

Democratic County Meeting!

The Democracy of Bedford County meet in Mass meeting, at the Court House in Bedford on Monday Evening of the approaching Court to choose conferees to meet those of Fulton and Somerset to select a Senatorial delegate to the next State Convention, and to make other arrangements for a full and thorough organization of the Democratic Party of Bedford County.

JOHN P. REED, Chairman County Committee.

An Apprentice to learn the Printing business will be taken at the office of the Bedford Gazette.

We publish a portion of the Governor's Message on the first page. The remainder will be given next week.

A K. N. AMERICAN Congress has been in session for two months, and not yet organized! Although these beautiful specimens of "Americanism" are recklessly squandering hundreds of thousands of dollars of the people's money, in playing the fool, not a single K. N. paper disapproves of their conduct!

STATE TREASURER.

The election of HENRY S. MAGRAW to the highly important trust of Treasurer of the Commonwealth, meets with a universal response of gratification from all sections of the State.

Mr. Magraw gave a magnificent entertainment a few evenings after his election, at which some three or four hundred guests were present, embracing nearly all the members of the Legislature.

The Meeting!

We trust our friends will not neglect the Democratic Meeting to be held in the Court-House on next Monday week, as business of great importance will be presented for its deliberation and action.

The House met at 12, m. Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Teasdale. The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

The Clerk stated that the House having decided on yesterday that the main question should not then be put off the resolution submitted by the gentleman from Arkansas, [Mr. RUST,] the question recurred, Shall the main question be now put.

Mr. STANTON, of Ohio, demanded the yeas and nays on ordering the main question.

Mr. FULLER, of Pennsylvania, Mr. Clerk, I desire before the vote is taken, with permission of the House, to submit a few remarks.

Mr. FULLER, Mr. Clerk, I believe it was generally understood that, immediately upon the introduction of the resolution by the gentleman from Arkansas [Mr. RUST] some days ago, I signified my wish and intention to withdraw as a candidate.

Mr. JONES, of Tennessee, hoped that the House would permit the names of Messrs. RICHARDSON and FULLER to be stricken out of the resolution, as they were no longer candidates.

Mr. GIDDINGS, of Ohio, objected. The motion to lay the resolution on the table was agreed to—yeas 100, nays 99.

Whole number of votes, 203; necessary to a choice, 102: of these—Mr. Banks received 96, Orr 68, Ricard 18, H. M. Fuller 12, L. D. Campbell 3, Scattering 6.

Mr. FAULKNER, of Virginia, submitted the following resolution, on which he called for the previous question: Resolved, That the persistent adherence of the republican party to the Hon. N. P. BANKS as its candidate for the office of Speaker, after the repeated manifestations by a majority of the members of this House that he does not possess their confidence for that station, exhibits a determination to sacrifice the public interests of the country to the triumphs of a personal and sectional party, and that the further continuance of his name before this body as the candidate of his party for the office of Speaker justly attaches to his supporters the responsibility for the failure to organize this House.

Mr. WASHBURN, of Illinois, moved to lay the resolution on the table. Mr. DUNN, of Indiana, hoped that the gentleman from Virginia would withdraw the resolution.

Mr. FAULKNER refused to withdraw the resolution. It expressed his wishes, and if the gentleman from Indiana could not stand to it he did not know who could.

After some further conversation the resolution was withdrawn. The House then proceeded to the one hundred and twenty-fourth vote for Speaker, with the following result: Whole number of votes, 200; necessary to a choice, 101: of these—Mr. Banks received 95, Orr 68, H. M. Fuller 25, Ricard 5, L. D. Campbell 3, Scattering 5.

taxable—appoint collectors and treasurers, and disburse the fund raised in payment of the expenses of the Brigade, and that all collecting, receiving and disbursing officers be required to give security, to be approved by said board, for the faithful performance of their duties.

At a meeting of the committee above named, at Herr's Hotel, on the morning of the 22d January, after a free interchange of sentiment, it was unanimously resolved that Gen. Cadwalader frame the Bill contemplated above; to which he consented after pointing out the difficulties and the great labor presented in the undertaking.

Disgraceful Proceedings in Congress.

