

Bedford, Sept. 1, 1851.

G. W. Bowman, Editor and Proprietor.

Democratic State Ticket.

GOVERNOR

HON. WILLIAM BIGLER.

JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT.

HON. JEREMIAH S. BLACK.

CANAL COMMISSIONER.

COL. HENRY S. MOTT.

A YOUNG MAN, of unexceptionable morals, and agreeable disposition, between the age of 17 and 18 years, will be taken at this office, to learn the Printing Business, on favorable terms.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY MEETING.

A meeting of the Democracy of Bedford County will be held in the Court House in Bedford on Monday evening September 4, 1851, for the purpose of nominating a County Ticket, and making all other necessary arrangements for the fall campaign.

ADDRESS, NO. 3.

We publish to-day the third Address of the Democratic State Central Committee, and invite for it a careful perusal. It is written in a spirit of candor and fairness, and relates exclusively to the subject of NERANKA.

Gov. BIGLER fully endorses the views contained in this address, as he does those contained in the two which preceded it, and all who want to ascertain the opinions of the Executive on any of the questions involved in the present contest, will find them in the official papers emanating from the State Central Committee.

The Governor has no concealments on any subject connected with his public duties, and as far as possible, he will speak to the freemen of Pennsylvania in person, and answer any interrogatories they may wish to propound.

Rev. John Chambers.

On the first page of the Gazette of to-day will be found a letter from the pen of the Rev. Dr. CHAMBERS which will be read with thrilling interest. Dr. C. is well known throughout the State as a minister of the Gospel possessing capacities with which few men are favored.

CONGRESS.

DAVID F. ROBINSON, Esq., of Franklin, has been nominated as the Whig candidate for Congress in this District in accordance with a bargain entered into two years ago to give each county a representation in the present apportionment.

SENATE.

The Whigs of Bedford and Fulton have nominated F. JORDAN, Esq., as their candidate for the State Senate. The Somerset delegates refused to participate in the nomination.

GREAT FIRE IN SACRAMENTO!

We learn by the Sacramento Daily Union that a fire occurred in that city on the 13th day of July, which destroyed property to the amount of three hundred and fifty thousand dollars!

KNOW NOTHINGS.

The question is frequently asked, "What is the meaning of Know Nothingism?" The answer is simple. It is a new name for the Whig Party—noting else. Last year our opponents were beaten in Pennsylvania, in a fair contest, nearly FORTY THOUSAND votes, and this satisfied them that they could never again rally under the name of Whigs.

To be Remembered!

Two years ago Gen. Scott and the Whig leaders travelled the entire country pleading for Foreign Catholic votes, and denouncing Gen. PIERCE and the Democratic Party as being their enemies.

Henry S. Mott.

In order to shield Mr. POLLOCK from the odium and indignation which is now gathering upon his head, in consequence of having joined the dangerous and proscription order of Know Nothings, the Whig papers assert that Mr. Mott, the Democratic candidate for Canal Commissioner, also belongs to the Order.

THE MEETING.

We hope to see the Democrats of Bedford County in large numbers at our meeting on next Monday evening. Our County Nominations will then be made, and the principles that now divide the parties fully discussed.

Tempest in a Teapot!

The Daily News has turned its pop-gun battery upon Rev. JOHN CHAMBERS because he repudiates Know-Nothingism and refuses to allow denunciations to prostitute the Temperance cause to dirty political purposes!

OLD WESTMORELAND.

We spent a few days in Greensburg recently, and had the pleasure of meeting with most of the Democrats of that place, all of whom seem to be alive to the importance of the present contest, and promise to give a good account of themselves on the second Tuesday of October next.

OUR PROSPECTS.

During the past few weeks, we visited Blair, Westmoreland, Allegheny, Erie and Crawford Counties, and had an opportunity of conversing with a great many persons of both political parties.

The Citizens of Erie

Are a very genteel and orderly looking set of People, the latter denunciations against them in New York and elsewhere notwithstanding. From their general appearance and manners we would take them to be as civil a community as can be found in any part of the State.

Rev. Wm. Ramsey.

This gentleman's Lectures, in Bedford, on India and its Customs, on last Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, were listened to with great interest.

"ST. CHARLES HOTEL."

We publish in the proper column the card of Messrs. BYRON & SHIRLS, Proprietors of the Saint Charles Hotel, in Pittsburg, and take pleasure in recommending visitors to that city to give them a call.

In another column will be found an article on Temperance from the pen of Hon. PETER SCHELL. Having published, gratuitously, all that has been handed us by the advocates of Temperance, we hope we shall hear no complaints from that quarter.

Will Judge Pollock keep his Promise?

