

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

JUSTICE OF SUPREME COURT: WILLIAM A. PORTER, Of Philadelphia.

CANAL COMMISSIONER: WESTLEY FROST, Of Fayette County.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

COMMISSIONER: JACOB BECKLEY, Of St. Clair tp.

CORONER: CAPT. JOHN LONG, Of Liberty tp.

POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR: JOHN AMOS, Of Bedford tp.

AUDITOR: JAMES C. DEVORE, Of Loudonberry tp.

THE NECESSITY FOR A RAILROAD TO BEDFORD.

We have repeatedly called the attention of our people to their great need of railroad communication with the Eastern cities...

The effects of financial panics are always felt doubly as long in a country where there are no railroads as where there is communication...

Let us, therefore, make the Bedford Railroad, and when the next panic comes, we need not fear that it will hang upon us for months and months...

MORE "UNION AND HARMONY!"

The Erie Constitution, a "pure and simple" Abolition journal, is not at all pleased with the "Union" arrangement about to be effected by its party...

"The Republicans can set it down as an established fact that the Sanderson-Flanigan-Swoope faction will never keep faith in any political arrangement..."

"Straight Americans" of Bedford county! this is the esteem in which you are held by the men who ask you to unite with them in the coming campaign...

NOMINATED.—Our Opposition friends in Somerset county, have nominated Mr. GEORGE G. WALKER for Assembly, and CAPTAIN PERRY WALKER for Sheriff...

POLITICS IN BLAIR COUNTY.

The Straight Americans and Hazlehurst men of Blair county, are maintaining their individual organization and have nominated a County Ticket of their own...

The Black Republicans likewise have nominated a County Ticket. MARTIN BELL is their candidate for Assembly, JOHN PIPER, for Sheriff...

The Abolition organ copies several long articles from the Daily News, in which there is a most ridiculous effort made to explain away the treachery of the latter journal to the "Straight Americans..."

NEW BOOKS.

LORE MONTAGE'S PAGE. An Historical Romance of the Seventeenth Century; By G. P. R. James, author of "Rochester," and other novels...

This is one of Mr. James' best books. It is gotten up in elegant style; the typography is a model of neatness, the binding is tasteful and durable...

MARY DERWENT; By Mrs. Ann S. Stephens. Philadelphia: J. B. Peterson and Bros.

Among the female writers of America, Mrs. STEPHENS has always occupied a prominent position. Edgar A. Poe, the severest critic of his time, spoke favorably of her style of writing...

HADJI IN SYRIA, OR, THREE YEARS IN JERUSALEM. By Mrs. Sarah Barclay Johnson. Philadelphia: James Challen and Sons.

Of this work the Washington Union speaks as follows: "We do not remember to have seen the names of the publishers of this book appended to any other works and we imagine they are new beginners in the exceedingly difficult and hazardous business of book-publishing..."

The Military Law.

The West Chester Jeffersonian corrects a great misapprehension of the new Militia Law, as follows: "We observe an article going the rounds of the papers, calculated to mislead the public in reference to the operation of the late military law..."

MOSEY.—Notwithstanding the large payments for United States Treasury notes, the specie reserves of the banks keep up, the deposit lines increase in a faster ratio than the loans and discounts, and everything points to continued ease in the money market...

The Search Question Settled.

On the 10th of April last, Gen. Cass addressed a letter to Lord Napier, on the subject of the claim of the British government to search or visit American vessels upon the high seas...

"The President of the United States, in his annual message to Congress, in December, 1841, denounced this pretension to detain and examine American vessels as an interpolation into the maritime code of the world to which the United States would not submit..."

We regard it as fortunate that British cruisers in the West India waters had exercised over American trading vessels the right of visitation, because, in so doing, the important question of the law involved in the matter was the more likely to become of practical importance...

It is not our purpose to run through the negotiations which have taken place between Gen. Cass and Lord Napier in this city since the 10th of April. It is enough to say, as we understand the present aspect of the question, that Lord Malnesbury now declares that H. M. government recognize the principle of international law as laid down by Gen. Cass in his note of the 10th April...

