents striking the palm of his left hand and mangle it horribly.

ARE THEY ABOLITIONISTS?

We copy below an article from the last Somerset Herald and Whig, which originally appeared as an editorial in the Philadelphia North American, the leading FREEMONT journal in this State in 1856. The North American also supported WILMOT last Fall; it was the principal newspaper advocate of Henry for Mayor of Philadelphia, and now urges the claims of JOHN M. REAN for Supreme Judge.—It is at present the most influential newspaper in the interest of the so-called "Republican," or People's party. In fact, it is the Dr. Francis of the Opposition in Pennsylvania,—their ruler and dictator, from whose imperial decree, there lies no appeal. The Somerset Herald and Whig is the organ of the same party in Somerset county. We might truthfully say that it is the mouth-piece of that party in this county, as its humbug is echoed here regularly by the Abolitionists. These newspapers being the accredited and acknowledged exponents of the Opposition faith, whatever they publish and endorse, must be received as the doctrines of their party. Therefore, the article which we have just alluded to, proves that Abolitionism—simon-pure—Gerrit-Smith-Lovejoy Abolitionism—is one of their doctrines. The article reads as follows:

ILLINOIS.—The fight waxes hotter and hotter in this State from day to day. The fever heat of 1856 was cold to it. On the night of the 25th, Frank Blair and Senator Trumbull addressed the assembled multitudes at Alton on the great issue of the day. Verily, the blood of one of the first martyrs in the cause of freedom has proved the seed of truth. In that very place, twenty-one years ago, Lovejoy was slain. NOW THE PEOPLE FLOCK IN THOUSANDS TO HEAR HIS BROTHER PROCLAIM THE DOCTRINES FOR WHICH THAT BLOOD WAS SHED."

Every body remembers the Lovejoy riots at Alton, and that Lovejoy was a rampant Abolitionist. The brother of Lovejoy alluded to in the above article, is at present a "Republican" member of Congress and one of the leaders of that party in the State of Illinois. Therefore, if he is now, as a "Republican," proclaiming "the doctrines for which his brother's blood was shed," (as the North American has it and as the Somerset Herald and Whig re-publishes) then surely, the doctrines of the "Republican" party, must be identical with those of Abolitionism. Out of their own mouths, therefore, have we convicted these charlatans of the charge which they so vehemently deny, viz: that they are Abolitionists.

The editors of the Abolition organ sadly displeased at the large crowd present at the Democratic meeting on Monday evening of Court Week, and still more sadly disappointed at their own miserable fizzle on the Tuesday night following, are venting their spleen upon the heads of Judges Snively and Hartley. They say that Court was held on Monday, in order to keep the people in town for the Democratic meeting in the evening. To show the utter groundlessness of this charge we need but refer to the fact that Court was held on Tuesday, too, in the fore-noon and afternoon. The Court did no more than its duty, in attending to such business as it found it important to dispose of.

PARADE AT SCHELLSBURG.

Friday last, the anniversary of Perry's Victory, was celebrated at Schellsburg, by the Bedford Riflemen, commanded by CAPT. SANSON, and the Schellsburg Black Plumed Riflemen, CAPT. RITCHIE, the whole under the direction of BRIGADE INSPECTOR EVANS. The military and citizens were addressed by Mr. EVANS and Dr. G. H. KEYSER, of Pittsburg, who, we are told, both acquitted themselves admirably.—The whole affair is said to have come off very pleasantly. The "Black Plumed Riflemen" is the name of a new company just started at Schellsburg, and we are informed, makes a very fine appearance. Capt. Sanson's company is always au fait.

PIC NIC AT THE SPRINGS.

The Presbyterian Sabbath School of this place, had a pic nic at the Springs, on Thursday, the 9th inst. At an early hour in the morning, baskets filled with refreshments for the occasion were taken to the school room and thence to the Springs. Shortly after, children and teachers followed. The place and the day were delightful, and every thing "gotten up" for the occasion was fine and pleasing. While some amused themselves by strolling through the different windings of the surrounding hills, others rolled ten-pins, and some had possession of the different bathing rooms, making the welkin ring at every plunge they took into the water. All returned, greatly pleased, and feeling like repeating at some future time, the happy scenes of the day.

