Silo Gas A Silent Killer

In the case of silo gas, the saying, "A little knowledge is dangerous," should be replaced by, "No knowledge can be fatal."

Another slogan, "Haste makes waste," could read, "Haste means death."

As in most farm accidents, farmers know about the dangers but they get in a big hurry, or are too tired and forget to take proper precautions. With a little common sense, a farm fatality can be prevented.

In sealed silos, some nitrogen gas is produced, but the greater amount is carbon dioxide. This odorless, colorless gas replaces the oxygen in the silo and can overcome a person without warning. For this reason, sealed silos are designed in a way that entering them is unnecessary.

In conventional upright silos, the dangerous gas is nitrogen dioxide (NO2). Nitrate or nitrite gases are especially dangerous in grasses or corn which have been heavily fertilized or exposed to rain before harvest following a period of drought.

With the weather conditions in 1995 in Chester County coupled with the high fertility levels of the soils, this year could have a high potential for silo gas accidents or deaths.

Nitrogen dioxide has a bleachlike odor, and the low-lying fumes are yellow, red, or dark brown. It is heavier than air so it will settle on the top of the silage or go down the silo chute and collect in feed rooms and even flow into the barn producing a danger to livestock. The greatest danger occurs 12 to 60 hours after filling the silo.

Many farmers think that silo gas is only a problem with corn silage, but it can be produced in haylage.

A dairyman near Elverson had a close call this spring upon entering a conventional silo recently filled with haylage. He had some serious symptoms for a few days, but thankfully has completely recovered.

This gas causes severe irritation of the throat and nose and may lead to inflammation of the lungs. Death can occur immediately. Being briefly overcome by the gas can result in a fall that can cause death or serious injury.

However, what makes nitrogen dioxide especially dangerous is that low level exposure may only result in a little immediate pain or discomfort and that night, the farmer could die in his sleep from fluid collecting in his lungs.

Relapses with pneumonia symptoms can occur up to two weeks later.

Precautions:

1) If crops have been damaged by hail or frost, harvest as quickly as possible to prevent nitrate buildup and delay harvesting immediately after a rain.

2) Excess nitrates are stored in

the bottom portion of the plant, so raise your harvester and cut higher than normal.

3) Display "Deadly Gas" signs around silos and particularly keep children away from area for 2 weeks following filling.
4) Close feed room door to barn.

5) If you must enter the silo during the first 3 weeks to level the silage, lower the unloader, or make

repairs, be absolutely sure to follow these safety rules:

a) Run the blower for 20 minutes before entering the silo and keep it running the entire time anyone is in the silo.

case a problem develops.
c) Wear a N.I.O.S.H. approved

b) Have a helper standing by in

dust mask to protect lungs from dust and mold spores.

We have a lot of good farmers in Chester County, but none to spare. Take your time and be careful.

Market Lamb Blows Away

(Continued from Page A27)

brought \$2,677 from Singo Feed and Sons, or \$2.25 a pound.

Average price paid for the 54 steers was \$1.12 a pound.

Megan Frazee's 257-pound, grand champion York market swine sold for \$1,542, or \$6 per pound to First Philson Bank of Berlin. Frazee is from Fort Hill.

Matt Pletcher, Rockwood, saw his reserve grand champion York hog go to Somerset Hoss's for \$932, or \$4 per pound.

Sale average for the 148 hogs was \$1.27.

The five and a half hour event brought a grand total of \$140,953.45, according to sale statistician John Hartman.

Walker Farm Service spent more than \$9,000 and was the premier buyer.

Many sale donations were made to the Somerset County 4-H Development Scholarship Fund and area fire companies.