Thus, by the acts of British cruisers, this question of search has become one of a practical character. As such it was met by the President by the prompt denial of the right of visitation, and denouncing its exercise as a violation of the sovereign jurisdiction of the United States over their own merchant ships...

It is, then, with no ordinary gratification that we announce the final settlement of this long-standing and troublesome dispute by the prompt and manly disavowal of any such right by Lord Malnesbury, and his distinct recognition of the principle of international law so explicitly laid down by General Cass to Lord Napier...

We need not say that this auspicious conclusion of a subject which, perhaps more than any other within the range of our foreign relations, has excited and agitated the public mind of America, is in the highest degree gratifying to our national pride, as we believe it to be honorable to both nations. It had become evident to the least thoughtful observer of the two countries that what the United States claimed—immunity from her flag upon the public waters—could not be resisted without endangering the peace of the world...

There is neither patriotism or principle in this mis-called people's party. It is in truth the demagogic-office-hunting party, and as such, honest people will turn from it with scorn...

AN EDITOR MURDERED.—Mr. Stofor, editor of the Expositor, at Lexington, Mo., was murdered in the most infamous manner a few days since, on board the steamer "A. B. Chambers," by a man regarded as a professional blackleg, named Clark. The St. Louis Republican says of the affair:

It seems that Mr. Stofor and Clark had been playing cards on board of the boat, and Stofor had won a portion of Clark's money, after which he (Stofor) declined playing more. Clark was anxious to get his money back, and told Stofor so, using threatening language toward his adversary at the table. To avoid a quarrel, Stofor left the table and went out upon the guard of the boat, near the barber shop. Clark followed, and asked Stofor again if he was going to continue the game, telling him that if he did not he would kill him, then and there. Stofor replied that he would play no more; whereupon Clark presented a pistol to his adversary's head, and fired. The shot took effect in Stofor's temple, and he died almost instantly...

THE LAND BRIDE.—The Opposition journals are clamoring against the Report of the Kansas Conference Committee, on the ground that it contains an enormous grant of land to the people of Kansas as a bribe, in order to accept the bill. We have already shown that the amount of land is about the same as was contained in the other bills supported by the Black Republicans. Now hear what is said by the Leavenworth Journal, a violent anti-Leocompton paper, in its efforts to defeat the English bill before the people of Kansas:—"Keep it before the English bill but what is guaranteed to us by the Organic Act, under which we were admitted as a Territory, and what other new States have received at the hands of Congress?"

The heavy rains in the West have caused an unprecedented rise in many of the rivers. Recently, in Indiana, the Wabash river rose with frightful rapidity, and the inhabitants on the river bottoms were obliged to escape in boats and by swimming on horses...

STUCK BY LIGHTNING.—On the 20th inst., as Mr. John Cump and family, consisting of himself, wife and infant, and a daughter about seventeen or eighteen years old, were on their home to Chambersburg, Pa., from a Dunker meeting, the daughter was instantly killed by lightning. The family was in a one-horse wagon, the young lady occupying a hind seat, and it is said her clothes were literally torn into shreds. Strange as it may seem, the other occupants of the wagon escaped without sustaining any severe injury, although severely stunned. The horse attached to the wagon was prostrated by the shock, but afterwards recovered.

DOUGLAS MEN RE-APPOINTED.

The President has reappointed Brooks, of the Quincy (Ill.) Herald, a leading Douglas paper, Postmaster at that place; also, Mr. Hunt, of Jacksonville, Illinois, and Sweet, of Peoria, Illinois, Postmasters at those places. The Herald says:

"These men are all Straight-ticket Democrats, and all in favor of the re-election of Judge Douglas to the Senate: which is the fact. We shall regard our own re-appointment as an approval, or the part of the President, of our general course as a Democrat and an editor, as well as of our official conduct. We shall regard it as evidence that he does not prefer the election of a Black Republican or a Know-Nothing to the United States Senate over Judge Douglas."

