# No easy start

### (Continued from Page A22)

cent pellet during milking, along with silage, haylage, and free choice minerals and salt according to their-production. And, a 11/2-inch vacuum line was replaced with a 3inch line - lessening the vacuum 'rushing' therefore relaxing the cows, according to Carl.

Now that their mastitis problems

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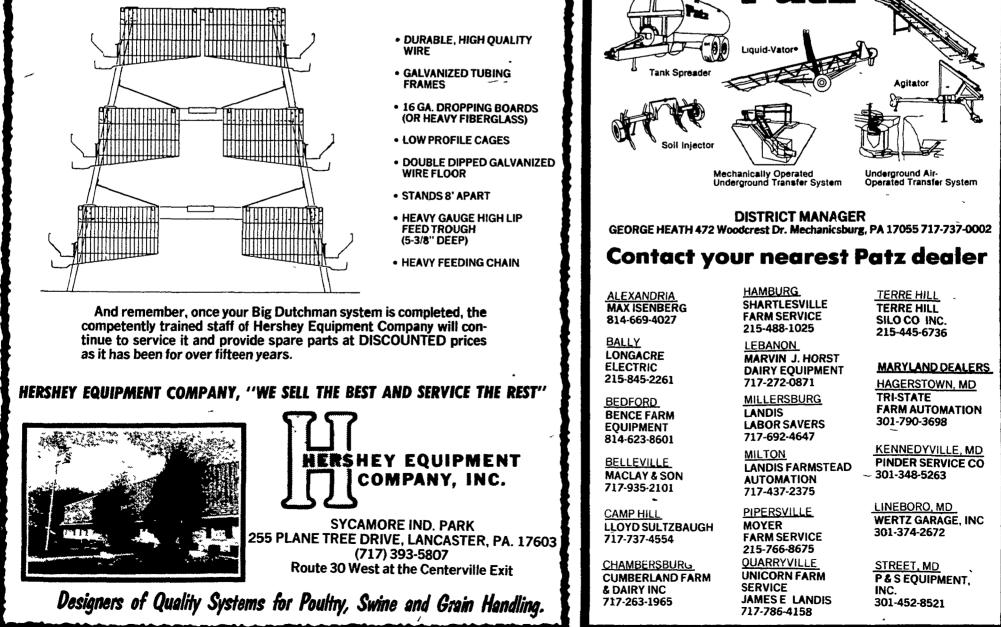


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The Brosses admit they farm conservatively, buying mostly used equipment and raising their own replacement heiters.

"It costs more money to raise your own replacements," claims Eva. "But when we used to buy our replacements, we got everybody else's seconds — cows no one else



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## Lancaster Farming, Saturday, July 25, 1981—A23

wanted. We still have a grade herd, but if our son Dennis decides he wants to farm, I'd like to go with a registered herd. That's my 'fall of life' goal," she says.

With an eye on the next generation continuing in his footsteps, Carl has added another 62-acre tarm to the operation, remodeled his old Dutch-style barn, erected two freestall facilities, and installed a 180-daystorage manure pit.

In order to make the most of what he has, Carl explains how soil conservation has played an important part in his farm operation.

Each fall, he says, rye is sown as a cover crop in the corn fields cut tor silage, helping to prevent soil erosion and providing a green manure in the spring. The rye also gives a two-week boost in feed the following spring, he notes.

Carl also has traded the moldboard plow for disking and some no-till farming which helps conserve the moisture in his naturally

droughty soil, he says. "You get attached to the soil."

Eva says lovingly, adding she hopes to never see their farms sold for other purposes. But she has faith that her grown-up sons will continue in their father's footsteps and find their career in agriculture. Realizing the problems they had to face might also confront their sons, she states, "When you're younger, you can risk more. You have more energy then."

Although the farming methods may change with the next generation, the Bross's love of the land and the willingness to sweat and toil to keep it will carry on, along with their inherent faith that things can work out.

