# Heavier lambs and uniformity in marketing called for

#### By JOAN LIESAU

STATE COLLEGE — The pooling together of producers to sell uniform lots of lamb and going towards the trend of heavier lambs was stresed by Walter Streightiff at the April 23, Pennsylvania Sheep and Wool Growers Association annual banquet here.

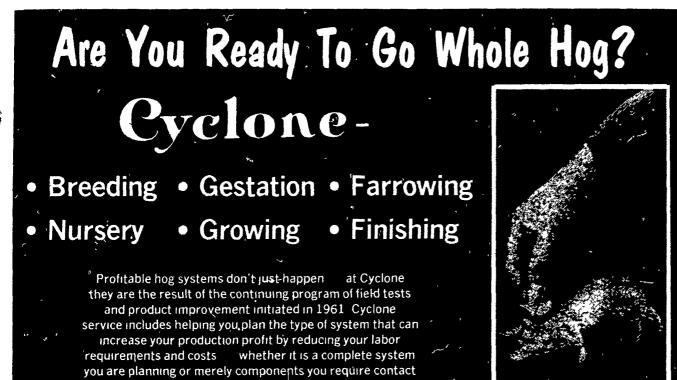
Streightiff, who is the North East Director for

Streightiff explained we lamb marketing with the American Sheep Producers have the capability of short shipping runs with our Council, said that in 1977, for 19 weeks the 55 to 60 pound lambs. We can save one half dressed lamb dominated the days life on a carcass giving market. In 1978 this trend the meat one to two more days of bloom. Also we save increased for 27 weeks. "I have no doubts that the 60 extra dollars from two way pound dressed lamb will-be the top priced and demanded lamb on the New York market" he said. Here in the East,

freight charges (which comes out of the producers pocket).

going to turn out over night a that in long distance freight.

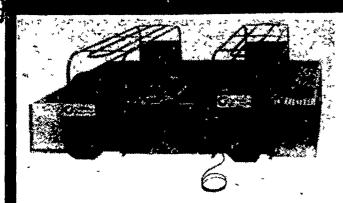
truck load (about 700) of uniform lambs." The lambs dressed in abattoirs in the west can be picked for consistant size, quality and uniformity" because of the large number of lambs these slaughterhouses have. Freight, warehousing, and distribution costs are some of the greatest expenses a "There is no way you are retailer has. Streightiff cited



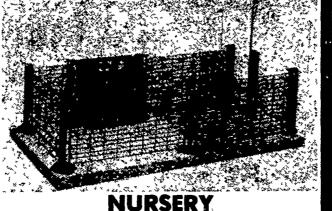
Let Us Help You Put The Pieces Tcgether

Hershey Equipment Co for complete package information

including equipment, plumbing, electrical & building



FARROWING CYCLONE Farrowing Systems - they will lower your hog mortality, increase profits.



• CYCLONE Nursery Systems - provide the ideal environment for faster growth.



Walter Streightöff

"every carcass has a \$5 to \$7.50 freight charge. You have access to abattoirs that is not enjoyed in any other part of the United States" he empahsized. You don't have the large freight expense".

Right now, we have to sell lambs to Detroit or Chicago packers. The lambs are then shipped back to the East Coast, skyrocketting freight costs.

Streighiff suggested that several producers combine or pool lambs togehter for uniformity, equal size and quality to make up a load of at least 50. "Packers will take 50 to 200 lambs" this way, but, they must be uniform when marketed. He said that there was a shippment of 60 pound lambs from Pennsylvania but they were discounted. "The slaughter customers were not used to handling the heavier lambs mixed in with lighter lambs." "The slaughterer doesn't want such a mix because he doesn't have the customers. The retailers first rule is don't confuse the customer, A 60 pound dressed lamb will sell on sight through appeal. Imagine mixing, in the same store, 38 to 60 pound dressed carcasses. The customer would wonder what it's all about, especially when all the prices are the same. Even the American and imported price difference has consumers on guard.

Streightiff/ said "I think marketing has to be one of

your main objectives, so you can get together and market lambs in a single size."If you have your lambs mixed "it will discount every lamb in that pool."

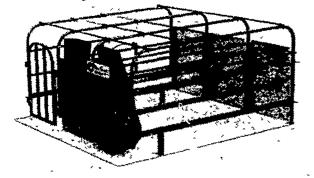
Because we see the lamb prices in the paper so high "we think that's where our lambs belong." Streightiff suggested we follow our lambs through the dressing rail at the abattoir and see if we get the same picture as what we thought our lambs looked like. "Learn by comparison" he emphasized.

"We have to start at the grass roots. We need all the lambs we can get. Let's produce what we can, to the best market finish we can. Pool together and keep uniformity in the market and you'll have more dollars in your pocket. You have to start out on a good base and follow the lambs through." Streightiff stressed "you have to get together on the market, as well as a state, to increase production. Don't worry about the slaughter capability because we do have slaughter capability."

Discussing feeder lambs, Streightiff said that in late August, western producers are force to market feeder and fat lambs together because grass is a limiting factor. Forty per cent need furthur feed finishing. "With forage here at that time of year, there is no reason that the dollars couldn't be kept in the hands of the producers." Streightoff felt these western lambs would finish off beautifully with good forage and perhaps a small grain supplement.

It was suggested by Fred Lloyd, National Blueprint for Expansion Coordinator with the Sheep Industry Development program, that if the producer is interested in shipping in western lambs, to check into the shipping cost. Lloyd felt that the feeder could do a better job of buying lambs locally. 'Lambs are available in Pennsylvania but are being shipped out."

#### New Banvel herbicide



#### GESTATION

 CYCLONE Gestation Systems allows controlled feeding makes your feed dollar do more for you.



## FINISHING

 CYCLONE Finishing Systems — you finish your hogs with less feed per pound of gain.



DESIGNERS OF QUALITY SYSTEMS FOR POULTRY, SWINE & GRAIN HANDLING.

## 2-step overlay program...

# Now you can lay-by corn **BEFORE it's 5 inches high!**

The Banvel early lay-by program works

- 1 Apply pre-emergence herbicide to control grasses
- 2 Apply Banvel before corn is more than 5 inches

Result: Banvel early lay-by controls broadleaf weeds when weed control is most needed

And you probably won t have to go back into the field till harvest!

Call about the Banvel herbicide 2step overlay program from Velsicol



Before using any pesticide read the label



#### penniield corporation

711 Rohrerstown Road Lancaster, Pennsylvania 17604

717/299-2561