| Chester County DHIA - August 1995 Cows producing over 800 lbs. protein are: | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|
| Name I | r 800 Breed | JDS. P | | re: Fat | Pro |
| Leon D. Kurtz | ,, oou | -Br | ******* | | |
| Jewel | Н | 8-01 | 23,845 | 997 | 808 |
| Ken & Marilyn Umble | ш | 7 02 | 20 044 | 002 | 920 |
| Pandora Connie | H | | 26,641 28,818 | | |
| Posh | H | | 26,242 | | |
| Marilyn & Duane Hershey | | | | | |
| Sugar | H. | | 27,112 | | |
| Starry Alvin | H | | 24,833 27,694 | | |
| Fern | H | | 27,297 | | |
| Gerald L. Kulp Sons | • • | | , | | |
| 43 | Н | 3-11 | 25,686 | 868 | 868 |
| E. Kent High Jr. 177 | н | E.00 | 23.588 | -040 | 011 |
| Merie J. King | п | 5-00 | 23,366 | 543 | 911 |
| Mandy | Н | 5-08 | 28,818 | 911 | 898 |
| Gigi | Н | | 26,502 | | |
| Walmoore, Inc. #2 | | | 00 504 | 4000 | 004 |
| 436 278 | H | 5-10 | 26,501 28,875 | 1000 | 824 946 |
| Dunwood Farm | ** | 5-01 | 20,073 | 1002 | 0-10 |
| Goldiks | Н | 3-08 | 29,029 | 1256 | 937 |
| Crystal-Ray Farm | | | | 4004 | |
| Leona Pam | H | | 28,792 26,837 | | |
| Walmoore Inc. #3 | п | 7-05 | 20,037 | 1002 | 504 |
| 520 | Н | 6-05 | 25,733 | 1037 | 828 |
| 598 | Н | 5-02 | 28,973 | 1085 | 806 |
| 614 | H | 5-01 | 26,127 | 1074 | 822 |
| 676 3005 | H | 4-U1 3-01 | 26,815 26,321 | 1194 | 903 |
| Charles J. Moore | п | 3-01 | 20,321 | 300 | 000 |
| Alfalfa | Н | 5-07 | 27,320 | 57 3 | 838 |
| Rodney Bare | | | | | |
| 28 Joy-Wil Farms | Н | 4-04 | 28,869 | 1080 | 911 |
| 72 | н | 4-08 | 27,179 | 632 | 222 |
| 5 7 | H | 4-07 | 24,186 | 851 | 833 |
| 54 | Н | 3-09 | 22,895 | 827 | 821 |
| 16 | Н | 3-05 | 24,900 | 899 | 866 |
| Century Oaks Farm Laska | н | 2 01 | 25,787 | 772 | 907 |
| David K. Stoltzfus | п | 2-01 | 23,767 | 113 | 807 |
| 22 | Н | 3-09 | 24,961 | 861 | 812 |
| Thunder Valley Farm | | | : | | |
| Rose 59 | Н | | 22,821 | | |
| 23 | H | 4-02 | 22,077 26,686 | 931 | 929 833 |
| Wilkinson Farm #1 | •• | - 00 | 20,000 | | |
| 2912 | Н | 5-08 | 29,049 | 1000 | 890 |
| Maplesway Farm | | 4 | 00 0 47 | | 240 |
| Echo Sam & Marian Stoltzfus | Н | 3-01 | 23,347 | 8/0 | 813 |
| 253 | Н | 4-02 | 24,499 | 808 | 213 |
| Ar Joy II | • | | , | | |
| Patsy | Н | 2-00 | 23,286 | `665 | 815 |
| Melwood Farm Merri ⊸ | н | 3-00 | 20 066 | 075 | 027 |
| Breck-A-De-Farm | rī | J-U0 | 28,066 | 9/0 | 3J/ |
| 59 | Н | 3-05 | 24,618 | 1195 | 837 |
| _ 83 | Ĥ | 4-00 | 25,120 | 944 | 815 |
| Pei Valley Farm | | | | | |
| [*] 49 56 | H u | 6-10 | 22,599 | 799 | 801 |
| JU | Н | J-U/ | 26,458 | /60 | 6/6 |

Granulite™ Organic Fertilizer

Granulite is a nutrient rich organic fertilizer derived from municipal biosolids.

Why use Granulite?

- Granulite releases its organic nitrogen slowly, creating a longer feeding time.
- Granulite provides plant nutrients and micronutrients essential for growth.
- Granulite adds organic matter to soil, increasing soil productivity.

Granulite is ideal for use on all crops including corn, soybeans, wheat, hay, and pasture land.

To find out more about Granulite Organic Fertilizer, please call (301) 791-0919.



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