SHOCKING ACCIDENT.

On Thursday of last week, a little lad a son of Mr. Jacob Ringler, of Somerset county, came to his death in the following dreadful and heart-rending manner:

In company with his uncle, he was coming to this place, with a wagon-load of boards, and when about a mile from town was about passing another wagon going westward, at which time he was walking in the rear of his uncle's wagon. As the team going westward was about coming abreast of him, the tongue of the wagon struck him down and before the horses could be checked, the wheels had passed over his head, crushing it in such a manner that life was extinct in an instant.

One day last week, a Mr. Frank Clemens, a young man in the employ of Robert Fyan, Esq., of this place, was handling a loaded pistol, the piece was accidentally discharged, the contents striking the palm of his left hand and mangle it horribly.

EAGLE SHOT.

A grey eagle measuring five feet six inches from the tip of one wing to that of the other, was shot a few days ago, by Mr. Wm. Gracy of Juniata Crossings. Great country this for eagles and "sich like."

The Anti-Compromises of Schuylkill county have nominated a Mr. CAKE for Congress.—Exchange.

It is our opinion that that Cake will be dough about the twelfth of October; that is, if he isn't "done brown" by WILLIAM L. DEWART.

Our Congressional District.

A few weeks ago we gave a statement of the vote in this Congressional District at the several elections for a member of Congress. Below will be found a statement of the vote for Governor in the District at the last election. It will be seen that the Democrats had a clear majority of upwards of a thousand over the combined American and Republican vote:

Counties.	Dem.	Repub.	Amer.
Packer.	2363	1900	58
Adams.	2333	1568	398
Bedford.	817	570	9
Fulton.	3186	3058	91
Franklin.	1108	1035	20
Juniata.	9812	8131	576

Packer's majority over Wilmot 1681!
" " " " both 1105!

We feel satisfied that this majority, large as it is, can be largely increased for Mr. Reilly. Fulton county will give him at least 300 majority.—Fulton Democrat.

From California.

The steamer Star of the West arrived at New York, on the 10th, from Aspinwall, bringing news from California to the 20 ult., and \$1,696,663 in treasure. Owing to the large number of arrivals from all parts of the world, the San Francisco markets were overstocked with goods, and a corresponding depression in trade prevailed. The political campaign in California had fairly opened.

The news from the new gold country were more favorable.

Advices to the 14th from the Frazer river country were received by the Panama, which arrived on the 18th. The river had fallen, and the miners generally doing better.

The Indians about Humboldt Bay are exceedingly troublesome.

A Mr. Thomas Doyle is the only passenger known to have been lost by the recent disaster to the steamship Oregon, which ran ashore on Point Reyes. A collection made by certain benevolent individuals for the relief of his family amounted to upwards of six hundred dollars.

The difficulties between J. C. Fremont and the Merced Mining Company still continue.—The latter refuse to yield possession of their vein, and the men who occupy it insist that they will resist.

A fire at Sonora on the 8th inst. consumed \$40,000 worth of property. The Presbyterian church was destroyed.

A large amount of wire has been purchased in San Francisco for the Placerville and Salt Lake telegraph line.

The San Francisco papers say, during the last ten days one thousand Chinamen have landed by this arrival there was no important news from New Granada. We learn from Nicaragua that Col. Cauty had attempted to take possession of Punta Arenas in the name of Costa Rica.—He was, however, opposed by the British Consul at Greytown, and the British naval officers, who propose annexing the Point to Mosquitia. This movement will, it is supposed, lead to further complications of the Central American question. Col. Cauty had left for Aspinwall. A flood had occurred in the San Juan river, causing much damage to property on its banks.

Army Movements—Later from Salt Lake.

Despatches from Leavenworth, dated 7th inst., received per U. S. Express to Boonville, states that orders had been received for two companies of the First Cavalry, from Col. Sumner's command.

The Salt Lake Mail has arrived, having been twenty-one days on the route.