On the 27th of June, 1846, pending the passage of the Tariff Act of that session, Judge Pollock, in the course of an erratic and unsound speech in the House of Representatives against that measure, made the following prediction and promise, to which we call the attention of the Judge and his political friends at this time:

I believe Secretary Walker will find himself mistaken in his premises and his conclusions. Instead of the revenues being increased in the manner and to the extent named, they will be diminished in a greater proportion. I will not undertake to review all his calculations, but if Secretary Walker, or any of his friends, can prove that the proposed bill (the Tariff of 1846), will increase the revenues—duty on tea and coffee included, five millions—I am ready to renounce all my theories and principles, and become a convert to the Free Trade doctrine.

Table with 3 columns: Revenue from the Tariff of 1842, Revenue from the Tariff of 1846, and Revenue from the Tariff of 1840. It lists various goods like tea, coffee, and sugar with their respective revenue amounts.

By these figures it will be seen that the largest amount of revenue collected under the Tariff of 1842, in any single year, was \$30,425,016 \$1000.

Now we claim to be the friends of the Hon. R. J. Walker, the then Secretary of the Treasury, and we have made out the case referred to by Mr. Pollock, by a simple exhibit of figures. There is no doubt on that point, and we now present the contingency on which Mr. Pollock pledged himself in the H. of R. of the United States.

Which shall yield?—Whig principles? Judge Pollock's pledges? Truly, the Whig candidate for Governor is an unfortunate man. In a recent letter to the people of Sullivan county, he afterwards opinions upon the slavery question in the Territories.

It will be remembered that one of the popular campaign cries of this faction previous to the election was that of the Public Schools. Meetings were held at which Mayor Conrad, William Barker and other prominent Know-Nothings went to forebodings of a truly alarming character.

pal election, and how have they kept their promises as to school guardianship? Have they introduced no religious or political tests into their government? Let the following able and convincing article from The Ledger answer that question:—

The Public Schools in Pennsylvania.—The common school system of instruction in Pennsylvania is the pride of the State, as it has also been the main instrument for diffusing the general intelligence which pervades the Commonwealth.

We can scarcely believe that a spirit of such rank and bitter intolerance could exist in this age, and in a country which possesses the freest and purest political institutions in the world.

It is not necessary for the Democracy to blow and blast like the Whigs. They knew that in due time their candida would settle all controversy about meeting the masses of both parties.

Temperance in Politics.

FAVOR-CITIZENS.—Permit me, one of your old citizens, to say a few words to you upon one of the most important subjects now agitating the political, social and christian community.

The subject to which I desire to draw your attention particularly is, the nomination of candidates for your county offices and candidates to represent you in the Legislature. The question may be asked, "What kind of men would you have fill the offices?"

The practice of candidates rising to office upon whiskey barrels, brandy kegs, or hard-core barrels, if you please, ought to be considered by every good and honest man a direct bribery and an insult; and I believe that any future candidate for office, who will commence this three-barreled cannon, will be closely scrutinized and rejected accordingly.

Bravery of Know-Nothings.

We always thought a Know-Nothing must be a brave man, says the Erie Observer, and now we are convinced of it. To say nothing about the idea that it is necessary for twenty-two million of free-born American Protestants to land themselves together by solemn oaths in order to protect themselves against about three millions of adopted citizens, being good evidence of their bravery, there is another instance which decides the question beyond controversy.

Down goes your Crockery.

The Democracy of Pennsylvania are closing up their forces, and marching in solid phalanx against the ranks of the enemy.

grave. Oh, I have a soul, and can I tolerate a Law which deprives a man of such liberty, such privileges? It takes away my liberty to be a drunkard, and a nuisance to myself and every one else, and bequeath my body to a drunkard's grave, and my soul, a lost spirit, to a drunkard's hell.

Dear reader, we would most respectfully invite your attention to the above, should you be a sum-batter, a moderate drinker, a drunkard, or whatever sphere of life you may move in.

Last spring, immediately after the adjournment of the Legislature, the leading Whig organ of the State, published at Harrisburg, proclaimed it far and wide that JAMES POLLOCK intended to stump the State, and, also, to challenge Governor BIGLER to meet him before the people.

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Sale or No Sale of Intoxicating Liquor Examined at New York.

The drunkard soliloquising on the Maine (or Prohibitory) Liquor Law.—"The Maine law is a mean, unjust law. It takes away my liberty.

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Lieut. F. E. Patterson. We find the following correspondence in a San Francisco paper. It is a proper tribute to a gallant officer, and will be read with pleasure by his numerous friends in this city.

Dear Sir.—We have learned with much regret that you have been ordered from this place to the Colorado. Aware that a soldier knows not to-day where he will be to-morrow, yet we cannot refrain from expressing to you our sincere regret in learning that you are called from our midst.

With sentiments of high esteem, we are very truly, CAVE J. CUTTS, W. C. FERRELL, S. E. ARGUELLO, Committee.

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