"You can have all the knowledge and skills, but if it doesn't rain, they don't do you any good. It all goes back to that basic dependence on our creator. No man can do it alone," Carl says with a smile.

# **Cattle slaughter down**

HARRISBURG – Pennsylvania cattle feeders had 43,000 cattle and calves on feed July 1 for slaughter market, down nine percent from last year. Marketing of fed cattle during the April-June quarter, at 38,000, was up 31 percent from the same quarter a year earlier. Placements of cattle and calves on feed during April-June totaled 14,000 head, down 12 percent from a year ago.

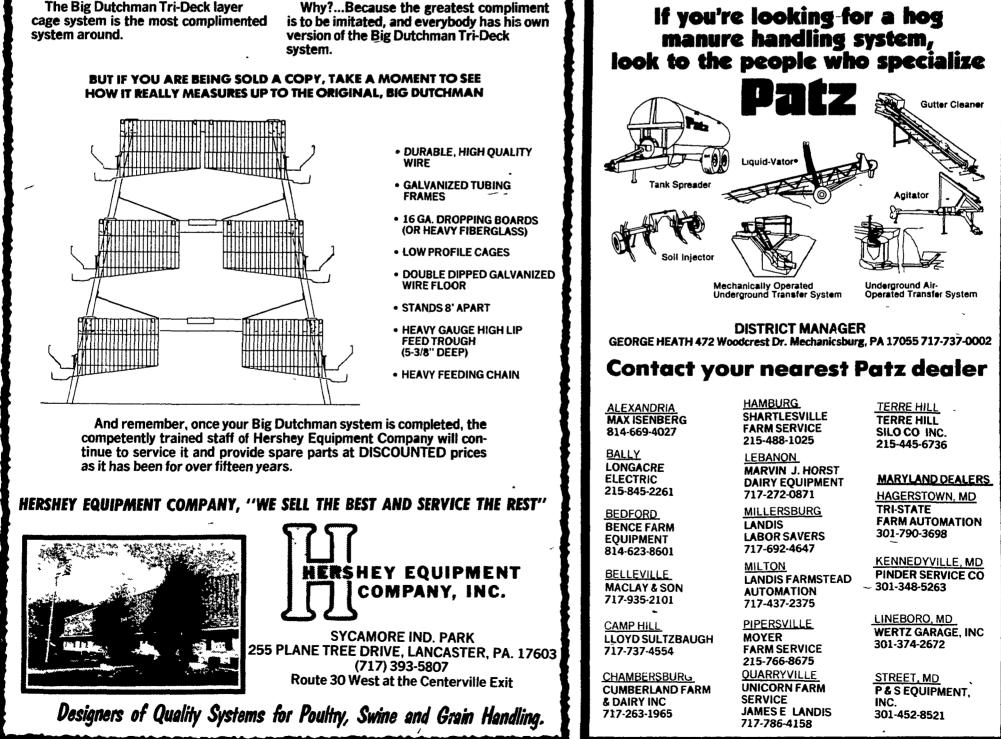
Expected marketings of fed cattle during the July-September 1981 quarter, at 24,000 head, would be 3,000 or 14 percent more than were marketed during the same period in 1980.

Cattle and calves on feed for slaughter market July 1 in the 23 major feeding states totaled

9,570,000, a decrease of one percent from the previous year. This is the smallest July 1 number on feed since 1975. Placements of cattle and calves in the 23 sates during the April-June 1981 quarter totaled 5,953,000 head, up six percent from 1980.

Marketing of fed cattle for slaughter during the April-June quarter totaled 5,591,000 head, down one percent from 1980 Marketings for the April-June 1981 quarterly period were the lowest since 1975. Expected marketings in the 23 major feeding states for July-September 1981 quarter are estimated at 6,143,000 head, up seven percent from the same period a year ago.

3



have been brought under control, the Brosses are ready to push torward. They've set a goal of 15,000 pounds milk to aim for next year, and as each goal is met a higher one will be set.