Milking school speaker focuses on mastitis



Steve Spence, Penn State dairy specialist, checks the vacuum pump of a milking system during the milking school held this week in Lancaster County.

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portant to discuss because they usually proceed the clinical or severe cases of mastitis.'

"Cows with this form of the disease do not perform up to par and this is where production slips.'

Comparing the two forms of the disease to an iceberg, Eberhart stated, "clinical mastitis (severe) is like the tip of the iceberg, we can see the problem in the strip cup, but the subclinical is like the massive ice under the surface its problems are hidden from view. The impact of that hidden force really does the damage."

Eberhart explained that research had indicated that in most herds where there is no mastitis control, 25 percent of the quarters are subject to infection.

"We've found that mastitis costs producers from \$75 -\$125. per year for each cow, for culling and holding milk out along with the production lost."

The dairy specialist explained the two different categories mastitis has been broken down into - namely contagious and environmental sections.

"The contagious category is that which contains the strep agalactiae and staph aurens infections," he noted. "These are passed from cow to cow and quarter to

quarter, usually at milking or by machine and people." Eberhart explained that these forms of mastitis can be contained and controlled but the infections associated

with the environmental causes were "more stubborn." "The environmental forms are those such as the

coliforms and other strep infections."

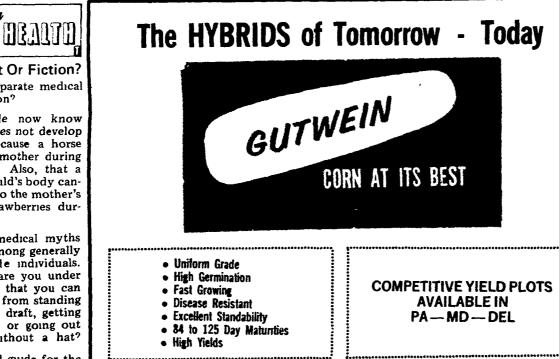
"The environmental infections are usually those picked up from bedding, free stall systems and contact with the environment as opposed to other animals."

"We haven't developed many controls for the en-vironmental infections yet," Eberhart noted, "they are difficult to control."

Cell Count **Becoming Important**

Eberhart commented on the relatively new use of somatic cell counters to determine the degree of mastitis present in a herd, along with using the device as a form of controlling the disease before it spreads.

"The more leucocytes or somatic cells found in the milk usually indicates infections," he noted.



"Leucocytes are the white cells or defense mechanisms sent by the cow's body to the site of infection" - in this case mastitis.

The dairy specialist explained that if more than 1 million such somatic cells were found in a milk sample it could mean up to a 20 percent loss in bulk milk production.

"In Pennsylvania," he noted, "about 49 percent of the herds had less than 500,000 cells with 49 percent having 500,000 to 1,000,000 cells, but then 9 percent had over 1 million cells which means a lot of lost milk." Penn State is currently experimenting with a somatic cell counter which was made in Denmark. While its effectiveness is still being researched, Eberhart noted that it will probably be quite useful - possibly in the near future.

Controversy on Controls

Speaking on controls effective against mastitis, Eberhart cautioned, "for contagious mastitis, many people think that teat dipping and dry cow treatments are the only cure."

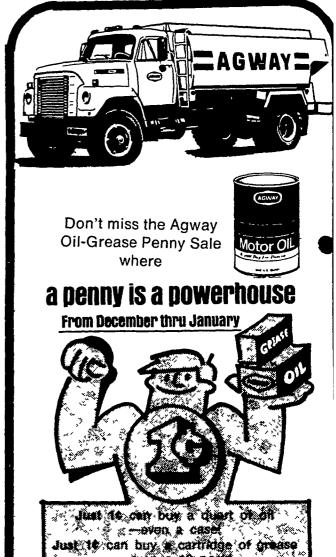
"This isn't true, while they are effective in some cases, it is not the end of mastitis."

"Some producers think that teat dips will cure mastitis," Eberhart stated, "but dipping does not cure it, it is merely a protection for those cows which are not infected."

Cautioning producers against using any type of medical preparations for dips, Eberhart said, "use only those which are intended for a teat dip."

"Don't use sanitizers or washes for dipping purposes."

[Continued on Page 23]



Stotlight on Medical Fact Or Fiction?

Can you separate medical fact from fiction?

Most people now know that a child does not develop buck teeth because a horse frightened his mother during her pregnancy. Also, that a mole on the child's body cannot be traced to the mother's craving for strawberries during that period

But some medical myths persist, even among generally knowledgeable individuals. For example, are you under the impression that you can "catch a cold" from standing or sitting in a draft, getting your feet wet, or going out in the rain without a hat?

In a medical guide for the layman, the physician-authors refer to the myth that expo-

sure to the elements leads to colds



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