We copy below from the Washington Union, of the 25th and 26th inst. the following synopsis of "AMERICAN" Congressional Proceedings, to which we invite the careful attention of the people; satisfied that candid men of all parties will agree with us that so disgraceful a body (we mean the majority) never before assumed to control this glorious land and nation. And yet this is the organization which contends that it, alone, is fit to "rule America!"

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Before the result for Speaker was announced, and while the clerks were casting it up, the private secretary of the President, Sidney Webster,

Esq., appeared at the main entrance to the hall, and the Doorkeeper announced "a message from the President of the United States." Immediately upon this announcement, Mr. CAMPBELL, of Ohio, objected, to the reception of the message.

Great excitement and disorder here occurred, members rising in all parts of the hall. Mr. ORR, of South Carolina, submitted to the gentleman from Ohio that he allow the secretary of the President to make the announcement of the message, and then make his objection to its reception.

Mr. CRAIGE, of North Carolina, said that the gentleman from Ohio objected to something—he would like to know what. Mr. ORR hoped that the secretary would be allowed to state whether it was a message or not.

Mr. CRAIGE rose to a point of order. He demanded to hear the announcement of the secretary. The gentleman from Ohio—[Cries of "order," "order."] The clerk desired gentlemen to take their seats and preserve order.

Mr. CRAIGE insisted on hearing what the paper was. [Shouts of order.] He could not be cried down. [Order, order.] He demanded to be heard as a member of the body, representing as he did a district which first proclaimed the Declaration of Independence.

Mr. CRAIGE continued speaking, demanding to hear the announcement of the message. Mr. PAINE, of North Carolina. In the name of God and my country, I protest against this thing.

The clerk requested gentlemen to take their seats and aid him in preserving order. Order at length being somewhat restored, Mr. CRAIGE proceeded to state his point of order. The gentleman from Ohio [Mr. CAMPBELL] had objected to the reception of what?—The House did not know what it was, and what he brought, before any objections were made.

Mr. CAMPBELL, of Ohio, made the point of order that while the House was acting under the rule prohibiting debate it could do nothing except vote on the motions that were submitted. Mr. STEPHENS, of Georgia, moved that the message be received.

After some further conversation, the points of order were withdrawn; and the question being taken on the motion to receive the message, it was agreed to—yeas 117, nays 84.

The President's secretary made the following announcement: "I am directed by the President of the United States to communicate to the House of Representatives a message in writing, if it be the pleasure of the House to receive it."

Mr. CRAIGE. It is the pleasure of the House. Mr. A. K. MARSHALL, of Kentucky, moved that the message be read.

Mr. WAKEMAN, of New York, moved to lay the motion on the table. The question was taken on the motion to lay on table, and it was not agreed to—yeas 90, nays 86.

On the announcement of the vote there was applause in the galleries. The Clerk read the message. On its conclusion Mr. CAMPBELL, of Ohio, stated that, as debate was not in order, he moved to lay the message on the table.

Mr. A. K. MARSHALL moved to amend the motion by inserting that the message be committed to the hands of the present Clerk to be handed over by him to his successor.

Mr. CAMPBELL accepted the modification. Mr. JONES, of Tennessee, said that if it would lay the message upon the table it would always be in possession of the House.

Mr. SNEED, of Tennessee, moved to lay the subject upon the table; which motion was agreed to. Mr. A. K. MARSHALL moved that when the House adjourn, it adjourn to meet on Wednesday next.

The question was taken and the motion was not agreed to. Mr. LETCHER, of Virginia moved that the House do now adjourn, which motion was agreed to, and at a quarter of 4 the House adjourned.

INTRODUCTION TO THE REPORT OF THE Adjutant General for 1855. His Excellency, JAMES POLLOCK, Governor of Pennsylvania: Sir:—As required by law, I herewith submit to your Excellency a detailed Report of the condition of the militia of the Commonwealth, (embracing all the information in my possession,) together with an inventory of the arms and military stores now in the several arsenals.

The building occupied as a temporary arsenal in Philadelphia, at an annual rent of \$400, is no better than an ordinary barn, and is entirely inadequate to the safe keeping of the stores there deposited, it being so located as to render it very insecure from the ravages of fire, a fact which I brought to the attention of the Legislature in my last annual report.

