

Water Use Concerns Many (Get To A Hearing)

On Wednesday, Richard Cairo, secretary and general counsel for The Susquehanna River Basin Commission (SRBC), said he was being swamped with telephone calls, mainly from representatives of agricultural organizations.

They were not happy, he said. Cario didn't sound very happy

Several days earlier, Bill Troxel, with the Pennsylvania Vegetable Growers Association had distributed an article that is to be published in the association's newsletter. It is a comprehensive outline, though necessarily lengthy, of the proposal, with emphasis on some parts to which objections will most probably be made.

The SRBC proposal to revamp its regulations and add some new regulations include a plan that would make certain-sized agricultural operations pay for the registration, monitoring and use of relatively large quantities of water.

From groundwater to surface water, on-farm wells to public water sources, the proposal for SRBC regulations is careful not to ignore any major users of water in the basin.

The vegetable growers' association's position is that it wants more time for members to get an opportunity to study and review the proposals because it could significantly affect the cost of doing business.

More recently, some members of the DER Agricultural Advisory Board, and some members of the SRBC Agricultural Advisory Board, among others with an interest in farming, telephoned Lancaster Farming to say they were very concerned with what they were told recently by Cairo about the SRBC proposals.

The point is, no one knows for sure what the affect would be to Pennsylvania agriculture. The proposal would certainly be an additional cost to very large livestock and crop operations.

The bottom line is that all in agriculture who have reviewed the regulations or were briefed on its content are asking that others in agriculture also pay attention.

In so many words, Cairo said that the reasoning behind the proposal isn't to kill agricultural operations in the state. He also said the agency isn't attempting to rush this proposal through. The agency is seeking comment and review, he said.

The bottom line is, there is a limit to the amount of water available to everyone in the basin and there is an ever-increasing demand for that water and some individual entities are using greater and greater amounts.

The SRBC was formed in 1971 to start dealing with the problem of managing the basin flows. They have power companies, community water supplies, industry and commercial interests, including agriculture, all relying on the water in the basin.

The proposal for the regulatory package is attempt to bring together years of piecemeal regulation-making and create a comprehensive sensible package to ensure that individuals profiting from the use of water, don't destroy it for others to use.

Cairo said that farmers especially must remember that this is just a proposal.

He said he urges them to attend the public hearings and listen to

the proposal, and make comment.

He said the members of the commission — chaired by U.S. Secretary of the Interior Bruce Babbitt, and seated by the respective heads of the environmental agencies in each of the three states — will take very seriously the concerns, complaints and suggestions from the agricultural sector.

And while we agree that there is plenty of material being proposed which should be of concern to farmers, concern is not

What is needed from the agricultural community is action in the form of getting involved by reading, learning, listening and attending at least one of the SRBC's scheduled public hearings. Learn, get involved and then speak out.

And, it is hoped, the result will be some well thought-out, constructive suggestions or objections to the SRBC proposal by August 1.

An additional note to this is that Cairo has asked if people from the southern part of Lancaster and other southern counties who plan to attend a meeting could possibly refrain from attending the 7 p.m. Tuesday meeting set to be held at the SRBC's Harrisburg headquarters building.

The Front Street facility can not hold a very large audience, whereas the July 6 hearings are to be held in the Perryville High School Auditorium, in Perryville, Maryland, and can easily handle a large agricultural contingent so that everyone can hear and be heard. Also, traveling distance may be less for many.





To Be On Alert For BVD

A new strain of Bovine Virus Diarrhea (BVD) has shown up in Pennsylvania.

Several dairy farmers in the state, including Lancaster County, have experienced death and illness in both young and adult cattle.

The virus is found in nasal discharges, saliva, urine, and feces of clinically infected cattle. Carrier animals that appear fairly normal may also shed the virus.

There are four ways to help keep BVD off your farm. They are: 1. Maintain a closed herd; 2. Vaccinate the herd (consult your veterinarian for specific advice and proper procedures); 3. If transporting, showing, or purchasing cattle, isolate them from the rest of the herd for 21 to 30 days (It is also helpful to know the health status of the herds these animals come from or come in contact at shows.); and 4. Control farm traffic, because equipment, trucks, animals and visitors may also spread the virus.

To Clean Crop Sprayers

Crop sprayers should be cleaned between uses and between different crops, according to Robert Anderson, extension agronomy agent.

Small amounts of some pesticides may be active enough to cause problems when going from one crop to another. To avoid crop injury, a thorough cleaning of spray equipment between uses is recommended.

Household ammonia is a common material that may be used to clean spraying equipment. Mix one gallon of ammonia with 100 gallons of water. Ammonia works well in cleaning Banvel, 2,4-D, and Basagran residues from equipment.

The label of Pinnacle and Classic also recommend the use of ammonia to remove residue from equipment. Another commonly used product is household bleach. Never mix ammonia and bleach.

They will react to form a gas that can damage the eyes, nose, throat, and lungs of anyone breathing it. Remember to dispose of rinse material properly. To Be On

Lookout For Scams

Each year we read about people falling victims to scams. Scams come in all sizes and types, but the most common are those involving improvements or repairs around the home or property.

It could involve driveway paving, roof sealing or repairs, house painting, home improvements or landscaping, or tree pruning, according to McGruff of the National Crime Prevention Coalition.

