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MICHELLE KUNJAPPU
Lancaster Farming Staff
MANHEIM (Lancaster
Co) — The key is finding the
limiting factor
When Dwight Rohrer
Speaks of his approach to
speaks of his approach to
successful or management,
the discussion may sound like
a bit of a science lesson
Which is to be expected,
really, from a lifetime farmer
and agronomy major

nd agronomy major

really, from a lifetime farmer and agronomy major.

Robrer's management techniques have helped him win the top corn yield contest in the Pennsylvania shelled corn class in 2000 Addition ally he had the highest soybean yields in Pennsylvania in 1996. He has participated in local yield confests since he began farming in 1997.

Most recently, he began entering the statewide contest for the past four years Prior to that he had entered the local Manheim Young Farm er's yield contest Robrer is also planning on entering the upcoming national contest.

I'm a fairly competitive

coming national contest
I'm a fairly competitive
ison he said "That's person ' he said "That's probably why I participate in

John Rowehl uses Excel Version 4 spreadsheet, running on a Windows laptop, which can determine standard deviation, See story about corn seed placement page 6. Photo by Andy Andrews, editor

this season or what other producers are experimenting with provides essential help said Rohrer.
"I don't enter just to win, he said "My goal is to be able to evaluate myself against other producers. Contests allow farmers to compare themselves to growers in their area.

"Contests show me where "I'm at," he said in farin management vour goal should be to maintain production in the top 10 percent of the industry, so competition allows me to evaluate that I also see what I can learn from what other producers are doing," he said "Contests show me where

Crop Management
With 65 acres on his farm
Rohrer finds it necessary to
maximize production "We
just try to do the best with
what we have," he said
Since there is no underground or nearby water
source available for irriga



Pennsylvania's 2000 top corn yield contest winner, Dwight Rohrer, is joined by his wife Rosle and daughter Kristyn, 5. Not pictured is Ryan, 11, and Tyler, 7. Rohrer farms 50 acres of corn and soybeans. Photo by Michelle Kunjappu

ion, water is his "most limiting factor"

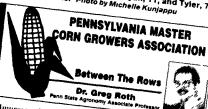
"The general principle in any crop is that the producer needs to find what the limiting factor is and manage that the best they can," he said this area, rainfall is the limiting factor and I work to make sure that moisture is the only limiting factor of my yield, because that's the only part I can't control "Factors such as seed, fertilet, and most pests can be managed explained Rohrer
"I try to buy good seed, make sure the corn doesn't run out of nutrients, and make sure there is no insect pressure or soil compaction issue to deal with to limit production"

As for advice for other crop tion, water is his "most limit-

duction "
As for advice for other crop
growers, "don't worry about
rain," he said "Do the best
you can with what you have,
and don't worry about the
rest"

One technique he uses to One technique he uses to maximize monsture is to in-tentionally deep-till in the fall to create vertical channels for woter to filter

"I've found that erosion is wer in those fields with (Turn to Page 4)



Improving (orn bilage Harvest Timing This is m) first Between the Rows since 1 left last September for a six month visit to the Miner Institute in northern New York to study corn silage and dairy cows

to the Miner Institute in northern New York to study corn silage and dairy cows After going through another silage harvest here with my Miner experience under my belt I thought a few comments on vilage harvesting might be in order My hosts at Miner Ev Thomas and Dr Charlie Sniffen, continually reinforced to me the idea that to make milk cows need good and consistent forage quality from both hay crops and consistent forage quality from both hay crops and conducted a survey of active farms a few years back in their area and found that there is a wide range of corn

silage quality being fed di spelling the idea that 'silage is silage There are many factors

There are many factors. There are many factors that influence silage quality but perhaps the biggest one is the timing of harvest Harvesting too late is especially devastating. Late-harvested silage (greater than 40 percent DM) generally harder kernels less sugar and slightly lower yields than that harvested in the desired moisture range. It also packs less well and is more subject to yeast and solds. All of these factors could result in two pounds less production percow, translating into a \$10,000 loss annually on a 100-cow herd.

Even though we all realize the issues with harvesting (Turn to Page 3)



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