It was the only building, however, that could be had at the time it was rented, and was only intended to be used for a limited period. I would respectfully suggest that there is no use whatever for an Arsenal at either Philadelphia or Meadville, now that our public improvements are capable of transmitting the arms, &c. to almost any part of the State in a few days, and at a trifling cost.

The present Arsenal at Harrisburg, with a few hundred dollars of repair, will be amply sufficient to hold the stores now on hand, and all that will be likely to accrue, under the present appointment, for a great many years to come. In my judgment, the public interests would be promoted by the passage of an act to sell the arsenal at Meadville, and authorizing the removal of the stores from the Philadelphia Arsenal to Harrisburg.

Mr. CRAIG continued speaking, demanding to hear the announcement of the message. Mr. PAINE, of North Carolina. In the name of God and my country, I protest against this thing.

The clerk requested gentlemen to take their seats and aid him in preserving order. Order at length being somewhat restored, Mr. CRAIGE proceeded to state his point of order. The gentleman from Ohio [Mr. CAMPBELL] had objected to the reception of what?—The House did not know what it was, and what he brought, before any objections were made.

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By the decision of the ordnance department, at Washington, there was 369 S-13 muskets due for the year 1855, all of which have been issued, except 1-13 muskets, which, when added to the actual quota for 1856, gives us 1234 1-13 muskets, or their equivalent in such stores as may be deemed necessary to meet the numerous wants of our gallant citizen-soldiers.

authorized no one to make sale of unserviceable arms, except brigade inspectors, who are under bonds, and who are instructed to make report of their sales (if any) to the Auditor General and State Treasurer, when settling their accounts. I have made an abstract of this report to His Excellency, the President of the United States, as required by law.

Your Excellency is respectfully referred to the accompanying statement and tables for a list of the general, field and regimental officers, for a list of all the companies of uniformed militia, and for statistical information.

I am, sir, very respectfully, Your obedient servant, G. W. BOWMAN, Adjutant General, P. M.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, Bedford, Jan. 8, 1856. Americans Ruling America.

The West Chester Jeffersonian, in speaking of the method by which the miscalled Americans are seeking to rule America, presents the subject in the light calculated to attract attention. It says the present is fruitful of instruction in the politics of the country.

The new theory of the new party which organized in garrets and wrote its political creed by the midnight lamp, and consecrated their faith by the blood of their brethren shed in the riots of Philadelphia, New York, Louisville, Cincinnati, Baltimore and St. Louis, is being put to practice in the attempt of "Americans" to rule America!

More than one and a half months have passed since the present "American Know Nothing" Congress has been assembled, and yet the organization of the House has not yet been effected. No scene of the kind has ever before been enacted in this nation. It has no parallel in contempt to the people's no rival in weakness, no competitor in folly, no like in everything disgraceful, factious and reckless. It is an anomaly.

With vain boasting about ruling America, it has failed to rule itself. Prating of liberty and good government, it is a scene of anarchy, and is unable to produce any government at all. Talking much of foreign papers, it has converted its members into a band of hungry paupers feeding on the treasury of the people, without doing us any service!

The nation is being humbled by its actions; and the contempt of the world will circle round those who now constitute the popular branch of the national Congress. It is a shame. The representatives of the people should be ashamed to thus misrepresent an honest constituency. If they have lost all regard for themselves, let the interests of their country, the pride of the nation, the hope that the struggling masses of mankind have in us, the memory of WEBSTER and CLAY, and CALHOUN, and ADAMS, and RANDOLPH, and JACKSON, of whose great presence the members are the faintest shadow of a shadow,—let common sense and common honesty make them organize the House or go home!

"Americans ruling America!" Look ye yonder to the Capitol of the nation and behold "Americans ruling America." Go there and learn the new doctrine of the government of a country by the enemies of civil and religious freedom. When you have gathered instructions there, then reflect that most of those who are actors in the farce are creatures of midnight organizations, which two years since banded together for political purposes, bound by wicked and infamous oaths to proscribe their fellow citizens on account of religious belief and place of birth.