We trust the foregoing facts, from the indication of the spirit it manifests as existing at Washington, will satisfy certain good uneasy people, who have manifested great alarm, lest a proscription crusade was to be made against a branch of the Democracy. We can see no objection in the administration requiring that its appointees, if not ardent friends, shall certainly not be the open enemies to its policy. The Democratic party are certainly responsible for the passage of the Conference or English Bill, let it be good or bad, and it is not asking too much of any Democrat, that he shall accept that act, as the deed of the majority of the party representatives, empowered to act in the matter, and therefore binding upon every member, professing to remain within its fold. Democrats, whether known as friends or opponents of Leocompton, must all now yield adhesion to the English Bill, as a measure of adjustment of this question. Those who do not, certainly stand upon this question of Democratic policy, upon no better ground than our opponents. Inside of this limit, of course all are Democrats, and should be endorsed and adopted, whatever their earlier views may have been. In our own State, all who unite upon our State ticket we greet as Democrats—those opposing that ticket we cannot honestly recognize.—Pittsburg Union.

TRADE.—Business continues very moderate, though there are exceptional cases of activity in every branch. Very many houses are, and have been, doing about their usual amount of business, and in this fact afford the best proof that their affairs are in good condition and that they themselves are masters of their business. In fact, it will, we think, be found to be almost universally true, that in all branches of trade, those whose ability, tact and strength are ordinary times employed to drive their business, and who do not let their business drive them, have experienced but slight falling off in the amount of their transaction, notwithstanding the severity of the panic. With other houses, it is becoming to be the order of the day, as it always is with those above alluded to, to have small debts or none at all. There has been a very general cutting down of expenses, also, which will continue to exert a salutary influence after the full tide of activity shall have again set in.—Peterson's Contributor's Detector.

PROGRESS OF THE COALITION MOVEMENT.—Meetings have been held in Philadelphia by the black contracting parties of Know-Nothings, Abolitionists, and a few disaffected Democrats, for the purpose of electing delegates to a State convention, whose duty it will be to fully organize the discordant elements, name candidates, and further fix up the platform for the mongrel party. Whether the Press unites with this coalition, and goes in for the People's Page, we have not learned, but the Democratic papers of Philadelphia understand the movement, and treat the imposture as it deserves to be treated. The coalition will not affect the Democratic party proper any more than did the sham American party, which has died out through the country as rapidly as it rose.

There is neither patriotism or principle in this mis-called people's party. It is in truth the demagogic-office-hunting party, and as such, honest people will turn from it with scorn. We shall wait for the assembling of the Convention, and hope some of our Democratic contemporaries will tell us how many Democrats can be found in its composition.—Balt. Republican.

AN EDITOR MURDERED.—Mr. Stofor, editor of the Expositor, at Lexington, Mo., was murdered in the most infamous manner a few days since, on board the steamer "A. B. Chambers," by a man regarded as a professional blackleg, named Clark. The St. Louis Republican says of the affair:

It seems that Mr. Stofor and Clark had been playing cards on board of the boat, and Stofor had won a portion of Clark's money, after which he (Stofor) declined playing more. Clark was anxious to get his money back, and told Stofor so, using threatening language toward his adversary at the table. To avoid a quarrel, Stofor left the table and went out upon the guard of the boat, near the barber shop. Clark followed, and asked Stofor again if he was going to continue the game, telling him that if he did not he would kill him, then and there. Stofor replied that he would play no more; whereupon Clark presented a pistol to his adversary's head, and fired. The shot took effect in Stofor's temple, and he died almost instantly. Clark was caught and secured with ropes on board the boat, to be delivered over to the authorities at Lexington.

THE GOLD HURDLE IN IOWA.—The Dubuque Herald speaks of the gold excitement in Iowa as not promising any golden results. It says: "A number of mischievously inclined persons have on various occasions procured quantities of brass filings and strewed them in the places where they expected gold hunters to find them among the sand. Among the specimens of gold on exhibition at the office of the Emigrant association is a sample said to be from Eagle Point, which has been labelled thus:—"Brass filings from some place and black sand from some other place. Presented by Mr. —." No sell that time.

A number of supposed specimens of gold have been discovered to be nothing more than straw colored mica, whose shining appearance is calculated to deceive a person of limited observation on such subjects.

