

Lancaster Farming, Saturday, March 27, 1982

\$7.50 per year

In Lancaster County

Brenemans are Outstanding Conservation farmers

BY SHEILA MILLER

INTERCOURSE - Albert and A36. Mary Jane Breneman were honored as this year's Outstanding Conservation Cooperator by the Lancaster County Conservation District during their 31st annual meeting and banquet held Thursday evening here at the Harvest Drive Restaurant.

The Brenemans, who are successful dairy farmers in Rapho Township, have been applying

since 1967. See their story on page

Three other people were recognized by the District for their outstanding efforts in the field of conservation farming.

Bob Anderson, a vocational agriculture feacher in the Eastern Lancaster County School District, received an award for his work with adult "conservative" farmers in the New Holland area.

In presenting the award, District conservation to their 140-acre farm Chairman Aaron Stauffer

remarked, "Bob and his co-worker Don Robinson have been a great asset to the agricultural community by helping farmers with production, marketing, safety and management. They also plan and lay out soil and water conservation practices which is a great help to our office."

The District also recognized the contributions of Ben Wenger, Wenger Implement Company located in Buck, who loaned the conservation organization a John Deere 4-row no-till corn planter to use in a conservation tillage program last year. This planter was loaned to 31 farmers. And Don "Abe" Kauffman, as

West Hempfield Township zoning officer who "moonlights" as a hog producer - especially during farrowings - was honored for his help in calling the District's attentions to potential problems during development plan reviews. "Abe is a great ally to the

(Turn to Page A28)

Albert and Mary Jane Breneman, dairy producers from Rapho Twp. were named Lancaster's Outstanding Conservation Cooperators at Thursday evening's Conservation District banquet. Making the presentation of a picture of their farm is Tom Johnston, District Administrator.

Growing Maryland tobacco may bring quota penalty

BY DICK ANGLESTEIN

LANCASTER - Lancaster County's hard pressed tobacco growers, many of whom have not yet sold last year's Pennsylvania Type crop, are now being told it will be against the law to grow any Maryland Type tobacco this year.

Growing of Maryland Type 32 tobacco in Pennsylvania is now subject to marketing quota penalities, according to a letter being sent to area growers by the Lancaster County ASCS Office.

The growing of the traditional Pennsylvania Type 41 is exempt from any penalities.

The ruling that the growing of Maryland Type tobacco in the state will be illegal beginning this year is part of the Federal Farm Bill, which was signed into law last Dec. 22.

In recent weeks, it has come to light that Pennsylvania is considered a tobacco quota state since quotas are in effect for Type 53 tobacco, which is still grown by one farmer in Lycoming County.

In the past, up to 19 farmers had grown the Type 53 in the Lycoming and Clinton counties area and allotments remain in effect for five years after the last crop is grown.

Ohio and Wisconsin. Therefore, Pennsylvania is still considered a tobacco quota state.

Ironically, Lancaster County is likely the only tobacco_growing area in the country that has always. voted down quota allotments and now is subject to a quota system on the Maryland Type tobacco.

If the Farm Bill is strictly enforced locally, it could affect the expected planting of anywhere from 3,000 to 5,000 acres of the Maryland Type: The Maryland Type, a lighter, finer grained tobacco than the Pennsylvania broadleaf, is primarily grown in the - Ephrata-Hinkletown-New Holland area of Lancaster County.

Growers in this area also are experiencing the most difficulty with-marketing last year's Pennsylvania Type crop still hanging in the sheds.

Ray Brubaker, executive (Turn to Page A38)

HARRISBURG Penn-sylvania's 300 potato growers will vote next month, to double their penny per hundredweight assessment on potatoes produced and sold in order to generate additonal funds for the state's research program, severely affected by federal and state budget cuts.

State Agricultural Secretary Penrose Hallowell, Tuesday, announced the referendum on the basis of 100 percent favorable testimony from producers that -attended a one-hour public hearing at the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture.

Potato referendum

We had such favorable and sincere testimonies." said Raymond Reiter, supervisor of the

USDA welcomes dairy ideas

KANSAS CITY, Mo. - U.S. dairy farmers could see a change in the present price support program as early as October 1962, based on several alternatives offered during a public dairy symposium held earlier this week.

said USDA spokesman Randy However, Russell admitted that there was concern among sym-Russell, chairman of the USDA posium members regarding the

Potato Research Program, who expressed optimism following Tuesday's hearing that attracted

more than 30 growers. The 6-year-old research program, partially funded by producers, agrichemical and potato chip companies, is expected to lose an annual \$100,000 from halted state and federal funds. If approved, the two cent assessment will provide \$60,000.

The program is designed to develop elite potato seed and varieties to help the state's industry compete on a national level. Ballots and referendum in-

formation will be mailed on April 29 to producers with more than 25 acres in potatoes, said Reiter. Growers will have a 14-day period, from April 30 to May 13, to vote. The referendum passage requires a majority by number and volume of voting producers.

set for April 30

BY DONNA TOMMELLEO

Actually, Pennsylvania growers of the Type 53 tobacco had turned down continuation of the quotas, but were outvoted by growers in

New for you

Will Rogers once said, "All I know is what I see in the newspapers." Well that's great 'if you can find what you want to know; toward that end, and after analyzing reader input, we have revamped a small corner of our paper by including a table of contents.

From this issue on, you can find what you want with the leaf of a page. Try it, and find on page 3, the newest addition to our weekly conveyance of farm news, markets, and features.

As our goal is and will continue to be to get the news to you, the farmer, in the most industrious. precise fashion we possibly can, we welcome your input. The paper is designed with you in mind, and has established itself as the reference and the publication you can depend on; so take advantage of the right to supply your opinion.

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commutee to consider the ideas, said two major and several minor proposals, geared toward controlling production and increasing demand, highlighted the two-day symposium

Russell.

We're basically fresh out of new ideas and will be looking into a wide range of alternatives." Russell explained.

The National Milk Producer's Federation self-help program proposal and a base production plan submitted by Wisconsin Congressman Steven Gunderson and others. are the two major proposals on which the committee will concentrate.

The NMPF self-help program is a two-tier pricing system administered by dairy board. The program will be based on a beginning year estimated surplus level.

For example, if the national surplus is estimated at 10 prcent, farmers would receive full market price for 90 percent of their milk. The remaining 10 percent will receive a reduced price, related to the world market price.

dairy board's impact on international trade and a possible "retaliation from other agriculture commodities."

Gunderson's plan seeks to establish production levels on the farm, Russell explained. He added that a combination of the two plans is not unlikely.

From the minor proposals for consideration, Russell said an inventory plan was introduced. Through this, a processor would contract directly with the Commodity Credit Corporation - for cheese and other surplus products. The surplus would be used for such items as cheese ravioli to be used in school lunch programs.

Although he welcomed the proposals, Russell expressed concerned over this year's milk production which would add greatly to the vast CCC stocks. If USDA implemented any changes by October, said Russell, the dairy industry probably would

not feel an impact until 1963.

Russell's concern contrasted with Deputy Secretary of whether (Turn to Page A32)

According to Reiter, a tellercommittee of three potato growers will tabulate the votes and announce the result by Monday, May 17.

David MacKenzie, Penn State plant pathologist and head of the growers' Centre County research farm, blamed spiralling inflation and the "New Federalism," as major contributors to the program's deficit. He explained that stripping the farm to the bare operating minimum was necessary, signalling leaner times - not the program's end.

"We plan to continue looking for alternative sources of support. whatever the outcome of the referendum. By no means should anyone imply that defeat of the referendum will cause the closing of the research program, MacKenzie emphasized.

(Turn to Page A31)