## The missing $\$ 1.60$

"Farm-retail price spreads" may sound like gobbledygook to you, but they do exist and your grocery bill reflects them.
For example, if you bought a $T$ bone steak at $\$ 2.00$ a pound, a large part of what you paid falls between the farmer and your shopping bag The farmer received only about 40 cents a pound for that steer from whence your T-bone came.
Why the gap? That's where farmretail price spreads come into the picture. There are a lot of costs involved in transforming the animal on the hoof into steaks and other cuts in your supermarket.
Your T-bone starts out as part of a live animal-usually about a 1,000pound steer. When the farmer sells the steer, let's say he gets $\mathbf{4 0}$ cents a pound or $\$ 400$.
Then the animal goes to the packer and is dressed out to a 620 -pound car cass. Not including any value added by the packer's services, the carcass is now worth 64.5 cents a pound.
The carcass must be cut and packaged for retailing, however. By the time some bone and fat are removed and some moisture and meat are lost during the process, only about 440 pounds of salable meat are left. This meat now has a value of about 91 cents a pound.
Processing, transportation, and marketing costs also have to be figured. Add to that 91 cents per pound about 8 cents for slaughtering; 4 cents for transportation from slaughter house to retail store; another 21 cents for labor to cut the carcass into retail cuts and package it for sale; about 5 cents for packaging material; and about 2 cents for advertising.

Add on a little profit for each of the firms along the line and you come up with a figure of about $\$ 1.40$ a pound for the $\mathbf{4 4 0}$ pounds of usable meat. But how did that T-bone get up to $\$ 2.00$ a pound?

Well, that steer we started with produced a mere 16 pounds of Tbone steak in the first place. The other 424 pounds of meat were most ly cuts that sell at lower prices than $T$ bone. Chuck steaks and roasts ground beef, shanks, short ribs, and stew meat are good examples:
If you average out all the hamburger at, let's say 84 cents a pound, the T-bone at $\$ 2.00$ a pound, and all other cuts at various prices, you come out with $\$ 1.40$ per pound.
That's why the price the farmer receives per pound of live animal is so far from the price the consumer pays for meat in thesupermarket. But then again, the conveniently packaged, ready-to-cook cuts of meat you buy in the supermarket are a far cry from that 1,000 -pound live animal.


440 lb. RETAIL CUTS

16 lb. T-BONE

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Greater

## output

 needed"What's needed is not a larger public sector in this country, but more private capital investment. More productive capacity in our nation's businesses, factories and farms to match our growing society. More capital investment in new machinery and new equjpment. More, private investment, rather than more government doles We've been investing in larger government, rather than in new mánufacturing plants and equipment in recent years. We've produced and consumed too much for today, and not enough for tomorrow. Big government often not only saps the economic strength of our country, it does something even worse. It saps our strength as individuals. It reduces incentive and blunts orr desire to care for ourselves. . . . The cost of big government can be higher than we sometimes think."
-Earl L. Butz
Secretary of-Agriculture
Natural Wonders
witchweed plant, can produce 500.000 seeds- in a single growing season. The average American dairy cow produced 4,784 quarts of milk in 1974, compared with ,500 quarts per cow 150 years ago. The world's spiders-averaging at leas 50,000 per acre in green areas-annually destroy a hundred times their number in insects.

Ag-safety Tip
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