# GRAIN, CATTLE, HOG, <br> \& MILK BFP FUTURES MARKETS <br> Markets Courtesy of Chicago Board and Mercantile Exchange <br> Closing Bids: Thursday, August 22, 2002 

## Corn

|  |  | Open | H High | Low | Last | Chge |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 08/21/02 | *CASH* |  | 2682 | 2682 | 2682 | +36 |
| 08/22/02 | SEP 02 | 2594 | 42610 | 2574 | 2604 | -6 |
| 08/22/02 | DEC 02 | 2706 | - 2720 | 2676 | 2714 | -10 |
| 08/22/02 | MAR 03 | 2766 | 6776 | 2736 | 2774 | -10 |
| 08/22/02 | MAY 03 | 2782 | 2794 | 2760 | 2790 | -14 |
| 08/22/02 | JUL 03 | 2782 | 2792 | 2764 | 2790 | -12 |
| 08/22/02 | SEP 03 | 2642 | 2642 | 2616 | 2624 | -20 |
| 08/22/02 | DEC 03 | 2530 | - 2532 | 2504 | 2516 | -20 |
| 08/22/02 | MAR 04 | 2580 | - 2580 | 2564 | 2564 | -22 |
| 08/22/02 | JUL 04 | 2600 | - 2600 | 2590 | 2590 | -20 |
| 08/22/02 | DEC 04 | 2414 | 42414 | 2396 | 2400 | -20 |
| Total |  | Volume O | Open_Int |  |  |  |
| 08/21/02 |  | 88984 | 520351 |  |  |  |

## Soybeans

|  |  | Open | High <br> $08 / 21 / 02$ |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| *CASH* |  | 5580 |  |  |  |
| $08 / 22 / 02$ | SEP 02 | 5504 | 5510 |  |  |
| $08 / 22 / 02$ | NOV 02 | 5380 | 5384 |  |  |
| $08 / 22 / 02$ | JAN 03 | 5420 | 5420 |  |  |
| $08 / 22 / 02$ | MAR 03 | 5420 | 5420 |  |  |
| $08 / 22 / 02$ | MAY 03 | 5400 | 5410 |  |  |
| $08 / 22 / 02$ | JUL 03 | 5390 | 5410 |  |  |
| $08 / 22 / 02$ | AUG 03 | 5360 | 5370 |  |  |
| $08 / 22 / 02$ | SEP 03 | 5240 | 5240 |  |  |
| $08 / 22 / 02$ | NOV 03 | 5120 | 5150 |  |  |
| $08 / 22 / 02$ | NOV 04 | 5100 | 5100 |  |  |
|  | Volume |  |  |  | Open_Int |
| Total | 78848 | 203382 |  |  |  |


| High | Low | Last | Chge |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $08 / 21 / 02$ | *CASH* |  |  |

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\text { Low } \\
5580 \\
5400 \\
5302 \\
5334 \\
5360 \\
5340 \\
5350 \\
5340 \\
5240 \\
5120 \\
5100
\end{array}
$$Last ChgeLast54805376541054125404540453705240

$-34$
-36
-36
$-16$
$-20$
$+10$
$+12$

$$
5100
$$

$+60$

## Soybean Meal

$\begin{array}{rrr}\text { Total } & \text { Volume } & \text { Open_Int } \\ 08 / 21 / 02 & 32191 & 136133\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{rrr}\text { Total } & \text { Volume } & \text { Open_Int } \\ 08 / 21 / 02 & 78848 & 203382\end{array}$

08/21/02 *CASH*

## Lean Hogs

Date
08/21/02 *CASH* 0435743574357 - 316

08/22/02 |  | Oct 023465355034603500 | +13 | 3373 | 17997 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

08/22/02 Dec 023510355034753515 -5
08/22/02 Feb 034297434042604280 -17
08/22/02 Apr 035000501549574970 -27
08/22/02 May 035760578557355757 -28
08/22/02 Jun 035925592558955900 -25
08/22/02 Jul $035880590558705875-25$
-10 08/22/02 Aug $035590559555555560+10$
$\begin{array}{llll}-10 & 08 / 22 / 02 & \text { Oct } 035175518051505175 & -20\end{array}$
$-12$
Composite Volume Open_Int
08/21/02 687531621
Live Cattle
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { Date } & \text { Open High Low Last Chge } \\ 08 / 21 / 02 * \mathrm{CASH}^{*} \quad 0640064006400 \text { unch }\end{array}$
Previous Previous

| 08/21/02 | CASH* | 0640064006400 unch | 0 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $08 / 22 / 02$ | 0 |  |  |

$\begin{array}{lrrrrr}08 / 22 / 02 & \text { Aug } 026560659065506585 & +40 & 889 & 2257 \\ 08 / 22 / 02 & \text { Oct } 026752682067456815 & +68 & 6006 & 44207\end{array}$
08/22/02 Dec $026980706569707055+83 \quad 2869 \quad 23331$
$\begin{array}{llllrr}08 / 22 / 02 & \text { Feb 03 } 7137721071207202 & +60 & 1050 & 14308 \\ 08 / 22 / 02 & \text { Apr } 037240730072157295 & +53 & 401 & 6846\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lccccc}08 / 22 / 02 & \text { Apr 03 7240730072157295 +53 } & 401 & 6846 \\ 08 / 22 / 02 & \text { Jun 03 } 6770681067606805 & +43 & 183 & 2465\end{array}$
08/22/02 Aug $036815682568056825+30$
-36 Composite Volume Open_Int
30 08/21/02 11408

All of this is resulting in a sig- Westminster Livestock nificant drop in the milk-feed price ratio. That index, which measures the milk price relative to the cost of feed, fell from 3.0 in January 2002 and is forecasted to fall all the way to 2.0 by Septemfall. The all-milk price, which fell from $\$ 13.40$ per CWT in January to $\$ 11.20$ per CWT in July, is to only expected to rise moderately only expected to rise moderately the rest of the year, reaching $\$ 12.22$ per CWT by December. Thus this slight gain will be offset by higher feed costs.
So why are cow numbers increasing when milk prices are falling to support levels? That is the big question. Cow numbers in July grew in 10 of 20 states. As a result, milk production grew 2.3 percent in these 20 select states in percentin these 20 select states in july. Milk production grew 15.6 percent in New Mexico, 6.3 percent in California, 5.6 percent in Idaho, 4.9 percent in Ohio, and 4.4 percent in New York.

Milk prices will likely not improve significantly until cow numbers stabilize and go down.

## Average Farm Feed <br> Costs for Handy Reference

To help farmers across the state to have handy reference of commodity input costs in their feeding operations for DHIA record sheets or to develop livestock feed cost data, here's last week's average costs of various ingredients as compiled from regional reports across the state of Pennsyivania.
Remember, these are averages, so you will need to adjust your figures up or down according to your location and the quality of your crop.
Corn, No. 2 y - 2.76 bu., 4.94 cwt . Wheat, No. 2 - 3.11 bu., 5.19 cwt . Barley, No. 3 - 1.60 bu., 3.41 cwt. Oats, No. 2 - 1.68 bu., 5.24 cwt. Soybeans, No.1 - 5.35 bu., 8.93 cwt . Ear Corn - 74.79 ton, 3.74 cwt. Alfalfa Hay - 130.00 ton, 6.5 cwt . Mixed Hay - $\mathbf{1 2 0 . 0 0}$ ton, 6.00 cwt Timothy Hay - 115.00 ton, 5.75 cwt.