STUCK BY LIGHTNING.—On the 20th inst., as Mr. John Cump and family, consisting of himself, wife and infant, and a daughter about seventeen or eighteen years old, were on their home to Chambersburg, Pa., from a Dunker meeting, the daughter was instantly killed by lightning. The family was in a one-horse wagon, the young lady occupying a hind seat, and it is said her clothes were literally torn into shreds. Strange as it may seem, the other occupants of the wagon escaped without sustaining any severe injury, although severely stunned. The horse attached to the wagon was prostrated by the shock, but afterwards recovered.

Burning of the Steamer Pennsylvania.

Detailed Account of the Catastrophe.

Incidents Connected with the Tragedy.

We are under many obligations to our esteemed fellow citizen, the Hon. Washington King, who came up on the Diana last evening for an account of the terrible disaster which has almost monopolized the public attention for the last two days.

Quite a mistake occurred in the announcement that Mr. King came up on the Pennsylvania.

He left New Orleans on the Diana and did not reach the scene of the horrible catastrophe until six hours after the explosion.

CAUSE OF THE EXPLOSION.

The first fireman of the Pennsylvania had been on her since her last trip. He states that they had just cleaned out the fire bed and started fire, when the explosion took place. He attributes the cause to a want of water in the boilers. There were two explosions in quick succession. He was blown into the water over the side of the boat.

THE EXPLOSION.

The boat separated from a line drawn across the boat from the barber shop and pantry.—Those who were in the forward part were all more or less injured—those in the aft portion were scarcely touched. A double stateroom was divided by a partition of the boat; those in the forward berths were killed, those in the rearward were not in the least injured. Capt. Kimbleifer at the moment was in the barber shop, undergoing the process of being shaved, and he was not burned in the least particular. A passenger stated to Mr. King that the boat was so crowded that he had to sleep up in "staves," in a room with four berths, with the watchman. He being in the rear berth, was saved, but as he lay in his berth paralyzed with terror he saw his room mates in the two berths opposite go down into the river under the confused mass of his wreck.

MAN AND HIS WIFE BURNED TO DEATH.

A man and his wife were precipitated from their stateroom upon the mass below, at the same time a large portion of the wreck was suspended over them. Upon this a boiler was thrown, and while those above were endeavoring to rescue the persons beneath, the whole pile was enveloped in flames, and the unfortunate couple were soon burned to ashes.

DESTRUCTION OF WRECK BY FIRE.

The survivors floated down the river about half an hour before any assistance came to their relief. When a flat-boat was cut loose from its moorings by a party in a log cabin, and the boat drifted down the stream, luckily it came in contact with the wreck, and in a few moments it was filled to overflowing. About 125 or 140 got on the flat boat and pushed away from the wreck, leaving 50 thereon. It was the intention to let the flat-boat float ahead to a tow head not far off, and after discharging her freight, shove her out and allow her to again float towards the wreck. But before this could be accomplished, some barrels of turpentine in the hold of the wreck ignited, and in a few moments the whole mass was a sheet of flame.—Every one of the fifty left upon it was in a short time reduced to ashes.

It was thought that there were about 30 large iron safes on board, but they were not there. None of them were injured at that time, but on the wreck that was consumed by fire there were many safes.

OFFICERS OF THE BOAT.

The first engineer was asleep in his berth, and so badly scalded that he died soon afterwards. Mr. King did not see him.

Pilot, mate, and first clerk were in the pilot house and all were blown overboard. The pilot has not been heard from since. The mate was very badly scalded, and can scarcely survive. The mate and first clerk, with a flatboat pilot from Louisville, swam to a temporary flat erected for the purpose of affording assistance to cattle that might be washed away by the flood. The latter has reached the Diana, and states that he left the first clerk upon the flat, since which time no news has come to hand of him.

At the point of disaster, the river is at least two miles wide. The whole country is submerged. There was no hope for the best of swimmers. The river swept with tremendous force through the clute and bottoms, and in a very short time all that could be seen of the ruin was a smouldering mass resembling burning brush half smothered by water.

CAPTAIN SURGEON OF THE DIANA.

