## Uses Of Grains, Other Resources For Beef Production

UNIVERSITY PARK (Centre Co.) — Livestock, beef cattle particularly, are often accused of using grains and other resources that should be directly consumed by the human population.

Following are some points to consider in determining the efficiency of using these resources through the U.S. beef cattle industry.

• Raising beef is an efficient use of our natural resources. Only through ruminant (four stomach), grazing animals can

we harvest food from most of the more than 800 million acres of range and pasture land in the U. S. At least 85 percent of these lands are too high, too rough, too dry, or too wet to grow cultivated crops. The availability of grazing cattle more than doubles the U.S. land area that can be used to produce plants for food purposes.

• Approximately 85 percent of the nutrients consumed by cattle come from non-grain sources — feedstuffs not edible

by humans. These feedstuffs include grass, roughage, foodprocessing by-products and crop residue. The grain that cattle do eat is produced specifically to meet this need and would not be grown if the demand did not exist.

• Less than half of the dry matter produced by grain crops is edible by humans. Millions of tons of nutrients would be wasted — to say nothing of waste disposal problems --- if it were not for the fact that lives-

Delaware......18,750 Oklahoma.....16,500

New Mexico .....12,750 Arkansas ......10.800

New Jersey .....9,639 

Wyoming .....5,856

Idaho .....4,900

West Virginia ......3,675

Oregon......3,400

Utah.....2,860

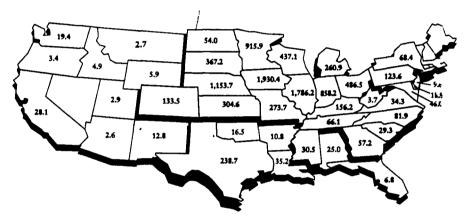
Montana .....2,700

TOTAL ......10,103,030

## **Facts From NCGA's** 'The World Of Corn 1995'

State Corn Production 1994

Million Bushels



## 1,000 BUSHELS

Iowa*†	1,930,400	Pennsylvania <sup>+</sup>	123,600
Illinois*†	1,786,200	North Carolina*+	81,900
Nebraska*†	1,153,700	New York <sup>+</sup>	68,440
Minnesota*†	915,900	Tennessee <sup>+</sup>	66,120
Indiana <sup>+</sup>	858,240	Georgia <sup>†</sup>	57,240
Oh10*+		North Dakota**	54,000
Wisconsin*†		Maryland*†	46,020
South Dakota*†		Louisiana*	35,190
Kansas*t		Virginia*†	
Missouri*1		Mississippit	
Michigan*1		South Carolina <sup>+</sup>	
Texas* +	238,680	California	
Kentucky*+	156,160	Alabama*	24,960
Colorado**	133,500	Washington	

Source USDA/National Agricultural Statistics Service denotes states with corn checkoff denotes NCGA member state





tock can make use of food processing by-products and crop residues like corn stalks.

• If grain were not fed to livestock, more grain would not necessarily be available to feed the hungry. The U.S. continues to produce more grain than can readily be sold. For most of the last three decades, U.S. grain surpluses have increased, even with an expanding animal agriculture. That is why acreage reduction has been part of of the government grain programs. The increase in grain supplies has not helped alleviate world hunger. Relief programs and/or economic and infrastructure development in poor countries, providing the ability to produce or purchase and distribute more food, are needed to help solve hunger problems.

• Energy use is not an issue when it comes to cattle production. The beef industry consumes less than one half of one percent of total U.S. fossil fuel energy use.

 More than 80 percent of the total energy involved in food production, processing, and preparation is used after food leaves the farm. Because many plant-source foods require large amounts of energy in the processing phase, the overall energy efficiency of beef often is comparable, or even superior, to the energy efficiency of plant-source foods.

How we manage our resources is vitally important for our nation's future. The beef industry nationally and in 30 states (soon to include Pennsylvania) is increasing efficiency of resource use through programs such as Integrated Resource Management (IRM) which also considers improved animal health and well-being and product wholesomeness.

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Sizes In

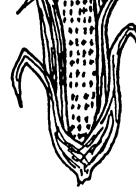
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