Unfortunately, a number of people are tricked into believing what they hear, but instead they pay for diluted materials which may cost more in the long run to have the junk removed and the job done right. So take McGruff's advice: "If something is being offered to you which sounds too good to be true, it most likely is too good to be true and notify the police immediately.

Always deal with established businesses in the area. These are the people you know and will stand behind their work and items sold. Remember, help McGruff take a bite out of crime by not falling victim to scams.

Feather Prof's Footnote: "Talk to inform, not to impress."



Saturday, June 25

Pa. Junior Holstein Association Convention, Pittsburgh, thru June 28.

Beaver-Lawrence Dairy Princess Pageant and Ice Cream Social. Westfield Grange, 7:30 p.m.

14th annual Hickory Ridge Antique Farm Show, Horace Potter Residence, Milford, Del., thru June 26.

Benefit Auction, Solanco Fairgrounds, 9 a.m.-5 p.m.

'A Celebration of Quilts,' York College of Pa., 10 a.m.-5 p.m., thru June 26.

Historic Schaefferstown Cherry Fair, Schaefferstown, 10 a.m.-5 p.m.

Pasture Field Day, Dave Smith Sheep and Beef Farm, Avella, 9:30 a.m.-2:30 p.m.

Monday, June 27

Pa. Junior Judging School, Butler and Franklin counties, thru June

On-Farm Composting Field Day, Robert and Lois Keller Farm, Manheim, 6:30 p.m.

Luesday, June 28

Implementing On-Farm Composting Interagency Conference and Tour, Penn State Harrisburg, Middletown, thru June 29.

Pesticide recycling program, Oyler's Orchard, Gettysburg, also July 26, Aug. 23, Nov. 8.

SRBC Public Hearings on Water Use, Pa. Game Commission Headquarters, Harrisburg, 10 a.m. and at the SRBC Headquarters Building, Harrisburg, 7 p.m.

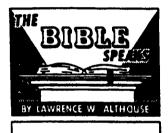
EAYFA monthly meeting, Clark Stauffer Farm, 7 p.m.

Wednesday, June 29 Junior Judging School, Franklin

County, thru June 30. PCC/PSU Summer Institute

Awards Luncheon, Shippensburg University, 12:30 p.m. Alfalfa Field Day, Hughy Salfner Farm, Warwick, Md., 10 a.m.-noon.

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THE 90-DAY MATURITY June 26, 1994

Background Scripture: Exodus 13:17 - 14:31 **Devotional Reading:** Exodus 15:22-27

Last year my wife and I visited the Sinai Peninsula, the site of the Exodus. It did't matter to us that Biblical scholars dispute as to the exact route the Israelites took and on which mountain Moses received the ten commandments. As we drove across that desert, we vividly remembered the Exodus as if we had participated in it ourselves.

And, as a matter of spiritual fact we do participate in the Exodus. God calls each of us out of the bondage of Egypt and like the people of Israel, it takes faith to heed that call and persevere in it. In our lives, too, between God's call and our own Promised Land there is usually a Sinai where we exist solely by the grace of God. The exodus, like life itself, is a venture of faith.

Like us, the people of Israel sometimes wavered in their faith. When the Pharaoh and his army caught up with them they complained sarcastically to both God and Moses: "Is it because there are no graves in Egypt that you have taken us away to die in this wilderness? What have you done to us, in bringing us out of Egypt?" (14:11).

WE TOLD YOU SO

Might we not have said much the same? God's promises are hard to believe when our lives are threatened. To Moses they protested: "Is this not what we said to you in Egypt, 'Let us alone and let us serve the Egyptians?' For it would have been better for us to serve the Egyptians than to die in

the wilderness." All of us feel that way sometimes.

But Moses replies: "Fear not, stand firm, and see the salvation of the Lord, which He will work for you today." And we know what happened then: the Israelites escaped and Pharaoh's army was destroyed. It was a salvation the people of Israel would never forget — at least in the long run. (In the short run they frequently forgot, just as we do.)

Let's say that I have an appointment with my boss tomorrow morning and I'm afraid he's going to let me go. I know the company has got to cut the payroll and so I pray fervently for God to save my job. And if the next morning my boss still gives me the pink slip, does it mean God is unfaithful with his promises?

THE NICK OF TIME

The answer is no. Sometimes God delivers us from peril just as He delivered the Israelites in the Sinai. But sometimes, just as later He failed to deliver Israel from the Assyrians, we are not saved either. We flunk out, we lose our job, our marriage ends up in divorce, the loved one we prayed for dies and peace does not come in Bosnia and Serbia. The deliverance we pray for comes, although perhaps not in the form we expected. Instead of being saved from some danger, we may be safe in it, given the strength and grace to see it through.

Now I confess to you that, given my choice, I would prefer to be delivered as the people of Israel were. I would rather not have to wait for the Promised Land. Yet I admit that God has never been more real in my life than in those times when I was not delivered in the nick of time. So Moses' admonition is as relevant to us as it was to the Israelites: "Fear not, stand firm, and see the salvation of the Lord."

Adoniram J. Gordon once said, 'The promises of God are certain, but they do not all mature in 90 days." Some do; some do not. If we "fear not" and "stand firm" we will see all of the promises kept in God's own time.