The Mormons were orderly and the Government officials attending to their duty.

Aspen as the Associate Judge arrive the trials for treason will be commenced. No arrests yet been made.

The Indians are very troublesome about the city, and have already killed several Mormons. On family was massacred while moving South.

Dr. Forney, the Indian Agent, was out among the tribes making treaties, and has thus far been successful.

The engineers are out locating the four posts on the Western division of the Mail route.

A serious accident occurred on the St. Louis and Indiana Railroad, on Friday evening. A front car ran off the track, when the train was passing over a bridge near Stouben-will. The bridge gave way and two of the car's distance of ten or twelve feet. About twenty persons were injured. An accident on the Ohio River Railroad near North Brantree is reported. Four persons were slightly injured and several freight cars damaged. For the past week there has been at least one railroad accident per day.

A most unprovoked and brutal murder took place a few days since, near Mr. Pleasant Old. Two men were drinking at a house, who quarrel arose between them. The difficulty were apparently settled, but while walking together, one of them who was doubtless with liquor, first deliberately fired off two barrels of a gun which he had with him, at a passing wagon, and then immediately afterwards shot his companion through the head, the ball tearing away a portion of his skull. The murderer was arrested.

ROSES KILLED BY EATING RUSTED OATS.—Anapa park says that a gentleman recently fed five horses into a field of rusted oats and they were all found dead the next morning.—It is supposed to be caused by a very minute insect, which lives on the juice of the straw, and the rust is its poisonous secretion.

FEVER AT THE SOUTH.—The yellow fever continues its ravages at New Orleans and Charleston. In the first named city, it has committed great havoc, while at Charleston, the number of victims last week was seventy-three. A fatal epidemic is beginning to spread in the country.

UNDERGROUND TELEGRAPH TO CALIFORNIA.

We learn from the Cleveland Plaindealer, that Messrs. O'Reilly, Speed, and others are perfecting a sort of narrow gauge plough, with which to lay an underground cable through the western prairies, to California. This plough is to cut a channel, say, three inches wide and three feet deep, so constructed as to pay out from the immediate heel of the plough the insulated wire which will be in no way connected with the plough, other than passing down through it as it progresses. It is expected that on common prairie this plough may be driven from ten to fifteen miles per day, filling in and covering the wire as it goes. The perfection arrived at in insulating wire with gutta percha is very great; the machinery is so perfect and condensed as to add much to the facility and security of such an enterprise.

A BANK "BLOWN UP."—The Bank of Memphis was blown up by gas on the 6th. The Memphis Ledger says:

"On Saturday last the gas burner in the iron vault was left burning. As soon as the atmosphere air within was consumed, (the oxygen it contains) the burner went out. When Mr. Roach opened the vault and lighted a match inside, the gas, having filled the vault, at once exploded, sending him and Mr. Gilliland with great violence to the front end of the room, bursting out the front doors, which had not been opened, and also breaking the heavy oak back door into fragments, which, strange to tell, is immediately behind the vault. The vault itself is uninjured.

REIN.—In England, lately, a suit for breach of promise of marriage was brought by a fisherman's beautiful daughter against a captain in the English Army, having damages at \$50,000. The love letters of the gallant captain were so numerous, that they were printed for the accommodation of counsel, making in all a volume of one hundred and ninety-eight pages. The matter was finally compromised by the payment to the injured lady of the sum of ten thousand dollars, with the promise that the volume of letters should be burnt.

A CANAL THROUGH THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.—During the recent debate in the British House of Commons on the subject of the re-opening of the Hudson Bay Company's privileges, Lord Bury affirmed that a communication might easily be established between Lake Superior and the Pacific Ocean by the means of a ship canal connecting the Saskatchewan and Columbia rivers. Both rivers take their rise in the Rocky Mountains, the Columbia flowing west to the Pacific and the Saskatchewan running east to Lake Winnipeg, a little to the north west of Lake Superior. With the exception of a single rapid (which might be avoided by a canal), his lordship stated that the navigation of the Saskatchewan offers no difficulty. With that one exception, a vessel of considerable size can be taken up to the foot of the Rocky Mountains and at this point there is a gap in the mountain which interposes no great obstacle to the junction of the Columbia and Saskatchewan, whose sources are but a short distance apart. Thus a direct communication would be established with the Pacific.

