GRAIN, CATTLE, HOG, & MILK BFP **FUTURES MARKETS**

Markets Courtesy of Chicago Board and Mercantile Exchange Closing Bids: Thursday, June 5, 2003

Corn							
			Open	High	Low	Last	Chge
06/04/03	*CAS	H*		2484	2484	2484	-24
06/05/03	JUL	03	2364	2390	2350	2356	-16
06/05/03	SEP	03	2354	2372	2334	2342	-20
06/05/03 1	DEC	03	2370	2392	2354	2364	-12
06/05/03 1	MAR	04	2434	2452	2420	2426	-12
06/05/03 1	MAY	04	2472	2492	2456	2470	-10
06/05/03	JUL	04	2492	2506	2482	2492	-6
06/05/03	SEP	04	2410	2422	2402	2410	-12
06/05/03	DEC	04	2414	2416	2400	2410	-14
06/05/03	DEC	05	2362	2362	2362	2362	unch

Total	Volume	Open_Int
06/04/03	87894	395306

Soybeans

	Open	High	Low	Last	Chge
06/04/03 *CASH*		6085	6085	6085	+70
06/05/03 JUL 03	6134	6224	6114	6186	+34
06/05/03 AUG 03	6130	6214	6110	6176	+36
06/05/03 SEP 03	5844	5920	5820	5880	+24
06/05/03 NOV 03	5554	5630	5524	5610	+40
06/05/03 JAN 04	5604	5680	5580	5640	+30
06/05/03 MAR 04	5634	5700	5620	5694	+34
06/05/03 MAY 04	5640	5684	5600	5660	+16
06/05/03 JUL 04	5650	5694	5650	5680	+30
06/05/03 NOV 04	5344	5360	5340	5354	+14

Total	Volume	Open_Int
06/04/03	60710	224319

Soybean Meal

-							
			Open	High	Low	Last	C
06/04/03	*CAS	SH*		18750	18750	18750	u
06/05/03	JUL	03	1868	1887	1857	1879	
06/05/03	AUG	03	1857	1876	1846	1868	
06/05/03	SEP	03	1796	1818	1790	1812	
06/05/03	OCT	03	1680	1700	1668	1698	
06/05/03	DEC	03	1673	1690	1661	1689	
06/05/03	JAN	04	1677	1694	1669	1693	
06/05/03	MAR	04	1698	1710	1687	1710	
06/05/03	MAY	04	1706	1722	1700	1721	
06/05/03	JUL	04	1727	1735	1715	1735	
06/05/03	AUG	04	1710	1720	1710	1720	
06/05/03	SEP	04	1710	1720	1710	1720	
06/05/03	OCT	04	1647	1647	1647	1647	
06/05/03	DEC	04	1650	1650	1641	1650	
Total		V	olume Op	en_Int			

Lean Hogs

Lean II	uga				Drovious	Previous
Date	(Open High Lov	w Last(Chge		Open_Int
06/04/03 *	CASH*	06191619	16191	+14	0	0
06/05/03	Jun 03	6565 6575 650	26542	-50	5743	7962
06/05/03	Jul 03	6840 6850 678	06792	-40	5844	17107
06/05/03	Aug 03	6860 6925 686	06922	+25	3597	13764
06/05/03	Oct 03	5870 5922 586	05882	-5	1335	6615
06/05/03	Dec 03	5507 5540 550	75517	unch	354	4201
06/05/03	Feb 04	5820 5850 580	05832	-28	66	901
06/05/03	Apr 04	5950 5970 593	5 5 9 5 2	-23	13	593
06/05/03	May 04	6180 6210617	06200	-27	6	64
06/05/03		6400 6400 639		-35	8	109

Composite Volume Open_Int

16966 51316 06/04/03

Live Cattle

				~	Previous	Previous
	Date	4	Open High Low Last	Chge		Open_Int
	06/04/03	*CASH*	0 8029 8029 8029	+104	0	0
	06/05/03	Jun 03	7550 7570 7470 7490	-105	6383	16641
	06/05/03	Jul 03	7200 7230 7135 7135	-107	177	504
ł	06/05/03	Aug 03	7025 7047 6980 6987	-90	9733	57040
	06/05/03	Sep 03	7040 7040 6990 7010	-97	3	8
	06/05/03	Oct 03	7090 7090 7002 7025	-97	2189	22068
I	06/05/03	Dec 03	7370 7395 7315 7327	-88	1745	15692
	06/05/03	Feb 04	7487 751074357452	-78	633	4654
	06/05/03	Apr 04	7575 758074907530	-85	348	2291
	06/05/03	Jun 04	6955 6955 6940 6940	-60	18	301

