Lebanon Co. DHIA

(Continued from Page A22)							
Edwin E Funck 3	41 0	83 0	47 6	37	1 77		
Lanc Menn Hosp 3	88 7	90 5	43 4	41	1 77		
Lanc Menn Hosp 3	89 5	918	44 4	40	1 77		
Albert F Moyer 3	90 5	80 4	44 6	39	1 76		
San Bo Holsteins 3	58 9	85 2	45 3	39	1 76		
Walter K Heisey B3	49 1	82 2	49 2	36	1 76		
P & Chas Heffelfinger3	29 1	84 9	46 0	38	1 75		
Walter M Martin B3	40 0	83 2	45 4	39	1 75 1 74		
Irvin Horst 3	51 3 65 7	79 0 90 3	43 5 46 4	40 38	1 74		
M H Bomberger/SonB3	44 7	90 3 92 1	46 3	38	1 74		
Lloyd Burkholder Jr G3 Mervin G Weaver B3	106 9	89 4	46 2	38	1 74		
Hoover Farms 3	77 9	84 5	46 5	37	1 74		
John D Bomgardner 3	46 9	38 1	44 5	39	1 73		
Leon H Kline 3	55 5	86 8	44 9	39	1 73		
Mark Copenhaver B3	58 1	94 3	44 4	39	1 72		
Richard L Heilinger B8	30 6	86 1	44 4	39	1 72		
Phares Z Musser 3	55 0	84 3	44 0	39	1 72		
Dennis Wampler B3	110 1	89 4	49 4	35	1 71		
Roy E Nolt B3	49 0	82 0	45 3	38	1 71		
Marlin D Heisey B3	39 8	83 7	488	35	1 70		
Mervin W Horst B3	32 0	87 2	41 5	41	1 69		
Marlın Hıtz B3	82 9	86 3	42 6	39	1 68		
Ernest Wagner 3	42 1	82 3	45 5	37	1.68		
C Y Bomberger B3	193 5	87 5	416	40	1 68		
Roy H Weaver B3	65 1	90 2	43 4	39	1 68		
Marlin M High B3	37 0	78 6	46 6	36	1 67		
James Zimmerman B3	59 5	88 6	44 0	38	1 67		
Melvin Krall B3	86 8	88 3	43 5	38	1 67		
Russel S Houser 3	32 0	93 4	43 4	38	1 66 1 65		
Lloyd Burkholder Jr G3	44 2	86 4	47 6 41 8	35 39	164		
Ferndale Farm 3	102 0 59 8	81 4 92 1	48 0	34	1 62		
San Bo Holsteins 3	59 8 50 3	80 5	44 1	37	162		
Jesse L Weaver B3 Norman Kline 3	84 5	85 O	41 6	39	162		
Irvin Z Burbaker B3	33 0	808	44 9	36	1 62		
Raymon & Marlin Getz 3	52 7	73 3	438	37	1 62		
Hoover Farms No 2 B3	48 5	79 1	41 7	39	161		
Jesse L Weaver B3	51 2	84 5	418	38	1 60		
Ray R Sattazahn B3	107 2	90 5	45 5	35	1 60		
John Brubaker B3	49 5	85 7	41 8	38	1 59		

	70.5	05.1	40 3	39	1 58
Clyde E Deck G3	70 5	85 1			1 58
Isaac E Zimmerman 3	21 0	88 1	37 7	42	
Marlin M High B3	37 0	719	43 9	36	1 58
Ivan M Weiler B3	64 5	84 2	39 8	39	1 57
Warren Hetrick	B3	35 0	42 2	37	1 56
R H Zimmerman B3	87 4	91 2	419	37	1 56
Richard L. Heilinger B8	29 0	836	38 8	40	1 56
J C Zimmerman B3	89 3	81 7	426	37	1 56
Galen Bollinger B3	134 6	92 9	48 7	3,2	1 55
	91 2	83 4	428	36	1 55
	226 1	86 7	43 3	36	1 54
110.0.0 -	56 2	86 6	400	39	154
Lester Martin B3			39 4	39	1 54
Melvin M Nolt B3	50 5	91 7			
Enos N Zımmerman B3	67 4	93 3	37 2	41	1 53
Larry G Shuey B3	63 1	82 1	39 6	38	1 52
Maurice M Bennetch 3	121 4	89 7	38 1	39	1 50
Harold D Myer B3	224 0	89 1	428	35	1 50
Enos N Leinbach 3	32 3	77 5	40 2	37	1 50
Geo & Vincent ArnId B3	1228	82 9	37 3	40	1 49
Jeffrey D Rymoff B3	31 9	79 5	40 4	37	1 49
Linford L Halteman B3	41 7	85 0	420	35	1 48
S Mt Echo Fm B3	103 2	96 5	36 0	41	1 47
Lentzdale Farms B3	67 5	80 5	36 7	40	1 47
Donald G Hoffer B3	46 9	74 7	38 4	38	1 46
- Lindord L Halteman B3	41 1	85 2	41 3	35	1 46
David E ZimmermanB3	49 0	81 4	418	35	1 45
	31 5	93 7	37 9	38	1 44
717 talpit tillet 1	640	75 4	37 6	38	1 44
711 61141 71 111411			37 6	38	1 43
Carl J Bross G3	71 6	95 8		30	1 42
Bucher Brothers B3	39 9	81 0	40 5	35	
Hollow Pride Farm B3	38 5	78 9	36 2	39	1 41
H E Bomgandner B3	46 0	81 0	37 7	3 7	1 40
Jacob N Smith & Son 2	823	828	27 7	50	1 39
Enos N Leinbach 3	33 2	77 3	37 3	3 7	1 38
Dennis L Showers B3	3 9 6	88 7	35 4	39	1 37
Raymond K Martin B3	410	76 6	34 2	40	1 37
David E ZimmermanB3	48 6	82 1	39 O	35	1 36
Carl J. Bross B3	67 3	100 0	33 0	40	1 33
Robert Sollenberger G4	37 4	930	26 2	52	1 32
David B Lehman B3	33 1	77 9	36 8	35	1 30
Richard Batz 3	28 0	72 7	32 2	39	1 27
R H Emrich & Son B3	94 0	88 1	29 9	42	1 26
Amos Balsbaugh Jr 3	38 7	69 1	33 0	37	1 21
	35 Z	72 6	29 1	41	1 19
Thomas E Hostetter B8	36 O	72 7	29 1	41	1 18
Thomas E Hostetter B8	30 U	121	23 I	4 1	1 10

