PDA helps tomato growers cope with crops

HARRISBURG

"Farmers are versatile," said a Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture spokesmen concerning the future of farmers in the Milton area who this year found themselves with cancelled contracts for their crops.

In February, the fact that the American Home Foods plant in Milton was cancelling all former contracts with local growers of processing tomatos became public knowledge.

As a result of this decision by the makers of Chef Boyardı products, 163 farmers suddenly realized that their 1640 acres of land. representing 37 percent of the processed tomato acres in the state, would not have a

market in 1980.

Instead of delivering their 30,190 tons of tomatos at the door step of American Home Foods, these farmers were forced to look elsewhere for a buyer.

Through the efforts of PDA and State Representative Reno Thomas, a market for 1800 acres of red and green tomatos was lined up with Furmans Canning Company, near Allentown, along with a green wrap packaging operation

Some of the cancelled farmers actually stayed out of the tomato business this summer, said the PDA spokesman, growing sweet corn instead. But many marketed tomatoes to Furmans who took the red tomatos or switched to green wraps, he stated

Currently, PDA is working on the possibilities of these farmers growing alternative crops, such as black turtle soup seeds, mustard seed, and soybeans. They are also trying to secure reliable markets for these exotic crops.

"The only problem with growing beans in Pennsylvania,'' said the spokesman, "is the climate The beans don't dry down enough and they tend to mold.'

One question troubling a number of farmers is why did American Home Foods drop them as processed tomato suppliers.

"I believe they closed the operation in Milton to Pennsylvania growers because our small farms

couldn't compete with the large producers in California and Arizona Out there, they can raise thousands of acres of tomatos on irrigated land and ship them East - and their prices are still competitive," said one tomato grower.

In order to protect the tomato growers and other farmers who raise crops, like fruit, grain, vegetables, and hay from the potential economic disasters of lost

markets, the Pennsylvania State Grange recently adopted a policy calling for a guaranteed payment to growers. This would be similar to the Packers and Stockyards Act that protects livestock farmers and the Milk Security Fund which protects dairymen.

"As it stands now, if a processing company goes down the tubes, the farmer is left holding the bag. We're calling for a contract bet-

ween the processor or , storage facility and the grower before the crop goes in the ground," stated Dave Weinstock, State Grange Information Director.

Whether this Grange policy will be incorporated into state law will be up to the legisalture In the meantime, PDA is continuing its efforts to help these farmers out of the red - tomatos, that is - and into the green -SM

LMA's annual meeting features marketing

This part of the program

has proven to be very

popular, not only among

KANSAS CITY, Mo Veteran livestock marketing businessmen discussing present and future conditions in their industry will be a featured highlight of the 1981 annual meeting of Livestock Marketing Association.

Head, S.C., will again in-

clude the popular "Outlook For Marketing" panel

discussion. Nine members of

the LMA Board of Directors,

Canada, will take party.

it features the first-hand people who keep a constant LMA President Gail eye on changing conditions. Sohler said the January 15-17 Sohler pointed out that the meeting, to be held in Hilton

Directors will discuss a wide impact on 1981 livestock marketing. "This will include total numbers, Presentations and financing patterns."

CALLING ALL DAIRY FARMERS:

The panel will also look at the outlook for businesses in the marketing sector, he those who attend the said. "What expansions, (meeting, but with those who additions and improvements read about it later," Sohler are on the drawing boards? said. "I'm sure it's because What new marketing services and techniques will be knowledge of marketing offered to the livestock industry in the year ahead? The information will come from the people who know."

The Trade Group's annual range of topics having an meeting will also feature the traditional installation of 1981 officers and directors. and livestock movement, feed discussions on various LMA supplies around the country industry advancement activities will follow

1

Amber glass protects cattle virus vaccines study by Anchor standards for release By the end of two hours, all seven

ST JOSEPH, Mo. - When you buy cattle virus vaccines - for IBR, BVD and PI, consider the color of the vaccine bottle. It makes a difference, says Dr. Mark Keister, technical service veterinarian for Anchor Laboratories, a division of Philips Roxane, Inc

'Certain portions of sunlight spectrum can kill live and modified-live virus vaccine in clear vials," Keister says "But amber glass filters out the damaging rays and substantially reduces loss of potencv

If you work cattle outside, Keister says, choose virus vaccines in amber bottles.

'Our tests show that a clear vial of virus vaccine left in the sun begins to lose potency pretty fast," Keister [•]An animal explains. vaccinated toward the end of a multi-dose clear vial may adequate protection."

Laboratories Anchor's IBR vaccine in amber vials exceeded government standards for more than four hours of sunlight exposure.

In the test, eight vials of reconstituted modified-live IBR vaccine were exposed to sunlight to determine its effects on virus vaccines in amber glass and clear glass vials

Anchor tested its vaccine in amber and clear glass vials plus six competitions' vaccines in clear glass vials The vaccines were tested for potency at 0, 5, 30, 120 and 240 minutes

After 30 minutes of sunlight exposure, more than half of the IBR vaccines in clear vials dropped below minimum government vaccines in clear glass vials failed to meet the minimum government standards for IBR vaccine In contrast, the amber vial

of Anchor IBR vaccine from across the US and remained above the minimum government standard, and maintained a constant level of potency through four hours of sunlight exposure The amber vial effectively filtered out harmful rays of sunlight and substantially reduced long-term potency loss

Bacterin vaccines are killed-virus products, not as susceptible to sunlight, and don't require the same protection, Keister says

FFA convention ends

MESSICK FARM EQUIPMENT NOW AUTHORIZED DEALER FOR THE U.S. BEDDING CHOPPER

For the finest bedding

