Vet Nutritional Forum Set

ELIZABETHTOWN (Lancaster Co.) — The next meeting of the Veterinary Nutrition Forum will be Wednesday at the Days Inn in Lancaster.

Dinner reservations are needed by Monday, however they are not necessary for those who wish to attend the program and forgo the dinner.

Guests speakers are to be Glenn Shirk, county extension agent, and Bruce Kreider, former multicounty farm management agent for the area. Kreider started a dairy operation about a year ago. The two are to discuss "Rethinking Dairy Economics And Management Strategies For The 90s."

The Days Inn is located on Keller Avenue, at Rt. 501. An informal social hour in the lounge starts at 6 p.m. followed by a dinner at 7 p.m.

Those planning to attend dinner should call Steven Wolfgang at (717) 367-8402.

Rootworm Damage Possible In Del. Corn

(Continued from Page A28) percent of the plants are cut or 10 percent of the plants show active leaf feeding. At the 3- to 4-leaf stage, treat if 5 percent or more of the plants are cut and live larvae

Rootworms may be a problem since beetle populations were high in 1990. If you did not scout your fields for beetles in 1990 and you are planting continuous corn in the northern parts of the state, a soil insecticide treatment is probably justified. Some fields will not need a treatment, so plan to scout fields for adult beetles from mid-July to mid-August in 1991 to make the best decision in 1992.

In conventionally tilled, continuous-corn fields, you can scout for rootworm larvae before lay-by in 1991, and a soil insecticide can be applied at cultivation. The threshold is two or more larvae per plant (found by handsifting soil and visual inspection of root and soil).

The decision to use a soil insecticide should be based on the knowledge of how the many factors affect pest populations, pest history, and monitoring.

For more information on integrated pest management, contact your county Extension agent.



FOR THE WEEK ENDING APRIL 28, 1991

FAIR WEEK FOR FIELDWORK: Pennsylvania had a wet week with temperatures slightly above normal. Cool, wet weather dominated the beginning of the week, while warm, dry weather dominated by the weekend. Our respondents indicated that 3 days were suitable for field work. Activities for the week included: repairing fence; hauling manure; spreading fertilizer and lime; spraying fruit trees; maintaining machinery; spring plowing; planting crops; and caring for livestock.

SOIL MOISTURE: One percent of our respondents rated the State's topsoil moisture as short, 52 percent rated it adequate, and 47 percent rated it surplus. Fifty-one percent of the respondents in the Northern region rated soil moisture as adequate, and 49 percent rated it surplus. In the Central region, 52 percent rated soil moisture as adequate, and 48 percent rated it surplus. Three percent of our respondents in the Southern region rated soil moisture as short, 53 percent rated it adequate, and 44 percent rated it surplus.

PLOWING: Spring plowing in Pennsylvania was 57 percent completed by week's end, that's 3 percentage points behind last year's 60 percent. The five-year average for this date was 61 percent. Completion of spring plowing was 36, 63, and 72 percent in the Northern, Central, and Southern regions, respectively.

CORN: The State's corn crop was 3 percent planted by the end of the week. At this time last year, 4 percent was planted, and the five-year average was 9 percent. Planting completion by region were: Northern regionnone; Central region-2 percent; and Southern region-6 percent.

TOBACCO: Eight-three percent of Pennsylvania's tobacco beds were planted by the end of the week. Last year, 89 percent of the tobacco beds were planted. The five-year average was 84 percent.

OATS: Oat planting in Pennsylvania was 64 percent complete by week's end. Last year, that figure was 63 percent. The five-year average was 68 percent. Planting completion in the three regions were: Northern region-39 percent, Central region-66 percent, and Southern region-85 percent. The oat crop was rated 17 percent excellent, 54 percent good, 26 percent fair, and 3 percent poor.

POTATOES: By the end of the week 30 percent of the State's potatoes were planted, the same percentage as last year at this time. The five-year average was 37 percent.

BARLEY AND WHEAT: The State's barley crop progress by the end of the week was 84 percent pre-boot, 15 percent boot and 1 percent heading. Last year's numbers were 91, 8 and 1 percent, respectively for preboot, boot and heading. The five-year average was 93 pre-boot and 7 percent boot. Wheat progress was 93 percent pre-boot and 7 percent boot, according to our respondents. Last year's wheat numbers were 95 and 5 percent. The five-year average was 96 and 4 percent. The wheat crop was rated 22 percent excellent, 54 percent good, 21 percent fair, and 3 percent poor.

Capon Conference

UNIVERSITY (Centre PARK Co.) — The 1991 Pennsylvania Capon Conference is scheduled at the Fire Hall in Kreamer on Tuesday, July 16.

Contact David S. Bailey, Northumberland County Penn State Extension, Mountain View Lodge, Trevorton Rd., RD 1 Box 945. Shamokin, PA 17872 for a program.

Proceedings from the 1990 Pennsylvania Capon Conference are available.

The proceedings cover topics such as abstracts from "Poultry Science"; surgical instruction; field posting to solve a management problem; shrinking bags for RTC carcasses; processing equipment for capons; caponizing tools, needs for a commercial enterprise; organizing a 4-H capon program; fast starting chicks; preventing health disorders prior to caponizing; a computer scientist's analysis of live body weights from three commercial strain crosses; and a panel of 4-H capon members discussing production, processing, caponizing and the 4-H program in capons.

The proceedings can be purchased for a limited time for \$4 each by writing to Linda Houtz. Penn State Poultry Extension, 213 Henning Bldg., University Park, PA 16802. Checks should be made payable to Penn State University.

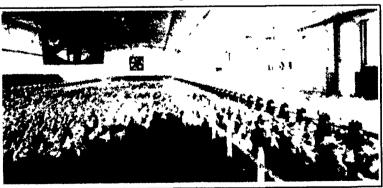


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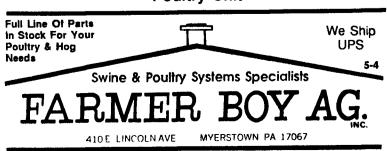
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