These are the Americans who are ruling America—who are disgracing America! Shame on them! Shame on such Americans! THE SCHOOLMASTER OF OUR REPUBLIC.—When our republic rose, Noah Webster became its schoolmaster. There had never been a great nation with a universal language without dialects. The Yorkshireman cannot now talk with a man from Cornwall.—The peasant of the Liguarian Apennines drives his goats home at evening, over hills that look down on six provinces, none of whose dialects he can speak. Here, five thousand miles change not the sound of a word. Around every fire-side, and from every tribune, in every field of labor and every factory of toil, is heard the same tongue. We owe it to Webster. He has done for us more than Alfred did for England, or Cadmus for Greece. His books have educated three generations. They are forever multiplying his innumerable army of thinkers, who will transmit his name from age to age.—Gleaner at the Metropolis.

THE MARKETS. PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 28.—Flour offered at \$8.37 1/2 per bu.; extra at \$8.50; fancy brands from \$9 to \$10. Wheat: red held at \$1.95; white \$2.10; white \$2.10; sales 2,000 bush. prime southern red at \$1.95a \$1.96. Whiskey dull; small sales in bu. at 33, and in hds. at 32.

Notice! DANIEL HEISEL has left his vendue notes in my hands for collection. All but two become due on the 31st of February. If not paid before the 5th of March suits will be brought. WM. M. HALL. Feb. 1, 1855.

STRAY HOGS. Came to the premises of the subscriber living in Colerain township in the latter part of Dec. last, two Sows, one black and white spotted, the other white—also four pigs, one black and white spotted, the other three white, no marks. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away. Widow SHOEMAKER (of George.) Feb. 1, 1855.

DICKINSON'S CORN-SHELLER. I have purchased the patent right for Bedford County, of Dickinson's Patent Corn-Shellor, and I am prepared to furnish every Farmer with this very useful and convenient machine. It comes very highly recommended both at Pittsburg and New York. It is not necessary for me to detail its merits. I want every body to see the Machine, as it carries with it its own recommendations. Its price brings it within the reach of every man, being \$10, when delivered at my house. JOHN HAER. Reference is made to the following Persons. D. C. Long, G. B. Wisgarver, Jacob Zimmers, Jacob Bower, Jacob Dunkle, John Alstadt, Samuel Imler, Philip Zimmers, Daniel Fetter, John Fister, Jacob Yount, Wm. Keffe, Asa Silvers, S. Vondersmith, Job Mann, John Alsip. Jan. 25, 1856.

LEATHER. FRITZ, HENDRY & CO. No. 29, North Third Street, Philadelphia. Morocco Manufacturers, Couriers and Importers of FRENCH Calf-Skins, and dealers in Red and Oak Sole Leather and Kipp. March 9, 1855—ly.

REGISTER'S NOTICE. All persons interested either as heirs, creditors or otherwise, are hereby notified that the following named persons have filed their accounts in the Register's Office, and that they will be presented to the Orphan's Court of Bedford County, on Friday the 15th day of February next, at the Court House for confirmation, at which time and place they may attend if they think proper.

The partial account of John Cessna, Esq. one of the administrators of Abraham Sparks, late of West Providence Township, deceased. The account of Thomas Blackburn, administrator of John W. Hammer, late of St. Clair Township, deceased.

The account of F. Jordan, Esq. administrator, de bonis non, &c. of Richard E. Bennett, late of Hopewell Township, deceased. The account of Wm. Nycum, acting Executor of the last Will, &c. of Leonard Nycum, late of Monroe Township, deceased.

The account of Henry and Daniel Hershberger, Executors of the last Will, &c. of George Hershberger, late of West Providence Township, deceased. The account of John M. and James M. Smith, administrators of Robert Smith, late of St. Clair Township, deceased.

The account of John W. Hull, administrator of Henry Daugherty, late of Napier Township, deceased. The account of John Sparks, Esq. administrator of John Blankley, late of Monroe Township, deceased.

The account of S. L. Russell, Esq. executor of the last Will, &c. of Elizabeth Metz, late of Colerain township, deceased. The account of Jacob S. Brumbaugh, administrator of Jacob Biddle, late of South Woodbury township, deceased.

The account of Finley Magraw, and Wm. Hull, Executors of the last Will, &c. of Mary Hull, late of Napier Township deceased. The account of Elias Hite and George Slicer, Executors of the last Will, &c. of George Slicer, late of Cumberland Valley Township, deceased.