DANIEL SCHRACK BREAKS 9 TON ALFALFA BARRIER



9.16 TONS ALFALFA YIELD IN 1979 PENNSYLVANIA ALFALFA GROWING CONTEST USING WL-311

(Clinton County, Pennsylvania)

L. to R.: A.A. Hansen, Waterman Loomis Co. Daniel Schrack, Kevin Schrack winners.

Plant



*MULTIPLE PEST RESISTANCE

4 of the top 6 Champions

WL 311 **WL 219**

Penn State alfalfa growing contest average of 4 WL winners.

8.08 Tons Hay Per Acre 3120 Lbs. Crude Protein 9335 Lbs TDN Per Acre

WL 312 **WL 318**

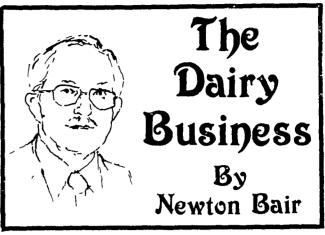
Distributed by **BEACHLEY-HARDY**

FIELD and GRASS SEEDS

Shiremanstown, Pa. 17091

Lancaster Farming, Saturday, March 29, 1980-A23

Kenneth E Ober	G3	35 0	73 5	31 1	38	1 17
D & D Bucher	G3	65 6	80 9	30 2	38	1 14
Gluck-Auf Farm	00	28 0	82 1	34 9	32	1 13
Donald Bomberger	4	50 4	94 5	21 9	5 1	1 11
John H Tschudy	B1	38 6	77 3	26 5	41	1 09
James E Gelsinger	В3	520	54 4	27 3	36	0 98
John H Stick	1	35 1	76 6	22 7	39	0 89
Den Mar Goat Dairy	B8	160	68 1	48	31	0 15



TRADITIONAL VALUES CAN WE AFFORD THEM?

Southeastern Pennsylvania is tourist country. Why do the Auslanders like to visit here? There are lots of reasons, but let's look at some of the ones that relate to the business of breeding and milking cows.

First of all, the eye of the tourist or traveler is always attracted to anything that suggests permanence and stability. Large, substantial houses of stone or brick, or nicely painted wood, often set the stage for that first impression that our visitors get when they come to visit our farms. The second glance takes in the barns, fences, lanes and fields, and with some good cows in sight, the picture is complete. The viewer is content with a feeling of permanence and security. Most of the time, anyhow.

This impression of solidness and stability is a part of the Pennsylvania Dutch tradition. Everything is neat and orderly, spic and span. We have a right to be proud and there's nothing wrong with it. So, why am I raising any questions about it? Why? Only because of the crazy economics of the times in which we live.

The kind of permanence that is symbolized by brick, block and stone has become outrageously expensive. So costly, in fact, that the very permanence which it symbolizes is threatened.

A tremendous lesson in how some folks view these values was illustrated to a group of Lebanon County farmers recently. We had a two day tour of some of the finest dairy breeding establishments in Virginia. Swinging down through the everywhere we went. The Shenandoah Valley to Harrisonburg, then across the Skyline Drive and north through the Piedmont true students of dairy Region to the east, we visited science. Their talents and herds and met the familyowners who developed them. At every stop we got the same feeling - these folks love their cows, know their cows and are proud of their cows. But you rarely see anything that resembles the housing and solid structures we are accustomed to in Southern Pennsylvania.

Make no mistake, the cows are well bred, well fed and housed in what we might call functional shelters. Old barns or sheds are

frequently used to shelter some of the finest breeding stock in the country, either on a well bedded pack, or in crude wooden box stalls. New housing may consist of rows of free-stalls with only a simple flat roof to keep the stall dry. You rarely see a dairy structure that is designed for the comfort of the operator! But the cows like it alright and, of course, they are paying the bills.

Paying the bills is the whole point I'm trying to make. We've reached a point in history where we must decide whether a dollar (usually a borrowed one) spent today will return the price of using it, plus a few cents extra to repay us for the pleasure of making it work for us. It is brick, stone and cement that pays the bills, or is it Ragis, Mitzi, and Marla?

At Round Oak, one of the truly great breeding establishments in the east, and the home of Round Oak Rag Apple Elevation, there were at least a dozen excellent daughters of this famous bull wondering in and out of a simple, unpainted shed. No fancy housing here, but they had all the comforts and provisions necessary for producing 20,000 to 30,000 pounds of milk and turning out high quality offspring just like themselves. There was a new silo and a modern free stall barn, but Ron Hope, one of the junior partners, was almost apologetic in explaining their need for new facilities. The emphasis was on cows. Breeding, feeding and management. Not buildings.

The same Was sons of the family, after completing college, come back to the farm and become a number of top breeding enthusiasm is directed at breeding the best and making it pay. The impression we got was one of permanence and stability. Not because they had invested in buildings, but because they put their talents where the money is their cows.

We need to hold dear the traditional values of beauty, permanence and convenience that is so dear to the Dutch Country. But let's make sure we don't go broke, meanwhile.

