What is the current agricultural credit situation faced by Pennsylvania agricultural producers and what effect has it had and is it having on the agricultural credit availability for the short-term and future?
It is obvious to everyone associated with agriculture that the industry is suffering through poor economic times.
Current prices for most commodities are at low levels with most near loan level. These con ditions are likely to continue until the world economy recovers and the U.S. resolves its large budget deficits.
Favorable actions affecting these values are needed to have a more normal currency value relationship and in effect "weaken" the U.S. dollar. This, of course, would have a positive effect on ag exports.
Also a major factor affecting the ag economy has been the rewriting of national farm program legislation in 1985.
The depressed agricultural economic condition has had a direct effect on the cost and availability of ag credit. It has also had an effect on the source of credit. Table 1 provides a

TABLE 1

| Source | $\begin{aligned} & \text { U. S. } \\ & \text { (Mulion Doliurs) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \begin{array}{c} \text { (Rounded to } \\ \text { Nearesest } \% \text { \% } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | Penneylvania (Thousand Dollars) | y (Rounded to Nearest <br> to ner |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-Fiosal Erate |  |  |  |  |
| Benks | 38,722 17,025 | ${ }_{18}^{39}$ | 362,000 333,000 | ${ }_{25}^{28}$ |
| FLe | 1785 | 1 | 17,000 | 1 |
| ${ }_{\text {FmHA }}$ | 15,651 | 16 | 171,000 | 13, |
| CCC | 8,719 | 19 | $\begin{array}{r}14.000 \\ \hline 15.000 \\ \hline 1.32000\end{array}$ | ${ }_{32}$ |
| total | 100,812 |  | 1,312,000 |  |
| noul Eotate |  |  |  |  |
| Eanke | 10,17 | ${ }^{4}$ | 365,000 | ${ }^{22}$ |
| FLE inaurace co. | 48,103 | ${ }_{11}^{44}$ | ${ }^{31,000}$ | ${ }_{20}$ |
| FmHA | 10,013 | 9 | 179,000 | 10 |
| Individunale a Others | 29,900 | 27 | 426,000 | 28 |
| total | 111,637 |  | 1,67,000 |  |
| ara | 212,549 |  | 2,078 |  |

breakdown of farm loans by source for real estate and non-real estate for the U.S. and Pennsylvania. The information was obtained from Farm Credit Reports compiled by the Economic Research Service, the Economic Research Se
USDA, as of January 1, 1985.

The alarming figure in Table 1 is that nearly one-third of the crop operating loans in Pennsylvania are financed by individuals and others. This indicates that a large number of Pennsylvania crop loans are an open account with suppliers. This situation is not unique to Pennsylvania. As the chart indicates, nationwide 18 percent of the non-rial estate debt is held by this category.
The main credit burden facing ag producers in Pennsylvania and the U.S. is the large number who are highly leveraged. According to Neil Harl, Professor of Economics at Iowa State University, farmers with a debt to asset ratio of greater than 70 percent are in the most trouble. In other words, for every $\$ 10$ of assets, these farmers owe more than $\$ 7.00$ in debts. At this level it would take an 8 percent return on all assets just to pay the interest bill. Table 2 gives an interview of the debt to asset ratio.

## The Farm Credit dilemma

Professor Harl states that farms with ratios greater than 40 percent are facing financial problems and most are losing net worth. With a 40 percent ratio, it takes a return of 4.5 percent to pay interest costs.

As ag producers become more highly leveraged they face the problem of higher interest costs and also the problem of where they will be able to obtain credit. More and more producers are failing to meet financial standards and meet financial standards and collateral requirements to rems
customers of private lenders. customers of private lenders.
At one time, Production Credit At one time, Production Credit
Association (PCA) was the major Association (PCA) was the major
ag production loan lender in Pennsylvania. As Table 1 shows, now they account for only 25 percent of all non-real estate farm loans. Since PCA is a cooperative, it must balance its losses with adjusted income from interest rates and collateral requirements of existing borrowers who are members of the cooperative. PCA identifies the majority of their problem loans as customers who did not own any land, and whose collateral was based on depreciated and devalued farm machinery.

| BANK FAAM CUSTOMER'S DEET TO ASSET RATIO REGION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dobt to Aseat netio | North. ceat | Corn Eoll | South | Preans | Wost | U.s. | ©fmbas |
| (\% of Eank Cuatomers) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 40\% | 39 | 42 | 31 | 97 | 37 | 34 | 64 |
| 41-20\% | 30 | 20 | 27 | 30 | 34 | 25 | 19 |
| 6140\% | 19 | 18 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 19 | 7 |
| 11\% and Over | 12 | 12 | 22 | 13 | 10 | 12 | , |
| Dased on American Denkers Acsociation Survoy in Mid-18e4. <br> - Bead on PFA Form Manegoment sorvicee Andyple of ite clionta at of January 1, 1835. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Federal Land Bank (FLB) has 8,293 borrowers in this state and has 40 percent of the ag real estate in this area mortgaged. As of September 1, 1985 it had acquired 21 properties by foreclosure at a value of $\$ 2.4$ million dollars. FLB officials state that the number of part-time and dairy farmers in Pennsylvania adds to the stability of their loan portfolio.
The new programs offered by FmHA do not appear to by providing much relief for existing providing much relief for existing borrowers in easing their debt loads. National statistics released as of August 31 by FmHA show that only 14,138 farmers have qualified for the set aside program. They also state that over 100,000 borrowers who are presently with FmHA have applied.

FmHA had approved only 342 applicants for the set aside program in Pennsylvania
Apparently the program requirements are such that is requirements are such that it is applicable to only a very limited number of FmHA officials say that many producers have such a large or long-term debt load that even the setaside will not show a positive cash flow over a period of time.
Also most private lenders appear reluctant to participate in the 10 percent writeoff loan guarantee program. As of the end of the year, no one had made use of this guarantee program. Overall it appears that private lenders are reluctant to use any of the loan (Turn to Page A39)

## DUSSINGER'S <br> QUaLITY STOVES



SEVERN coalibrotorchalle

Excellance in Iron Castings since 1709
Presenting

## the World'sFinest

 Coal/Wood Stoves.25j3 Old Phila Pk. Rt 340. Smoketown, PA
Tues., Thurb, \& Fri 10-8, Wed \& Sat. 10-5 \& Fri 10-8, Wed
(717) 397.7539 Unipue finghoce Doors

## E.J. PARKER TOBACCOCO. WE WANT YOUR TOBACCO!!

Mr. Farmer, we will start receiving 609 Tobacco Monday, December 16, at noon after the auction is over. We are located the same place we were last year on Rt. 222, 1 mile north of Quarryville beside train overpass. We will be paying top prices. You do not need a contract but we will be writing contracts for those who would like one. Bring it to the dependable one. Our weights \& grading are fair, just ask your neighbor. Any questions call

717-786-7888
Looking forward to seeing you,

## Large Quantities of Sawdust Available 10 cents per cubic foot loaded on your truck KONDOR LUMBER CO. York, PA <br> 717-755-6841

Hardware - Farm Supplies Custom Manufacturing Crane Service

Coming... CUSTOMER APPRECIATION DAYS KEY-AID DISTRIBUTORS 225 Wood Corner Rd. Lititz, Pa. 17543 Watch Next Week's Issue For Detalls
minmonninnomer
 CHECK NEXT WEEKS ISSUE FOR YEAR END INVENTORY SALE

