Pennsylvania hosts Brazilian farm co-op group

DIETER KRIEG D-IN-HAND - "Don't that we in this country learned it all," said heus Ruth ntatively, in reference ucational experiences s had in Brazil. The County dairyman and al other Pennsylvania ers have taken part in nge programs between

and Brazilian ulturalists and the ct is that the peoples of country can learn the other.

llians' turn to get a ose of what agriculture e in the Garden Spot. sylvania by way. of d for visits to the est. The purpose of expedition was to learn American agriculture, ficially U.S. farm eratives.

e South Americans equipped with sharp eyes, and minds. For ple, few U.S. farmers d know the history of er cooperatives, but ldino De Souza, head of razilian delegation, can e facts and figures of coops in fluent English. us co-travelers, and the uhan government are much interested in

ing all they can about cooperatives. azil, which is about the

e size as the United

which is recongized around the world. It's an acknowledged and widely known fact that Brazil is one of the emerging giants of the world. In a way Brazil is like what the United States was a century ago. It's wealth is just being discovered and developed. Much of its potential riches are in agriculture. In years to come, Brazil could be a most valuable source of the world's food and feed supply. The South American nation is already heading toward s week it was the that end, as it's soybean production is gaining rapidly on that of the United States. According to Stan Gates of came to southeastern Erdenheim Farms, Brazil

now ranks third in the world gia and were later in terms of agricultural exports. Gates visited Brazil as a participant of the Alliance for Progress program, which is commonly referred to as the "partners" program.

Brazil has placed a "tremendous emphasis on cooperatives," Gates told Lancaster Farming this week while the 14 visiting South Americans were dining at the Bird-in-Hand Restaurant. Their visit marks the second phase of a program which is sponsored by the Brazilian government.

During the first phase of the cooperative effort, Brazil invited Americans to come to visit, observe and teach. Ruth and Gates were two of s, including Alaska and several Pennsylvanians to au, has an industrial be involved in the program. agricultural potential They conducted classes



Fourteen Brazilians visited Pennsylvania this week to observe American farming methods, particularly cooperative management. With the South American group are Alpheus Ruth, standing second from left, back row, and Stan Gates, third

regularly and assessed Milk Producers. In Brazil, Brazilian methods. Expenses were footed by Brazil.

Now, during the second phase of the operation, Brazilians are seeing firsthand how U.S. cooperatives managed. are Two cooperatives they visited in this area were Atlantic Breeders and Lehigh Valley

the cooperative way of doing business dates back to 1908. In comparison, the U.S. didn't pass the Capper-Volstead Act - which allowed the farmers to form cooperatives - until 1917, De Souza pointed out.

Although Brazil has a long history of cooperatives, their management and mode of from left. The two men had spent some time in Brazil to observe and teach. Between the two Pennsylvanians is Geraldino De Souza, leader of the Brazilian delegation.

operation haven't always been as smooth as they could be. One of the country's weaknesses, according to one source, is that there are too many cooperatives. It only takes 20 farmers to form a cooperative.

Brazil is striving to develop its vast land areas, particularly the Amazon basin. Land is very cheap; in

fact it's almost given away, must as it was when North American pioneers homesteaded the Great Plains and other less populated regions.

But the Brazilian government is taking precautions to ensure that its resources are not exploited. While land is

[Continued on Page 17]

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