Too much credit cannot be given to Captain Surgeon of the Diana. Prompt to obey the call of humanity, he spared no time, no exertion in rendering all the assistance in his power and put his boat back fifteen or twenty miles in order to rescue any of the survivors.

THE TARIFF.—Some of the Opposition papers are trying very hard to again make political capital out of the tariff question, but take good care not to tell their readers that we are indebted to the late Know-Nothing and Black Republican Congress for the present low duties, of which they complain. Why did they not let the Democratic tariff of 1846 alone? It afforded ample and adequate protection and our trade, manufactures and commerce flourished under it for ten years. The Opposition are chargeable for that which they try to saddle on the Democracy—they made the present tariff, and if there is anything wrong about it, let the people understand to whom doing the injury belongs. As long as the Democratic tariff of 1846 was in existence, all was well. Let the people take warning from the past, and beware of the promises the mongrels may make on this subject now.—Easton Sentinel.

A NEW CENT PEECE.—We have seen a specimen of a new coin of one cent denomination, just from the mint at Philadelphia. Something of this kind is much needed, to take the place of that abominable abortion, the one cent coin of '57. The new cent piece, like the other, is of nickel, and of the same size; it has the head of an Indian girl upon one side, and the words, United States of America, with the date. Upon the reverse is a wreath, surmounted with a shield, with a bunch of arrows entwined at the bottom, and the words one cent in the middle of it. The workmanship, as well as the design, is beautifully executed. We do hope that the Government will adopt it.—Boston Post.

New Advertisements.

FOR SALE, OR TRADE.

A Farm, within one mile of the Rail Road and two miles of Stonerstown, in the Broad Top Coal Region, containing about 100 acres, being good bottom land—about one-half cleared and the balance well timbered. The farm is well improved, and a fine spring of excellent water at the door of the house—also two good orchards of fruit trees on the premises.

Also, the well known Tavern Stand and Store House in the town of Washington, situated on lot No. 5, on the plan of said town 66 feet by 130 feet, now in the occupancy of William Pierson.

Also, 100 acres of land in Dallas County, Iowa. Also, 320 acres of land in Montgomery County, Iowa. Also, 320 acres of land in Harrison County, Iowa. Also, 120 acres in Morrison County, Minnesota.

Lot no 8 of block 53 in the city of Omaha, Nebraska Territory. All near the Rail Road and presenting good opportunities for investments.

Bedford, July 2, 1858. O. E. SHANNON.

The "Right of Search"

WILL not be denied to any one wishing to purchase a new coat at Loyer's

Emporium of Fashion! where has just been received a large and elegant assortment of gentlemen's dress and furnishing goods, consisting, in part, of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, CRAVATS, GLOVES, &c., &c.

all of which are offered to the public at a low figure. Clothes made to order on short notice. Call and buy one of those beautiful coats made only by Colin Loyer, Merchant Tailor, Of the finest fashion in Europe. Lasting goods, both plain and fancy. Loyer, Bedford brought to you. Neatly clothed "eye people" civil. Bedford, July 2, 1858.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

RAY'S HILL, BEDFORD COUNTY, PA. BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the subscriber will sell at public sale on the premises, at the public house of Wm. Snell, on Ray's Hill, in East Providence township, on

Friday the 6th day of August, next, the undivided interest of David and Catharine Manspeaker, in the Real Estate of which Jacob Snell died seized, being the same upon which the said David Snell now resides, containing ONE HUNDRED ACRES, more or less, lying on each side of the turnpike, and having thereon erected a large TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE, FRAME STABLE and other buildings.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. Terms—Cash, at the confirmation of sale. O. E. SHANNON, Guardian, &c.

NOTICE OF INQUISITION.

THE heirs and legal representatives of Mrs. Sophia Mayer, late of Coleman township, deceased, viz: Eliza, intermarried with Elijah Weaver, in the State of Ohio; Rebecca, intermarried with Joshua Miller, Navy, intermarried with Jacob Hays, in Wood County, Ohio; Sarah, intermarried with Emanuel Diehl, and Elizabeth intermarried with Levi Kegg, are hereby notified that an inquisition to value and appraise the real estate of said deceased, her heirs and assigns, in the town of Ramoth, adjoining Joshua Miller and others, will be held on the premises, on Monday, the 20th day of July, inst., when and where all may attend who see proper. Sheriff's Office, Bedford, July 2, '58. WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

NOTICE OF INQUISITION.

