Milking Parlor Smorgasbord

He said the LERP program inte-

grates some of the information col-

lecting and processing abilities on

the farms with DHIA. It depends

on two tests a year on the farm.

enough for a dairy manager, each

He said that many of the elec-

individual will have to decide.

tronic programs available to dairy-

men are not standardized, not com-

patible to DHIA, require the dairy-

man to have the time, finances,

typing skills use them and do not

guarantee that the information

gathered is going to be interpreted

of some standardization with prog-

rams, the situation now is "caveat

emptor," or "let the buyer beware."

equipment is coming down and the

abilities are increasing. He said

that, for roughly \$4,000, a person

could buy a system to run informa-

However, the price of computer

He said that because of the lack

accurately or used well.

Whether those two milk tests are

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is a wider lane at the end of the return exit.

They use a dual vaccum system: one for milking, one for washing. A transfer tank is employed with a pre-cooling plate. The transfer tank also serves as a washing tank.

With 600 gallons of washwater in the system, delivered at 45 gallons a minutes, the worker has 12 minutes to use it to hose down the parlor and holding area.

Representatives from parlor building companies gave presentations - like commercial breaks --- between talks by dairy academians.

In the afternoon, Larry Jones, from Cornell University, discussed the need for installing a parlor with computerization and instrumentation to weigh milk.

He said that the use of any information gathering device has to be valued. The way it is valued it to determine how the information is used to make better management decisions and the profits realized from those decisions.

The value of an item is equal to the ratio of the profits realized by a decision to the cost of obtaining that information. If it breaks even, he said it doesn't make much sense to get the information. He said the ratio should be at least two to one.

Jones also warned of managing too much on a day-to-day basis and missing the "big picture."

He said that it is better to manage on a preventative basis - to work with items like days open and lactation lengths on a herd basis. And in his opinion, continuing to use DHIA is the only way to get the information necessary.

There are programs in development now, such as DHIAs LERP (Labor Efficient Records Program) which is being used on five farm in Pennsylvania and on six farms in New York.





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neighbor's farm and still "have enough left over so the kids could play computer games.'

According to Jones, DHIA should still be used even when a computerized system is in place or the farm. He provided several ancedotes of how some people fell into problems when dropping from DHIA testing as a management tool.

Several dairymen said they enjoyed the seminar, especially the mix of commercial representation with purely educational presentation.

According to Glenn Shirk, Lancaster County extension dairy agent, the mixed seminars will continue to be used. They are seen as a way of providing those who attend the seminars a look at a wide variety of choices, the make contacts and to gather information on what is really available before deciding whether or not to commit to a change in program.

Jeff and Sue Werner, Lebanon, attended the meeting. Though they farm a stanchion operation, they said they wanted to see what was

new in dairy equipment.

"What I liked most was in the begining, they had some basic facts, such as how much a parlor would cost, what the level of cows would be needed to sustain a system," Jeff said.

Of the commercial offerings, Sue said, "I think it would be hard to determine which company to go with."

Jeff added, "But I like it set up that way. It breaks it up. You're better able to concentrate."

Steve Mason, of Nottingham, Chester County, is in a family partnership which milks 150 registered Holsteins out of a double-eight herringbone parlor and till 600 acres.

Mason said he was attending the seminar because he's been looking at ways to make the operation more efficient.

As it is now, Mason said their it takes five hours a day to milk the herd twice with two people milking at a time.

The farm has had a parlor for more than 30 years. It was one of the first free-stall farms in the area,

he said. What he looking to eliminate is more labor on the farm and possib-

ly go to a one-man milking system. Of the number of people who

attended the seminar, Mason said, "I think people were surprised at the number of people and maybe asking themselves, 'Why, with a depressed economy, this many people would be willing to spend monev?'

"It's because of efficiency," Mason said. "In tight times, you can't stop (getting more costeffective), you have to go ahead cautiously."

As to what Larry Jones and others discussed about the need for DHIA, Mason said his brother Alan has a computer he works with.

"We're on DHIA, but basically we're in our infancy of utilizing the records. I wanted to ask that question and I think it was answered nicely," he said. "It's kind of like a tractor, information is a tool. You have to analyze. You have to determine if it's going to make you money."

