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For instance, a farmer who sells grain out of the field to a local. small-time dealer might be at the low end of the ranges. But that farmer also avoided the costs of sterage and long-distance hauling.

If your standing in these ranges makes you want to do a better job marketing your grain, here are some things to do for this year's crop:

· Know what it costs you to produce the crop. Cooperative extension agents have access to budgets and other record-keeping tools to help you.

• Develop a grain marketing plan. Call my office, Lehigh County Cooperative Extension, at (215) 391-9840 for a free copy of a fact sheet entitled, "Developing a Grain Marketing Plan" by the University of Maryland Cooperative Extension.

· Be familiar with historical price and basis trends. From my office at the above phone number, you can receive free tables that show 10 years of weekly price averages and five years worth of weekly basis averages for corn, wheat, and soybeans in southeastern Pennsylvania.

· Learn about grain marketing techniques. An excellent place to start is by ordering the "Maryland Grain Marketing Notebook," a comprehensive 15 fact sheet series. Again, my office can get these for Pennsylvania farmers (\$8). Of course, Maryland producers can obtain these through their county cooperative extension offices. Farmers in some areas have access to grain marketing clubs and "Market Master" sessions through young farmer associations.

 Get to know your grain buyer(s) better. Do you know what kind of volume or quality standards they're after? Will they deal in basis contracts? Do they have a hard time finding sellers during planting time or even the holidays? Do they know a special niche, such as grain for a food product, you might serve?

Act on that cliche, the first line of this article. Ask cooperative extension for help.



UNIVERSITY PARK (Centre Co.) — Feeds produced during this summer's wet weather could put pigs at risk for mycotoxin poisoning, warns a swine specialist in Penn State's College of Agricultural Sciences.

"Wet and warm conditions have led to some sprouting in newly harvested wheat," said Dr. Kenneth Kephart, associate professor of animal science. "When any grain approaches maturity during continuously wet weather, it's not unusual for kernels to sprout on the stalk."

The problem isn't necessarily the grains themselves. "Protein levels in sprouted grains usually are similar to those of undamaged grains," Kephart said.

The energy content and bushel weights usually are less, which should depress feed efficiency. However, studies in Canada and the United States have found that sprouted milo and frost-damaged barley had no detrimental effects on growth rate and performance.

But producers need to be aware that if there is enough moisture to make the grain sprout, there's also enough to grow mold. "And molds often produce dangerous mycotoxins, which have detrimental effects on hog production," said

Symptoms of mycotoxin poisoning include general reduction in performance, feed refusal, swollen vulvas, prolapsed rectums, convulsions, and eventually death.

There is no treatment, but most symptoms can be reversed by removing contaminated grain from the pigs' food supply.

"If you must feed your animals sprouted grains, watch carefully for mycotoxin poisoning symptoms," Kephart said. "If at all possible, avoid feeding contaminated grain to sows because it increases

BUY, SELL, TRADE OR RENT THROUGH THE

the danger of abortion.

"If you suspect your feed grain is contaminated with mycotoxin, you can use a feed additive that has been effective in reducing the harmful effects of aflatoxin, one type of grain mycotoxin," Kephart said. "Nova-sil is an aluminosilicate that absorbs aflatoxin when added at the rate of 10 pounds per ton. The cost is about 25 cents per

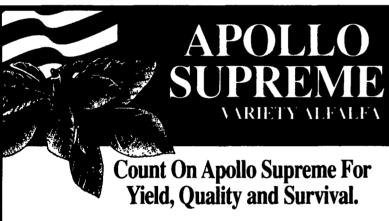
"In experiments with young pigs, Nova-sil almost completely reversed the effects of aflatoxin,' Kephart said. "Unfortunately, Nova-Sil provides only a marginal response against vomitoxin and zearalenone, two mycotoxins which could be found in sprouted wheat in our region."

Commercial mold inhibitors and organic acids, such as fumaric, citric, propionic and acetic acids, will inhibit mold growth in feed. "However, when mycotoxins are a problem, they're usually in the grain before it's ground and mixed," Kephart said. "Under those conditions, mold inhibitors won't alleviate any existing mycotoxin problems.'

Heating, roasting, and pelleting have been recommended for killing molds. "If the temperature is high enough, the molds will be destroyed," Kephart said. "But many mycotoxins are heat stable and may not be affected by the neating process."

Several laboratories in Pennsylvania can test grain samples for nycotoxin levels. "If the levels aren't too excessive, dilution with non-contaminated grain is a possioility," Kephart said. "For examile, vomitoxin levels in your corn night be 50 parts per million. Even if you reduce that grain from 1,600 to 200 pounds per ton, you still have 4 ppm in the feed. That's still high enough to hart performance.'





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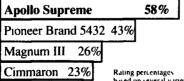
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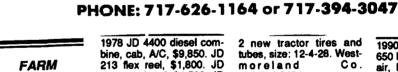






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