Composite Volume Open_Int

21230 119200 06/04/03

Pork Bellies

Total

06/04/03

		FUIR Demies					- Previous Previou			
		Date	(Open High	Low Last	Chae	/olume Op			
şə		06/04/03 *	*CASH*	0 1050	10501050	-8750	0	0		
		06/05/03	Jul 03	9200 9270	91609185	-160	817	3200		
	Chge	06/05/03	Aug 03	9050 9085	89058912	-225	165	553		
)	unch	06/05/03	Feb 04	7777 7777	77027702	-128	11	7 7		
€ 3	+12 +11	06/05/03	Mar 04	7825 7825	78257825	-50	0	1		
2 3	+12 +14	Composit	e Volum	e Open_In	t					
9	+13	06/04/03	99	3 3832	2					
3)	+10 +14	Oats		Open	High	Low	v Last	Chge		
L	+15	06/04/03	*CASH*		1676	1676	5 1676	-34		
5	+8	06/05/03	JUL 03	1396	1440	1394	1430	+26		
)	+10	06/05/03	SEP 03	1380	1406	1380) 1396	+22		
)	+10	06/05/03	DEC 03	1390	1404	1390) 1400	+10		
7	+6	06/05/03	MAR 04	1450	1450	1450) 1450	unch		
)	+10	06/05/03	MAY 04	1480	1480	1480	1480	unch		

Open_Int

5734

06/04/03

26653 152310

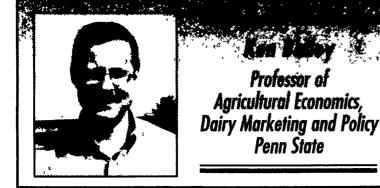
> The assessment initially is rumored to be 18 cents per hundredweight for 12 months. The plan, however, raises a number of tough questions. First, will it work? If it is voluntary, one can see that some producers will opt out of the program, leaving the cost to others and reducing the overall effectiveness of the program. There is a huge economic incentive to being a "free rider." A large dairy farm with 10,000 cows could save \$360,000 in 12 months by saying "I don't want to participate." Second, is it fair to "tax" producers who did not expand milk production for the sins of their neighbors? Finally, wouldn't such a program, if effective, simply result in a new wave of large-scale expansions out West? There have been many proposals for solving this crisis of low milk prices. None of them, however, will fundamentally address the problem that currently faces.

the U.S. dairy industry. There does not appear to be solid recognition for the fact that we are no longer in the bullish '90s, and greater moderation in dairy expansions would be prudent. Cow numbers continue to climb from year-ago levels, and new cheese plants are opening their doors requesting even greater volumes of milk. But where will this milk and cheese be sold? At least for now, some is going to the U.S. government. NMPF's plan involves reducing the milk supply via bred cow purchases and 12-month supply reduction contracts. In addition, funds would be used to dump surplus cheese and butter in already depressed international markets. That should make things very interesting as we negotiate a free trade agreement with our close ally, Australia. One cannot escape the irony in

Volume

1132

Average Farm Feed Costs for Handy



June 2, 2003 **SUPPLY CONTROL**

The National Milk Producers Federation (NMPF) is formulating a voluntary supply control program. The objective appears to be to artificially restrict the milk supply and thereby enhance milk prices.

At first glance, it sounds like a good plan. It will be viewed in

Washington circles as a self-help program that won't cost the U.S. Treasury a dime. And dairy producers, who have been facing low milk prices since nine-eleven, will be glad that something, anything, is being done.

NMPF's plan involves setting up a new cooperative that would be funded by assessments on NMPF cooperative members.

(Turn to Page A29)

Reference

To help farmers across the state to have handy reference of commodity input costs in their feeding operations for DHIA record sheets or to develop livestock feed cost data, here's last week's average costs of various ingredients as compiled from regional reports across the state of Pennsylvania.

Remember, these are averages, so you will need to adjust your figures up or down according to your location and the quality of your crop.

Corn, No.2y - 2.98 bu., 5.33 cwt. Wheat, No.2 - 3.16 bu., 5.27 cwt. Barley, No.3 - 2.13 bu., 4.55 cwt. Oats, No.2 - 2.07 bu., 6.47 cwt. Soybeans, No.1 — 5.95 bu., 9.93 cwt. Ear Corn --- 90.34 ton, 4.52 cwt. Alfalfa Hay - 157.50 ton, 7.88 cwt. Mixed Hay --- 155.00 ton, 7.75 cwt. Timothy Hay --- 147.50 ton, 7.38 cwt.