supply.

the process.

Energy Facility

are designed to be co-fired with

tural boilers or for small commu-

nity boilers designed to burn coal.

ther on the farm or in small in-

dustrial settings, thus consuming

the energy close to the plastic

that it converts an annoying

waste into a valuable fuel, with a

minimum of energy expended in

Option 2. Haul to Waste-to-

As mentioned earlier, these fa-

cilities are very efficient at con-

verting wastes to energy. As coal

and petroleum reserves dwindle.

these facilities will inevitably be-

come more commonplace.

The benefit of the system is

The nuggets can be made ei-

The end-use can be for agricul-

coal in existing boilers.

## **Follow These Options To Manage Used Agricultural Plastics**

STATE COLLEGE (Centre Co.) — The following are options for managing used agricultural plastics: Farr

## Your options today:

Option 1. Open Burn On-site This option is unacceptable.

however, state law does allow farmers to burn waste products from the production of agricultural commodities, which includes used plastics.

Municipalities are adopting open burning ordinances that override state laws and prohibit burning of plastics by farmers.

Burning plastics results in high concentrations of various air pollutants, especially when allowed to smolder.

If you feel you must burn, at least ensure that your fire is as clean as possible by following these guidelines.

• Remove ash from previous burn. Wet ashes and plugged air inlets create poor conditions for complete combustion to occur.

• Burn it as hot as you can. Add sticks or scrap lumber to promote combustion. Smoldering fires have flame temperatures that are 400-600°F or less, releasing many products of incomplete combustion.

• Give it plenty of air. If you're using a barrel, make sure there are plenty of air holes. Better than a barrel, use a burner with a grate for good aeration.

• Do not let it smolder. Pollution increases when a fire smolders.

Option 2. Bury or Dump Onsite

This option is unacceptable. Farm dumps are becoming liabilities, especially when transferring title to the farm. Banks, realties, and various lending agencies are looking critically at the farm dump as an environmental concern.

Environmental professionals conducting environmental site assessments (ESAs) on farmland during title transfers may uncover more liability than the seller can afford.

Costs can exceed \$10,000 for laboratory tests alone.

Option 3. Haul to Recycling Facility

Recyclers or reprocessors have certain requirements before accepting your plastics:

• Keep plastic types separate. Most plastics don't mix when they're melted during recycling. If you don't know the type plastic you're working with, ask your supplier.

• Ship large quantities. Reprocessing centers only accept truckload quantities of 30,000-40,000 pounds.

• Must be baled or palleted. Plastic should be baled or palletwrapped to fill a semi-trailer for shipment. Bale sizes vary, but are typically 800-1,200 pounds.

• Keep items clean and dry. Reprocessors typically allow one to four percent contamination by weight. Loads are often rejected if they're dirty. Suggestions are to: store bales indoors off the floor; remove debris from inside bales, such as material, rags, tape, moisture, mud/soil, paper, cardboard, or paperboard; discard other plastics like polystyrene (Styrofoam) or polyurethane (foam rubber); wipe off any oil or grease; band with plastic strapping, not steel banding, twine or rope. Currently polystyrene trays and flats are being accepted from Pennsylvania for recycling in Canada.

Truckload quantities (about 26 pallets, shrink-wrapped) will be picked up free of charge and you will receive \$80 per ton of resin recycled.

Contact: Canadian Polystyrene Recycling Association, 7595 Tranmere Drive, Mississauga, Ontario L5S 1L4, phone, (905) 612-8290.

Option 4. Haul to Waste-to-Energy Facility

This is a great way to manage plastic wastes.

Waste-to-energy (WTE) facilities convert the high heat energy of plastics to steam, which in turn generates electricity.

This is a great way to gain a second life from your wastes.

The high burn temperatures in these facilities achieve over 99.9 percent complete combustion.

Their popularity has been hampered by negative public perceptions associated with stinky smokestacks from old, obsolete incinerators.

Today, emissions have been

regulated to the point that they are hardly perceptible, and certainly not in concentrations that are toxic downwind from the facility. WTEs are safe.

**Option 5. Hire Waste Hauler** 

Farmers are hesitant to pay a private waste hauler to remove trash. However, this is often the option that might best suit your situation. Most of this material is landfilled.

To minimize pollution, all landfills today are sealed top and bottom, and many have leachate and gas collection systems.

Landfill gas is used to supply energy needs in the area.

Your Options Tomorrow: Option 1. Produce Fuel Nuggets

Penn State has developed a process to densify dirty plastics into fuel nuggets. The nuggets

## Franklin Co. Turf Meeting Feb. 18

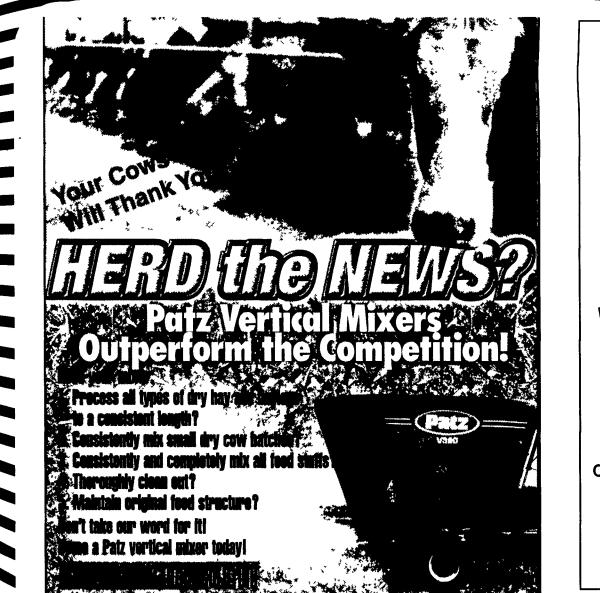
CHAMBERSBURG (Franklin Co.)—The Franklin County Turf Meeting, Tuesday, Feb. 18 will focus on weed, insect, and disease control, plus there will be a session on marketing and a discussion of last year's drought.

The turf meeting will help to keep farmers current with industry changes and they can get the PDA pesticide registration credits they need.

The meeting will be conducted at the Franklin County coopera-

tive extension office in Chambersburg from 8:30 a.m. to 2:45 p.m. The cost of the program is \$25.00 per person and includes lunch, snacks, and all program materials. Pre-registration is required.

For registration forms or additional information, contact the Franklin County Cooperative Extension at (717) 263-9226.



CEDAR CREST

EQUIPMENT

THANK YOU for attending our OPEN HOUSE. We appreciate your attendance at

our Open House and hope you were pleased with our program.

If you have any questions or would like further information on certain equipment – please call.

We'll be more than welcome to demonstrate on your farm.

800-646-6601 717-866-1888

339 King Street, Myerstown PA 17067

Parts Stóres: East Earl-717-354-0584 • Quarryville-717-806-0484