NOBLE DOG.—Capt. Barrow, of the steamer Telegraph, on Lake Michigan, had his boat run down by a schooner, during a stormy night about the first of the month. He safely embarked all his passengers in the life boat; soon after which his boat was wrecked. While the boat was struggling with the raging billows his Newfoundland dog kept swimming close by his side, frequently placing his nose under the chin of his master to keep his head above water, and continued to do so until picked up by the schooner's boat. Not a life was lost by the fearful accident.

FROM WASHINGTON.—Washington Sept 9.—The receipts into the treasury last week amounted to nearly a million six hundred and eighty-two thousand dollars; an increase over the previous week of two hundred and fifty thousand; the amount on deposit to over fourteen and a half. Of the ten millions one hundred and twenty three thousand dollars in New York, seven hundred and forty thousand have been ordered to be transferred.

LARGE BODIES OF ICE have been observed in the Atlantic ocean recently. One was enormous in size, being two hundred feet high and four hundred feet long. At this season of the year ice is seldom seen by voyagers, and the probability is, the summer within the Arctic zone has been unusually powerful in setting free the mountains of ice in that region.

Taking a Copper Cent from a Child's Stomach.—On Monday last, a little girl about three years of age, daughter of Mr. Phillip Pottsmann, living near the corner of Fifth and Sycamore streets swallowed a copper cent, of the old coinage. The child suffered considerable pain, but all efforts to remove the cent by cathartics or emetics proved unavailing. The coin, however was skillfully taken from the stomach by a physician, by the use of an instrument inserted in the mouth.—Cincinnati Gazette.

The New Orleans papers contain the details of the advices from Mexico, of which we have been previously advised by the telegraph. The capture of Tampico by the Liberalists was furthered by the disorder and revolution among its citizens. GENERAL VIDALERRI seems to be on the high road to success being about to effect a favorable financial transaction. He was marching against the City of Mexico.

MONSTER RELIGIOUS MEETING IN MEXICO.—The St. Louis Republican has the following:

"We learn that an immense number of persons are in attendance at Mexico, in Adrian, on the meeting being held there at this time by the Christian Baptist Church.

It is estimated that not less than three thousand persons were present at sunrise on Sunday morning last. To accommodate the immense crowd arbor were made on each side of the church, with seats, so that persons outside of the building, as well as inside, can participate in the worship.

"This is what is called a district meeting, being an assembling of the ministers of the church at a certain point within the congressional district, and their meetings are always attractive, as the best talent of the church is assembled on such occasions."

BUCHANAN CLUB

will meet at the Court House on Saturday evening next, the 19th inst. A full attendance is requested. Turn out, Democrats!

O. E. SHANNON, President.

LUMBER FOR SALE.—White and Yellow Pine Boards, Plastering and Shingling Lath and bills furnished to order by REED & MINNICH.

SIZE OF ANCIENT CITIES.

Nineveh was fifteen miles long, nine wide, and forty miles round. Its walls were one hundred feet high, and broad enough for three chariots to be driven abreast. Babylon comprised sixty square miles within its walls, which were three hundred feet high and seventy thick. The city was entered by one hundred gates of brass. The temple of Diana, which was two hundred years in building, was four hundred feet high. The largest of the Egyptian pyramids is four hundred and eighty feet high, and one side of it is six hundred and sixty-three feet in length; the base of it covers eleven acres. The stones of which it is constructed are nearly thirty feet long, and three layers are two hundred and eight. The number of men employed in its erection was three hundred and sixty thousand. The labyrinth of Egypt consists of three thousand chambers, and twelve halls. The ruins of Thebes in Egypt are twenty-seven miles round. It had one hundred gates. Carthage and Athens were each five miles round.

MARRIED.

On Sabbath, Sept. 5th, by D. B. Trootman, Esq., Mr. Joseph H. Burns, to Miss Della Beal, all of Londonderry Township.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

A compound remedy, in which we have laboriously and most effectually blended the most valuable medicinal ingredients.