The final account of David S. Longenecker, Esq. administrator of Jacob Krzy, late of Middle Woodbury Township, deceased. The account of John Cessna, Esq. administrator of Peter J. Miller, late of Monroe Township, deceased.

The account of John Griffith, Guardian of Abner Griffith, of St. Clair Township. The account of Samuel Carn, Esq. Trustee to make sale of the Real Estate of Simon Clear, late of Union Township, deceased.

The account of Hugh Moore, Esq. administrator of James Moore, late of West Providence Township, deceased. The account of F. Jordan, Esq. one of the executors of Philip Compher, late of Colerain Tp. deceased.

The account of John W. Hoover, exor. of John Weisel, late of St. Clair township, de'd. D. WASHBAUGH, Register. Jan. 18, 1856.

BEFORD COUNTY, SS. At an Orphan's Court held at Bedford in and for said County, on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1855, before the Judges of the said Court—The petition of the Trustees of the Methodist Episcopal church at Buena Vista, in Napier township, was read and filed, representing, That, in building said Church, a debt was contracted, which remains due and unpaid, to the amount of about \$50; That it has become necessary for said Trustees to liquidate said debt; and further, that they have procured a more suitable and commodious building and church property, by purchase, in Schellburg, and in order to relieve themselves of the aforesaid debt, as well as to raise the amount of purchase money still due and owing on the property purchased in Schellburg, being about \$500, it will be necessary to sell and dispose of the said lot and church building at Buena Vista, and praying the Court to make a decree, authorizing them to make sale of said premises, for the purposes aforesaid, and also to make a further decree, directing the proper application of the purchase money arising from said sale to the liquidation of said debts and the balance remaining, if any, to be applied to the only proper use and benefit of the aforesaid Church.

Whereupon, on motion of G. H. SPANG, Esq., the Court grant a rule upon all persons interested to be and appear at our said court on the second MONDAY 11th day of February next, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the petitioners should not be granted by this Court. IN TESTIMONY whereof I hereto set my hand and the seal of said Court at Bedford, this 27th day of November, A. D. 1855. D. WASHBAUGH, P. M.

NEW FIRM. The undersigned have this day formed a partnership in the Carriage-making, and Black-Smiting business, under the name and firm of WENSEL & Co. We will endeavor by promptness, attention, and the character of our work, to merit and obtain a fair share of custom.—Our stand is the one heretofore occupied by Weisel & Foster, immediately East of town. WM. WEISEL, MICHAEL WEISEL, JOHN WEISEL. Jan. 18, 1856.

LIST OF CAUSES Put down for Trial at February Term, 1856 (11th day.) Sarah Dufly vs. John Keefe Exor Catharine Sands use Moses Wisgarver Bartolollar and Ashcom Peter Meningstar & wife John Davis & Co James McVicker et al George Powell Samuel Carr David Foster et al Aaron Donnison John Griffith Jacob A. Slick S. M. Barclay admr George F. Riddle et al Dr Wm E. Riechtor Samuel Winters Pattonville and Woodbury T R Co Jas Patton Same John King et al George W. Figart John Griffith et al Maria McIlhenny Samuel Williams et al James Patton et al Ezekiah Lockart John Nycum Plozman and Riechtor John J. A. Blodget Esq James Williams Daniel Shea John Rollins Jacob Snider David Eams Philip S. Croft Daniel Baker David Patterson use Saml Vondersmith Abraham Lehman S. M. Barclay admr James M Reynolds Same George Stouffer's assignee A. R. Galbraith George Oats Isaac Hill Levi Hershinger William Blair John Adams Jared Hanks Robert Dick Frederick Mundwiler William Bartolollar John M. Van Horn Charles Bernwine Joseph T. Phelps Benjamin Fink George Gebaugh Peter M Cessna Abram Resler et al Peter M Cessna D. WASHBAUGH, Prob. Jan. 18, 1856.

HOUSES FOR RENT. The subscriber has for rent, on reasonable terms, four brick dwelling houses, all in good repair, handsomely located, and well finished. Possession given on the 1st of April next. N. LYONS. Bedford, Dec. 28, 1855.