Beef cattle management stressed to farmers

By KENDACE BORRY EPHRATA - Beef cattle anagement was the topic scussed at the Ephrata rea Young Farmers eeting held December 6, at e Ephrata High School. dvisor Charles Ackley and red Frey, of Frey Bros., uarryville, spoke on the spects of feeding programs nd equipment necessary for peration of beef programs. According to Ackley, who ased his talk on research one at the Michigan State Iniversity, there are several actors in management that hrough careful work, can liminate the extra costs of oor feedlot management.

stressed:

Feeder quality and health should be good, being that a careful farmer would buy high performing cattle and have a good health program. His lot conditions would be the most economical, and have the least stress effect on his animals. Feed intake should be normal or above. For his ration formulation and feeding system, the careful farmer uses a balanced ration, with the least cost, aiming for a optimum combination of grain and roughage feeding.

A careful feeder should use both a growth stimulant

The following factors were and a metabolic stimulant. He works to get the best sale condition of his cattle, aiming for a low choice, yield grade of 21/2 to 31/2.

By following these management factors, the differences in cost between a careful feeder and a careless feeder could amount to as much as \$138 per steer under optimum conditions, according to the Michigan State University's findings.

Then speaking about the two-phase feeding system for steers, Ackley explained that in this program, all corn silage is fed to the cattle for the first 300 lbs. of gain, then a mixture of 42 per cent silage and 58 per cent concentrate is fed until the cattle are finished.

Advantages of the twophase feeding system are said to be that the energy in the corn silage is utilized more efficiently without the added grain. Also the cattle show what is known as a compensatory growth when switched from high forage to high grain feed. In other words, they get a more efficient use of the diet when being fed during the high grain phase. It is also important to remember that

the rate of gain is highest change, but if a careful when the cattle are the heaviest, therefore the cattle will spend fewer days on feed when the maintenance requirements are the greatest.

According to results of testing the two phase feeding system, cattle provided a similar rate of gain but 1200 lbs. of less corn silage was used with the two-phase system.

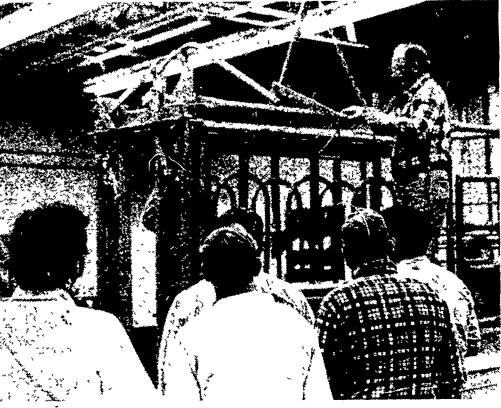
It was also said that the advantages of the two-phase system will change as corn, supplement, and NPN costs

farmer watches the prices of his inputs, the two-phase system will never be far from being his most profitable system.

Concerning the results of starting cattle on hay, it was brought out at the meeting that research indicated that regardless of the cattle source or the method of feeding hay, there was no advantage to feeding hay to new feeder cattle. The only reason hay was fed to the

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Farmers watch as the special features of a head gate and chute are explained at the EAYFA meeting.

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