On the 4th inst., by James Gessna, Esq., Mr. O. P. Gessna, of Ohio to Miss Amanda Vickroy of Cumberland Valley tp., Bedford co.

At the Pattonville Parsonage, on the 8th inst., by the Rev. Wm. M. D. Patrick, Mr. John Ross, of Maria Forges, Blair county, to Miss Elizabeth Spice, of Piper's Run, Bedford co.

On Sabbath, Sept. 5th, by Lemuel Evans Esq., at the house of Adam Rindard Esq., Mr. William Forman, to Miss Barbara Moggie, both of Liberty Township, Bedford co.

By David Evans Esq., on Sabbath morning August 22d, 1858 Mr. Daniel Evans, of Snake Spring Valley, to Miss Mary Lovery of Londonderry Township, all of Bedford co.

By the Rev. J. A. Coleman, at the Parsonage in Bloody Run on the evening of the 8th inst., Mr. Jeremiah Baughman, of Bloody Run, to Miss Sarah H. Eshelman, of Ray's Hill, Bedford county.

Obituary.

In this place, on the 29th ult., at the residence of her son-in-law, the Hon. Samuel L. Russell, Mrs. ELIZA MONTGOMERY, of Harrisburg, aged about 55 years. She had been in delicate health for some months; but had come upon a short visit to her daughter, anticipating a pleasant time, and hoping to be benefited by the healing influences of our Springs. But, Providence had ordered it otherwise; and she died after a short illness, away from home, and yet surrounded by her children, who like ministering angels, gathered around the couch of their devoted and much loved parent. She had been a most exemplary member of the Methodist Episcopal Church for many years, and gave to all the highest evidence of the soundness of her faith by her holy walk and conversation, and by the truly christian performance of all the sacred duties of sister, wife, and mother. Weep not for her, but for those of her household whose loss is irreparable.

In this Borough, on Tuesday evening, the 7th inst., in the 35th year of her age, Mrs. Margaret Davis, wife of Mr. John Davis, of St. Louis, Mo., and daughter of Elijah Adams, Esq., of Bedford. The subject of this notice was remarkable, for goodness of heart and saavty of manners that endeared her to a large circle of acquaintances. It has been said of her with much truth that she never spoke ill of a neighbor. The world of fashion had no charms for her, she chose rather, to "shine" around her own fireside as wife and mother.

The crowning act of her life—the theme of general remark, was the filial affection she exhibited and the sacrifice she made, to render the declining years of an aged parent, peaceful and happy. Altho' not a member of any church, she died in great peace, having experienced the consoling influence of Divine mercy a few days before her death.

Oh! Death where is thy sting,
Oh! Grave where is thy victory,

Announcement.

To the Independent Voters of Bedford and Somerset Counties:

Thankful for the former partiality of my fellow citizens of this Legislative District, I am again a candidate for ASSEMBLY and shall remain so until the closing of the polls on next election day. Should I be so fortunate as to be re-elected, I pledge myself to fulfil the trust reposed in me, honestly and to the best of my ability.

WOODBURY, Sept. 1, 1858. SAMUEL J. CASTNER.

PHILADELPHIA COLLEGE OF MEDICINE.

214 South Fifth Street, below Walnut. The Twenty-third session of this Institution will open on MONDAY, OCTOBER 11th, 1858.

The following are some of its advantages: It is the only Institution in the City which furnishes its Students with Hospital Tickets and material for dissection without charge. The classes are examined daily by the Professors, who take a personal interest in the advancement and welfare of every Student.

A limited number of young men of restricted means will be received as beneficiaries, paying but \$20 for a full course of study. In all cases, the sons of physicians and of clergymen have preference.

An announcement containing every information will be sent free, on application to.

Sept. 17, '58. B. HOWARD RAND, M. D., Dean of the Faculty.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county; the undersigned will sell at public sale, on the premises, in Bedford township, on Friday, the 5th day of November, next, all the following described Real Estate, to wit: A Tract of Land with GRIST-M