How to control nutsedge in corn or soybeans

LANCASTER - Nutsedge? Nutgrass? Call it what you like, but either way this weed spells trouble for farmers.

Nutsedge is a perennial plant with an extensive underground root system of stobons and tubers, or nutlets It is a member of the sedge family, though it is often mistaken for a grass because of its narrow leaf

The plant's triangular, solid stem is one way to distinguish it from a grass

Two species of nutsedge are tound in the United States Yellow nutsedge, the most widespread, infests cropland throughout the Northeast

Purple nutsedge, a more persistent variety, is primarily found in Texas and along the Coastal

Yellow nutsedge plants are yellowish-green in color and grow to 30 inches tall Stolons radiate from the plant, ending in tubers Tubers may then produce new plants. Straw-colored flowers appear within 60 days of plant emergence

Purple nutsedge is similar to yellow, though plants are dark green in color, produce reddishpurpose seed heads and grow to only 15 inches tall It, too, produces stolons But unlike yellow nutsedge, the purple variety produces new plants in series, forming 'tuber chains

Both nutsedge varieties are also prolific seed producers, yielding

up to 100 million viable seeds per acre. Nevertheless, agronomists still regard tubers as the key to nutsedge reproduction and the major obstacle in the weed's

control.

Tuber populations can reach 30 million per acre in the plow layer of heavily infested fields

Unlike weed seeds, tubers



Yellow nutsedge, common throughout the Northeast, is easily identified by its yellow-green color, underground stolons and tubers, and triangular-feel of stem when rolled between one's fingers.

ches, though most plants emerge from the upper six inches of soil.

University weed scientists contend that the spread of nutsedge in recent years is due partly to the improved control of common annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in the field crops

This factor, plus the trend of earlier planting and reduced tillage, they say, has opened the door for heavy nutsedge in-festations all over the country

It is virtually impossible to eradicate nutsedge, but using an integrated program of cultural practices, herbicides and tillage (before and after the crop is planted) will let farmers produce a profitable crop on nutsedgeinfested acreage

Nutsedge cannot compete effectively in the shade. therefore, growing taller crops such as corn or soybeans will give farmers an edge in controlling this aggressive perennial. Narrow row spacings are generally recommended to provide the most shade

No effective surface-applied herbicide treatments are available for controlling nutsedge in field crops. Preplant incorporated herbicides are essential so the chemical will be in close contact with the sprouting tubers

Incorporation also helps destroy sprouted and dormant tubers by placing them up on the soil surface

germinate from as deep as 12 in- where they will die, as tubers are sensitive to drying.

Because tubers can germinate deeper than annual weed seeds, farmers may find it necessary to incorporate their herbicide deeper than normal. A higher application rate may also be needed. Be sure to check the herbicide's label for specific application instructions.

In corn, Sutan+ is the most popular preplant treatment for controlling nutsedge Its fieldproven performance over the years has made it the most widely recommended herbicide for controlling the yellow or purple

Eradicane will also control yellow nutsedge This herbicide may be preferred over Sutan+ if other tough weeds such as johnsongrass or quackgrass are present in the same field

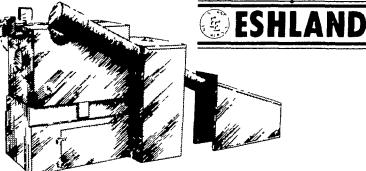
Five pounds of atrazine 80-W or four quarts of the 4-L formulation may be used alone to suppress yellow nutsedge Farmers should keep in mind that atrazine residues will persist for two years, requiring corn to be planted for two consecutive years

Dual and Lasso, if incorporated, also will control yellow nutsedge.

Corn growers have two postemergence herbicide treatments available for controlling yellow nutsedge Atrazine with crop oil may be applied when

(Turn to Page C35)





Coal Gun

Coal Gun is SO Automatic and Advanced... the only Control you touch is your Thermostat.

The Cleaner, Safer, and Simple Trouble-Free design of COAL GUN makes it one of the best buys in residential and commercial heating systems today. Conservatively rated from 130,000 - 500,000 BTU/hr, the three COAL GUN models boast the following features:

- CONVENIENCE
- Units operate unattended up to 7 days
- CLEAN OPERATION

Vacuum inside unit & Cyclone Separator eliminate dust and grime

ENERGY EFFICIENT

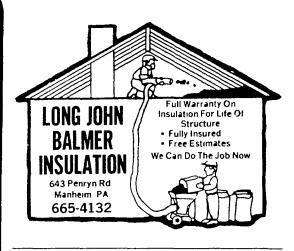
COAL GUN is smaller than most conventional coal furnaces. and costs far less to operate than most conventional coal heating systems

WRITE OR PHONE TODAY FOR COMPLETE DETAILS!



P.O. Box 23 Greencastle, Pa. 17225 Manufacturers Of [717] 762-0521

Coal-Wood Boilers, Stoves, Furnaces, & Fireplace Inserts





TAKE YOUR CHOICE OF THESE 3,888 SQ. FT. BUILDINGS...

S

P E

C

Ł



WINTER Bare Aluminum Roof

1 18 x14 Side End Siding Door

1 18 x14 Side Wall Siding Door

1 3 x6 & Solid Entrance Door

4 36 x96 Skylights in Roof SPECIAL *13,300*

Ask About Winter Special Discounts On All our Other Buildings!

RED ROSE DING SYSTEMS

P O Box 366

LALALALALALALALALALALALALALALALA

Manheim, Pa

Call Collect 717-665-7150

* DO IT YOURSELFERS * We Can Furnish You With A Complete Building Materials Package And Blueprints Erect it yourself and Save Labor Costs¹

Specializing In All Types Of Farm and Commercial Buildings!

Ready To Serve You Throughout Penna Maryland Delaware And New Jersey

If you need any type of farm or commercial building, call collect or send the coupon for more information

Prices & Specifications Could Vary Due To Local Building

Please contact me with	informa	tion on	the fo	llowing	LF
FARM BUILDINGS				BUILDIN	
DO IT YOURSEL	LF BUILD	ING P	ACKAC	SES	
Fill Out And Mail To R	ed Rose	Boildi	ng Sys	tems	
PO Box 366 A	Aanheim	Pa 1	7545		

Address or RD	,	
Town	_State	Zin
Phone (include area	code)	