WHEREAS William Hams, late of Southampton township, Bedford county, died seized of the following described real estate, viz: The Mansion tract containing about four hundred and seventy acres, adjoining lands of Thomas Leasure, Joseph Bennett, George Bartholow, John Bennett and others—one other tract containing about one hundred and fifty acres, adjoining lands of Hezekiah Tewell, George Tewell, David Howsall and others. One other tract containing about fifty acres, adjoining lands of Wesley Perdue, and Jacob and Henry Hams, and lot in the town of Ramoth, adjoining Joshua Miller and others, will be held on the premises, on Monday, the 20th day of July, inst., when and where all may attend who see proper. Sheriff's Office, Bedford, July 2, '58. WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

NOTICE OF INQUISITION.

WHEREAS Michael Patt, late of Liberty township, Bedford county, died seized of the following described Real Estate, to wit: two tracts of land situate in Liberty township aforesaid, one tract thereof the mansion, containing one hundred and thirty seven acres and allowance, with a dwelling house, barn, grist-mill, saw-mill, and other improvements thereon erected, adjoining lands of Henry Patt, Fackler and others—one other tract, containing ten acres, adjoining the above, with a tenant house and stable thereon. Leaving a widow named Elizabeth, and issue three children, viz: Jacob, since dead, having conveyed his share to the petitioner, Samuel, residing in Illinois, Catherine, intermarried with Wm. Hart, the petitioner, William Patt, Elizabeth, intermarried with Henry Savits, Mary, intermarried with George Russell, Joseph Patt, Rosanna, intermarried with David Russell, Sarah and Susan Patt, the last named yet in her minority.

Notice is therefore given that in pursuance of a writ of partition or valuation to me directed, I will proceed to hold an inquisition or valuation on the said premises, on Wednesday, the 28th day of July, 1858, when and where all parties interested may attend if they see proper. Sheriff's Office, Bedford, July 2, '58. WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

NOTICE OF INQUISITION.

WHEREAS Michael Patt, late of Liberty township, Bedford county, died seized of the following described Real Estate, to wit: two tracts of land situate in Liberty township aforesaid, one tract thereof the mansion, containing one hundred and thirty seven acres and allowance, with a dwelling house, barn, grist-mill, saw-mill, and other improvements thereon erected, adjoining lands of Henry Patt, Fackler and others—one other tract, containing ten acres, adjoining the above, with a tenant house and stable thereon. Leaving a widow named Elizabeth, and issue three children, viz: Jacob, since dead, having conveyed his share to the petitioner, Samuel, residing in Illinois, Catherine, intermarried with Wm. Hart, the petitioner, William Patt, Elizabeth, intermarried with Henry Savits, Mary, intermarried with George Russell, Joseph Patt, Rosanna, intermarried with David Russell, Sarah and Susan Patt, the last named yet in her minority.

Notice is therefore given that in pursuance of a writ of partition or valuation to me directed I will proceed to hold an inquisition or valuation on said premises on Wednesday the 4th day of August, 1858. Sheriff's Office, Bedford, July 2, '58. WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

350,000 Brick Wanted.

THE School directors of Bedford Borough will receive proposals from this date to the 15th of July, inst., for Three Hundred and Fifty Thousand Brick, one half to be delivered this fall, and the other half next spring, not later than the 1st of June. Clay to be furnished by the Directors if desired, but every thing else by the maker of the brick. [July 2, 1858.]

Auditor's Notice.

The undersigned appointed by the Orphans' Court in and for the county of Bedford, to distribute the money in the hands of John Cessna; Esq., administrator of the estate of Abraham Shucks, dec'd, amongst creditors and heirs, will attend to the duties of said appointment on Thursday, the 22nd day of July, at his office in the borough of Bedford, at 10 o'clock, A. M. of said day, when and where all parties interested can attend. JOHN P. REED, Auditor. July 2, 1858.